### **Note**

The demo files are mainly for Arabidopsis and data analysis of NAD tagSeq protocol

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## Softwares and code

- (1) MinKNOW 19.6.8, with base-caller of Guppy embedded, from Oxford Nanopore Technology
- (2) Ubuntu 18.04.3 LTS, Linux-based operating system (https://ubuntu.com/download)
- \*The following code packages should be installed on Ubuntu
- (3) Python 2.7 and 3.7 (http://www.python.org/downloads/)
- (4) Miniconda3 (Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86\_64.sh)(https://dos.conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/userguide/install/linux.html) for pycoQC uses;
- (5) PycoQC (https://github.com/a-slide/pycoQC) to analyze the basecalling results;
- (6) Homemade python script to sort out tagged and untagged RNA (https://github.com/rocketjishao/NAD-tagSeq/blob/master/main.py)
- (7) Minimap2 (https://github.com/lh3/minimap2) to align the sequenced RNA to genome or transcriptome databases for interpretation of the RNA identities;
- (8) featureCounts 1.6.0 (http://bioinf.wehi.edu.au/featureCounts/) to map and count the reads of tagged RNA to genes in different samples.
- (9) Samtools 1.7 (http://samtools.sourceforge.net/) to translate the sam file to bam file and obtain its bam.bai file;
- (10) Integrative Genomics Viewer 2.7.2 (https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv/) to visualize the RNA structures;

## Software installation and initiation

### python2.7 and python3.6

```
$ sudo apt-get install python2
    # Then type in password
$ sudo apt-get install python-pip
    # or try $ python get-pip.py

$ sudo add-apt-repository ppa:jonathonf/python-3.6
    # Then type in password, or try $ sudo apt-get install python3
```

#### Miniconda3

(https://conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/install/linux.html):

- a. Download the installer: Miniconda installer for Linux.(https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html#linux-installers)
- b. Verify your installer hashes, in a terminal window enter:

```
$ sha256sum Downloads/Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

c.In your terminal window, run Miniconda:

```
$ bash Downloads/Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
```

- d.Follow the prompts on the installer screens.
- e.If you are unsure about any setting, accept the defaults. You can change them later.
- f.To make the changes take effect, type in the command below, or close and then re-open your terminal window.

```
$ source ~/.bashrc
# Then you can see "(base)" in the front of the terminal command line.
```

g.Test your installation. In your terminal window, run the command:

```
$ conda list
```

- h. A list of installed packages appears if it has been installed correctly.
- i. To change the automatic conda activation because *auto\_activate\_base* is set to True. You can check this using the following command

```
$ conda config --show | grep auto_activate_base
```

## pycoQC

(https://a-slide.github.io/pycoQC/installation/)

a. Create a clean virtual environment (only needed for the 1st run):

```
$ conda create -n pycoQC python=3.6
# Note: python 2 is not supported by pycoQC
```

b. Install pycoQC with miniconda3:(only needed for the 1st run)

```
$ conda install -c aleg pycoqc
```

c. Run pycoQC by the command:

```
$ pycoQC -f sequencing_summary.txt -o pycoQC_output.html
```

d. Quit conda

```
$ conda deactivate
```

e. To enter and exit conda for 2nd, 3rd,... run

To change the automatic conda activation because *auto\_activate\_base* is set to True. You can check this using the following command

```
$ conda config --show | grep auto_activate_base
```

To set it false

```
$ conda config --set auto_activate_base False
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

To reactivate set it to True

```
$ conda config --set auto_activate_base True
$ source ~/.bashrc
```

### Minimap2

(https://github.com/lh3/minimap2):

```
$ git clone https://github.com/lh3/minimap2
$ cd minimap2 && make
```

#### **featureCounts**

(http://subread.sourceforge.net/):

```
$ sudo apt-get install subread
    # then type in password
```

#### Samtools

(https://gist.github.com/adefelicibus/f6fd06df1b4bb104ceeaccdd7325b856) (http://www.htslib.org/download/)

```
$ sudo apt-get install -y samtools
# then type in password
```

#### **IGV for Linux OS**

Download the IGV file: https://data.broadinstitute.org/igv/projects/downloads/2.8/IGV\_Linux\_2.8.0.zip; Unzip the package;

In the terminal window, start IGV by the command line:

```
$ java --module-path=lib -Xmx4g @igv.args --module=org.igv/org.broad.igv.ui.Main
```

Download genome file from IGV for A. thaliana, human, mouse, or E.coli: Genome > Load Genome from Server > Select the genome file

## Demo files

Step	sofware	input_files	output_files	demo files
1	pycoQC	sequencing_summary.txt	pycoQC.html (raw data)	no
2	Windows OS CMS	fastq files (ADPRC+_1.fastq,ADPRC+_2.fastq,ADPRC+_3.fastq; ADPRCfastq	ADPRC+.fastq, ADPRCfastq	demo
3	main.py	ADPRC+.fastq; ADPRCfastq	ADPRC+_tagged.fastq; ADPRC+_untagged.fastq; ADPRCtagged.fastq; ADPRC- _untagged.fastq	deomo
4	minimap2	ADPRC+_tagged.fastq, ADPRC+_untagged.fastq; ADPRCtagged.fastq; ADPRCuntagged.fastq; reference_file (A. thaliana TAIR10.fas)	ADPRC+_tagged.sam, ADPRC+_untagged.sam; ADPRCtagged.sam; ADPRC untagged.sam	demo
5	featureCounts	ADPRC+_tagged.sam; ADPRC+_untagged.sam; ADPRCtagged.sam; ADPRCuntagged.sam; annotation file (TAIR10.gff)	all; all.summary	demo
6	samtools	ADPRC+_tagged.sam	ADPRC+_tagged.bam; ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam; [ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam.bai	demo
7	IGV	ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam; ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam.bai; ADPRC+_untagged_sort.bam; ADPRC+_untagged_sort.bam.bai; genome files (mm10.genome)	IGV figure	no

# NAD-tagSeq data analysis procedure

## 1. Run pycoQC in MiniConda3 active virtual environment

To visualize the summary file generated from the sequencing and do the quality control analysis of the basecalling results: Type in the command below. Open the html file with web browser to visualize the results.

```
$ pycoQC -f sequencing_summary.txt -o pycoQC.html
```

### 2. Combine fastq files to one fastq file

In Windows OS CMD:

```
$ copy ADPRC+_*.fastq
```

In Linux OS:

```
$ cat ADPRC+_*.fastq > ADPRC+.fastq
```

## 3. Sort out the RNA with and without tag in the first 40 nt

Download main.py from our Git-Hub repository: https://github.com/rocketjishao/NAD-tagSeq/blob/master/main.py Change directory to the file pathway of main.py; Sort out the RNAs with and without tag RNA sequence by typing in:

```
$ python main.py ADPRC+.fastq ADPRC+_tagged.fastq ADPRC+_untagged.fastq
# result files: ADPRC+_tagged.fastq and ADPRC+_untagged.fastq
```

### 4. Minimap2 to align the reads to reference sequence

Run Minimap2 for analyzing the Nanopore direct RNA sequencing data by typing in the command:

```
$ ./minimap2 -ax splice -uf -k14 reference.fa ADPRC+_tagged.fastq > ADPRC+_tagged.sam
# reference file like TAIR10.fa, result file is ADPRC+_tagged.sam
```

## 5. Use featureCounts to count the aligned reads to genes

Use simultaneously the tagged and untagged counterparts (or map each gene to the tagged RNA in ADPRC- and ADPRC+ samples.)

And download gene annotation files in gtf format from Ensembl or GenBank (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/), avoid UCSC

Run the command below:

```
$ featureCounts -L -a annotation -o all ADPRC+_tagged.sam ADPRC+_untagged.sam ADPRC-_tagged.sam
# annotation file like TAIR10.gff, result files are all and all.summary
```

#### 6. Samtools to translate the sam file to bam file and obtain its bam.bai file

Run Samtools by typing in (one by one):

```
$ samtools view -bS ADPRC+_tagged.sam > ADPRC+_tagged.bam
$ samtools sort -O BAM -o ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam ADPRC+_tagged.bam
$ samtools index ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam
# result files: ADPRC+_tagged.bam, ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam, ADPRC+_tagged_sort.bam.bai
$ samtools stats ADPRC+_tagged.bam | grep '^SN' | cut -f 2-
# use this to visualize the # mismatches / bases mapped (cigar), which should be smaller than
```

## 7. IGV to visualize the RNA structure

Import the bam and bam.bai to IGV by:

File > Load from File > Select the ADPRC+\_tagged\_sort.bam file