## **E-Library Application**

Github source: https://github.com/rochiekop/RDBMS-E-Library

#### > Mission Statement

- Create a library application that oversees multiple libraries and gives information about the available books users can loan.
- Provides convenience for users in finding information about books that can be borrowed and can make a booking process if the book to be borrowed is unavailable.

## > Creating Table Structure

Identification Actor



Library



Users

#### Identification Table

Table	Description	
Library	This table stores details about library data, including their ID, created_date, name, city, address and created_by	
Users	This table stores details about Users, including ID,created_date, username, fullname, gender, email, no_telephone, address, is_admin, created_by	

- → Each library has a variety collection of books (Table Books)
- → Each library has own catalog book and information abou stock of every book (Table Library\_Books)
- → Each book in library has its own book details (Table Book\_Details)

Table	Description	
Books	This table stores details about Books data, including their ID, created_date, title, category_id, publisher_id, year, description, created_by	
Library_Books	This table stores details about Books in each library, including their ID, created_date, library_id, book_id, stock, quantity created_by	
Book_Details	This table stores details about Books Details, including their ID, created_date, library_book_id, isbn, is_avaliable, created_by	

- → Each book has a different category (Table Categories)
- → Every book has information about the publisher (Table Publishers)
- → Every book has information about the author and in one book can be more than one author (Table Book\_Authors, Authors)

Table	Description	
Categories	This table stores details about Categories data, including their ID, created_date, name, created_by	
Publishers	This table stores details about Publisher, including their ID, created_date, name, address, created_by	
Authors	This table stores details about Authors, including their ID, created_date, name, created_by	
Book_Authors	This table stores details about Mapping Book and Authors, including their ID, created_date, book_id, author_id, created_by	

→ Users can borrow the books in library with a maximum loan period of 2 weeks (Table Borrows)

→ Each user can only borrow 2 books (Table Borrow\_Details)

Table	Description	
Borrows	This table stores details about loan book, including their ID, created_date, user_id, start_date, due_date, status_id, and created_by	
Borrow_Details	This table stores details about details of every loan books, including their ID, created_date, borrow_id, book_detail_id, return_date, status_id, and created_by	

- → If the book to be borrowed is not available then the user takes a hold first with a hold queue (Table Book\_Requests)
- → Every transaction status loan and hold queue can be monitored by the application (Table Status)

Table	Description	
Book_Requests	This table stores details about request book, including their ID, borrow_date, book_detail_id, user_id, status_id, is_taken, and created_by	
Status	This table stores details about status of every loan and hold queue, including their ID, created_date, name, and created_by	

## Determine Keys

Library	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that every library data is different
created_date		
name	CK→AK	Each library name in every city may be a difference
city		
address		

created by	
created_by	

Users	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique ID that every user data is different
created_date		
username	CK→AK	The username of each user is a difference
fullname		
gender		
email	CK→AK	The email of each user is difference
no_telephone		
address		
is_admin		
created_by		

Books	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that every book data is difference
created_date		
title	CK→AK	The title of each book can be many difference
category_id	FK	
publisher_id	FK	The email of each user is difference
year		
description		
created_by		

Library_Books	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that book in library data is difference
created_date		
library_id	FK	
book_id	FK	
stocks		
quantity		
created_by		

Book_Details	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that book details data is difference
created_date		
library_book_id	FK	
ISBN	CK→AK	Each book has a unique number of ISBN
is_available		
created_by		

Categories	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that category data is difference
created_date		
name		
created_by		

Publishers	Keys	Description		
id	CK→PK	Unique id that category data is difference		
created_date				
name	CK→AK	Each publisher has its own different name.		
address				
created_by				

Authors	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that category data is difference
created_date		
name		
created_by		

Book_Authors	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that book author data is difference
created_date		
book_id	FK	
author_id	FK	
created_by		

Borrows	Keys	Description	
id	CK→PK	A unique id that borrows data is a difference	
created_date			
user_id	FK		

start_date		
due_date		
status_id	FK	
created_by		

Borrow_Details	Keys	Description
id	СК→РК	A unique id that borrows detailed data is a difference
created_date		
borrow_id	FK	
book_detail_id	FK	
return_date		
status_id	FK	
created_by		

Book_Requests	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that book request data is difference
created_date		
borrow_date		
book_detail_id	FK	
user_id	FK	
status_id	FK	
is_taken		
created_by		

Status	Keys	Description
id	CK→PK	Unique id that book request data is difference
created_date		
name	CK→AK	Every status name is difference
created_by		

# **➤ Determine Table Relationships**

	Library	Users	Books	Library _Books	Book_ Details	Categories	Publis hers	Authors	Book_ authors	Book_ Requests	Borrows	Borrow _details	Status
Library				1:N									
Users										1:N	1:N		
Book				1:N		1:1	1:1		1:N				
Libary_ Books	N:1		N:1		1:N							1:1	
Book_ Details				N:1									
Categories			1:1										
Publishers			1:1										
Authors									1:N				
Book_ author			N:1					N:1					
Book_ Requests		N:1											1:1
Borrows		N:1											1:1
Borrow_ details													1:1
Status		_								1:1	1:1	1:1	

## **➤** Determine Business Rules

## 1. Table Library

Library						
"id" "created_date" "title" varchar(100) "category_id" int4 "publisher_id" int4 "year" int4 "description" text "created_by" int4	Not Null Not Null	PK				

## 2. Table Users

Users							
"id"	Not Null	PK					
"created_date"							
"username" varchar(100)	Not Null						
"fullname" varchar(200)	Not Null						
"gender" varchar(10)							
"email" varchar(100)							
"no_telephone" varchar(20)							
"address" varchar(200)							
"is_admin" boolean							
"created_by" int4							

## 3. Table Books

Books							
"id"	Not Null	PK					
"created_date" "title" varchar(100)	Not Null						
"category_id" int4 "publisher_id" int4							
"year" int4							
"description" text "created_by" int4							

## 4. Table Categories

	Categories		
"id" "created_date" "name" varchar "created_by" int4		Not Null Not Null	PK

#### 5. Table Publishers

Publishers		
"id" "created_date" "name" varchar(100)	Not Null Not Null	PK
"address" varchar(100) "created_by" int4		

#### 6. Table Authors

	Authors		
"id" "created_date" "name" varchar(100) "created_by" int4		Not Null Not Null	PK

## 7. Table Book Authors

Book_Authors		
"id" "created_date"	Not Null	PK
"book_id" int4 "author_id" int4 "created_by" int4	Not Null Not Null	FK FK

## 8. Table Library Books

Library_Books		
"id" "created_date" "library_id" int4 "book_id" int4 "stocks" int4 "created by" int4	Not Null Not Null Not Null	PK FK FK

## 9. Table Books Details

	ooks_Details		
"id" "created_date" "library_book_id" int4 "isbn" varchar(100) "is_available" boolean "created_by" int4		Not Null	PK FK

## 10. Table Status

Status		
"id" "created_date" , "name" varchar(100) "created_by" int4	Not Null Not Null	PK

#### 11. Table Borrows

Borrow		
"id" "created_date"	Not Null	PK
"user_id" int4, "start_date" "due date"	Not Null	FK
"status_id" int4, "created_by" int4,	Not Null	FK

# 12. Table Borrow\_Details

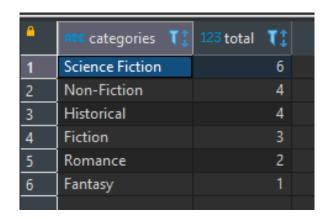
lot Null	PK
lot Null	FK
lot Null	FK

## **➤ Implement The Design**



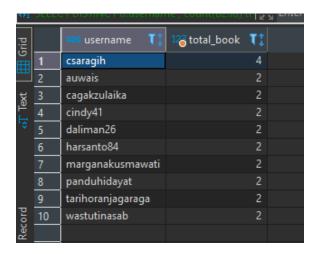
## > 5 Objectives/questions:

1. Find the book category that the most borrowed by users?



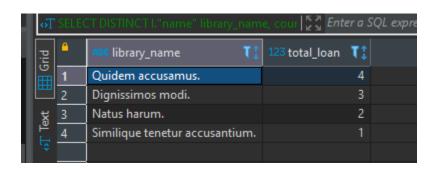
```
SELECT
       c."name" categories,
       count(c.id) total
FROM
       "Borrows" b
JOIN "Borrow_Details" bd ON
       b.id = bd.borrow_id
JOIN "Book_Details" bd2 ON
       bd2.id = bd.book_detail_id
JOIN "Library_Books" Ib ON
       lb.id = bd2.library_book_id
JOIN "Books" b2 ON
       b2.id = lb.book_id
JOIN "Categories" c ON
       c.id = b2.category_id
GROUP BY
       c."name"
ORDER BY
       count(c.id) DESC
```

2. Find username that has the highest number of loans in the application?



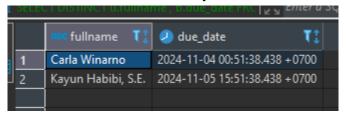
```
SELECT
DISTINCT
       u.username,
       count(b2.id) total_book
FROM
       "Borrows" b
JOIN "Borrow_Details" bd ON
       b.id = bd.borrow_id
JOIN "Book_Details" bd2 ON
       bd2.id = bd.book_detail_id
JOIN "Library_Books" lb ON
       lb.id = bd2.library_book_id
JOIN "Books" b2 ON
       b2.id = lb.book_id
JOIN "Users" u ON u.id = b.user_id
GROUP BY
       u.username
ORDER BY
       count(b2.id) DESC
```

3. Calculate the number of books still on loan for each library?



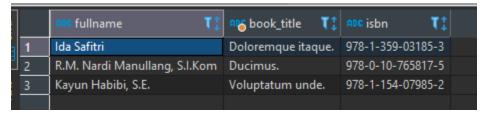
```
SELECT
DISTINCT
       I."name" library_name,
       count(b2.id) total_loan
FROM
       "Borrows" b
JOIN "Borrow_Details" bd ON
       b.id = bd.borrow_id
JOIN "Book_Details" bd2 ON
       bd2.id = bd.book_detail_id
JOIN "Library_Books" lb ON
       lb.id = bd2.library_book_id
JOIN "Books" b2 ON
       b2.id = lb.book_id
JOIN "Library" | ON | l.id = | lb.| library_id
WHERE b.status_id = 2
GROUP BY
I."name"
ORDER BY
       count(b2.id) DESC
```

4. Display users who have not returned books by the due date set



```
SELECT
       DISTINCT
       u.fullname,
       b.due_date
FROM
       "Borrows" b
JOIN "Borrow_Details" bd ON
       b.id = bd.borrow_id
JOIN "Book_Details" bd2 ON
       bd2.id = bd.book_detail_id
JOIN "Library_Books" lb ON
       lb.id = bd2.library_book_id
JOIN "Books" b2 ON
       b2.id = lb.book_id
JOIN "Users" u ON u.id = b.user_id
WHERE b.status_id = 4
```

show users who are still waiting to borrow books and what books will be borrowed



```
SELECT
       u.fullname,
       b.title book_title,
       bd.isbn
FROM
       "Book_Requests" br
JOIN "Book_Details" bd ON
       bd.id = br.book_detail_id
JOIN "Library_Books" Ib ON
       lb.id = bd.library_book_id
JOIN "Books" b ON
       b.id = lb.book_id
JOIN "Users" u ON
       u.id = br.user_id
WHERE
       br.is_taken IS NOT TRUE
```

#### Reference:

- o Designing a RDB and Creating an ERD Medium
- o Create and Query a Relational Database Medium