DimredByAlpha

Due to the required computation time, the code for computing the dimensionality reduction performances is commented out. The obtained results are stored in the "Results" folder. The results are then loaded back into R for plotting.

Load libraries

```
library("parallel") # parallel processing
library("ggplot2") # general plotting
library("ggpubr") # combining plots
library("umap") # get default umap parameters to change to 1 component
```

Specify the experiment parameters

```
set.seed(17) # seed for reproducibility
ntimes <- 100 # number of noise replicates to investigate dimred performance
npoints <- 25 # number of points in our ground truth data set to be investigated
maxdim <- 10000 # maximal dimension of the data set to be investigated
dims <- round(exp(seq(log(2), log(maxdim), length.out=10))) # dimensions to study from log-scale
a <- 1.25 # magnitude of noise: per dimension we sample noise uniformly from [-a, a]
alphas <- c(seq(2, 6, by=1), Inf) # factors controling the growth rate of the ground truth diameters</pre>
```

Construct the ground data sets according to the growth rates

```
t <- seq(0, 1, length.out=npoints)
datasets <- lapply(alphas, function(alpha){
   if(alpha==Inf) factor <- rep(1, maxdim) else factor <- (1:maxdim)**(-1 / alpha)
   data.frame(sapply(factor, function(f) t * f))
})</pre>
```

Setup clusters for parallel experiments

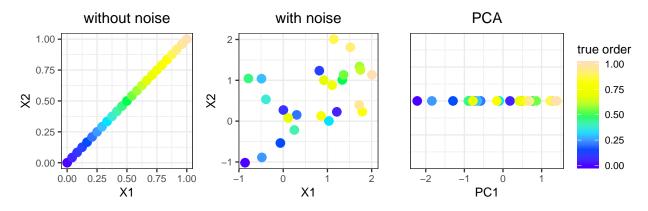
```
# n.cores <- detectCores()
# clust <- makeCluster(n.cores)
# clusterExport(clust, c("datasets", "maxdim", "dims", "npoints", "a" , "t"))
# clusterEvalQ(clust, library("diffusionMap")) # diffusion map dimensionality reduction
# clusterEvalQ(clust, library("umap")) # UMAP dimensionality reduction
# clusterEvalQ(clust, library("rpca")) # Robust PCA dimensionality reduction
# clusterEvalQ(clust, library("dimRed")) # Isomap dimensionality reduction</pre>
```

We view the magnitude of noise and PCA projection for an example dataset

```
idx <- 6
XN <- datasets[[idx]][,1:2] + matrix(runif(2 * npoints, min=-a, max=a), ncol=2)
PCA <- data.frame(PC1=prcomp(XN, rank.=1)$x, PC2=0)

P1 <- ggplot(datasets[[idx]], aes(x=X1, y=X2)) +
    geom_point(size=3, aes(col=t)) +
    scale_colour_gradientn(colours=topo.colors(7)) +
    labs(col="true order") +
    ggtitle("without noise") +
    theme_bw() +</pre>
```

```
theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
P2 \leftarrow ggplot(XN, aes(x=X1, y=X2)) +
  geom point(size=3, aes(col=t)) +
  scale_colour_gradientn(colours=topo.colors(7)) +
  labs(col="true order") +
  ggtitle("with noise") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
P3 <- ggplot(PCA, aes(x=PC1, y=PC2)) +
  geom_point(size=3, aes(col=t)) +
  scale_colour_gradientn(colours=topo.colors(7)) +
  vlab("") +
  labs(col="true order") +
  ggtitle("PCA") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12),
        axis.ticks.y=element_blank(), axis.text.y=element_blank())
ggarrange(P1, P2, P3, ncol=3, common.legend=TRUE, legend="right")
```



We study how high-dimensional noise affects the PCA dimensionality reduction

```
# set.seed(13) # seed for reproducibility
# cors_pca <- Reduce("+", parLapply(clust, 1:ntimes, function(n){</pre>
  N <- matrix(runif(maxdim * npoints, min=-a, max=a), ncol=maxdim)
#
   sapply(datasets, function(X){
#
      XN \leftarrow X + N
      sapply(dims, function(this dim){
#
#
        PCA \leftarrow prcomp(XN[,1:this dim], rank.=1)$x[,1]
        max(cor(PCA, t), cor(PCA[rev(1:npoints)], t))
#
#
      })
#
   })
# })) / ntimes
# cors_pca <- data.frame(alpha=rep(alphas, each=length(dims)),</pre>
                          dim=rep(dims, length(alphas)),
#
#
                          cor=as.numeric(cors_pca))
# saveRDS(cors_pca, file="Results/Alpha/PCA.rds") # store the results
```

```
cors_pca <- readRDS("Results/Alpha/PCA.rds") # load the results
P1 <- ggplot(data=cors_pca, aes(x=dim, y=cor, color=factor(alpha))) +
    geom_line() +
    geom_point() +
    scale_x_log10() +
    ylab("correlation") +
    labs(col="alpha") +
    ggtitle("PCA") +
    theme_classic() +
    theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))</pre>
```

We study how high-dimensional noise affects the UMAP dimensionality reduction

```
# custom.confiq <- umap.defaults
# custom.confiq$n_components <- 1</pre>
# clusterExport(clust, "custom.config")
# set.seed(13) # seed for reproducibility
# cors_umap <- Reduce("+", parLapply(clust, 1:ntimes, function(n){</pre>
  N <- matrix(runif(maxdim * npoints, min=-a, max=a), ncol=maxdim)
#
   sapply(datasets, function(X))
#
    XN \leftarrow X + N
#
     sapply(dims, function(this_dim){
#
        UMAP <- umap(XN[,1:this_dim], config=custom.config)$layout[,1]</pre>
#
        max(cor(UMAP, t), cor(UMAP[rev(1:npoints)], t))
#
      })
   7)
#
# })) / ntimes
# cors_umap <- data.frame(alpha=rep(alphas, each=length(dims)),</pre>
                           dim=rep(dims, length(alphas)),
                           cor=as.numeric(cors_umap))
# saveRDS(cors_umap, file="Results/Alpha/UMAP.rds") # store the results
cors_umap <- readRDS("Results/Alpha/UMAP.rds") # load the results</pre>
P2 <- ggplot(data=cors_umap, aes(x=dim, y=cor, color=factor(alpha))) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  scale_x_log10() +
  ylab("correlation") +
  labs(col="alpha") +
  ggtitle("UMAP") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
```

We study how high-dimensional noise affects the diffusion map dimensionality reduction

```
# set.seed(13) # seed for reproducibility
# cors_diff <- Reduce("+", parLapply(clust, 1:ntimes, function(n){
  N <- matrix(runif(maxdim * npoints, min=-a, max=a), ncol=maxdim)</pre>
#
   sapply(datasets, function(X){
#
     XN \leftarrow X + N
#
      sapply(dims, function(this dim){
#
        invisible(capture.output(DM \leftarrow suppressWarnings(diffuse(dist(XN[,1:this_dim]), maxdim=1)$X)))
#
        max(cor(DM, t), cor(DM[rev(1:npoints)], t))
#
      })
   })
```

```
# })) / ntimes
# cors_diff <- data.frame(alpha=rep(alphas, each=length(dims)),</pre>
#
                           dim=rep(dims, length(alphas)),
#
                           cor=as.numeric(cors_diff))
# saveRDS(cors_diff, file="Results/Alpha/DIFFM.rds") # store the results
cors_diff <- readRDS("Results/Alpha/DIFFM.rds") # load the results</pre>
P3 <- ggplot(data=cors diff, aes(x=dim, y=cor, color=factor(alpha))) +
  geom line() +
  geom_point() +
  scale_x_log10() +
  ylab("correlation") +
  labs(col="alpha") +
  ggtitle("DiffusionMap") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
```

We study how high-dimensional noise affects the robust PCA dimensionality reduction

```
# set.seed(13) # seed for reproducibility
# cors_rpca <- Reduce("+", parLapply(clust, 1:ntimes, function(n){</pre>
   N <- matrix(runif(maxdim * npoints, min=-a, max=a), ncol=maxdim)</pre>
   sapply(datasets, function(X){
#
      XN \leftarrow as.matrix(X + N)
#
#
      sapply(dims, function(this_dim){
#
        RPCA <- rpca(XN[,1:this_dim])
        RPCA \leftarrow RPCA\$L.svd\$u[,1] * RPCA\$L.svd\$d[1]
#
#
        max(cor(RPCA, t), cor(RPCA[rev(1:npoints)], t))
#
     })
  7)
#
# })) / ntimes
# cors_rpca <- data.frame(alpha=rep(alphas, each=length(dims)),</pre>
                           dim=rep(dims, length(alphas)),
#
                           cor=as.numeric(cors rpca))
# saveRDS(cors_rpca, file="Results/Alpha/RPCA.rds") # store the results
cors_rpca <- readRDS("Results/Alpha/RPCA.rds") # load the results</pre>
P4 <- ggplot(data=cors_rpca, aes(x=dim, y=cor, color=factor(alpha))) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  scale_x_log10() +
  ylab("correlation") +
  labs(col="alpha") +
  ggtitle("Robust PCA") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(text=element text(size=10), plot.title=element text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
```

We study how high-dimensional noise affects the robust PCA dimensionality reduction

The experiments are conducted in Python and the results are loaded in R for plotting

```
geom_point() +
scale_x_log10() +
ylab("correlation") +
labs(col="alpha") +
ggtitle("AutoEncoder") +
theme_classic() +
theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
```

We study how high-dimensional noise affects the Isomap dimensionality reduction

```
# set.seed(13) # seed for reproducibility
# cors_iso <- Reduce("+", parLapply(clust, 1:ntimes, function(n){</pre>
# N \leftarrow matrix(runif(maxdim * npoints, min=-a, max=a), ncol=maxdim)
   sapply(datasets, function(X))
     XN \leftarrow X + N
#
      sapply(dims, function(this_dim){
#
        ISO \leftarrow embed(XN[,1:this\_dim], "Isomap", knn=10, ndim=1, .mute=c("message"))@data@data[,1]
#
        max(cor(ISO, t), cor(ISO[rev(1:npoints)], t))
#
      })
  })
#
# })) / ntimes
# cors_iso <- data.frame(alpha=rep(alphas, each=length(dims)),</pre>
#
                          dim=rep(dims, length(alphas)),
#
                          cor=as.numeric(cors_iso))
# saveRDS(cors_iso, file="Results/Alpha/ISO.rds") # store the results
cors_iso <- readRDS("Results/Alpha/ISO.rds") # load the results</pre>
P6 <- ggplot(data=cors_iso, aes(x=dim, y=cor, color=factor(alpha))) +
 geom line() +
 geom_point() +
  scale x log10() +
 ylab("correlation") +
  labs(col="alpha") +
  ggtitle("Isomap") +
  theme classic() +
  theme(text=element_text(size=10), plot.title=element_text(hjust=0.5, size=12))
```

Finally, we combine the plots for comparison

```
ggarrange(P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, nrow=2, ncol=3, common.legend=TRUE)
```

