# **Project 5: Evaluate Expression**

Define int calculate(string s), which takes an expression, and return its evaluation.

- (1) Operands are integers.
- (2) Operators are +, -, \*, and /.
- (3) (Optional) Add ( and ) in expression.
- (4) Use only integer operations, for example, 8 / 3 returns 2.
- (5) There might be spaces before or after an operator or operand. Some examples of expressions are as follows.

```
"2 * (3 + 5 * 6) ",

"1 - (2 - (3 + 5 * 6) + 6) ",

"1 + (2 * (3 + 5 * 6) - 2) ",

"1 + (2 * (3 + 5 * 6) - 2) ",

"(1+(4+5+2)-3)+(6+8)",
```

# Test examples:

```
3+2-6 is -1
3+2-6+3+3 +62 is 67
3+2-6+3+3+2 is 7
8 * 2/3 is 5
8 /3 * 3 is 6
2 + 3 * 5 is 17
2 + 3 * 5 + 8/3 -6 + 2*5 is 23
2 + 3 * 5 + 8/3 - 6 + 2*5/6 - 5 is 9
-2 * -2 is 4
-2 - -2 is 0
-2 + -2 \text{ is } -4
-12 + 11 is -1
1*2-3/4+5*6 is 32
1*2-3/4+5*6-7*8+9/10 is -24
(3+5) is 8
2 * (3 + 5 ) is 16
(3+5)*-2 is -16
2 * (3 + 5 * 6) is 66
1 - (2 - (3 + 5 * 6) + 6) is 26
1 + (2 * (3 + 5 * 6) - 2) is 65
1 + (2 * (3 + 5 * 6) - 2) is 65
(1+(4+5+2)-3)+(6+8) is 23
(1+(4+5+2)-3)+(6+8) is 23
((2*(6-1))/2)*4 is 20
5 * 4 + 3 / 2 is 21
5 * (4 + 3) / 2 is 17
```

```
5 * ( (4 + 3) / 2 ) is 15

5 * (4 + 3 / 2) is 25

(1+(4+5+2) -3*-2)+(6+8) is 32

- (3 + (4 + 5)) is -12
```

### Hints:

(1) Process spaces to separate operands and operators.

Warning: the following approach do NOT work, here are some reasons:

```
string word = "";
for (auto x: str) //use C++ 11 or later
{
   if (x != ' ')
      word = word + x;
   else continue; //read the next token
   ...
}
```

- (a) There might not be spaces in an expression like "3+5-2".
- (b) Furthermore, even there are spaces around each operator and operand, while the operand has more than one int, the code will not work due to if-statement in if (x != ' ') ...

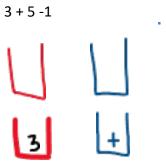
Change the above if-statement to while loop will not help since there is no way to update x in an expanded for-loop like for (auto x: str).

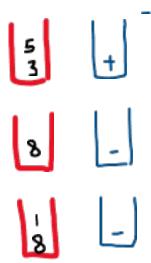
You can use

```
int i = 0;
int size = s.size(); //s is expression
while ( i < size )</pre>
```

(2) We can work on this project one-step a time. What if we only work with + and -, that is, work on expression like 3 + 5 - 1 or 9/2 \* 3.

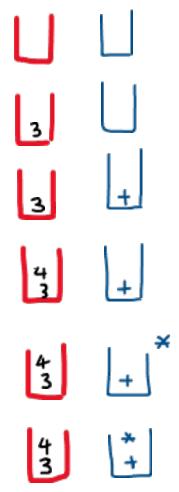
You can use stoi("3") to convert string "3" to int 3.





Pop up 1 (second operand) and 8 (first operand), do – operation. Get 7.

(3) Then we expand our code to work on expression to incorporate  $\ast$  and  $\prime$ . That is, work on expression like 3+4\*5.







Pop 5 (second operand) and 4 (first operand), do \* operation. Push to stack of operand.





Pop 20 (second operand) and 3 (first operand), do + operation. Get 23.

- (4) (optional) Finally, we will work on expressions with parentheses ( and ).
- (5) You may use stack, one for operands, one for operator. Depending on precedence and order of operators, learn when to push and pop.

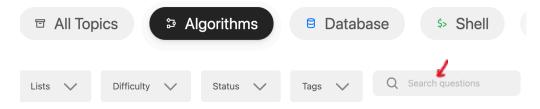
### Online tester

There is online tester for part of our code.

- (1) Calculator will test expression with +, -, (, and ).
- (2) Caculator II will test expression with +, -, \*, and /.
- (3) If our code works, it must pass both tests.
- Register an account for leetcode.com if you have not done so.
   Choose <a href="https://leetcode.com/problemset/algorithms/">https://leetcode.com/problemset/algorithms/</a>, or go to Steps 2-3.
- 2. Click Problems.



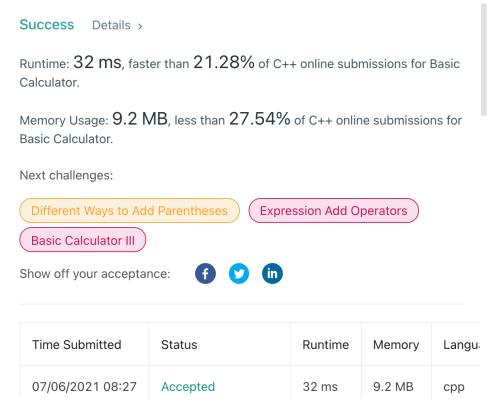
3. Choose Algorithms.



- 4. In textbox Search questions, enter calculator.
- 5. Choose the problem.
- 6. In the pop-up window, choose language.

- 7. Paste your code to replace the place-holder of function. Note that your function must be named as calculate, take a string, then return an int.

  Then click submit button in the bottom right to test your code.
- 8. If success, you will see in the left pane some data as follows.



## **Basic calculator:**

Implement a basic calculator to evaluate a simple expression string.

The expression string may contain open ( and closing parentheses ), the plus + or minus sign -, non-negative integers and empty spaces.

You may assume that the given expression is always valid.

# Some examples:

```
"1 + 1" = 2
"2-1 + 2 " = 3
"(1+(4+5+2)-3)+(6+8)" = 23
```

# Basic calculator II:

Implement a basic calculator to evaluate a simple expression string.

The expression string contains only non-negative integers, +, -, \*, / operators and empty spaces. The integer division should truncate toward zero.

You may assume that the given expression is always valid.

# Some examples:

"3+2\*2" = 7 " 3/2 " = 1 " 3+5 / 2 " = 5

https://leetcode.com/problems/basic-calculator-ii/submissions/