SA405 - AMP Rader §3.2

Lesson 7: Set Covering, Packing, and Partitioning

1 Covering Students

The USNA would like for all students to hear a presentation on an update to yard-wide COVID procedures. They decide to send a representative into classes to present the information. The presenter, Hannah, who was an Operations Research major, needs to ensure that every student sees the presentation, but would like to visit as few classes as possible. She develops the following mini-version of the problem in order to help write a model that will solve the large-scale optimization problem.

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Let S be the set of students:
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S := \{ Kyle, Aaron, Ryan, Jordan, Monika, Brandon, Samnang, Adam, Natalie, Joshua \} Let \mathscr C be the set of classes:
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\mathscr{C} := \{ \text{ Naval history, Fencing, Sailing, Boxing, Wrestling, AMP } \}
Each element C of \mathscr{C} is itself a set, a subset of S (C \subseteq S, for all C \in \mathscr{C}):
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Naval history := { Kyle, Ryan, Monika, Brandon }
Fencing := { Kyle, Jordan, Samnang, Natalie }
Sailing := { Aaron, Monika, Adam }
Boxing := { Aaron, Ryan, Jordan, Samnang }
Wrestling := { Jordan, Brandon, Joshua }
AMP := { Adam, Natalie, Joshua }
```

Hannah defines the following set of binary variables:

$$z_C := \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text{if she should visit class } i \\ 0 & \text{if she should not visit class } i \end{array} \right., \text{ for } C \in \mathscr{C}$$

2 Set Covering

1.	Write two concrete constraints: one that ensures that Jordan will see the presentation, and one that ensures that Brandon will see the presentation.
2.	Why are these called set covering constraints ? (Think of the set of students.)
3.	How many set covering constraints are needed?
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4.	Using the same sets as above and the variable z_c , how would we write a general parameterized set covering constraint for the students?

The parameterized constraint above works but is a bit messy. There's another way to parameterize it using what's called an **adjacency matrix**. The adjacency matrix is a matrix where the rows correspond to the classes and the columns correspond to the students.

5. Let the adjacency matrix be $a_{c,s}$ for all $c \in \mathscr{C}$ and all $s \in \mathscr{S}$ Illustrate this matrix.

6. Write the parameterized set covering constraints using the adjacency matrix.

Either approach works, it's really up to you when it comes to modeling.

7. Write a condensed abstract model to find a set of classes that covers all students while requiring the fewest possible presentations using the sets, variables, and parameters defined above.

3 Set Packing

Eventually Hannah realizes that no student can stand to hear the presentation multiple times, but that she really wants lots of practice with public speaking. She wants to give the presentation as many times as possible without any student seeing it more than once.

1. Write two concrete constraints: one that ensures that Ryan will see the presentation at most once, and one that ensures that Brandon will see the presentation at most once.

- 2. Why are these called **set packing constraints**? (Think of the set of classes.)
- 3. Write a condensed abstract model to find a collection of classes that maximizes the number of classes Hannah visits, while not seeing any student more than once.

4 Set Partitioning

Hannah receives a message of encouragement from the Chief of Staff and is told to be sure to show the presentation to *every single student*. But she still knows that no student can possibly sit through it twice, so she must revise her model again.

1. Write two concrete constraints: one that ensures that Aaron will see the presentation exactly once, and one that ensures that Samnang will see the presentation exactly once.

- 2. Why are these called **set partitioning constraints**? (Think of the set of students.)
- 3. Write an abstract model to find a collection of classes that minimizes the number of classes Hannah visits, while seeing every student exactly once.