# WEB APP – SINGLE SERVER TO ELASTIC EVOLUTION (Final Stage) BY ADRIAN CANTRILL

**Note:** The project instructions are detailed in Adrian's GitHub repository.

# **Project Link Source:**

https://github.com/acantril/learn-cantrill-io-labs/tree/master/aws-elastic-wordpress-evolution

In this section, we construct the **Final Stage** of the project, unifying all the elements we've learned from previous stages and infusing it with adaptability.

# **Objectives:**

- Offload the Database from the WordPress instance by migrating it to an RDS instance. This ensures that in the event of an instance crash, the database can survive, or vice versa.
- Offload the wp-content from the WordPress instance by migrating it to an AWS EFS. This ensures that in the event of an instance crash, the application media and UI can survive.
- Incorporating autoscaling and a load balancer into the project

#### Instructions:

- 1. Log in to your AWS Console. Ensure that your account has Administrator Access..
- Copy and paste the following link into your browser https://console.aws.amazon.com/cloudformation/home?region=us-east-1#/ stacks/quickcreate?templateURL=https://learn-cantrilllabs.s3.amazonaws.com/aws-elastic-wordpress-evolution/ A4LVPC.yaml&stackName=A4LVPC.

This CloudFormation template will create the infrastructure for our **WordPre**ss app. Click "I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might create IAM resources," then click "Create stack." Wait for the stack to move into the "CREATE\_COMPLETE" state before continuing.

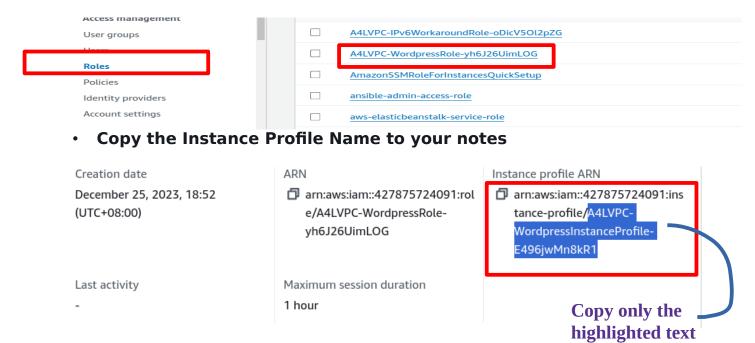
3. Download the CloudFormation template from this link: https://github.com/robudexIT/awsdevopsproject/blob/cloudformation/ cloudformation/wordpress/wordpress\_instance\_rds\_efs.yaml

# Note: You can skip step 2 if you already created the stack

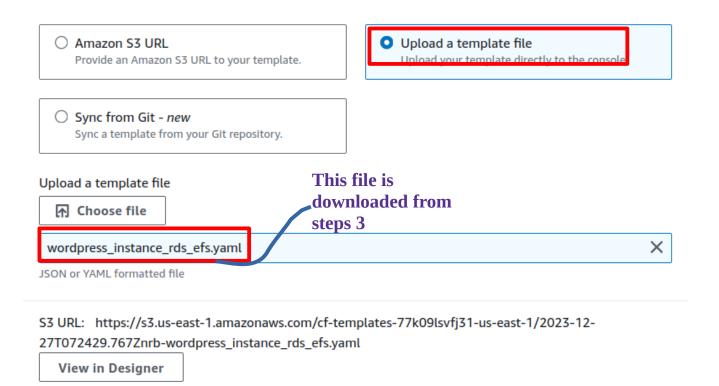
This CloudFormation template contains the same instructions as in Stage 4

# 4. Stage4 Instructions Cloudformation:

• Goto <a href="https://us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/iam/home?region=us-east-1#/roles">https://us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/iam/home?region=us-east-1#/roles</a> and look for A4LVPC-WordpressRole Roles and click it.



Goto Cloudformation and create stack:

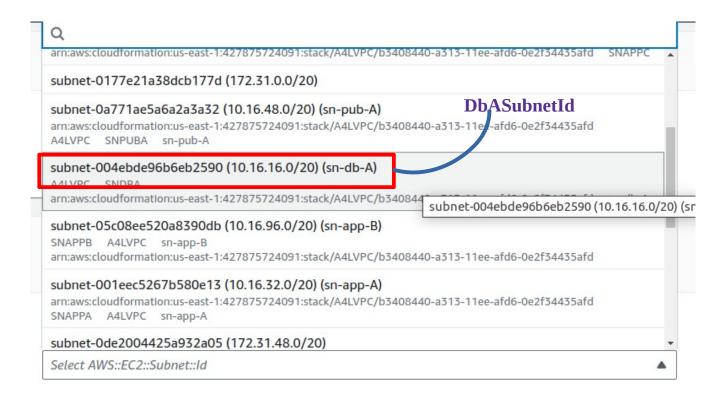


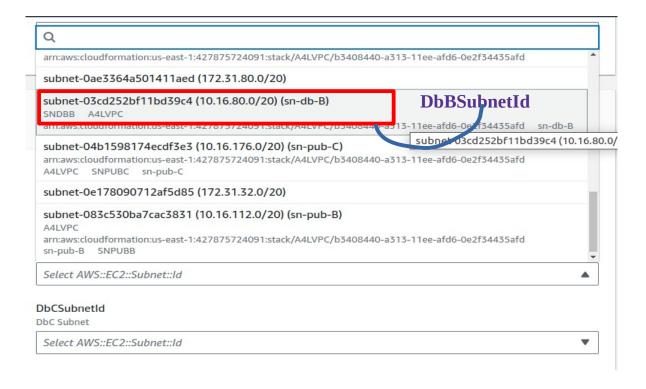
### Provide a stack name

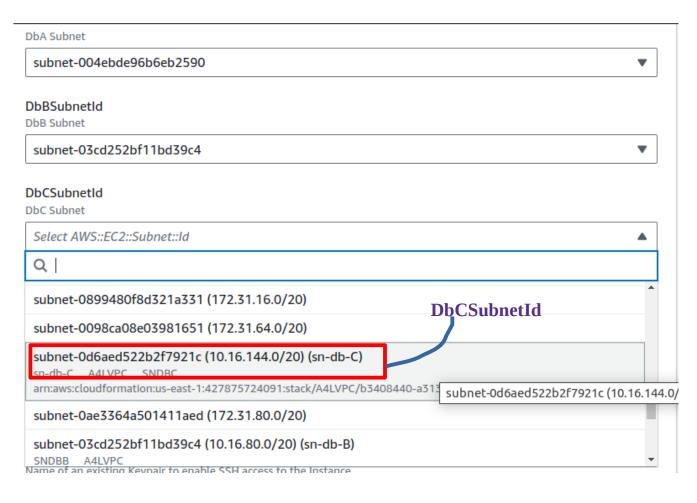
#### Stack name

wordpress-rds-efs-stack

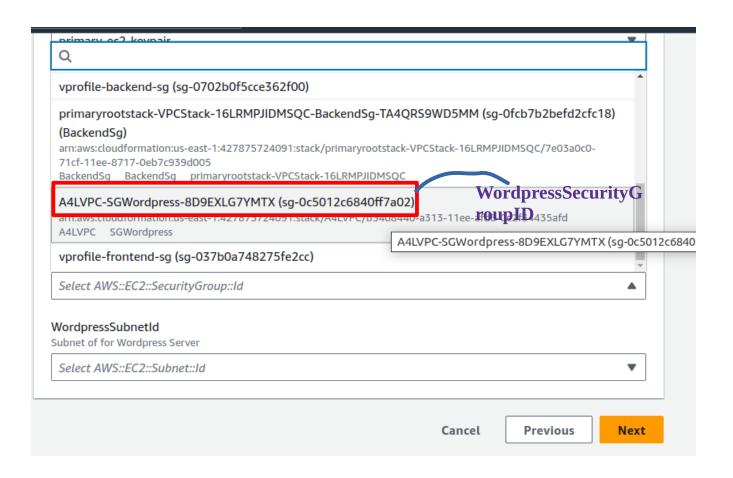
Stack name can include letters (A-Z and a-z), numbers (0-9), and dashes (-).







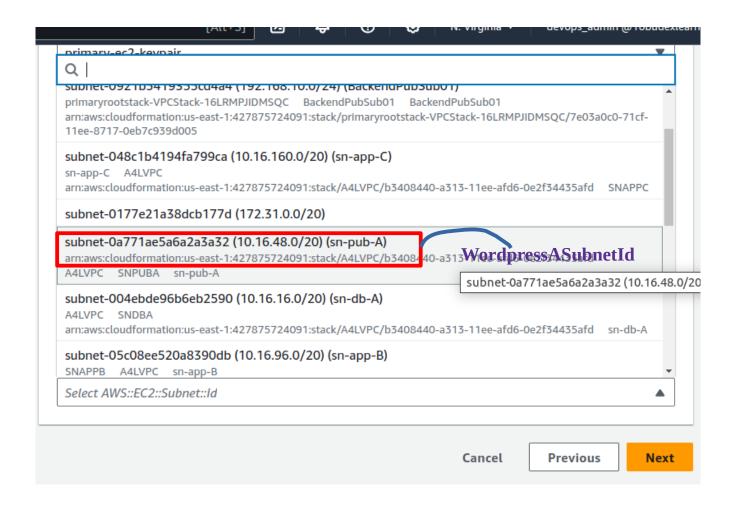




#### InstanceProfileRole

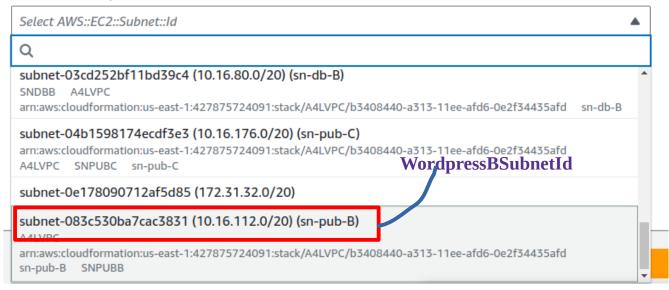
Role use by the ec2 instance in your behalf

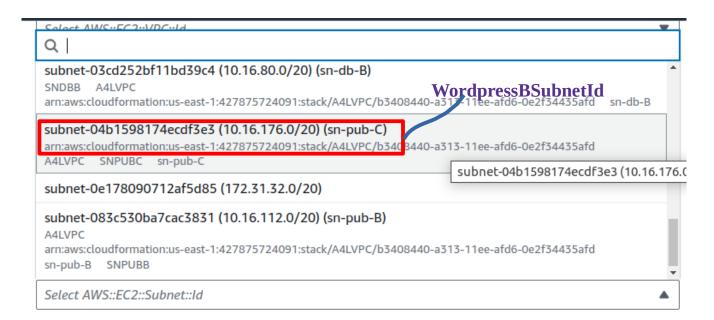
A4LVPC-WordpressInstanceProfile-E496jwMn8kR1



#### WordpressBSubnetId

Subnet of for Wordpress Server





#### VPCID -

Select VPC ID

Select AWS::EC2::VPC::Id



vpc-0887775b1039e9667 (172.31.0.0/16)

#### vpc-008659d3935e621c5 (192.168.0.0/16) (primal vVpc)

primaryVpc SBTPHAPPVPC

arn:aws:cloudformation:us-east-1:427875724091:stack/primaryrootstack-VPCStack-16LRMPJIDMSQC/7e03a0c0-71cf-11ee-8717-0eb7c939d005

primaryrootstack-VPCStack-16LRMPJIDMSQC

arn:aws:cloudformation:us-east-1:427875724091:stack/primary/potstack-VPCStack-16LRMPJIDMSQC/7e03a0c0-71cf-11ee-8717-0eb7c939d005

#### vpc-0eeaf7394e3f227a6 (10.16.0.0/16) (A4LVPC)

arn:aws:cloudformation:us-east-1:427875724091:stack/A4LVPC/b34084 vpc-0eeaf7394e3f227a6 (10.16.0.0/16) (A4LVPC

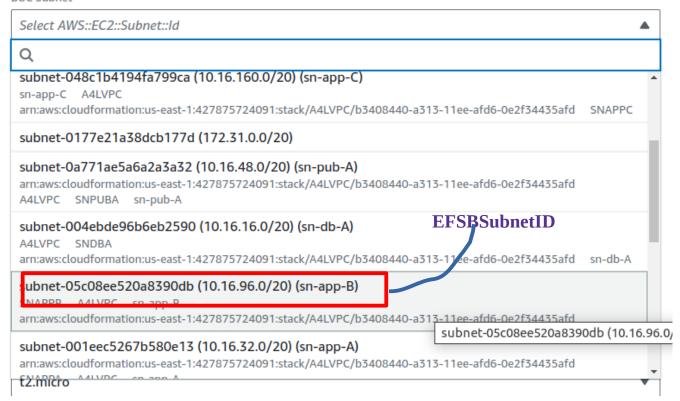
#### **EFSASubnetID**

DbC Subnet

Select AWS::EC2::Subnet::Id Q subnet-004ebde96b6eb2590 (10.16.16.0/20) (sn-db-A) A4LVPC SNDBA arn:aws:cloudformation:us-east-1:427875724091:stack/A4LVPC/b3408440-a313-11ee-afd6-0e2f34435afd sn-db-A **EFSASubnetID** subnet-05c08ee520a8390db (10.16.96.0/20) (sn-app-B) SNAPPB A4LVPC sn-app-B arn:aws:cloudformation:us-east-1:427875724091:stack/A4LVPC/b3408440-a317-11ee-afd6-0e2f34435afd ubnet-001eec5267b580e13 (10.16.32.0/20) (sn-app-A) 440-a313-11ee-afd6-0e2f34435afd SNAPPA A4LVPC sn-app-A subnet-001eec5267b580e13 (10.16.32.0) subnet-0de2004425a932a05 (172.31.48.0/20) subnet-0899480f8d321a331 (172.31.16.0/20)

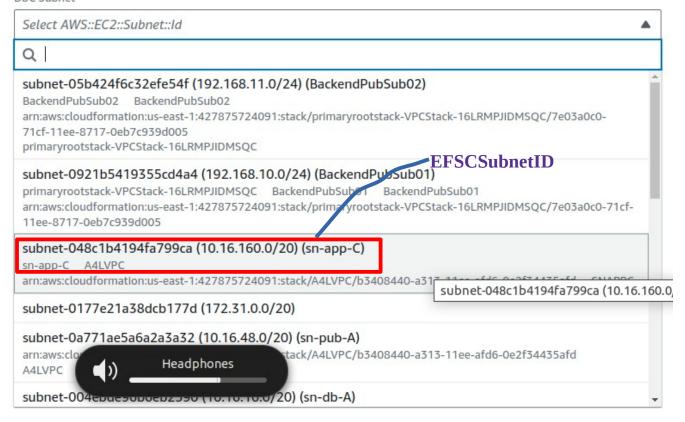
#### **EFSBSubnetID**

DbC Subnet



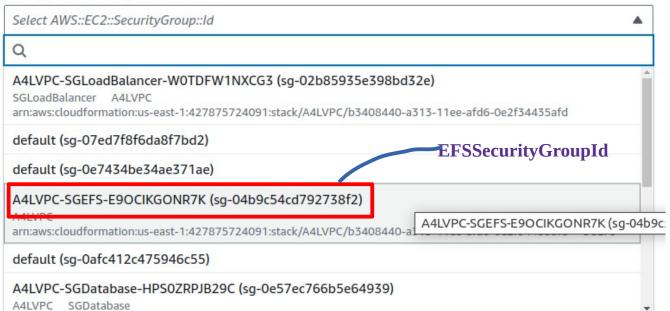
#### **EFSCSubnetID**

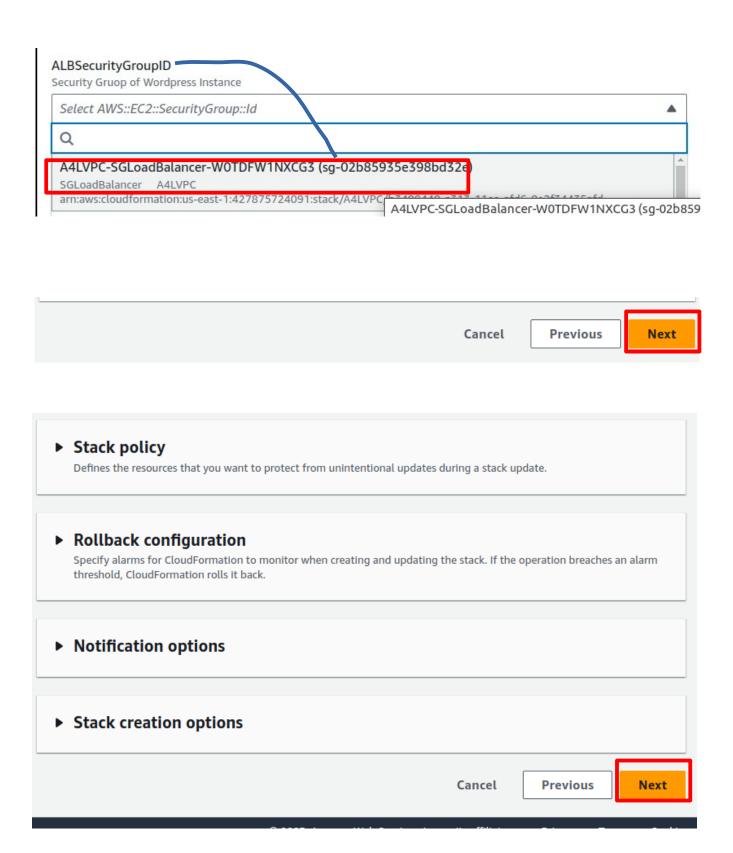
**DbC** Subnet

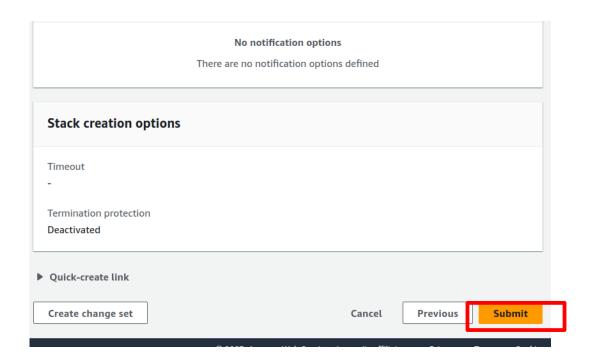


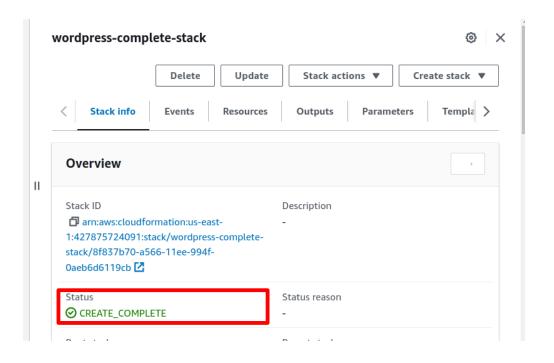
#### **EFSSecurityGroupID**

Security Gruop of Wordpress Instance

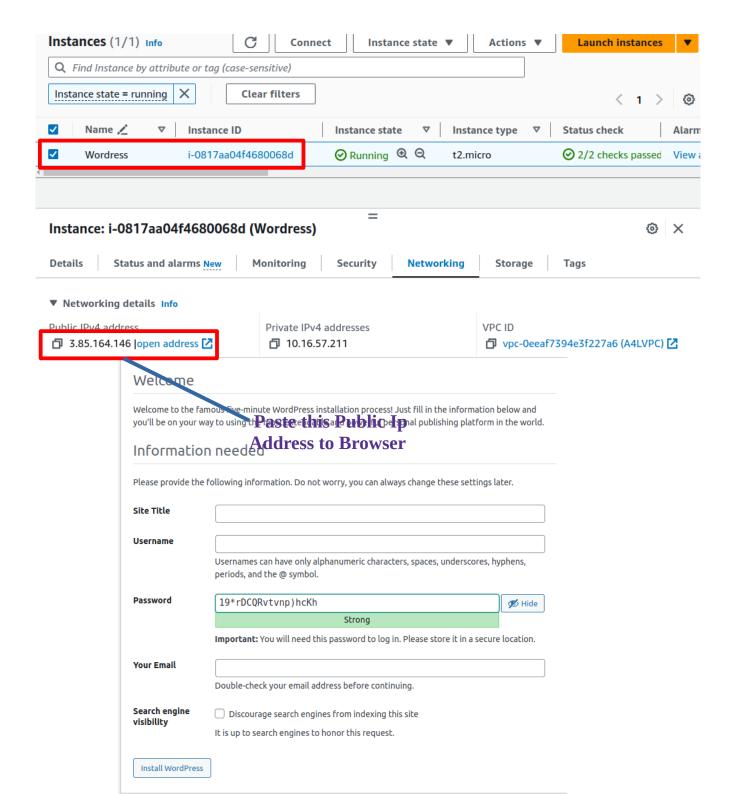




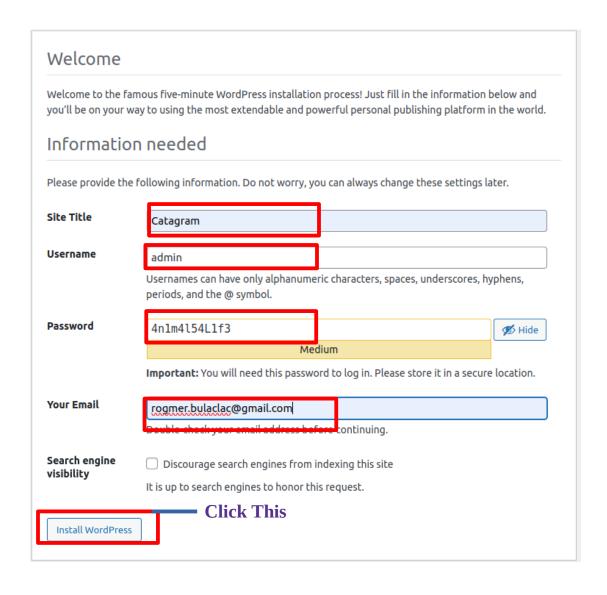


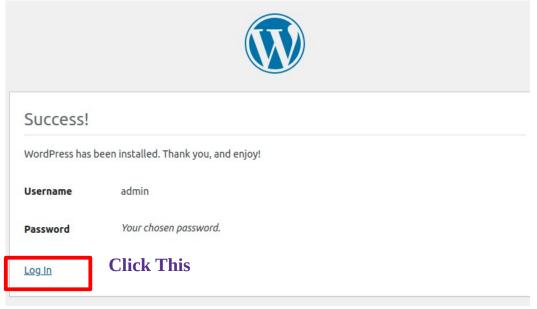


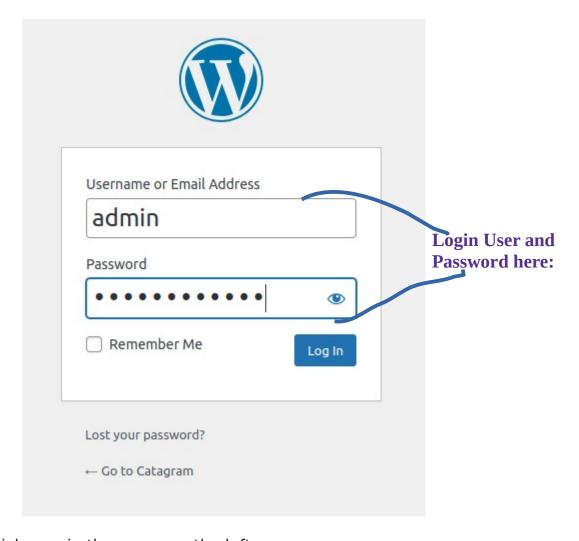
- Go to <a href="https://console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/v2/home?region=us-east-1#Instances:sort=desc:tag:Name">https://console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/v2/home?region=us-east-1#Instances:sort=desc:tag:Name</a>
- Select the Wordpress Instance and copy the Public IP Address and paste it to browser address bar
- If this page will appear that means the wordpress setup is successful



## • Let Perform Initial Configuration and make a post







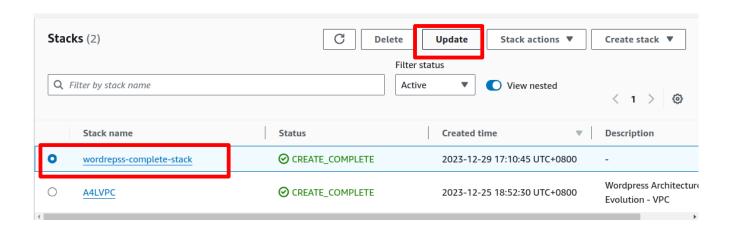
- Click Posts in the menu on the left
- Select Hello World! Click Bulk Actions and select Move to Trash Click Apply
- Click Add New
- If you see any popups close them down
- For title The Best Animal(s)!
- Click the + under the title, select Gallery Click Upload
- Select some animal pictures.... if you dont have any use google images to download some Upload them
- Click Publish
- Click Publish Click view Post

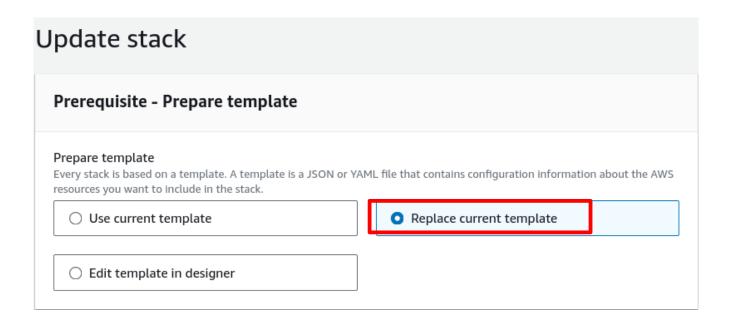


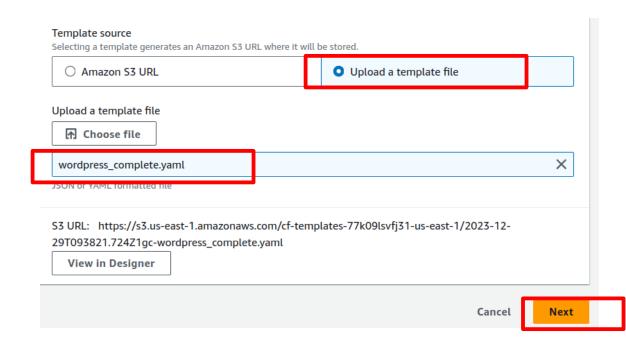
 Now that our Initial Wordpress Setup was done and uploads some photos. Its time change our AutoScaling Health Check to ELB. Open the wordpress\_complete.yaml locate the WordpressASG resource, on the HealthCheckType, check the value from EC2 to ELB

Note: Initially, we set the WordpressASG HealthCheckType to EC2 due to our initial setup. Setting it to ELB during creation would result in continuous termination of instances because the ASG relies on ELB health checks. Since WordPress is not yet set up, the ELB Target Group would mark the instance as unhealthy. This is because checking the instance at the / path would return HTTP error codes 404 or 500

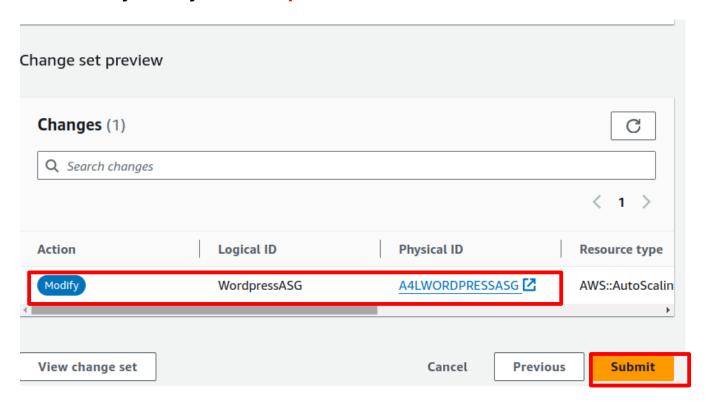
 Go to Cloudformaton, select wordpress-complete-stack and Click Update



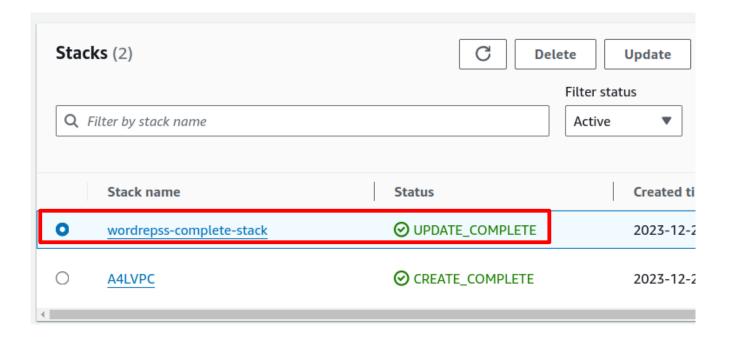




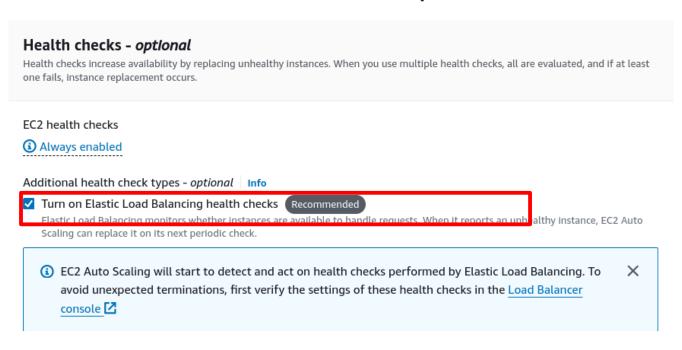
 As observed in the change set preview, please note that the action will only modify the WordpressASG



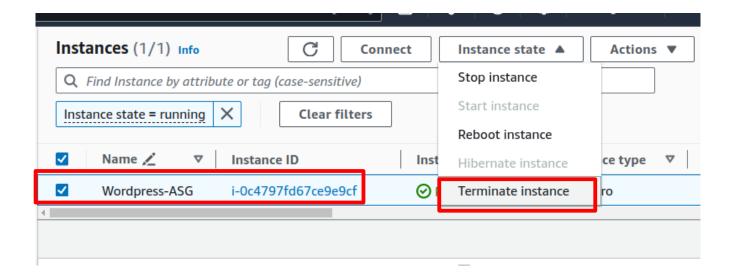
Wait Until Stack Update is compete



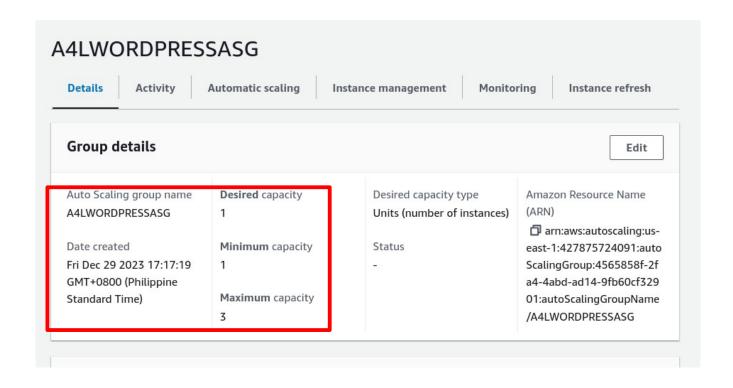
Let check the ASG Health Check if it is updated

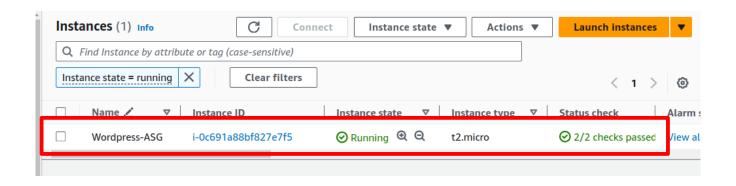


Lets do our first test, Let terminate the existing instance

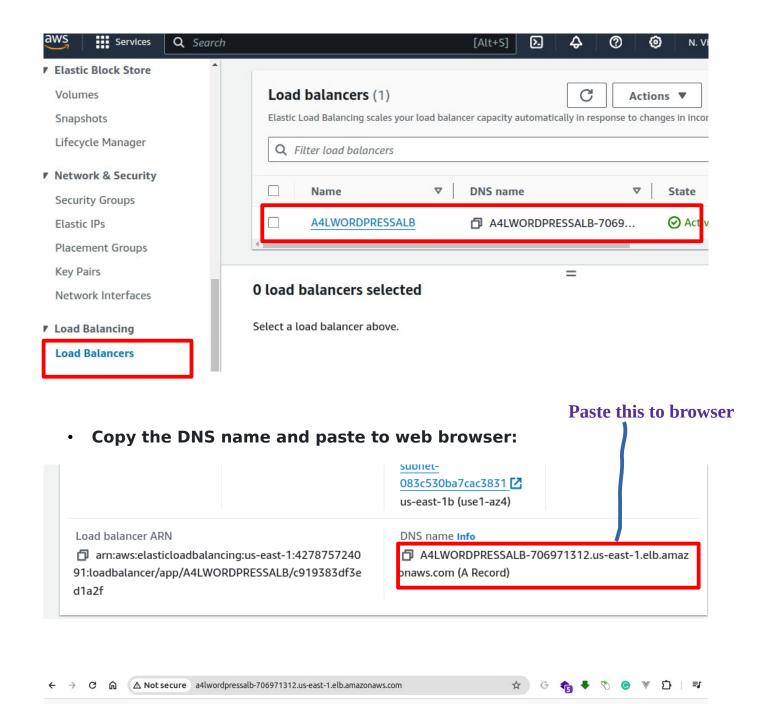


 After several minutes, the Auto Scaling Group (ASG) detected the change and launched a new instance in accordance with its capacity settings





Let's check the Load Balancer to ensure it functions as expected. Navigate to EC2, select "Load Balancers," and click on "A4WORDRESSALB.



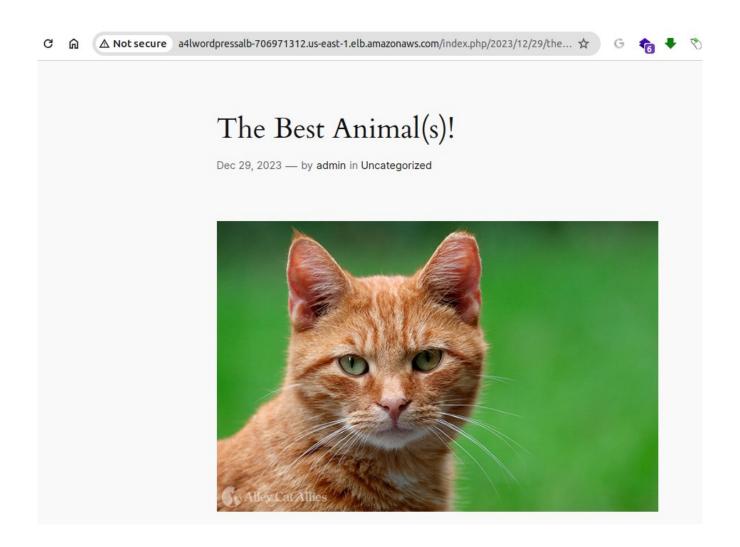
A commitment to innovation

Sample Page

Scroll Down and click the Post you Initially created

Catagram

# Watch, Read, Listen The Best Animal(s)! Dec 29, 2023 — by admin in Uncategorized



As you can see, the our LoadBalancer is working....

 Now, let's shift our attention to the elasticity and scalability of our project. Connect to the instance, and let's put stress on the CPU

```
Stress command
[root@ip-10-16-50-53 bin]# stress -c 2 -v -t 3000
stress: info: [34616] dispatching hogs: 2 cpu, 0 io, 0 vm, 0 hdd
stress: dbug: [34616] using backoff sleep of 6000us
stress: dbug: [34616] --> hogcpu worker 2 [34617] forked
stress: dbug: [34616] using backoff sleep of 3000us
```

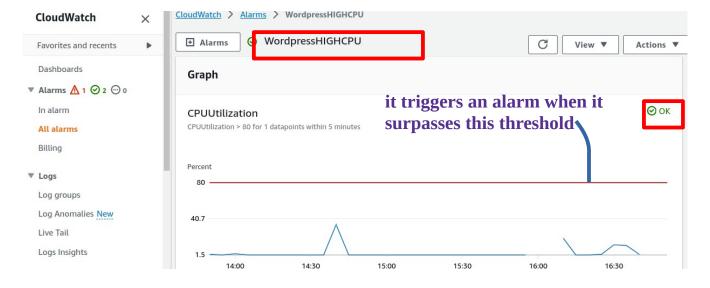
# Goto Cloudwatch and Select WordpressHIGHCPU Alarm

sh-5.2\$ sudo su

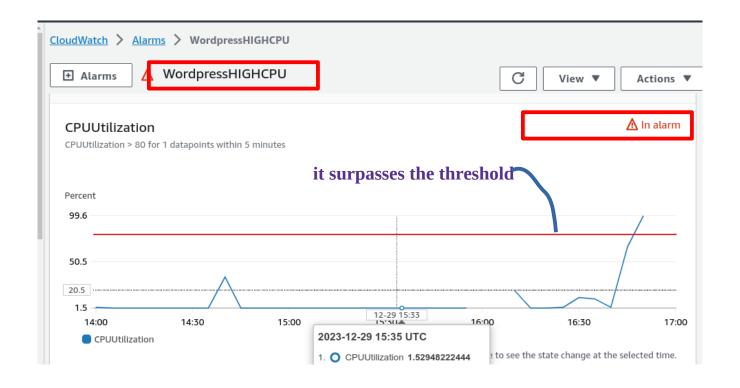
stress: dbug: [34616] setting timeout to 3000s

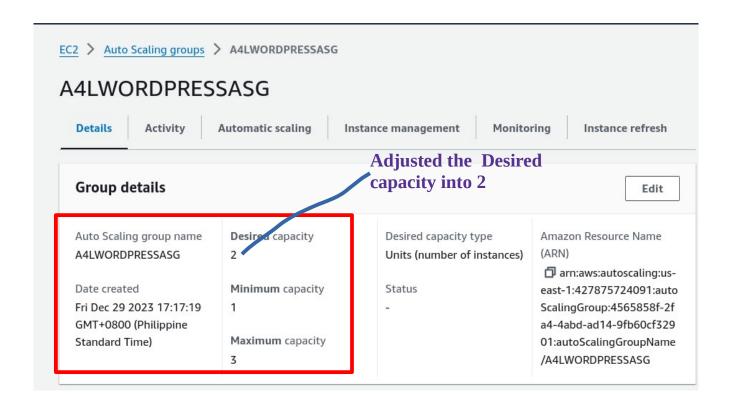
stress: dbug: [34616] setting timeout to 3000s

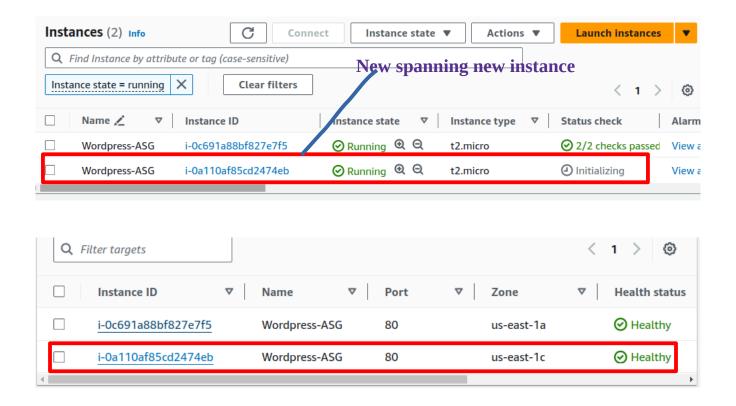
stress: dbug: [34616] --> hogcpu worker 1 [34618] forked



After several minutes, it transitions from "OK" to "In Alarm." prompting our Auto Scaling Group (ASG) to detect the change and spawn a new instance to respond to the increased demands





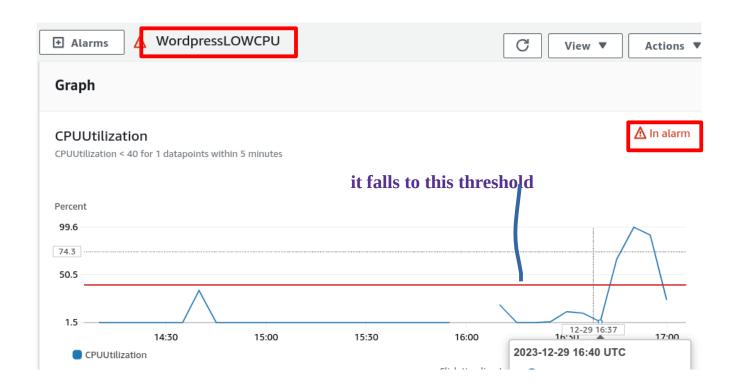


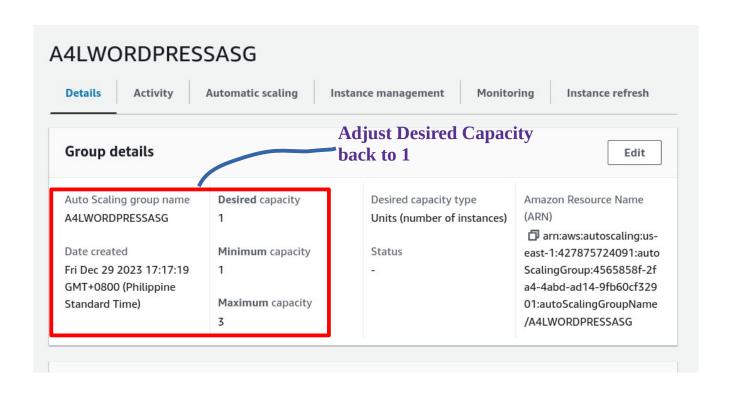
Lets stop the stress command

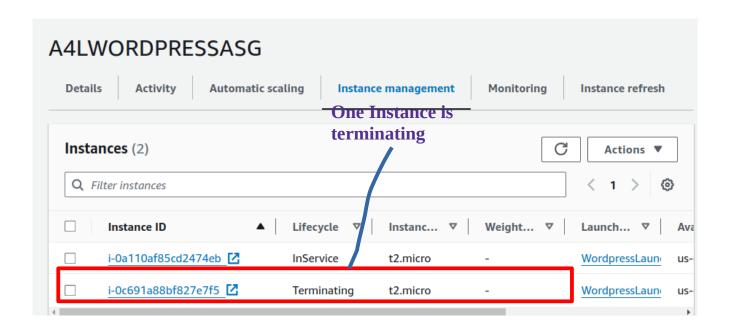
Goto Cloudwatch and Select WordpressLOWCPU Alarm

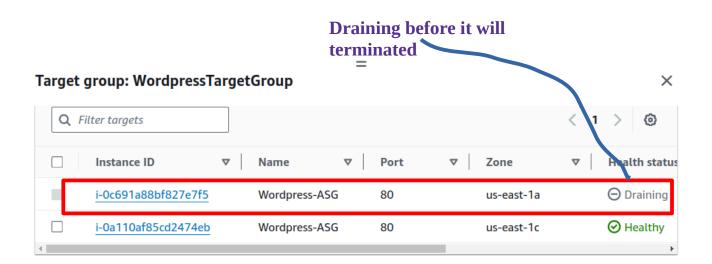


 After several minutes, it change from OK to In alarm, and our ASG detects it that there is no high cpu demand, so it terminate intances leave only number instance base on the scalling capacity settings









Thats Conclude the Final Stage or the Stage 5 .....

Stage 6 is about Cleanup, since we build this project using Cloudformation, Deleting our project is easy.

First Delete worpress-complete-stack when its done Delete the A4VPC stack