



L32-exercise-stack-resource-lister

List Stack resources status

Exercise

1. List all stack resources in a given stack name
2. Create functions in separate file
3. Use simple struct to hold result
4. Use os.Args to pass stack name as a parameter

Task 1

- Create `stacks.go` file

Task 2

- Create `main.go` file

Task 3

- Create simple cloudformation stack
- Test program with stack



Task - Overview

Directory structure

```
.
├── go.mod
├── go.sum
├── main
│   └── main.go
├── stacks.go
└── testdata
    └── template.yml
```

- Module name: `crlist`
- Main in its own directory
- `stacks.go` contains functions to list stack resources
- `testdata` contains CloudFormation template



Task 1 - Step 1

CloudFormation client

- create `stacks.go`
- add client initialization
- handle imports

```
1: var Client *cloudformation.Client
2:
3: func init() {
4:     cfg, err := config.LoadDefaultConfig(context.TODO())
5:
6:     if err != nil {
7:         panic("unable to load SDK config, " + err.Error())
8:     }
9:
10:    Client = cloudformation.NewFromConfig(cfg)
11:
12: }
13:
```



Task 1 - Step 2

Result data type

- update `stacks.go`
- add `ResourceStatus` struct

```
1: // Type for holding logicalid and status
2: type ResourceStatus struct {
3:     LogicalID string
4:     Status    string
5: }
6:
```



Task 1 - Step 3

Define function

- update `stacks.go`
- add function `GetStatus`

```
1: func GetStatus(client *cloudformation.Client, stackname *string) ([]ResourceStatus, error) {
```



Task 1 - Step 4

Call CloudFormation service

- update `stacks.go`
- `DescribeStackResources` returns status of all resources in a stack
- add AWS call
- handle errors
 - you can use `fmt` package for printing errors
 - you can use `log` package for logging errors
 - you can use `slog` package for structured logging

```
1:     states := &[]ResourceStatus{}
2:     // Get resource status for stack stackname
3:     parms := &cloudformation.DescribeStackResourcesInput{
4:         StackName: stackname,
5:     }
6:     resp, err := client.DescribeStackResources(context.Background(), parms)
7:     if err != nil {
8:         slog.Error("Error in getting stack status", err)
9:         return nil, err
10:    }
```



Task 1 - Step 5

Collect results

- update `stacks.go`
- `resp.StackResources` contains list of resources
- See `DescribeStackResourcesOutput` struct
- append to the states slice
- GO will maintain the local variable `states`

```
1:     for _, resource := range resp.StackResources {
2:         *states = append(*states, ResourceStatus{
3:             LogicalID: *resource.LogicalResourceId,
4:             Status:     string(resource.ResourceStatus),
5:         })
6:     }
7:     return states, nil
```



Task 2 - Step 6

Get arguments from command line

- update `main/main.go`

```
1:   argLength := len(os.Args[1:])
2:   if argLength == 0 {
3:       fmt.Printf("Please provide a stack name as an argument\n")
4:       os.Exit(1)
5:   }
6:   stackName := os.Args[1]
```




Task 2 - Step 7

Call the prepared function "GetStatus"

- update `main/main.go`

```
1:     resources, err := crlist.GetStatus(crlist.Client,&stackName)
2:     if err != nil {
3:         panic(err)
4:     }
```



Task 2 - Step 8

Display the results

- update `main/main.go`

```
1:    fmt.Printf("%-32s %-32s \n", "Logical ID", "Status")
2:    fmt.Printf("%-32s %-32s\n", "-----", "-----")
3:    for _, resource := range *resources {
4:        fmt.Printf("%-32s %-32s\n", resource.LogicalID, resource.Status)
5:    }
```



Task 2 - Step 9

Optional

Challenge: get command line arguments with flags



Task 3 - Step 10

Setup test environment

Get the testing CloudFormation template

- load file from `github/megaproaktiv/aws-go-sdk-v2/L32-exercise-stack-resource-lister/code-task1/testdata/template.yml`
- Create stack with the AWS CLI:

```
aws cloudformation create-stack --stack-name somecheapressources --template-body file://template.yml --capabilities CAPABILITY_IAM
```

You need to have a working AWS connection and the AWS CLI installed.

- Wait for stack completion



Task 3 - Step 11

Test the program

- Start the program with the stack name as argument

```
go run main/main.go somecheapressource
```

- Output should be:

Logical ID	Status
-----	-----
MyLambdaFunction	CREATE_COMPLETE
MyLambdaRole	CREATE_COMPLETE
MySNSTopic	CREATE_COMPLETE

Congratulations! You have finished the exercise. Now let`s clean up the test environment as the last step.



TearDown test environment

- Delete CloudFormation stack

```
aws cloudformation delete-stack --stack-name somecheapressources
```

(Optional) start the program while the stack is deleting

```
go run main/main.go somecheapressources
```

Output is like:

Logical ID	Status
-----	-----
MyLambdaFunction	DELETE_COMPLETE
MyLambdaRole	DELETE_COMPLETE
MySNSTopic	DELETE_IN_PROGRESS
``	



Task 3 - Step 13

(Optional) Handle errors

- When you run the program with a non existing stack name, you get an error message:

```
2023/05/09 08:57:57 ERROR Error in getting stack status
!BADKEY="operation error CloudFormation: DescribeStackResources,
https response error StatusCode: 400, RequestID: 5863dc4f-37a7-460f-a67f-ceeb009f4f24,
api error ValidationError: Stack with id somecheapressources does not exist"
```

- Update the program to handle this error