

## Outline

## **Notation reminder**

- Data:  $y_t = Sb_t$  where S is a summing matrix and  $b_t$  is a vector of disaggregated time series
- Base forecasts:  $\hat{\mathbf{y}}_{T+h|T}$
- Reconciled forecasts:  $\tilde{\mathbf{y}}_{T+h|T} = \mathbf{SG}\hat{\mathbf{y}}_{T+h|T}$
- MinT:  $G = (S'W_h^{-1}S)^{-1}S'W_h^{-1}$  where  $W_h$  is covariance matrix of base forecast errors.

## **Probabilistic forecasts**

- Gaussian
- Non-parametric
- Count

## References

- Ben Taieb, S, JW Taylor, and RJ Hyndman (2021). Hierarchical Probabilistic Forecasting of Electricity Demand with Smart Meter Data. J American Statistical Association 116(533), 27–43.
- Panagiotelis, A, P Gamakumara, G Athanasopoulos, and RJ Hyndman (2023). Probabilistic forecast reconciliation: properties, evaluation and score optimisation. *European J Operational Research* **306**(2), 693–706.