

Targeted Practice: Gabriella

Z-Scores & Normal Distributions

Focus Skills: Z-score calculations, normal model, CR confidence

Performance Summary

MC Score: 3/6 (50%) - Red

Q04: Not attempted - Gray

Q06: Not attempted - Gray

Focus Areas: Z-score calculations, normal model, CR confidence

Your Learning Path

Hi Gabriella! Let's build your confidence with normal distributions and z-scores. I've created a step-by-step practice set that starts simple and builds up.

Goal: Master z-score calculations and feel confident attempting constructed response questions

Practice Set (5 Items)

Item 1: Z-Score Calculation (Starter)

Topic: Lesson 9 - Z-scores and Standardization

The weights of chocolate bars are normally distributed with mean $\mu = 52\text{g}$ and standard deviation $\sigma = 1.5\text{g}$.

Question: Calculate the z-score for a chocolate bar weighing 49g.

Step-by-step:

1. Identify: $x = 49$, $\mu = 52$, $\sigma = 1.5$
2. Use formula: $z = (x - \mu)/\sigma$
3. Substitute: $z = (49 - 52)/1.5$
4. Calculate: $z = -3/1.5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Answer: $z = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Item 2: Understanding Z-Scores

Topic: Lesson 9 - Interpretation

Question: What does a z-score of -2.0 tell you?

Choose the best answer:

- A) The value is 2 standard deviations below the mean
- B) The value is 2 grams below the mean
- C) The value is negative and therefore impossible
- D) The value is 2% below the mean

Answer: _____

Explanation:

Item 3: Normal Proportion (Below)

Topic: Lesson 10 - Working with Normal Distributions

Using the same distribution ($\mu = 52\text{g}$, $\sigma = 1.5\text{g}$), and knowing $z = -2.0$ for a 49g bar:

Question: What proportion of chocolate bars weigh LESS than 49g?

Steps:

1. You already know $z = -2.0$ from Item 1
2. Look up $z = -2.0$ in Table A
3. Find: 0.0228
4. **This IS your proportion!**

Answer: About _____ % of chocolate bars weigh less than 49g

Item 4: Empirical Rule (Visual)

Topic: Lesson 8 - The Normal Model

Draw a simple bell curve and mark these values:

- Mean ($\mu = 52\text{g}$) in the center
- One standard deviation above ($52 + 1.5 = 53.5\text{g}$)
- One standard deviation below ($52 - 1.5 = 50.5\text{g}$)

Question: According to the empirical rule, what percentage of chocolate bars weigh between 50.5g and 53.5g?

Hint: This is ± 1 standard deviation from the mean.

Draw your bell curve here:

Answer: _____ %

Item 5: Interpretation in Context

Topic: Lesson 10 - Working with Normal Distributions

Question: You calculated that 2.3% of chocolate bars weigh less than 49g. Write one complete sentence explaining what this means.

Sentence:

CR Starter: Build Your Confidence

You didn't attempt the constructed response questions on L10. Let's start with something simpler!

Simple Histogram Task

Given: Chocolate bar weights are normally distributed with $\mu = 52\text{g}$ and $\sigma = 1.5\text{g}$

Task: Draw a simple bell curve (histogram) showing this distribution.

Include:

1. Draw a bell/mound shape
2. Label the center ($\mu = 52\text{g}$)
3. Mark one standard deviation on each side:
 - Left: $52 - 1.5 = 50.5\text{g}$
 - Right: $52 + 1.5 = 53.5\text{g}$
4. Write one sentence: “The distribution is _____ with center at _____”

Draw your histogram here:

Z-Score Formula Practice (Build to Q06)

Given: Reese's cups have $\mu = 48.5\text{g}$ and $\sigma = 1.2\text{g}$

Fill in the blanks to practice the formula:

For a 46g Reese's cup:

$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$
$$z = \frac{\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$$
$$z = \frac{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$$
$$z = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

For a 51g Reese's cup:

$$z = \frac{\underline{\hspace{1cm}} - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$$
$$z = \frac{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$$
$$z = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Success Checklist

After completing this practice, you should be able to:

- Calculate z-scores using the formula (step-by-step)
- Understand what z-scores mean (distance from mean)
- Use Table A to find basic proportions
- Apply the empirical rule
- Draw and label a simple bell curve
- Interpret results in context

Answer Key (Check After Attempting)

Solutions

Item 1: $z = (49 - 52)/1.5 = -3/1.5 = -2.0$

Item 2: A - The value is 2 standard deviations below the mean

Item 3: Look up $z = -2.0$ in Table A $\rightarrow 0.0228 \rightarrow$ About 2.3% of chocolate bars weigh less than 49g

Item 4: 68% (This is the empirical rule: 68% fall within $\pm 1\sigma$)

Item 5: “About 2.3% of chocolate bars in this population weigh less than 49 grams.” (or similar)

CR Starter:

- Your bell curve should be mound-shaped
- Center labeled 52g
- Sides labeled 50.5g (left) and 53.5g (right)
- Sentence: “The distribution is symmetric/bell-shaped with center at 52g”

Z-Score Formula Practice:

- For 46g: $z = (46 - 48.5)/1.2 = -2.5/1.2 = -2.08$
- For 51g: $z = (51 - 48.5)/1.2 = 2.5/1.2 = 2.08$

Next Steps

1. **Complete this practice** - work through each item slowly
2. **Check your answers** - learn from any mistakes
3. **Show your CR starter** to your teacher - get feedback!
4. **Try Q04 and Q06** - you're ready now!

*Remember: Constructed response questions aren't about being perfect.
They're about showing your thinking. You've got this!*

Confidence Builder

Why you can do this:

- You got 50% of MC correct - that's a solid foundation
- The questions you missed are all about z-scores - a VERY learnable skill

- CR questions let you show partial understanding and earn partial credit
- With practice, z-scores become automatic!

Next time: Attempt ALL questions, even if you're not 100% sure. Partial credit $>$ no credit!