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An algorithm implementation for Global Predicate Evaluation

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Abstract

One core problem in distributed computing is to detect wheter a particular state in a computation can be reached and need to be detected. Problems such as deadlocks detection, monitoring or debugging can be all seen as an instance of the so called Global Predicate Evaluation (GPE) problem. This problem consists in evaluate wheter a given condition called predicate is satisfied among the consistent global states of the system. In order to solve it, one has to face all the practical issues that may arise in a distributed computation: asynchrony and failures of the underlying distributed system, message ordering and inconsistent observations. In this work, we present an implementation that solves GPE based on a simulation of a distributed system. The model built is based on message passing between peers and a monitor which passively observe the system in order to build its global states.

1 Introduction

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Motivation

The reasons which have motivated our group to conduct a study on this topic are the following:

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Goals

The objectives which we have set ourselves are the following:

1. Simulate a distributed computation. Structure the project in such a way that an user can define how the simulation has to be executed and and how long it has to last. Moreover how many peers run over it and configura the probability of executing and internal event rather than a message exchange.

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Results

We developed a practical solution to the GPE problem based on a random simulation of distrubuted computations. The project has been develop in Java using JDK version's 1.7 in combination with the Akka framework which allowed us to build an highly concurrent, distributed, and resilient message-driven application¹. We started implementing the behaviour of the peers and then we defined the message exchange between them. In particular, we adopted a simple strategy for structure messages in a way that they were able to transport all the information needed at the very end of the simulation. To conclude, we defined the behaviour of the monitor such that it was able to collect all the messages exchanged between the peers and evaluate a given predicate over them building consistend global states stored in a lattice of events.

Outline

The outline of this report is structured as follows: Section

¹http://akka.io

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- 2 The Problem
- 3 The Solution
- 4 Evaluation
- 5 Conclusion
- 6 References