RRB NTPC Practice Test - Ancient Indian History

| 1. Who was the founder of the Maurya Empire? |
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| A) Ashoka |
| B) Chandragupta Maurya |
| C) Bindusara |
| D) Harshavardhana |
| Answer: B) Chandragupta Maurya He established the Mauryan Empire in 321 BCE with the help of |
| Chanakya. |
| 2. Who wrote the Arthashastra? |
| A) Kalidasa |
| B) Chanakya |
| C) Panini |
| D) Banabhatta |
| Answer: B) Chanakya It is an ancient Indian treatise on politics, economics, and military strategy. |
| 3. The Great Bath is found in which Indus Valley site? |
| A) Harappa |
| B) Mohenjo-daro |
| C) Dholavira |
| D) Lothal |
| Answer: B) Mohenjo-daro The Great Bath is one of the most famous structures of the Indus Valley |
| Civilization. |
| 4. Which Veda is considered the oldest? |
| A) Sama Veda |
| B) Rig Veda |

| C) Yajur Veda |
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| D) Atharva Veda |
| Answer: B) Rig Veda It is the earliest and most important of the four Vedas. |
| 5. Which ancient Indian university attracted students from foreign countries? |
| A) Nalanda |
| B) IIT |
| C) JNU |
| D) Ashoka |
| Answer: A) Nalanda Nalanda was a renowned Buddhist university in Bihar. |
| 6. Who was the last ruler of the Maurya dynasty? |
| A) Bindusara |
| B) Brihadratha |
| C) Harsha |
| D) Pushyamitra |
| Answer: B) Brihadratha He was killed by Pushyamitra Shunga, ending the Maurya dynasty. |
| 7. Which script was used in Ashokas inscriptions? |
| A) Devanagari |
| B) Tamil |
| C) Brahmi |
| D) Kharosthi |
| Answer: C) Brahmi Most of Ashokas inscriptions were written in Brahmi script. |
| 8. Who is known as the Napoleon of India? |
| A) Chandragupta Maurya |
| B) Harshavardhana |

| C) Samudragupta |
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| D) Ashoka |
| Answer: C) Samudragupta Due to his military conquests, Samudragupta earned this title. |
| 9. Where is the famous Iron Pillar of Chandragupta II located? |
| A) Delhi |
| B) Varanasi |
| C) Patna |
| D) Sanchi |
| Answer: A) Delhi The Iron Pillar in Mehrauli, Delhi, is known for its rust-resistant composition. |
| 10. What was the capital of Magadh in ancient India? |
| A) Ujjain |
| B) Taxila |
| C) Patliputra |
| D) Kannauj |
| Answer: C) Patliputra Patliputra (modern Patna) was the capital of powerful Magadhan empires. |
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