

## Homework 1

### 1 Problem

For each of the ODEs in the 1st column, indicate whether it is:

1. linear time-invariant (LTI), linear time-varying (LTV), or nonlinear
2. 1st order, 2nd order, or higher order
3. homogeneous or inhomogeneous

by marking the appropriate column. The unknown function  $x(t)$  represents the state of some mechanical system and  $t$  represents time. Hint: An ODE is considered nonlinear only if the nonlinearity involves the unknown function  $x(t)$ .

System ODE	Linearity?			Order?			Homogeneity?	
	LTI	LTV	NL	1st	2nd	Higher	Homog.	Inhomog.
$\ddot{x} + 3tx = 0$								
$(\dot{x} - x)^2 + 1 = 0$								
$t^2x + bx + c\dot{x} = 0$								
$\ddot{x} = 0$								
$\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + x - 2 =$								
$\ddot{x} + \sin(x) = 0$								
$e^tx + \dot{x} = \sin t$								
$\dot{x} + x = 0$								
$\dot{x}x + a + bt = 0$								
$\ddot{x} - bx^2 = 0$								

### 2 Problem

Consider the following IVP:

$$\dot{x} + 2x = 0$$

with initial condition  $x(t_0) = -10$  and  $t_0 = 0$ .

1. What is the particular solution,  $x(t)$ ?
2. What is the value of  $x$  as time  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ?

- A.  $x \rightarrow -\infty$
- B.  $x \rightarrow -10$
- C.  $x \rightarrow 0$
- D.  $x \rightarrow +10$
- E.  $x \rightarrow +\infty$

### 3 Problem

Consider the ODE  $\dot{x} + 2x = e^{-2t}$  with initial condition  $x(t_0) = 10$  and  $t_0 = 0$ . What is the particular solution,  $x(t)$ ?

### 4 Problem

For each of the following ODEs determine if the eigenvalues are (a) real and distinct, (b) repeated, (c) complex conjugate pairs:

1.  $\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + 3x = 0$

2.  $\ddot{x} + 4\dot{x} + x = 0$

3.  $\ddot{x} + 4\dot{x} + 4x = 0$

4.  $\ddot{x} + 3x = 0$

### 5 Problem

For each of the following linear, time-invariant, 2nd order homogeneous ODEs solve for the particular solution that satisfies the initial values given.

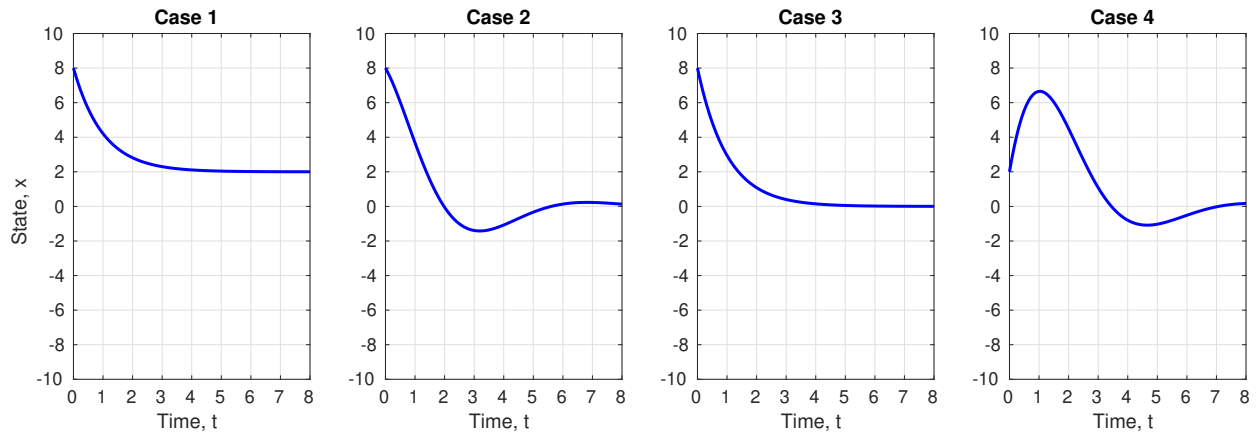
1.  $\ddot{x} - 4\dot{x} + 4x = 0$ , Initial Values:  $x(0) = 12$ ,  $\dot{x}(0) = -3$

2.  $\ddot{x} + 3\dot{x} - 10x = 0$ , Initial Values:  $x(0) = 4$ ,  $\dot{x}(0) = -2$

3.  $\ddot{x} - 8\dot{x} + 17x = 0$ , Initial Values:  $x(0) = -4$ ,  $\dot{x}(0) = -1$

## 6 Problem

Match each one of the responses shown below (Cases 1-4) with one of the following IVPs



- |   |   |
|---|---|
| (a) $\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + x = 0, x(0) = 8, \dot{x}(0) = 0$  | (f) $\dot{x} + x = 8, x(0) = 2$                             |
| (b) $\dot{x} - x = 2, x(0) = 8$                             | (g) $\dot{x} + x = 0, x(0) = 8$                             |
| (c) $\dot{x} + x = 2, x(0) = 8$                             | (h) $\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + x = 0, x(0) = 8, \dot{x}(0) = -3$ |
| (d) $\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + x = 2, x(0) = 0, \dot{x}(0) = -8$ | (i) $\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + x = 0, x(0) = 2, \dot{x}(0) = 10$ |
| (e) $\ddot{x} + \dot{x} + x = 2, x(0) = 2, \dot{x}(0) = 0$  | (j) $\dot{x} + 8x = 0, x(0) = 0$                            |