

Part-1.1

$$Z = f(x, y) = ax + by + c$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} = a + 0 + 0 = a$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} = 0 + b + 0 = b$$

$$\nabla f(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

Part-1.2

$$Z = f(X) = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_N)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N a_i (x_i - b_i) + c$$

$$= a_1 x_1 + a_2 x_2 + \dots + a_N x_N + c$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x_1} = a_1 + 0 + \dots + 0 = a_1$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x_2} = 0 + a_2 + \dots + 0 = a_2$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x_N} = 0 + 0 + \dots + a_N = a_N$$

$$\nabla f(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ \vdots \\ a_N \end{bmatrix}$$

Part-1.3

$$Z = f(x, y) = A(x - x_0)^2 + B(y - y_0)^2 + C$$

$$Z = A(x^2 - 2x \cdot x_0 + x_0^2) + B(y - y_0)^2 + C$$

$$= A(x - x_0)^2 + B(y^2 - 2y \cdot y_0 + y_0^2) + C$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} = 2Ax - 2A \cdot x_0$$

$$= 2A(x - x_0)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} = 2By - 2B \cdot y_0$$

$$= 2B(y - y_0)$$

$$\nabla f(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 2A(x - x_0) \\ 2B(y - y_0) \end{pmatrix}$$

Part 1. 4

$$X^T = (3 \quad 1 \quad 4) \quad [1 \times 3]$$

$$Y^T = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad [3 \times 1]$$

$$B^T = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad [2 \times 3]$$

$$X \cdot X : (9 + 1 + 16) = 26$$

$$X \cdot Y^T : (6 + 5 + 4) = 15$$

$$X \times Y = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 15 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 8 & 20 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad [3 \times 3]$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y \times X &= [2 \times 3 + 1 \times 5 + 4 \times 1] \\ &= (15) \quad [1 \times 1] \end{aligned}$$

$$A \times X = \begin{pmatrix} 12 + 5 + 8 \\ 9 + 1 + 20 \\ 18 + 4 + 12 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 25 \\ 30 \\ 34 \end{pmatrix} \quad [3 \times 1]$$

$$A \times B = \begin{pmatrix} 39 & 38 \\ 19 & 37 \\ 41 & 50 \end{pmatrix} \quad [3 \times 2]$$

$$B.\text{reshape}(1,6) = (3 \quad 5 \quad 5 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 4) \quad [1 \times 6]$$

Part-1 : LLS - Single Variable.

$$L(m, b) = \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - \hat{M}(x_i^{\wedge}, m, b))^2$$
$$= \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - mx_i^{\wedge} - b)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial m} = 2 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - mx_i^{\wedge} - b) \cdot (-x_i^{\wedge})$$
$$= -2 \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - mx_i^{\wedge} - b) \cdot x_i^{\wedge}$$
$$= -2 \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i x_i^{\wedge} - mx_i^{\wedge 2} - bx_i^{\wedge})$$
$$= -2 \sum_{i=1}^N y_i x_i^{\wedge} + 2 \sum_{i=1}^N mx_i^{\wedge 2} + 2 \sum_{i=1}^N bx_i^{\wedge}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = 2 \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - mx_i^{\wedge} - b) \cdot (-1)$$

let 0 = $-2 \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i - mx_i^{\wedge} - b)$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i) = \sum_{i=1}^N mx_i^{\wedge} + n \cdot b$$

$$n \cdot \bar{y}_i = m \cdot n \cdot \bar{x}_i + n \cdot b$$

$$b = \bar{y}_i - m \cdot \bar{x}_i$$

Let $\frac{\partial L}{\partial m} = 0$, we have:

$$-\sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i + m \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 + b \sum_{i=1}^N x_i = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i = m \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 + b \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \\ b = \bar{y} - m \bar{x} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i = m \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 + (\bar{y} - m \bar{x}) \sum_{i=1}^N x_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i = m \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 + \bar{y} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i - m \sum_{i=1}^N \bar{x} \cdot x_i$$

$$m \left(\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^N \bar{x} \cdot x_i \right) = \sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i - \bar{y} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i$$

$$m = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i y_i - x_i \bar{y})}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i^2 - x_i \bar{x})}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bar{x} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \quad ; \quad \bar{y} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N y_i \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i - \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \frac{1}{N} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N x_i \cdot \sum_{i=1}^N x_i}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i - n \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}}{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - n \cdot \bar{x}^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - \bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i}$$

$$= \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - 2\bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i + \bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i}$$

$$= \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 - 2\bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i + n \cdot \bar{x}^2}$$

$$= \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\text{Var}(X)}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \bar{y} - \frac{\text{cov}(X, Y)}{\text{Var}(X)} \cdot \bar{x}$$

Multi-Variable

let $X\beta = y$

where

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_{12} & \dots & x_{1n} \\ 1 & x_{22} & \dots & x_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ 1 & x_{n2} & \dots & x_{nn} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_0 \\ \beta_1 \\ \vdots \\ \beta_n \end{bmatrix} = \vec{\beta}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J(\beta) = \sum_{i=1}^m \left| y_i - \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} \beta_j \right|^2 = \|y - X\beta^T\|^2$$

$$\text{let } \|y - X\beta^T\|^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = X\beta^T$$

$$X^T \cdot X \cdot \beta^T = X^T y$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} X^T X \beta^T = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

$$\beta^T = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{w} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$