| Midshipmen are | e persons of integ | grity. | Name: |
|----------------|--------------------|--------|-------|
| | . P | 5J· | |

- Do **not** write your name on each page, only write your name above.
- No books or notes are allowed.
- Show all work clearly. (Little or no credit will be given for a numerical answer without the correct accompanying work. Partial credit is given where appropriate.)
- Please read the question carefully. If you are not sure what a question is asking, ask for clarification.
- If you start over on a problem, please CLEARLY indicate what your final answer is, along with its accompanying work.
- All formulations must have descriptions of any indices, parameters, and decision variables used. All constraints must be described.

Grade Table (for teacher use only)

| Question | Points | Score |
|----------|--------|-------|
| 1 | 20 | |
| 2 | 20 | |
| 3 | 20 | |
| Total: | 60 | |

1. A hospital ER needs to keep doctors on call, so that a qualified individual is available to perform any medical operation that might be required (there is an official list of such procedures). For each of the five doctors available for on-call duty, the additional salary they need to be paid (in thousands of \$), and which procedures they can perform, is known and provided below. The goal is to choose which doctors should be on call so that each procedure is covered, at a minimum cost.

| | Doc 1 (\$1) | Doc 2 (\$3) | Doc 3 (\$2) | Doc 4 (\$3) | Doc 5 (\$4) | Doc 6 (\$2) |
|--------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Proc 1 | ✓ | | | ✓ | | |
| Proc 2 | \checkmark | | | | ✓ | |
| Proc 3 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | |
| Proc 4 | ✓ | | | | | ✓ |
| Proc 5 | | ✓ | ✓ | | | ✓ |

(a) (14 points) Let integer variable x_i equal 1 if doctor i is on call, and 0, otherwise. Formulate a concrete integer programming model for the minimum cost problem.

(b) (6 points) Let $D = \{d1, d2, d3, d4, d5, d6\}$ represent the set of doctors. Let $\mathscr{P} = \{P1, P2, P3, P4, P5\}$ represent the subsets of doctors that are capable of performing each of the 5 procedures. For example, $P1 := \{d1, d4\}$ is the set of doctors who are capable of performing procedure 1. Express the constraints from your concrete model in abstract form.

2. Vance Refrigeration has factories located in Dallas, Texas and Little Rock, Arkansa. Their factories produce refrigerators bound for their outlet store in Baltimore. All refrigerators are shipped from the factories via train. The table below shows the cost (in dollars) of shipping a single refrigerator via train from one city to another. If a "—" is contained within a cell below, refrigerators cannot be shipped along that arc.

| | То | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| From | Little Rock (2) | Richmond (3) | Atlanta (4) | Baltimore (5) |
| Dallas (1) | 60 | _ | 30 | _ |
| Little Rock (2) | _ | 50 | 40 | _ |
| Richmond (3) | _ | _ | 20 | 40 |
| Atlanta (4) | _ | 30 | _ | 50 |

(a) (4 points) Draw a picture of this network with the nodes labeled with the number of each city and the directed arcs labeled with the unit shipping cost between the associated pair of cities.

(b) (12 points) Suppose there are 15 refrigerators in Dallas and 5 refrigerators in Little Rock. Write a concrete model to minimize the cost of shipping all 20 refrigerators to Baltimore. Clearly define your decision variables.

(c) (4 points) The Atlanta train terminal charges a one-time fee of \$300 for the use of their terminal, regardless of the amount of traffic. Modify the model as necessary to account for this fee. Clearly define any decision variable(s) you add.

3. Trader Bill's Clothing Company is capable of manufacturing three types of attire: shirts, pants, and jackets. The machinery needed to manufacture each type of clothing must be rented at the following rates: shirt machinery, \$200 per week; pants machinery, \$150 per week; and jacket machinery, \$100 per week. The manufacture of each type of clothing also requires the amounts of cloth and labor shown in the table below. Additionally, the table includes the maximum number of each type of clothing that Trader Bill's can manufacture, and the unit profit of each type of clothing. Each week,150 hours of labor and 160 sq yd of cloth are available.

As an incentive, Trader Bill provides a bonus if his crew makes a combined total of at least 50 jackets and shirts. The bonus reduces Trader Bill's overall profit by \$250.

| Clothing Type | Labor in Hours | Cloth in Sq. Yards | Max Allowable | Profit (\$) |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
| shirt | 3 | 4 | 100 | 6 |
| pants | 2 | 3 | 220 | 4 |
| jacket | 6 | 4 | 180 | 7 |

| Clothing Type | Profit \$ |
|---------------|-----------|
| shirt | 6 |
| pants | 4 |
| jacket | 7 |

Sets:

- C := types of clothing
- R :=types of resources

Parameters:

- $p_c := \text{per item profit for clothing type } c$, for all $c \in C$
- $B := \cos t$ of "Bonus" to Trader Bill
- $a_{c,r}$:= the number of units of resource r required for one item of clothing type c, for all $c \in C, r \in R$
- $m_c := \text{maximum number of } c \text{ items that can be produced, for all } c \in C$
- $b_r := \text{units of resource } r \text{ available, for all } r \in R$

| Decision variables: | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
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(3 cont.) Formulate an **abstract** model to maximize Trader Bill's weekly profits.

- (a) (4 points) Carefully define any decision variables you require in the space provided.
- (b) (3 points) Include an objective function.
- (c) (8 points) Include constraints related to use of resources and bounds.
- (d) (2 points) Include constraint related to the "Bonus". This constraint may be included in concrete form.
- (e) (3 points) Briefly explain the purpose of each set of constraints.