```
#include <cs50.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
// Max voters and candidates
#define MAX_VOTERS 100
#define MAX CANDIDATES 9
// preferences[i][j] is jth preference for voter i
int preferences[MAX_VOTERS][MAX_CANDIDATES];
// Candidates have name, vote count, eliminated status
typedef struct
  string name;
  int votes;
bool eliminated;
}
candidate;
// Array of candidates
candidate candidates[MAX_CANDIDATES];
// Numbers of voters and candidates
int voter count;
int candidate_count;
// Function prototypes
bool vote(int voter, int rank, string name);
void tabulate(void);
bool print_winner(void);
int find_min(void);
bool is_tie(int min);
void eliminate(int min);
int main(int argc, string argv[])
  // Check for invalid usage
  if (argc < 2)
     printf("Usage: runoff [candidate ...]\n");
     return 1;
  // Populate array of candidates
  candidate_count = argc - 1;
  if (candidate_count > MAX_CANDIDATES)
     printf("Maximum number of candidates is %i\n", MAX_CANDIDATES);
     return 2;
  for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)
  {
     candidates[i].name = argv[i + 1];
     candidates[i].votes = 0;
     candidates[i].eliminated = false;
  voter_count = get_int("Number of voters: ");
  if (voter_count > MAX_VOTERS)
     printf("Maximum number of voters is %i\n", MAX_VOTERS);
     return 3;
  // Keep querying for votes
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < voter_count; i++)
     // Query for each rank
     for (int j = 0; j < candidate_count; j++)
        string name = get_string("Rank %i: ", j + 1);
        // Record vote, unless it's invalid
       if (!vote(i, j, name))
          printf("Invalid vote.\n");
          return 4;
       }
     }
     printf("\n");
  }
  // Keep holding runoffs until winner exists
  while (true)
  {
     // Calculate votes given remaining candidates
     tabulate();
     // Check if election has been won
     bool won = print_winner();
     if (won)
     {
        break;
     // Eliminate last-place candidates
     int min = find_min();
     bool tie = is_tie(min);
     // If tie, everyone wins
     if (tie)
     {
        for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)</pre>
       {
          if (!candidates[i].eliminated)
             printf("%s\n", candidates[i].name);
          }
        break;
     // Eliminate anyone with minimum number of votes
     eliminate(min);
     // Reset vote counts back to zero
     for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)
        candidates[i].votes = 0;
  return 0;
}
// Record preference if vote is valid
bool vote(int voter, int rank, string name)
  // TODO
  // Find the candidate and store the preference of this candidate
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)
     if (strcmp(candidates[i].name, name) == 0)
       preferences[voter][rank] = i;
       return true;
  return false;
}
// Tabulate votes for non-eliminated candidates
void tabulate(void)
  // TODO
  // First clear votes for each candidate
  for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)
     candidates[i].votes = 0;
  // Update votes of each candidate who has not been eliminated
  for (int i = 0; i < voter\_count; i++)
     for (int j = 0; j < candidate_count ; j++ )</pre>
       if (candidates[preferences[i][j]].eliminated == 0)
          candidates[preferences[i][j]].votes++;
          break;
  return;
}
// Print the winner of the election, if there is one
bool print_winner(void)
  // TODO
  // If any candidate has more than half of the vote,
  // their name should be printed and the function should
  // return true
  for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)
     if (candidates[i].votes > candidate_count / 2)
       printf("%s\n", candidates[i].name);
       return true;
  return false;
}
// Return the minimum number of votes any remaining candidate has
int find_min(void)
  // TODO
  // Return the minimum vote total for any candidate who is still
  // in the election.
  int min = 100000;
  for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)
     if ((candidates[i].eliminated == 0) && (candidates[i].votes < min))</pre>
        min = candidates[i].votes;
```

```
return min;
}
// Return true if the election is tied between all candidates, false otherwise
bool is_tie(int min)
  // TODO
  // Return true if every candidate remaining in the election has
  // the same number of votes, and should return false otherwise.
  bool is_all_tie = true;
  for (int i = 0; i < candidate_count; i++)</pre>
  {
     if ((candidates[i].eliminated == 0) && (candidates[i].votes != min))
       return false;
  return true;
}
// Eliminate the candidate (or candidates) in last place
void eliminate(int min)
{
  // TODO
  // Eliminate the candidate (or candidates) who have min number of votes.
  for (int i = 1; i < candidate_count; i++)
     if (candidates[i].votes == min)
     {
       candidates[i].eliminated = 1;
  }
  return;
}
```