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In [3]: # Vishakha Dhonde
# COBB055

# Importing Necessary Packages
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.datasets import load_boston
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
import keras
from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout
from keras.models import Sequential
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

```
In [4]: # Loading Data
boston = load_boston()
data = pd.DataFrame(boston.data)
data.columns = boston.feature_names
data['PRICE'] = boston.target
data.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX	RM	AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	PTRATIO	B	LSTAT	PRICE
0	0.00632	18.0	2.31	0.0	0.538	6.575	65.2	4.0900	1.0	296.0	15.3	396.90	4.98	24.0
1	0.02731	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	6.421	78.9	4.9671	2.0	242.0	17.8	396.90	9.14	21.6
2	0.02729	0.0	7.07	0.0	0.469	7.185	61.1	4.9671	2.0	242.0	17.8	392.83	4.03	34.7
3	0.03237	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	6.998	45.8	6.0622	3.0	222.0	18.7	394.63	2.94	33.4
4	0.06905	0.0	2.18	0.0	0.458	7.147	54.2	6.0622	3.0	222.0	18.7	396.90	5.33	36.2

```
In [5]: # Data Exploration
print(data.shape)
print(data.dtypes)
print(data.isnull().sum())
print(data.describe())
```

```
(506, 14)
CRIM      float64
ZN        float64
INDUS     float64
CHAS      float64
NOX       float64
RM        float64
AGE       float64
DIS       float64
RAD       float64
TAX       float64
```

```

PTRATIO    float64
B          float64
LSTAT      float64
PRICE      float64
dtype: object
CRIM       0
ZN         0
INDUS      0
CHAS       0
NOX        0
RM         0
AGE        0
DIS        0
RAD        0
TAX        0
PTRATIO    0
B          0
LSTAT      0
PRICE      0
dtype: int64

```

	CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX	RM \
count	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000
mean	3.613524	11.363636	11.136779	0.069170	0.554695	6.284634
std	8.601545	23.322453	6.860353	0.253994	0.115878	0.702617
min	0.006320	0.000000	0.460000	0.000000	0.385000	3.561000
25%	0.082045	0.000000	5.190000	0.000000	0.449000	5.885500
50%	0.256510	0.000000	9.690000	0.000000	0.538000	6.208500
75%	3.677083	12.500000	18.100000	0.000000	0.624000	6.623500
max	88.976200	100.000000	27.740000	1.000000	0.871000	8.780000

	AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	PTRATIO	B \
count	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000	506.000000
mean	68.574901	3.795043	9.549407	408.237154	18.455534	356.674032
std	28.148861	2.105710	8.707259	168.537116	2.164946	91.294864
min	2.900000	1.129600	1.000000	187.000000	12.600000	0.320000
25%	45.025000	2.100175	4.000000	279.000000	17.400000	375.377500
50%	77.500000	3.207450	5.000000	330.000000	19.050000	391.440000
75%	94.075000	5.188425	24.000000	666.000000	20.200000	396.225000
max	100.000000	12.126500	24.000000	711.000000	22.000000	396.900000

	LSTAT	PRICE
count	506.000000	506.000000
mean	12.653063	22.532806
std	7.141062	9.197104
min	1.730000	5.000000
25%	6.950000	17.025000
50%	11.360000	21.200000
75%	16.955000	25.000000
max	37.970000	50.000000

In [6]:

```

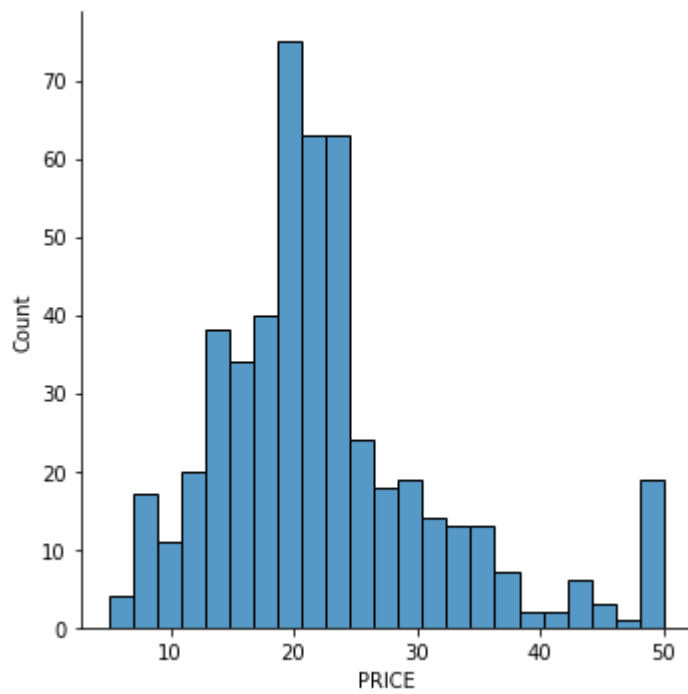
# Data Visualization
sns.displot(data.PRICE)

correlation = data.corr()
correlation.loc['PRICE']

fig, axes = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 12))
sns.heatmap(correlation, square = True, annot = True)

```

Out[6]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [7]: # Splitting Data into testing and training data
X = data.iloc[:, :-1]
y = data.PRICE
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state

# Normalizing the data
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
```

```
In [9]: # Model Building
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(128, activation = 'relu', input_dim = 13))
model.add(Dense(64, activation = 'relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation = 'relu'))
model.add(Dense(16, activation = 'relu'))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'mean_squared_error')
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	1792
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2080
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 16)	528
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	17
Total params: 12,673		
Trainable params: 12,673		
Non-trainable params: 0		

```
In [10]: # Fitting the data to the model
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs = 100)
```

```
Epoch 1/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 542.9215
Epoch 2/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 419.2375
Epoch 3/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 204.8196
Epoch 4/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 88.1948
Epoch 5/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 50.2675
Epoch 6/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 32.7460
Epoch 7/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 25.4227
```

```
Epoch 97/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 2.8114
Epoch 98/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 2.8003
Epoch 99/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 2.8641
Epoch 100/100
13/13 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 2.8603
<tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x192c96d1640>
```

Out[10]:

In [11]:

```
# Evaluating the model
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = (np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)))
print("R2 Score = ", r2)
print("RMSE Score = ", rmse)
```

```
R2 Score = 0.9001743852285309
RMSE Score = 3.045114763857895
```

In []: