



# OWASP SAMM2 – Your Dynamic Software Security Journey

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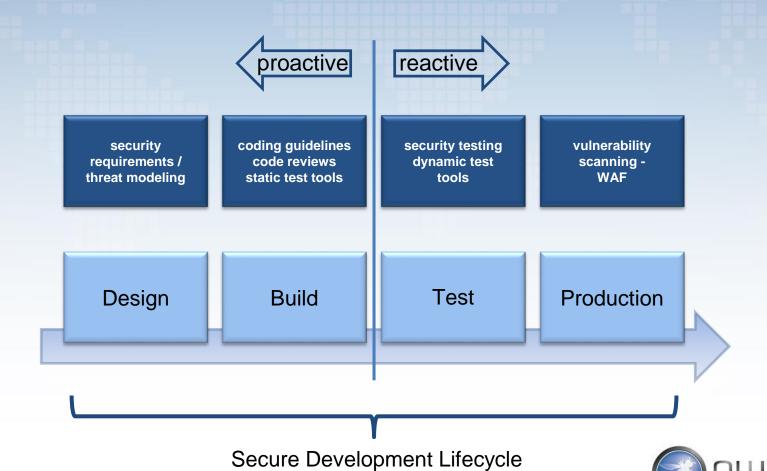
#### What is SAMM?

#### FLAGSHIP mature projects

"The prime maturity model for software assurance that provides an effective and measurable way for all types of organizations to analyze and improve their software security posture."



## "Build in" software assurance



(SAMM)

Security Project



### Why a maturity model?

An organization's behavior changes slowly over time

Changes must be <u>iterative</u> while working toward long-term goals

There is no single recipe that works for all organizations

A solution must enable <u>risk-based</u> choices tailored to the organization

Guidance related to security activities must be prescriptive

A solution must provide enough <u>details</u> for non-security-people

Overall, must be simple, well-defined, and measurable

OWASP Software Assurance Maturity Model (SAMM)



Measurable



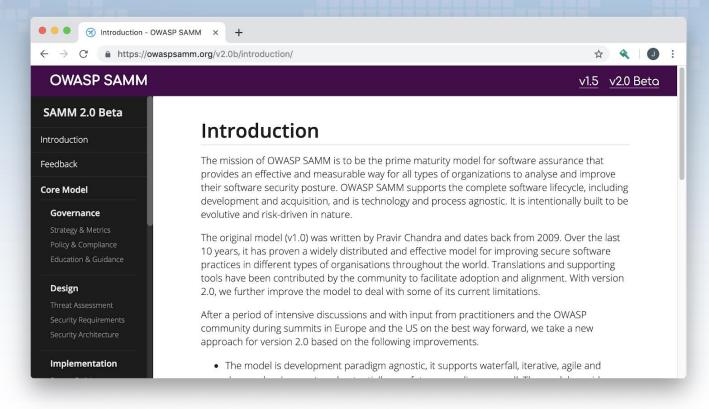
**Actionable** 



Versatile



#### **OWASP SAMM**



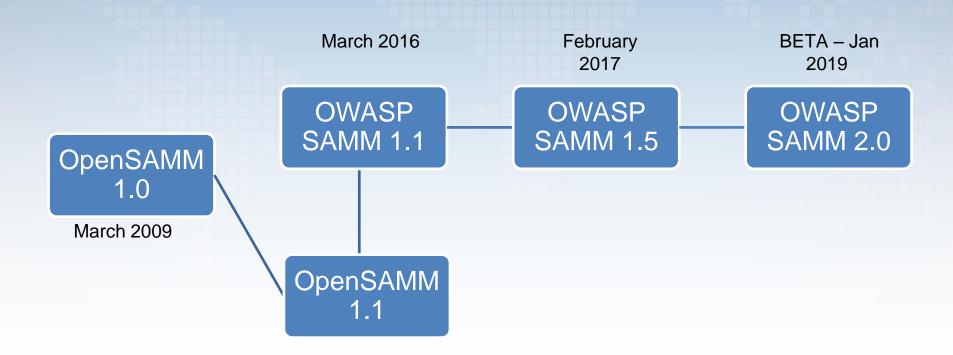




https://owaspsamm.org/

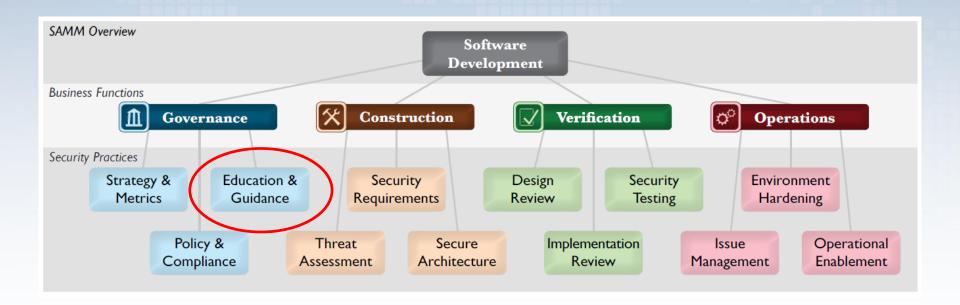


# **Project History**





### Core structure (v1.5)





# Per Level, SAMM defines...

- Objective
- Activities
- Results
- Success Metrics
- Costs
- Personnel
- Related Levels

#### **Education & Guidance**



Offer development staff access to resources around the topics of secure programming and deployment

#### ACTIVITIE

#### A. Conduct technical security awareness training

Either internally or externally sourced, conduct security training for technical staff that covers the basic tenets of application security. Generally, this can be accomplished via instructor-led training in 1-2 days or via computer-based training with modules taking about the same amount of time per developer.

Course content should cover both conceptual and technical information. Appropriate topics include high-level best practices surrounding input validation, output encoding, error handing, logging, authentication, authorization. Additional coverage of commosplate software vulnerabilities is also desirable such as a Top 10 list appropriate to the software being developed (web applications, embedded devices, client-server applications, back-end transaction systems, etc.). Wherever possible, use code samples and lab exercises in the specific programming language(s)) that applica.

To rollout such training, it is recommended to mandate annual security training and then hold courses (either instructor-led or computer-based) as often as required based on development head-count.

#### B. Build and maintain technical guidelines

For development staff assemble a list of approved documents, web pages, and tachnical notes that provide technology-specific security advice. These references can be assembled from many publicly available resources on the Internet. In cases where very specialized or pro-prietary technologies permate the development environment, utilize senior, security-savy staff to build security notes over time to create such a knowledge base in an ad hoc fathion.

Ensure management is some of the resources and briefs oncoming staff about their expected usage. Try to keep the guidelines lightweight and up-to-date to avoid clutter and irrelevance. Once a comfort-level has been established, they can be used as a qualitative checklist to ensure that the guidelines have been read, understood, and followed in the development process.

#### RESULT

- Increased developer awareness on the most common problems at the code level
- Maintain software with rudimentary security best-practices in place
- Set baseline for security knowhow among technical staff
- Enable qualitative security checks for baseline security knowledge

#### Success Metrics

- >50% development staff briefed on security issues within past. I year
- + >75% senior development/
- issues within past I year

  Launch technical guidance within
- 3 months of first training

#### Costs

Training course buildout or license
 Ongoing maintenance of
 technical guidance

#### PERSONNEL

- Developers (I-2 days/yr)
   Architects (I-2 days/yr)
- RELATED LEVELS
- Policy & Compliance 2
   Security Requirements I

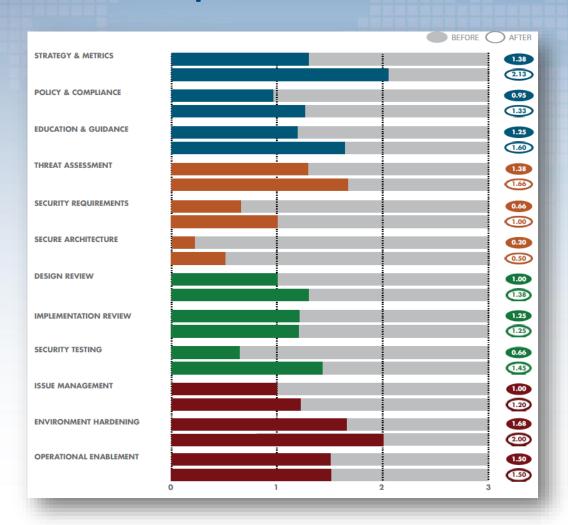
Security Requirements - I
 Secure Architecture - I

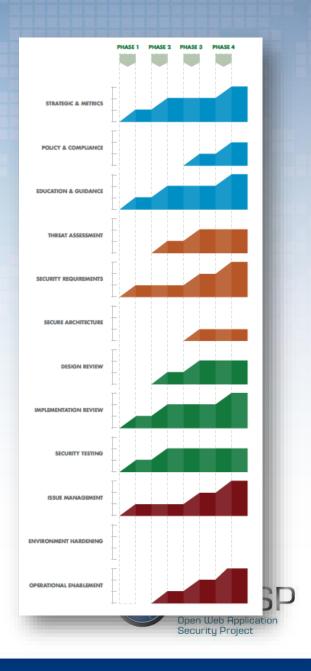
SAMM The Square Bactors - vLD

Education & Guidance	Score	0.0	0.2	0.5	1.0
Have developers been given high-level security awarenes	ss training?	No	ONCE	EVERY 2-3 YRS	ANNUALLY
◆Does each project team understand where to find secure development best-practices and guidance?		No	Some	HALF	Most
Are those involved in the development process given role-specific security training and guidance?		No	SOME	HALF	Most
Are stakeholders able to pull in security coaches for use on projects?		No	Some	HALF	Most
♦ Is security-related guidance centrally controlled and consistently distributed throughout the organization?		No	PER TEAM	ORG WIDE	INTEGRATED PROCESS
◆Are developers tested to ensure a baseline skill- set for secure development practices?		No	ONCE	Every 2-3 yrs	ANNUALLY



## **SAMM** output





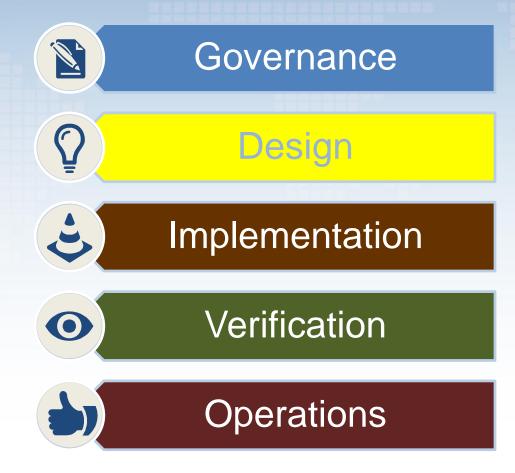
### Why a new version?

- ✓ Align with recent development practices
- √ "Orphaned" activities
- ✓ Method agnostic
- ✓ Improve assessments
- ✓ Improve SAMM release process

Backwards compatibility was not a goal



### **SAMM2** business functions





### **SAMM2** security practices

Still 3 Security Practices per Business Function

#### Governance

- Strategy & Metrics
- Policy & Compliance
- Education & Guidance

#### Design

- Threat Assessment
- Security Requirements
- Security
   Architecture

#### Implementation

- Secure Build
- Secure Deployment
- Defect Management

#### Verification

- Architecture Assessment
- Requirements Testing
- Security Testing

#### **Operations**

- Incident Management
- Environment Management
- Operational Management



# **SAMM v2.0 Core Framework**

	Governance						
Strategy & Metrics	Create and Promote	Measure and Improve					
Policy & Compliance	Policy and Standards	Compliance Management					
Education & Guidance	Training and Awareness	Organization and Culture					
Design							
Threat Assessment	Application Risk Profile	Threat Modeling					
Security Requirements	Software Requirements	Supplier Security					
Secure Architecture	Architecture Design	Technology Management					
	Implementation						
Secure Build	Build Process	Software Dependencies					
Secure Deployment	Deployment Process	Secret Management					
Defect Management	Defect Tracking (Flaws/Bugs/Process)	Metrics and Feedback/Learning					
	Verification						
Architecture Assessment	Architecture Validation	Architecture Compliance					
Requirements Testing	Control Verification	Misuse/Abuse Testing					
Security Testing	Scalable Baseline	Deep Understanding					
	Operations						
Incident Management	Incident Detection	Incident Response					
Environment Management	Configuration Hardening	Patching and Updating					
Operational Management	Data Protection	System decommissioning / Legacy management					

# SAMM2 security practice structure Requirements Testing



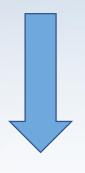
A: Control

#### **Streams**

**B:** Misuse



#### **Maturity**



	Verification	/Abuse Testing
Level 1 - Opportunistically find basic vulnerabilities and other security issues.	Test for standard security controls	Perform security fuzzing testing
Level 2 - Perform implementation review to discover application-specific risks against the security requirements.	Derive test cases from known security requirements	Create and test abuse cases and business logic flaw test
Level 3 - Maintain the application security level after bug fixes, changes or during maintenance	Perform regression testing (with security unit tests)	Denial of service and security stress testing



**Activities** 

### Scoring in SAMM v1.5

**Strategy & Metrics, Level 1**: Is there a software security assurance program in place?

#### Available Responses:

- No
- Yes, it's less than a year old
- Yes, it's a number of years old
- Yes, it's a pretty mature program

#### But, what about...

- Quality of the program?
- Freshness of the program? Has it been reviewed/updated?
- How do you know the program is still relevant?



## Multiple dimensions to consider



SAMM2: Questions



SAMM2: Quality criteria (mandatory)



#### **SAMM2** assessments

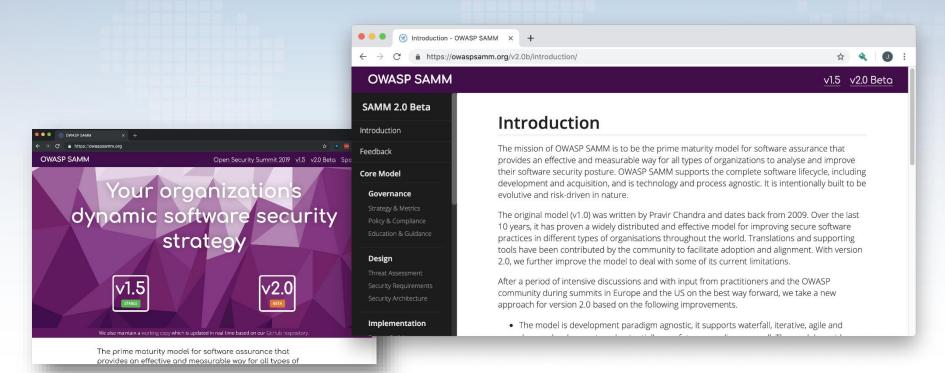
Stream   Level   Strategy & Metrics   Answer				
You have captured the risk appetite of your organization's executive leadership Risks have been vetted and approved by the organization's leadership You have identified the principal business and technical threats to your organization's assets and data Risks have been documented and are accessible to relevant stakeholders  2 Do you have a strategic plan for application security that is used to make decisions? The plan reflects the organization's business priorities and risk appetite The plan includes measurable milestones and a budget Elements of the plan are consistent with the organization's business drivers and risks The plan lays out a roadmap for achieving strategic and tactical initiatives You have obtained buy-in from organizational stakeholders, including development teams  3 Do you regularly review and update the Strategic Plan for Application Security? You review and update the plan, in response to significant changes in the business environment, the organization, or its risk appetite	Stream	Level	Strategy & Metrics	Answer
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Plan update steps include reviewing the plan with all the stakeholders and updating the business drivers and strategies			appetite	
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You adjust the plan and roadmap, based on lessons learned from completed roadmap activities			You adjust the plan and roadmap, based on lessons learned from completed roadmap activities	
You publish progress information on roadmap activities, available to all stakeholders, including development teams			You publish progress information on roadmap activities, available to all stakeholders, including development teams	

#### SAMM2 Toolbox:

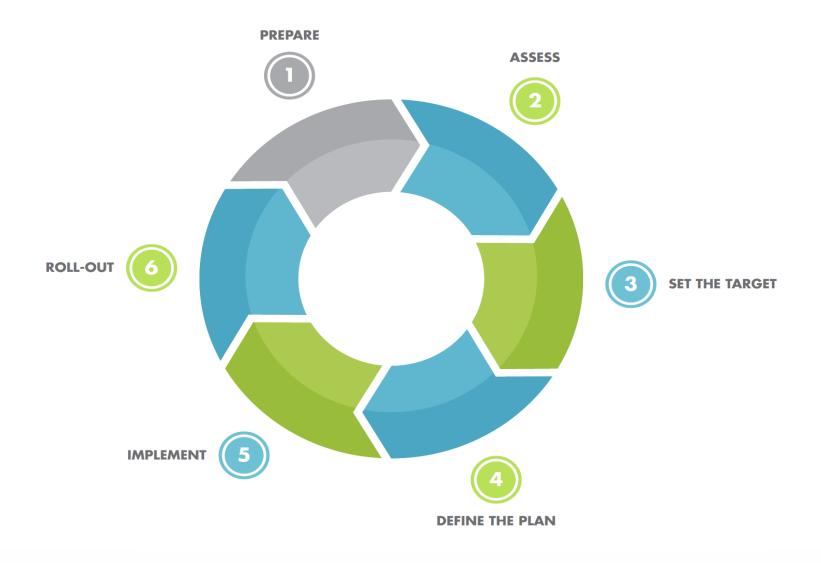
https://github.com/OWASP/samm/tree/master/Supporting%20Resources/v2.0/toolbox



## Owaspsamm.org and toolbox demo







### **Quick-Start Guide**



### **Project: new way of working**

- Single source of the truth (Github)
- Used to generate everything automatically
  - -Document, website
  - -Toolbox
  - -Applications



### **Community involvement**

Project driven

#### **Core Structure**

BF's, practices, streams

#### **Evaluation Model**

Questions, quality criteria, measurement model

#### **Activity Model**

Objectives, Activities, dependencies, metrics, ...

Community driven

Supporting information / tools

Guidance, references, supporting tools, ...

Community feedback



### How do I compare to?



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## OpenSAMM Consortium Launches Industry's First Public Benchmarking Data for Improving Software Security

Pragmatic, Open Assessment Process Improves Usability by Enabling Organizations to Parse Data by Industry and Company
Size

#### April 15, 2015 12:15 PM Eastern Daylight Time

SAN ANTONIO--(BUSINESS WIRE)--The Open Software Assurance Maturity Model (OpenSAMM) consortium today announced the industry's first publicly available, anonymized software security benchmarking data that enables organizations to steadily improve their software security posture over time. OpenSAMM is an easy-to-use assessment which provides flexible datasets that can be customized by organization demographics, including sector, development and cultural profile, resulting in pragmatic milestones towards reducing overall security risk.

The expanded access to these datasets makes OpenSAMM available to a larger number of organizations, which previously weren't able to apply valuable benchmarking data to their particular case. Each of the practical, constructive benchmarks within the framework was derived from best practices of leading application security firms. Contributing members of the consortium include Aspect Security, AsTech Consulting, Denim Group, Gotham Digital Science, Security Innovation and Veracode.

As organizations of all sizes and across every industry increasingly rely on web, mobile and cloud applications as a source of strategic differentiation and competitive advantage, the threat surface has dramatically expanded. According to the Verizon DBIR, web applications have become the number one target for cyberattackers, with application-

"It's critical to have an open framework where people can go to assess data and begin to benchmark their application security practices. Understanding that OpenSAMM was game changing for our industry, we recognized the need for it to be enhanced given the state of today's threat landscape."



### **Current roadmap**

V2.0: end of 2019

2020:

- •v2.1, 2.2, ...: iterative releases
- Agile/devops guidance
- Roadshows/trainings



### **Looking forward**

- OWASP projects references
- Online assessments, integrated with benchmark data
- User community contributions
- Support for regulations
- SAMM user summits

• . . .



## Try it!





## **Questions? Feedback? Input?**





#project-samm

github.com/OWASP/samm



# **SAMM** newsletter





eepurl.com/gl9fb9



### **Credits**

Bart De Win – Project Co-Leader, Belgium

Sebastien (Seba) Deleersnyder – Project Co-Leader, Belgium

**Brian Glass – United States** 

**Daniel Kefer – Germany** 

Yan Kravchenko - United States

**Chris Cooper – United Kingdom** 

John DiLeo - New Zealand

Nessim Kisserli – Belgium

Patricia Duarte - Uruguay

John Kennedy - Sweden

**Hardik Parekh - United States** 

**John Ellingsworth - United States** 

**Sebastian Arriada - Argentina** 

**Brett Crawley – United Kingdom** 



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- core team summits
- tooling for the SAMM Benchmark project

info@owaspsamm.org



## **Questions or Feedback?**





# Thank you

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