#### Journal Club Bioinfo

The Tidyverse: A collection of R packages designed for data science.

**ROCHER Vincent** 

28 mars 2019

#### R for data science



Hadley Wickham & Garrett Grolemund

- **R** for data science: The best place to start learning the tidyverse by Hadley Wickham and Garrett Grolemund a.
- ggplot2: elegant graphics for data science by Hadley Wickham. Goes into greater depth into the ggplot2 visualisation system.

a. available online: https://r4ds.had.co.nz.

- 1 Tidyverse & tidy data
- 2 Pipe and tibble
- 3 Tidying dataset
- 4 Manipulate a dataset using dplyr
- 5 Data visualisation using ggplot2

Tidyverse & tidy data

### Tidyverse



# R packages for data science

The tidyverse is an opinionated collection of R packages designed for data science. All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures.

https://www.tidyverse.org/

install.packages("tidyverse")

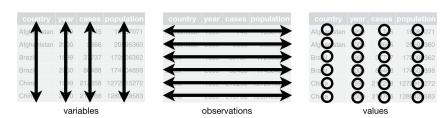
#### Tidyverse

```
require(tidyverse)
## Loading required package: tidyverse
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.1.0 v purrr 0.2.5
## v tibble 2.0.1 v dplyr 0.7.8
## v tidyr 0.8.2 v stringr 1.4.0
                   v forcats 0.3.0
## v readr 1.3.1
## -- Conflicts ------ tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplvr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

### Tidy data

### **Tidying:** structuring datasets to facilitate analysis.

#### A tidy dataset :

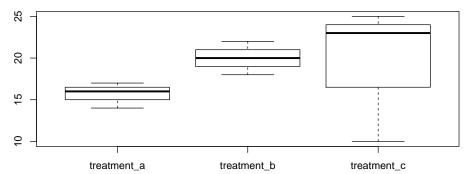


### Why tidying a dataset?

TABLE 1 - Typical presentation dataset

	treatment_a	treatment_b	treatment_c
John Smith	16	20	23
Jane Doe	17	18	25
Mary Johnson	14	22	10





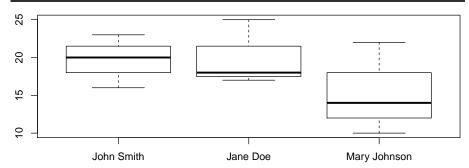
# Why tidying a dataset?

#### treatments.2 <- t(treatments)</pre>

TABLE 2 - The same data but structured differently

	John Smith	Jane Doe	Mary Johnson
treatment_a	16	17	14
treatment_b	20	18	22
treatment_c	23	25	10

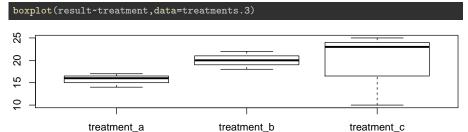




### Why tidying a dataset?

TABLE 3 - An exemple of a tidy dataset

person	treatment	result
John Smith	treatment_a	16
Jane Doe	treatment_a	17
Mary Johnson	treatment_a	14
John Smith	treatment_b	20
Jane Doe	treatment_b	18
Mary Johnson	treatment_b	22
John Smith	treatment_c	23
Jane Doe	treatment_c	25
Mary Johnson	treatment_c	10



# boxplot(result~person,data=treatments.3) 25 20 15 Jane Doe John Smith Mary Johnson boxplot(result~person+treatment,data=treatments.3) 25 2 15 Jane Doe.treatment a Jane Doe.treatment\_b Jane Doe.treatment\_c

Pipe and tibble

### **Pipes**

#### The pipe %>%:

- Come from the magrittr package by Stefan Milton Bache.
- Automatically loaded in tidyverse.
- Equivalent to | in bash

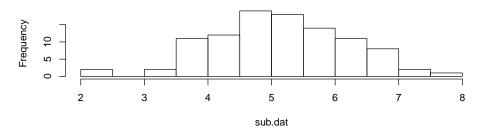
```
cat iris.tsv | cut -f5 | sed 's/^{^{\circ}}./\U\&/' | head
```

- ## Species
- ## Setosa
- ... .
- ## Setosa
- ## Setosa
- ## Setosa
- read\_tsv("iris.tsv",col\_names = F) %>% pull(5) %>% str\_to\_title() %>% head

```
## [1] "Species" "Setosa" "Setosa" "Setosa" "Setosa" "Setosa"
```

```
ex.dat \leftarrow rnorm(n = 1000, mean = 5, sd=1)
sub.dat <- sample(ex.dat,size = 100,replace=F)</pre>
hist(sub.dat)
```

#### Histogram of sub.dat



# Pipes vs no pipes : without pipe

hist(sample(rnorm(n = 1000,mean = 5,sd=1),size = 100,replace=F))

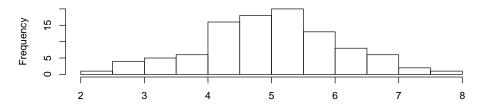
Histogram of sample(rnorm(n = 1000, mean = 5, sd = 1), size = 100, replace = F)



sample(rnorm(n = 1000, mean = 5, sd = 1), size = 100, replace = F)

```
rnorm(n = 1000, mean = 5, sd=1) %>%
    sample(size = 100,replace=F) %>%
   hist()
```

#### Histogram of .



#### Tibbles::tibble::tibble

```
my.tibble <- tibble(
    person = c("John Smith","Jane Doe","Mary Johnson"),
    treatment_a = sample(10:25,size = 3,replace = T),
    treatment_b = sample(10:25,size = 3,replace = T),
    treatment_c = sample(10:25,size = 3,replace = T)
)</pre>
```

```
##
     person
                  treatment_a treatment_b treatment_c
     <chr>>
                         <int>
                                     <int>
                                                  <int>
##
## 1 John Smith
                                                     15
                            18
                                         12
## 2 Jane Doe
                            17
                                         15
                                                     17
## 3 Mary Johnson
                            14
                                         14
                                                     15
```

## # A tibble: 3 x 4

### Tibbles : tibble::tibble()

#### Pros:

- Cells can contain list and data.frame.
- It never changes an input's type (i.e., no more stringsAsFactors = FALSE!).
- Can use not valid R variable names (:)) as column names.
- Refined print method that shows only the first 10 rows.

#### Cons:

- It never uses row.names().
  - use tibble::rownames\_to\_column().

```
treatments %>% tibble::rownames_to_column("person") %>%
   as_tibble() %>%
   rename(`:)` = person)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
##
     `:)`
                   treatment a treatment b treatment c
     <chr>>
                         <int>
                                      <int>
                                                   <int.>
##
## 1 John Smith
                                                      23
                             16
                                          20
## 2 Jane Doe
                             17
                                          18
                                                      25
## 3 Mary Johnson
                             14
                                          22
                                                      10
```

### Split a dataset into multiples dataset using tidyr::nest()

```
my.tibble.split <- my.tibble %>% group_by(person) %>% nest(.key = Data)
my.tibble.split
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
```

```
##
    person
             Data
    <chr>
            t>
##
## 1 John Smith <tibble [1 x 3]>
## 2 Jane Doe <tibble [1 x 3]>
## 3 Mary Johnson <tibble [1 x 3]>
```

```
my.tibble.split[["Data"]][[1]]
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##
     treatment a treatment b treatment c
##
           <int>
                        <int>
                                    <int>
                           12
                                        15
## 1
              18
```

# Read/write tibbles : :

- readr::read \*:
  - read csv : comma delimited files.
  - read csv2 : semi-colon delimited files.
  - read tsv: tab delimited files.
  - read\_delim : any delimiter.
- readr::write \*:
  - write csv : comma delimited files.
  - write csv2 : semi-colon delimited files.
  - write tsv: tab delimited files.
  - write delim : any delimiter.

### Read/write tibbles : readr::read\_\* / readr::write\_\*

```
## # A tibble: 150 x 5
      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
             <dbl>
                          <db1>
                                       <dbl>
                                                    <dbl> <chr>
##
               5.1
                                         1.4
##
                            3.5
                                                      0.2 setosa
               4.9
                            3
                                         1.4
##
                                                      0.2 setosa
               4.7
                            3.2
                                         1.3
                                                      0.2 setosa
##
##
               4.6
                            3.1
                                         1.5
                                                      0.2 setosa
               5
                            3.6
                                         1.4
                                                      0.2 setosa
##
##
               5.4
                            3.9
                                         1.7
                                                      0.4 setosa
               4.6
                           3.4
                                         1.4
##
                                                      0.3 setosa
##
               5
                            3.4
                                         1.5
                                                      0.2 setosa
##
               4.4
                            2.9
                                         1.4
                                                      0.2 setosa
## 10
               4.9
                            3.1
                                         1.5
                                                      0.1 setosa
## # ... with 140 more rows
```

Tidying dataset

## Using tidyr to reshape data

Use tidyr::gather() and tidyr::spread() to reorganize the value.

```
treatments %>% tibble::rownames to column("person") %>%
    tidyr::gather(key="treatment", value = "result", -person)
```

```
##
           person
                    treatment result
## 1
       John Smith treatment a
                                   16
## 2
                                   17
         Jane Doe treatment a
  3 Mary Johnson treatment a
                                   14
                                   20
## 4
       John Smith treatment b
                                   18
## 5
         Jane Doe treatment b
                                   22
  6 Mary Johnson treatment_b
                                   23
## 7
       John Smith treatment c
## 8
         Jane Doe treatment c
                                   25
## 9 Mary Johnson treatment_c
                                   10
```

#### treatment.3 %>% spread(key = "treatment", value = "result")

```
##
           person treatment_a treatment_b treatment_c
         Jane Doe
## 1
                             17
                                          18
                                                      25
## 2
       John Smith
                             16
                                         20
                                                      23
## 3 Mary Johnson
                             14
                                         22
                                                      10
```

### Using tidyr to reshape data

### treatment.3 %>% separate(person,into = c("First Name","Last Name"),sep=" ")

```
##
     First Name Last Name
                              treatment result
## 1
           John
                     Smith treatment a
                                             16
## 2
           Jane
                       Doe treatment a
                                             17
## 3
           Mary
                   Johnson treatment_a
                                             14
## 4
           John
                     Smith treatment b
                                             20
## 5
           .Jane
                       Doe treatment b
                                             18
## 6
           Mary
                   Johnson treatment b
                                             22
           John
                                             23
## 7
                     Smith treatment c
## 8
           Jane
                       Doe treatment c
                                             25
## 9
                                             10
           Mary
                   Johnson treatment c
```

Manipulate a dataset using dplyr

## dplyr

#### dplyr:

- Manipulate variables.
- Manipulate observations.
- Group / summarise observations.

TABLE 4 - iris dataset

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa

#### iris dataset

The famous (Fisher's or Anderson's) iris data set gives the measurements in centimeters of the variables sepal length and width and petal length and width, respectively, for 50 flowers from each of 3 species of iris. The species are Iris setosa, versicolor, and virginica. (from?iris)

# Manipulate variables using dplyr::select()

```
iris.tbl %>% select(1:3)
iris.tbl %>% select(Sepal.Length, Sepal.Width, Petal.Length)
iris.tbl %>% select(Sepal.Length:Petal.Length)
iris.tbl %>% select(-Petal.Width,-Species)
```

```
## # A tibble: 150 x 3
##
      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length
##
              <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                5.1
                             3.5
                                            1.4
##
    1
                4.9
                             3
                                            1.4
##
##
                4.7
                             3.2
                                            1.3
                4.6
                             3.1
                                            1.5
##
                5
                             3.6
                                            1.4
##
    6
                5.4
                             3.9
                                            1.7
##
                4.6
                             3.4
                                            1.4
##
                5
                             3.4
                                            1.5
##
##
                4.4
                             2.9
                                            1.4
## 10
                4.9
                             3.1
                                            1.5
     ... with 140 more rows
```

#### iris.tbl %>% select(starts\_with("Petal"))

```
## # A tibble: 150 x 2
      Petal.Length Petal.Width
##
##
              <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                1.4
                              0.2
##
##
                1.4
                              0.2
##
                1.3
                              0.2
##
                1.5
                              0.2
                1.4
                              0.2
##
##
                1.7
                              0.4
                1.4
                              0.3
##
                1.5
                              0.2
##
    8
                1.4
                              0.2
##
## 10
                1.5
                              0.1
     ... with 140 more rows
```

### Manipulate variables using dplyr::pull()

# iris.tbl %>% select(Sepal.Length)

```
Sepal.Length
##
##
             <dbl>
               5.1
## 1
## 2
               4.9
               4.7
## 3
               4.6
## 5
               5
## # ... with 145 more rows
```

## # A tibble: 150 x 1

#### iris.tbl %>% pull(Sepal.Length)

```
## [1] 5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5.0
```

### Modify variables using dplyr::mutate()

```
iris.tbl %>%
   mutate(Petal.Length =
               scales::percent(Petal.Length/max(Petal.Length))
```

```
## # A tibble: 150 x 5
##
      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
             <dbl>
                          <dbl> <chr>
                                                    <dbl> <fct>
##
##
    1
               5.1
                            3.5 20.3%
                                                       0.2 setosa
               4.9
                                20.3%
##
                                                       0.2 setosa
##
               4.7
                            3.2 18.8%
                                                       0.2 setosa
##
               4.6
                            3.1 21.7%
                                                       0.2 setosa
##
               5
                            3.6 20.3%
                                                       0.2 setosa
               5.4
                            3.9 24.6%
                                                       0.4 setosa
##
##
               4.6
                            3.4 20.3%
                                                       0.3 setosa
               5
                            3.4 21.7%
                                                       0.2 setosa
##
##
               4.4
                            2.9 20.3%
                                                       0.2 setosa
               4.9
                            3.1 21.7%
## 10
                                                       0.1 setosa
     ... with 140 more rows
```

## Create variables using dplyr::mutate()

```
iris.tbl %>%
   #Case 1
   mutate(Size = dplyr::case_when(
            Petal.Length >= 4 & Petal.Width >= 1.3 ~ "Big",
            Petal.Length < 4 & Petal.Width < 1.3 ~ "Small"
   ) %>%
   mutate(Ratio_Petal_Sepal_width = Petal.Width/Sepal.Width)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 7
    Ratio_Petal_Sep~ Size Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
##
##
              <dbl> <chr>
                            <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
## 1
             0.0571 Small
                              5.1
                                            3.5
                                                     1.4
                                                                  0.2
## 2
             0.0667 Small
                                4.9
                                                       1.4
                                                                  0.2
## 3
             0.0625 Small
                              4.7
                                            3.2
                                                       1.3
                                                                  0.2
## # ... with 1 more variable: Species <fct>
```

#### other functions:

- dplyr::mutate\_all() : Apply a function to every columns.
- dplyr::mutate\_at() : Apply a function to specific column.

## Mutating joins using dplyr::\*\_join()

```
iris.meta <- tibble(</pre>
   Species = factor(c("setosa","versicolor","virginica")),
   Colony = c("A", "A", "B"),
   Ploidy = c("diploid", "hexaploid", "tetraploid"),
    `Common name` = c("Beachhead iris","Harlequin blueflag","Virginia iris")
```

TABLE 5 - Metadata for iris dataset

Species	Colony	Ploidy	Common name
setosa	A	diploid	Beachhead iris
versicolor	А	hexaploid	Harlequin blueflag
virginica	В	tetraploid	Virginia iris

### Arrange dataset using dplyr::arrange()

#### iris.tbl %>% arrange(Petal.Length) %>% slice(1:5)

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
            <dbl>
                                                   <dbl> <fct>
##
                         <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
              4.6
                           3.6
## 1
                                                     0.2 setosa
## 2
              4.3
                           3
                                         1.1
                                                     0.1 setosa
              5.8
                                         1.2
## 3
                                                     0.2 setosa
## 4
              5
                           3.2
                                         1.2
                                                     0.2 setosa
## 5
              4.7
                           3.2
                                         1.3
                                                     0.2 setosa
```

```
iris.tbl %>% filter(min_rank(Petal.Length) <= 5)
iris.tbl %>% top_n(-5,Petal.Length)
```

Use desc() to order by high to low.

# Manipulate **observations** using dplyr::filter()

```
iris.tbl %>% filter(Sepal.Length < 7) %>% slice(1:5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
##
            dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                  <dbl> <fct>
              5.1
                          3.5
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 1
## 2
              4.9
                          3
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 3
              4.7
                          3.2
                                       1.3
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 4
              4.6
                          3.1
                                        1.5
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 5
              5
                          3.6
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
```

```
iris.tbl %>% filter(Species == "setosa") %>% slice(1:5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
##
            dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                  <dbl> <fct>
              5.1
                                        1.4
## 1
                          3.5
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 2
              4.9
                          3
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 3
              4.7
                          3.2
                                        1.3
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 4
              4.6
                          3.1
                                        1.5
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 5
              5
                          3.6
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
```

### Manipulate **observations** using dplyr::filter()

```
iris.tbl %>%
   filter(Sepal.Length < 7) %>%
    filter(Species == "setosa") %>% slice(1:5)
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
```

```
<dbl>
                                                <dbl> <fct>
##
                       <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
             5.1
                         3.5
                                      1.4
## 1
                                                  0.2 setosa
             4.9
                         3
                                      1.4
                                                 0.2 setosa
## 2
             4.7
                         3.2
                                      1.3
                                                 0.2 setosa
## 3
## 4
             4.6
                         3.1
                                      1.5
                                                 0.2 setosa
## 5
                         3.6
                                      1.4
                                                  0.2 setosa
```

```
iris.tbl %>%
   filter(Sepal.Length < 7 & Species == "setosa") %>% slice(1:5)
iris.tbl %>%
   filter(Sepal.Length < 7, Species == "setosa") %>% slice(1:5)
```

# **Summarise** observations using dplyr::summarise()

```
iris.tbl %>% summarise(mean = mean(Petal.Length), sd = sd(Petal.Length))
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##
              sd
      mean
     <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1 3.76 1.77
iris.tbl %>% select(-Species) %>%summarise_all(mean)
## # A tibble: 1 x 4
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
##
##
            <dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
## 1
             5.84
                         3.06
                                      3.76
                                                   1.20
iris.tbl %>% summarise(n = n())
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
         n
##
     <int>
```

150

## 1

## 2 versicolor 4.26 0.470 ## 3 virginica 5.55 0.552

# **Summarise** observations using dplyr::group\_by()

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##
    Species mean
                      sd
    <fct> <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1 setosa 1.46 0.174
```

iris.tbl %>% group\_by(Species) %>% summarise(mean = mean(Petal.Length), sd = sd(Pe

```
iris.tbl %>% group_by(Species) %>% summarise(n = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
    Species
##
##
    <fct> <int>
## 1 setosa
                  50
## 2 versicolor
                  50
## 3 virginica
                  50
iris.tbl %>% group_by(Species) %>% tally()
```

iris.tbl %>% count(Species)

37 / 71

# **Summarise** observations using dplyr::group\_by()

```
iris.tbl %>% group_by(Species) %>% filter(Petal.Length >= max(Petal.Length))
```

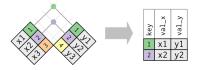
```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
               Species [3]
## # Groups:
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
##
            dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                  <dbl> <fct>
              4.8
                                        1.9
## 1
                          3.4
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 2
              5.1
                          3.8
                                        1.9
                                                    0.4 setosa
## 3
              6
                          2.7
                                        5.1
                                                    1.6 versicolor
## 4
              7.7
                          2.6
                                        6.9
                                                    2.3 virginica
```

## iris.tbl %>% group\_by(Species) %>% top\_n(1,Petal.Length)

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## # Groups:
               Species [3]
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
##
            <dbl>
                        <db1>
                                     <dbl>
                                                  <dbl> <fct>
              4.8
                          3.4
                                       1.9
## 1
                                                    0.2 setosa
## 2
              5.1
                          3.8
                                       1.9
                                                    0.4 setosa
                          2.7
                                       5.1
## 3
              6
                                                    1.6 versicolor
## 4
              7.7
                          2.6
                                       6.9
                                                    2.3 virginica
```

#### Inner join

Inner join: return all rows from x where there are matching values in y, and all columns from x and y. If there are multiple matches between x and y, all combination of the matches are returned

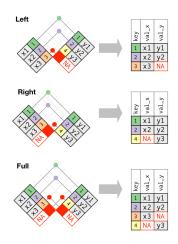


iris.meta.nosetosa <- iris.meta %>% filter(Species !="setosa") iris.tbl %>% inner\_join(iris.meta.nosetosa,by = "Species") %>% print(n=5)

```
## # A tibble: 100 x 8
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species Colony Ploidy
##
##
            <dbl>
                         <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                   <dbl> <fct>
                                                                  <chr>
                                                                         <chr>>
## 1
                           3.2
                                         4.7
                                                     1.4 versic~ A
                                                                         hexap~
                           3.2
                                         4.5
              6.4
                                                     1.5 versic~ A
                                                                         hexap~
              6.9
                           3.1
                                         4.9
                                                     1.5 versic~ A
                                                                         hexap~
              5.5
                           2.3
                                                     1.3 versic~ A
                                                                         hexap~
              6.5
                           2.8
                                         4.6
                                                     1.5 versic~ A
                                                                         hexap~
## 5
     ... with 95 more rows, and 1 more variable: `Common name` <chr>
```

# Outer joins

- A left join keeps all observations in x.
- A right join keeps all observations in y.
- A full join keeps all observations in x and y.



#### Outer joins

#### left join:

```
iris.meta.nosetosa <- iris.meta %>% filter(Species !="setosa")
iris.tbl %>% left_join(iris.meta.nosetosa,by = "Species") %>% print(n=5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 150 x 8
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species Colony Ploidy
##
            <dh1>
                        <fdb1>
                                     <fdb1>
                                                  <dbl> <fct>
                                                                <chr>>
                                                                       <chr>>
              5.1
                                                    0.2 setosa <NA>
## 1
                          3.5
                                        1.4
                                                                       <NA>
## 2
              4.9
                          3
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa <NA>
                                                                      <NA>
## 3
              4.7
                          3.2
                                        1.3
                                                    0.2 setosa <NA>
                                                                      <NA>
## 4
              4.6
                          3.1
                                        1.5
                                                    0.2 setosa
                                                                <NA>
                                                                      <NA>
## 5
              5
                          3.6
                                        1.4
                                                    0.2 setosa <NA>
                                                                       <NA>
## # ... with 145 more rows, and 1 more variable: `Common name` <chr>
```

#### right join :

```
iris.tbl.nosetosa <- iris.tbl %>% filter(Species !="setosa")
iris.tbl.nosetosa %>% right_join(iris.meta,by = "Species") %>% print(n=5)
```

```
## # A tibble: 101 x 8
##
     Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species Colony Ploidy
##
            <dh1>
                         <fdb1>
                                       <db1>
                                                    <dhl> <fct>
                                                                   <chr>>
                                                                          <chr>>
## 1
             NΑ
                          NΑ
                                        NA
                                                     NΑ
                                                          setosa
                                                                          diplo~
## 2
               7
                           3.2
                                         4.7
                                                      1.4 versic~ A
                                                                          hexap~
## 3
              6.4
                           3.2
                                         4.5
                                                      1.5 versic~ A
                                                                          hexap~
                                         4.9
## 4
              6.9
                           3.1
                                                      1.5 versic~ A
                                                                          hexap~
## 5
                                                      1.3 versic~ A
                                                                          hexan~
```

## Outer joins

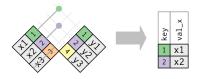
#### full join:

```
iris.meta.nosetosa <- iris.meta %>% filter(Species !="setosa")
iris.tbl %>% filter(Species != "virginica") %>% full_join(iris.meta.nosetosa,by = "Species"
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 8
##
   # Groups:
                Species [3]
##
      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species Colony Ploidy
##
              <db1>
                           <db1>
                                         <db1>
                                                      <dbl> <fct>
                                                                     <chr>>
                                                                             <chr>>
##
                5.1
                             3.5
                                           1.4
                                                        0.2 setosa
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
##
    2
                4.9
                             3
                                           1.4
                                                        0.2 setosa
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
##
                4.7
                             3.2
                                           1.3
                                                        0.2 setosa
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
##
                4.6
                             3.1
                                           1.5
                                                        0.2 setosa
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
##
    5
                5
                             3.6
                                           1.4
                                                        0.2 setosa
                                                                     <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
                7
##
                             3.2
                                           4.7
                                                        1.4 versic~ A
                                                                             hexap~
##
    7
                6.4
                             3.2
                                           4.5
                                                        1.5 versic~ A
                                                                             hexap~
##
    8
                6.9
                             3.1
                                           4.9
                                                        1.5 versic~ A
                                                                             hexap~
##
    9
                5.5
                             2.3
                                           4
                                                        1.3 versic~ A
                                                                             hexap~
##
   10
                6.5
                             2.8
                                           4.6
                                                        1.5 versic~ A
                                                                             hexap~
## 11
               NΑ
                            NΑ
                                          NΑ
                                                       NA
                                                            virgin~ B
                                                                             tetra~
   # ... with 1 more variable: `Common name` <chr>
```

# Filtering joins

semi\_join(x, y) keeps all observations in x that have a match in y.



anti\_join(x, y) drops all observations in x that have a match in y.



# Filtering joins

TABLE 6 - Patients files

First_Name	Last_Name	age	sex	adress
John	Smith	46	М	221B Baker Street
Jane	Doe	33	F	57 Rue de Varenne

```
treatments.3 %>%
separate(person,into = c("First_Name","Last_Name"),sep=" ") %>%
semi_join(treatment.meta,by = c("First_Name","Last_Name"))
```

```
First Name Last Name
##
                             treatment result
## 1
           John
                     Smith treatment a
                                             16
## 2
           Jane
                       Doe treatment a
                                             17
## 3
           John
                     Smith treatment b
                                             20
## 4
           Jane
                       Doe treatment b
                                             18
## 5
           .Iohn
                     Smith treatment c
                                             23
## 6
                                             25
           Jane
                       Doe treatment c
```

#### iris.tbl

```
## # A tibble: 150 x 5
##
      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
              <dbl>
                           <db1>
                                                       <dbl> <fct>
##
                                         <dbl>
                5.1
                             3.5
                                            1.4
                                                         0.2 setosa
##
    1
                4.9
                             3
                                            1.4
                                                         0.2 setosa
##
    3
                4.7
                                            1.3
##
                             3.2
                                                         0.2 setosa
##
                4.6
                             3.1
                                            1.5
                                                         0.2 setosa
                5
                             3.6
                                            1.4
                                                         0.2 setosa
##
                5.4
                             3.9
                                            1.7
##
    6
                                                         0.4 setosa
##
                4.6
                             3.4
                                            1.4
                                                         0.3 setosa
                5
                                            1.5
##
                             3.4
                                                         0.2 setosa
##
                                            1.4
                                                         0.2 setosa
                4.4
                             2.9
## 10
                4.9
                             3.1
                                            1.5
                                                         0.1 setosa
     ... with 140 more rows
```

```
iris.tbl %>%
    gather(key = "Type", value = "obs", -Species) %>%
    separate(Type,into = c("Type_1","Type_2"),se="\\.")
```

```
## # A tibble: 600 x 4
##
     Species Type_1 Type_2
                             obs
##
     <fct>
             <chr> <chr> <dbl>
                           5.1
##
   1 setosa Sepal Length
##
   2 setosa Sepal Length
                           4.9
                           4.7
##
   3 setosa Sepal Length
                            4.6
##
   4 setosa Sepal Length
   5 setosa Sepal Length
                            5
##
                            5.4
##
   6 setosa Sepal Length
##
   7 setosa Sepal Length
                            4.6
   8 setosa Sepal Length
                             5
##
             Sepal Length
                            4.4
##
   9 setosa
                            4.9
## 10 setosa
             Sepal Length
## # ... with 590 more rows
```

```
iris.tbl %>%
  gather(key = "Type",value = "obs",-Species) %>%
  separate(Type,into = c("Type_1","Type_2"),se="\\.") %>%
  group_by(Species,Type_1,Type_2) %>%
  mutate(med = median(obs))
```

```
## # A tibble: 600 x 5
## # Groups: Species, Type_1, Type_2 [12]
##
     Species Type 1 Type 2
                            obs
                                  med
     <fct> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
##
   1 setosa Sepal Length 5.1
                                    5
   2 setosa Sepal Length 4.9
##
##
   3 setosa Sepal Length 4.7
   4 setosa Sepal Length 4.6
                                    5
##
##
   5 setosa Sepal Length
                           5
                                    5
   6 setosa Sepal Length
                           5.4
##
##
   7 setosa Sepal Length
                           4.6
                                    5
                                    5
##
   8 setosa Sepal Length
                           4.4
                                    5
##
   9 setosa
             Sepal Length
             Sepal Length
                            4.9
                                    5
## 10 setosa
## # ... with 590 more rows
```

```
iris.tbl %>%
   gather(key = "Type", value = "obs", -Species) %>%
   separate(Type,into = c("Type_1","Type_2"),se="\\.") %>%
   group_by(Species,Type_1,Type_2) %>%
   mutate(med = median(obs)) %>%
   mutate(Size = ifelse(obs < med, "Small", "Big")) %>%
   left join(iris.meta,by = "Species")
```

```
## # A tibble: 600 x 9
## # Groups:
             Species, Type_1, Type_2 [?]
##
     Species Type 1 Type 2
                            obs
                                  med Size Colony Ploidy 'Common name'
##
     <fct>
             <chr> <chr> <dhl> <dhl> <dhl> <chr> <chr>
                                                  <chr>
                                                          <chr>>
   1 setosa Sepal Length
                            5.1
                                    5 Big
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
                            4.9
##
   2 setosa Sepal Length
                                    5 Small A
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
##
            Sepal Length
                            4.7
                                    5 Small A
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
   3 setosa
   4 setosa
            Sepal Length
                            4.6
                                    5 Small A
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
##
                            5
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
   5 setosa
            Sepal Length
                                    5 Big
##
   6 setosa Sepal Length
                            5.4
                                    5 Big
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
   7 setosa Sepal Length
                            4.6
                                    5 Small A
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
##
   8 setosa Sepal Length
                            5
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
##
                                    5 Big
   9 setosa
            Sepal Length
                            4.4
                                    5 Small A
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
## 10 setosa
            Sepal Length
                            4.9
                                    5 Small A
                                                  diploid Beachhead iris
## # ... with 590 more rows
```

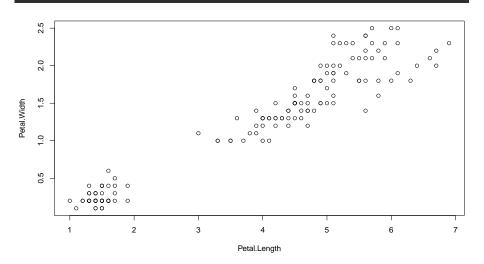
```
iris.tbl %>%
  gather(key = "Type",value = "obs", -Species) %>%
  separate(Type,into = c("Type_1", "Type_2"),se="\\.") %>%
  group_by(Species,Type_1,Type_2) %>%
  mutate(med = median(obs)) %>%
  mutate(Size = ifelse(obs < med, "Small", "Big")) %>%
  left_join(iris.meta,by = "Species") %>%
  arrange(desc(obs)) %>% slice(1)
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 9
              Species, Type_1, Type_2 [12]
## # Groups:
##
     Species Type 1 Type 2
                              obs
                                    med Size
                                              Colony Ploidy 'Common name'
##
     <fct>
             <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <chr>
                                                    <chr>
                                                            <chr>>
##
   1 setosa Petal Length 1.9 1.5 Big
                                                    diploid Beachhead iris
##
   2 setosa Petal Width
                              0.6
                                   0.2
                                       Big
                                                    diploid Beachhead iris
                              5.8
                                                    diploid Beachhead iris
   3 setosa Sepal Length
                                        Big
               Sepal Width
                              4.4
                                                    diploid Beachhead iris
##
   4 setosa
                                   3.4
                                       Big
##
   5 versicol~ Petal
                     Length
                              5.1 4.35 Big
                                                    hexapl~ Harlequin blue~
##
   6 versicol~ Petal Width
                              1.8 1.3 Big
                                                    hexapl~ Harlequin blue~
                                              Α
##
   7 versicol~ Sepal Length
                                   5.9
                                        Big
                                                    hexapl~ Harlequin blue~
##
   8 versicol~ Sepal
                     Width
                              3.4
                                   2.8
                                        Big
                                                    hexapl~ Harlequin blue~
   9 virginica Petal Length
                              6.9 5.55 Big
                                                    tetrap~ Virginia iris
##
## 10 virginica Petal Width
                              2.5
                                        Big
                                                    tetrap~ Virginia iris
## 11 virginica Sepal Length 7.9 6.5
                                       Big
                                                    tetrap~ Virginia iris
## 12 virginica Sepal
                              3.8
                                              R
                                                    tetrap~ Virginia iris
                      Width
                                   3
                                        Big
```



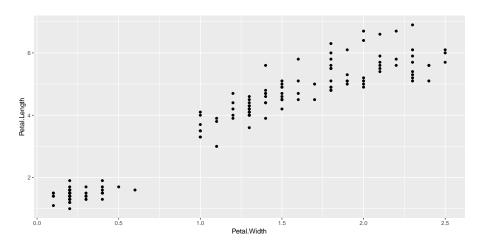
## A base plot

#### plot(Petal.Width~Petal.Length,data=iris.tbl)



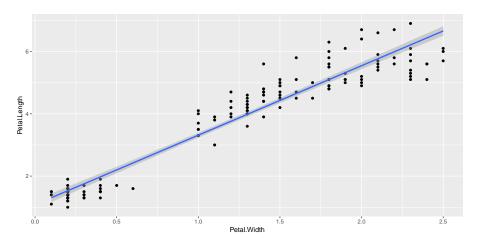
# A ggplot2 plot

```
iris.tbl %>% ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length)) +
    geom_point()
```



# A ggplot2 plot

```
iris.tbl %>% ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length)) +
    geom_point() +
    geom_smooth(method = "lm")
```



# The three key components of every ggplot2

# The three components of every graphics :

- data: the dataset who's need to be plotted.
- aesthetics: aesthetics mapping between variables in the data (x,y,visuals properties, ...).
- **geoms**: one or more layers to render each observations.

```
ggplot (data = <DATA>) +

<GEOM_FUNCTION> (mapping = aes(<MAPPINGS>),

stat = <STAT>, position = <POSITION>) +

<COORDINATE_FUNCTION> +

<FACET_FUNCTION> +

<SCALE_FUNCTION> +

<THEME_FUNCTION>
```

## The three key components of every ggplot2

The three components of every graphics :

- data: the dataset who's need to be plotted.
- aesthetics: aesthetics mapping between variables in the data (x,y,visuals properties, ...).
- **geoms**: one or more layers to render each observations.

```
p <- iris.tbl %>%# Data
    ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length)) +# aesthetics
    geom_point()# Layer: points
```

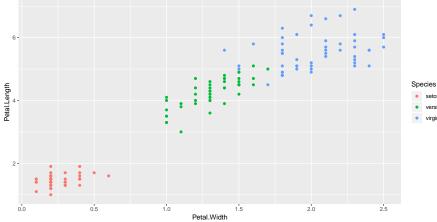
Add layer: smooth with linear model

```
p + geom_smooth(method = "lm")
```

More you add components with +, more you'll build sophisticated plots.

#### Add more aesthetics

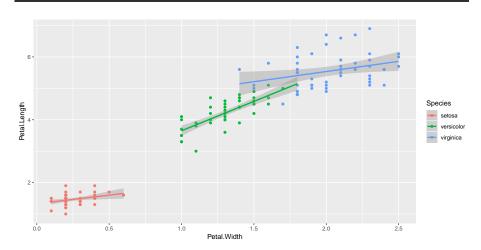
```
p <- iris.tbl %>%# Data
    ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length,col=Species)) +# aesthetics
    geom_point()# Layer: points
print(p)
```



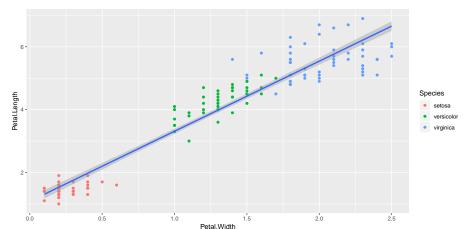
setosa versicolor virginica

#### Add more aesthetics

#### p + geom\_smooth(method = "lm")

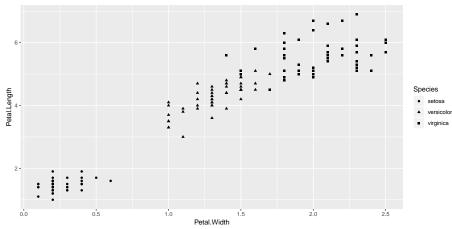


# Add more aesthetics



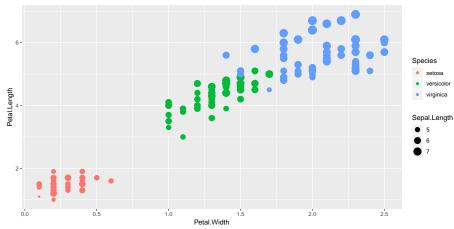
## Other aesthetics attributes

```
p <- iris.tbl %>%# Data
    ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length)) +# aesthetics
    geom_point(aes(shape=Species))# Layer: points
print(p)
```

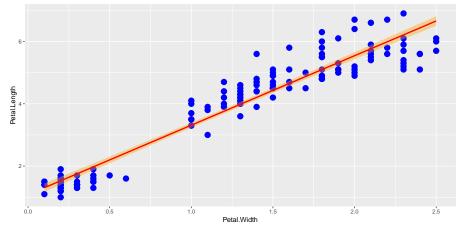


## Other aesthetics attributes

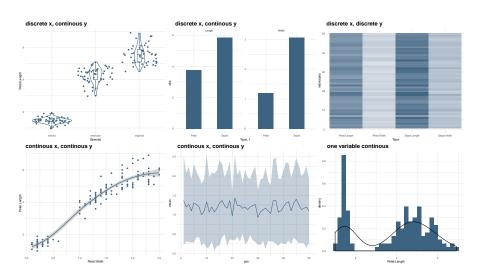
```
p <- iris.tbl %>%# Data
    ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length)) +# aesthetics
    geom_point(aes(col=Species,size = Sepal.Length))# Layer: points
print(p)
```



#### Use fixed value



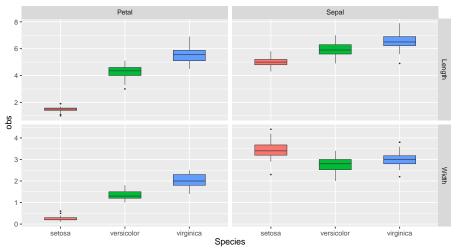
## Plot geoms



# Facetting

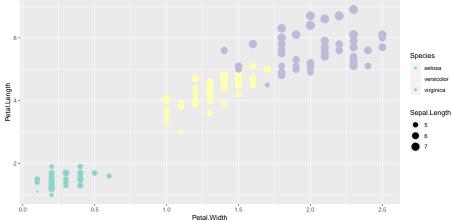
#### Facetting:

- facet\_grid(variable~foliaces) : Display all possibility even if some plots are empty.
- facet\_wrap(variable~foliaces) : Display only the plots having actual values.



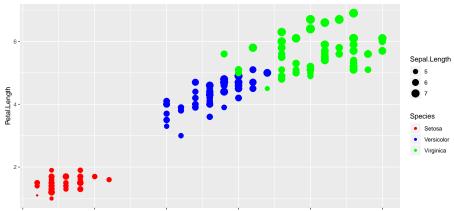
# **Graphical options**

```
p <- iris.tbl %>%# Data
    ggplot(aes(x=Petal.Width,y=Petal.Length)) +# aesthetics
    geom_point(aes(col=Species, size = Sepal.Length)) +# Layer: points
    scale_color_brewer(palette="Set3") #A new palette
print(p)
```

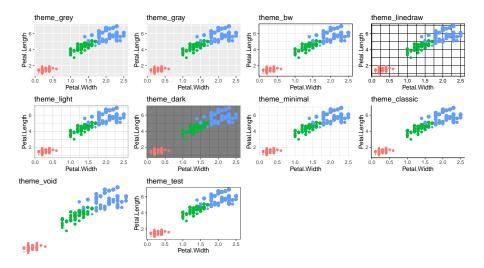


setosa versicolor virginica

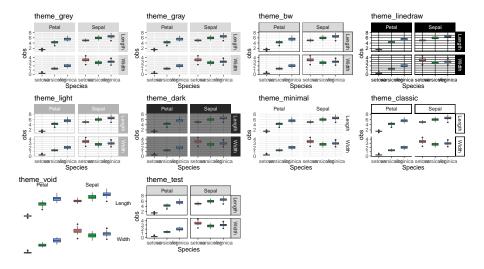
# Graphical options



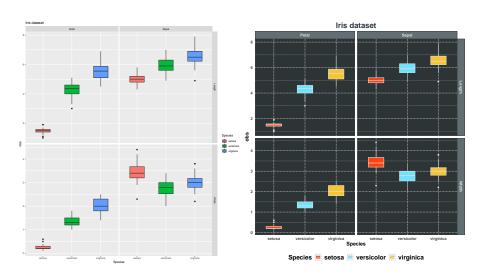
#### Themes



#### Themes



# Themes



#### Extensions

- ggplot2 extensions: This site tracks and lists ggplot2 extensions developed by R users in the community. https://www.ggplot2-exts.org/.
- **cowplot**: Arranging graphs into a grid and improve plot design.
- ggpubr & \_\_\_ ggstatsplot\_\_\_ : Publication ready plots & add statistical tests.
- **ggrepel**: Automatic label placement.
- esquisse : Explore and Visualize Your Data Interactively with ggplot2.
- **ggvis**: Create rich interactive graphics with a syntax similar in spirit to ggplot2.

# Why I use ggplot2

- The "default" output is much nicer than with base graphics.
- Automatic legend, color with mapping to the variables.
- Easy to combine multiple plot.
- Easy facetting.
- A lot of themes.
- A lot of extensions . . .

#### Sources

#### Sources:

- PDF and sources : https://github.com/rochevin/tidyverse\_journal\_club
- Web version: https://rochevin.github.io/tidyverse\_journal\_club