Algebra 2 Assessment Review: Functions & Transformations

This document provides revised scaffolded questions to help students prepare for questions 1, 2, 4, 11, and 12 (Functions Transformations group) of the enVision Algebra 2 Progress Monitoring Assessment Form C. Each question includes scaffolded steps to build understanding from basic concepts to the level required by the assessment, with clear guidance for concept-naive students. This is followed by the original assessment questions.

Scaffolded Review Questions

Scaffolded Question for Assessment Item 1: Function Transformations

The original question involves translating a graph of an absolute value function 3 units right and 5 units down to find the new equation. The following questions build understanding of transformations.

1.1	Basic Vertex Shifts : The graph of $y = x $ has a vertex at $(0,0)$. A horizontal shift
	right by h units changes the equation to $y = x - h $, and a vertical shift down by k
	units adds $-k$. Find the vertex of each:

- a) y = |x 4|: Vertex at (_____,___)
- b) y = |x| 3: Vertex at (_____, ____)
- c) y = |x + 1| + 2: Vertex at (_____,___)

1.2 **Transformation Effects**: Match each transformation to its effect on the graph of y = f(x):

- f(x-h), h > 0: ______(A. Shifts right h units)
- f(x) + k, k > 0: ______ (B. Shifts up k units)
- -f(x): _____ (C. Reflects over x-axis)
- f(x+h), h > 0: _______(D. Shifts left h units)

1.3 Combined Transformations: Start with y = |x + 2|, vertex at (-2, 0). Apply these transformations:

- a) Shift 1 unit right: New vertex at (_____, ____)
- b) Then shift 4 units down: New vertex at (_____,___)
- c) Write the equation: Start with y = |x + 2|. A right shift by 1 replaces x with (x 1), and a down shift by 4 subtracts 4. New equation: $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- 1.4 **Applying to the Original Problem**: Suppose the original graph is y = -|x-2|+3, with vertex at (2,3). Translate it 3 units right and 5 units down:

a)	New vertex:	Right 3	units	adds 3 to	x-coordinate;	down 5	units	subtracts 5	fron
	y-coordinate	. Vertex	at (_	,)				

- b) New equation: Start with y = -|x-2| + 3. Right 3 units replaces x-2 with (x-3)-2=x-5; down 5 units subtracts 5 from the constant. New equation: $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- c) Compare to choices: y = -|x+1| 2, y = -|x+1| + 2, y = -|x-1| 2, y = -|x-1| + 2.

Scaffolded Question for Assessment Item 2: Vertical Asymptotes

The original question asks to identify functions with a vertical asymptote at x = 4. The following questions build understanding of asymptotes in logarithmic functions.

- 2.1 **Logarithm Domain**: The function ln(x) is defined for x > 0, with a vertical asymptote at x = 0. Find the domain and asymptote for:
 - a) $f(x) = \ln(x-1)$: Domain $x > \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, asymptote at $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - b) $f(x) = \ln(x+3)$: Domain $x > \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, asymptote at $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- 2.2 **Transformed Logarithms**: For $f(x) = \log(x a)$, the asymptote is at x = a. Determine the asymptote for:
 - a) $f(x) = \log(x 5)$: Asymptote at x =
 - b) $f(x) = \log(x 2) + 3$: Asymptote at $x = ____$
 - c) Why does the +3 in part b not affect the asymptote? ____
- 2.3 Checking for x = 4: Determine if each function has a vertical asymptote at x = 4. Write the asymptote equation or "None."
 - a) $f(x) = \ln(x-4)$: _____
 - b) $f(x) = \ln(x) + 4$:
 - c) $f(x) = 2\ln(x-4)$:
 - d) $f(x) = \ln(x+4)$:
- 2.4 **Applying to the Original Problem**: Select all functions with a vertical asymptote at x = 4. For each, find the argument of the logarithm (e.g., ln(u)) and set u = 0 to find the asymptote:
 - a) $f(x) = \log_4 x 4$: Asymptote at _____
 - b) $f(x) = \ln(x-4)$: Asymptote at _____
 - c) $f(x) = \log(x 4) + 4$: Asymptote at _____
 - d) $f(x) = 4 \ln x 4$: Asymptote at _____
 - e) $f(x) = \log(x 4)$: Asymptote at _____

f) Which have asymptote at x = 4?

Scaffolded Question for Assessment Item 4: Vertex Form and Transformations

The original question involves finding the vertex of g(x) = f(x-3)-2, given f(x) has vertex at (2, -4). The following questions build understanding of quadratic transformations.

- 4.1 **Vertex of Quadratics**: For a quadratic $f(x) = a(x h)^2 + k$, the vertex is (h, k). Find the vertex:
 - a) $f(x) = (x-1)^2 + 4$: Vertex at (_____, ____)
 - b) $f(x) = 2(x+3)^2 2$: Vertex at (_____,___)
- 4.2 Horizontal Shifts: If f(x) has vertex at (3,1), find the vertex after:
 - a) g(x) = f(x-2): Shift right 2 units, vertex at (_____,___)
 - b) h(x) = f(x+1): Shift left 1 unit, vertex at $(\underline{\hspace{1cm}},\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$
- 4.3 Combined Shifts: If f(x) has vertex at (1,2), find the vertex of:
 - a) g(x) = f(x-1) + 3: Shift right 1 unit, up 3 units, vertex at (_____, ____)
 - b) h(x) = f(x+2) 1: Shift left 2 units, down 1 unit, vertex at (_____, ____)
- 4.4 **Applying to the Original Problem**: Given f(x) has vertex at (2, -4), find the vertex of g(x) = f(x-3) 2:
 - a) Horizontal shift: x-3 shifts ____ units ____
 - b) Vertical shift: -2 shifts ____ units ____
 - c) New vertex: (____,___)

Scaffolded Question for Assessment Item 11: Inverse Functions

The original question asks for the inverse of $f(x) = \sqrt{x-10}$, representing years as a function of profits. The following questions build understanding of inverse functions.

- 11.1 **Inverse Function Basics**: If f(a) = b, then $f^{-1}(b) = a$. The inverse swaps x and y-coordinates:
 - a) If f(4) = 9, then $f^{-1}(9) =$ _____
 - b) If $f^{-1}(2) = 5$, then f(5) =_____
 - c) Why swap x and y?
- 11.2 **Linear Inverses**: Find the inverse of f(x) = 2x + 3:
 - a) Set y = 2x + 3, switch: x = 2y + 3

- b) Solve: x 3 = 2y, so $y = _____$
- c) Inverse: $f^{-1}(x) =$ ______
- 11.3 Square Root Inverses: Find the inverse of $f(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$, $x \ge 4$:
 - a) Set $y = \sqrt{x-4}$, switch: $x = \sqrt{y-4}$
 - b) Solve: Square both sides: $x^2 = y 4$, so y =
 - c) Inverse: $f^{-1}(x) = x^2 + 4$, for $x \ge 0$ (since $y \ge 0$). Why the restriction?
- 11.4 **Applying to the Original Problem**: For $f(x) = \sqrt{x-10}$, representing profit after x years:
 - a) Find inverse: Set $y = \sqrt{x-10}$, switch: $x = \sqrt{y-10}$, solve: $y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - b) Inverse: $f^{-1}(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, for $x \ge 0$. What does $f^{-1}(x)$ represent? $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - c) Compare to choices: $(x-10)^2$, x^2+10 , with domains $x \ge 0$ or $x \ge -10$.

Scaffolded Question for Assessment Item 12: Average Rate of Change

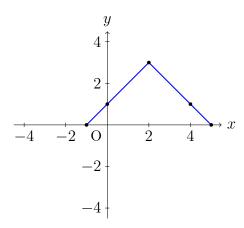
The original question asks for the average rate of change of $f(x) = -2x^2 + 5$ over $-3.5 \le x \le 0$. The following questions build understanding of average rate of change.

- 12.1 **Basic Average Rate of Change**: The average rate of change is the slope of the secant line: $\frac{f(b)-f(a)}{b-a}$. For f(x)=3x+1, find from x=1 to x=3:
 - a) $f(1) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, f(3) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - b) Rate: $\frac{f(3)-f(1)}{3-1} =$ _____
- 12.2 Quadratic Functions: For $f(x) = -x^2 + 2$, find from x = -1 to x = 1:
 - a) $f(-1) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, f(1) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - b) Rate: $\frac{f(1)-f(-1)}{1-(-1)} =$ _____
- 12.3 Negative and Decimal Intervals: For $f(x) = -x^2 + 4$, find from x = -2.5 to x = 0:
 - a) $f(-2.5) = -(-2.5)^2 + 4 =$ ____
 - b) f(0) =_____
 - c) Rate: $\frac{f(0)-f(-2.5)}{0-(-2.5)} =$ _____
- 12.4 Applying to the Original Problem: For $f(x) = -2x^2 + 5$, find from x = -3.5 to x = 0:
 - a) $f(-3.5) = -2(-3.5)^2 + 5 =$
 - b) f(0) =_____
 - c) Rate: $\frac{f(0)-f(-3.5)}{0-(-3.5)} =$ _____. Compare to choices: 19.5, 7, -7, -19.5.

Original Assessment Questions

Question 1

The graph below is translated 3 units right, and 5 units down. What is the equation of the new graph?



A.
$$y = -|x+1| + 2$$

B.
$$y = -|x+1| - 2$$

C.
$$y = -|x - 1| - 2$$

D.
$$y = -|x - 1| + 2$$

Question 2

Select all functions whose graph has a vertical asymptote at x = 4.

$$\boxtimes f(x) = \log_4 x - 4$$

$$\boxtimes f(x) = \ln(x-4)$$

$$f(x) = \log(x-4) + 4$$

$$\boxtimes f(x) = 4 \ln x - 4$$

$$\boxtimes f(x) = \log(x-4)$$

(Note: Replace ⊠with □if you want empty boxes for students to fill)

Question 4

The graph of a quadratic function f(x) has a vertex at (2, -4). What is the vertex of g(x) if g(x) = f(x-3) - 2?

5

Question 11

The function $f(x) = \sqrt{x-10}$ represents the profits of a company after x years in business. Which function represents the number of years as a function of the profits?

A.
$$f^{-1}(x) = (x - 10)^2$$
, for $x \ge 0$

B.
$$f^{-1}(x) = (x - 10)^2$$
, for $x \ge -10$

C.
$$f^{-1}(x) = x^2 + 10$$
, for $x \ge 0$

D.
$$f^{-1}(x) = x^2 + 10$$
, for $x \ge -10$

(Note: The original test image shows $f(x) = \sqrt{x} - 10$. The scaffold and options align better with $f(x) = \sqrt{x} - 10$, which is used here.)

Question 12

What is the average rate of change for the function $f(x) = -2x^2 + 5$ over the interval $-3.5 \le x \le 0$?

- A. 19.5
- B. 7
- C. -7
- D. -19.5