

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!--
  Licensed to the Apache Software Foundation (ASF) under one or more
  contributor license agreements.  See the NOTICE file distributed with
  this work for additional information regarding copyright ownership.
  The ASF licenses this file to You under the Apache License, Version 2.0
  (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with
  the License.  You may obtain a copy of the License at

      http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0

  Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
  distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
  WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
  See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
  limitations under the License.
-->

<!--
  For more details about configurations options that may appear in
  this file, see http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SolrConfigXml.
-->
<config>
  <!-- In all configuration below, a prefix of "solr." for class names
       is an alias that causes solr to search appropriate packages,
       including org.apache.solr.(search|update|request|core|analysis)

       You may also specify a fully qualified Java classname if you
       have your own custom plugins.
  -->

  <!-- Controls what version of Lucene various components of Solr
       adhere to.  Generally, you want to use the latest version to
       get all bug fixes and improvements.  It is highly recommended
       that you fully re-index after changing this setting as it can
       affect both how text is indexed and queried.
  -->
  <.luceneMatchVersion>4.6</luceneMatchVersion>

  <!-- <lib/> directives can be used to instruct Solr to load an Jars
       identified and use them to resolve any "plugins" specified in
       your solrconfig.xml or schema.xml (ie: Analyzers, Request
       Handlers, etc...).

       All directories and paths are resolved relative to the
       instanceDir.

       Please note that <lib/> directives are processed in the order
       that they appear in your solrconfig.xml file, and are "stacked"
       on top of each other when building a ClassLoader - so if you have
       plugin jars with dependencies on other jars, the "lower level"
       dependency jars should be loaded first.
  -->
</config>
```

If a `./lib` directory exists in your instanceDir, all files found in it are included as if you had used the following syntax...

```
<lib dir="./lib" />
-->
```

<!-- A 'dir' option by itself adds any files found in the directory to the classpath, this is useful for including all jars in a directory.

When a 'regex' is specified in addition to a 'dir', only the files in that directory which completely match the regex (anchored on both ends) will be included.

If a 'dir' option (with or without a regex) is used and nothing is found that matches, a warning will be logged.

The examples below can be used to load some solr-contribs along with their external dependencies.

```
-->
<lib dir="../../contrib/extraction/lib" regex=".*\.jar" />
<lib dir="../../dist/" regex="solr-cell-\d.*\.jar" />

<lib dir="../../contrib/clustering/lib/" regex=".*\.jar" />
<lib dir="../../dist/" regex="solr-clustering-\d.*\.jar" />

<lib dir="../../contrib/langid/lib/" regex=".*\.jar" />
<lib dir="../../dist/" regex="solr-langid-\d.*\.jar" />

<lib dir="../../contrib/velocity/lib" regex=".*\.jar" />
<lib dir="../../dist/" regex="solr-velocity-\d.*\.jar" />

<!-- an exact 'path' can be used instead of a 'dir' to specify a
      specific jar file. This will cause a serious error to be logged
      if it can't be loaded.
-->
<!--
      <lib path="../a-jar-that-does-not-exist.jar" />
-->
```

<!-- Data Directory

Used to specify an alternate directory to hold all index data other than the default `./data` under the Solr home. If replication is in use, this should match the replication configuration.

```
-->
<dataDir>${solr.data.dir:</dataDir>
```

<!-- The DirectoryFactory to use for indexes.

`solr.StandardDirectoryFactory` is filesystem based and tries to pick the best implementation for the current JVM and platform. `solr.NRTCachingDirectoryFactory`, the default, wraps `solr.StandardDirectoryFactory` and caches small files in memory for better NRT performance.

One can force a particular implementation via `solr.MMapDirectoryFactory`, `solr.NIOFSDirectoryFactory`, or `solr.SimpleFSDirectoryFactory`.

`solr.RAMDirectoryFactory` is memory based, not persistent, and doesn't work with replication.

```
-->
<directoryFactory name="DirectoryFactory"
                  class="${solr.directoryFactory:solr.NRTCachingDirectoryFactory}" />
```

```
<!-- The CodecFactory for defining the format of the inverted index.
      The default implementation is SchemaCodecFactory, which is the official
Lucene
      index format, but hooks into the schema to provide per-field customization of
      the postings lists and per-document values in the fieldType element
      (postingsFormat/docValuesFormat). Note that most of the alternative implementations
      are experimental, so if you choose to customize the index format, its a good
      idea to convert back to the official format e.g. via IndexWriter.addIndexes(IndexReader)
      before upgrading to a newer version to avoid unnecessary reindexing.
-->
```

```
<codecFactory class="solr.SchemaCodecFactory" />
```

```
<!-- To enable dynamic schema REST APIs, use the following for <schemaFactory>:
>:
```

```
<schemaFactory class="ManagedIndexSchemaFactory">
  <bool name="mutable">true</bool>
  <str name="managedSchemaResourceName">managed-schema</str>
</schemaFactory>
```

When `ManagedIndexSchemaFactory` is specified, Solr will load the schema from the resource named in 'managedSchemaResourceName', rather than from `schema.xml`.

Note that the managed schema resource CANNOT be named `schema.xml`. If the managed schema does not exist, Solr will create it after reading `schema.xml`, then rename 'schema.xml' to 'schema.xml.bak'.

Do NOT hand edit the managed schema - external modifications will be ignored and

overwritten as a result of schema modification REST API calls.

When `ManagedIndexSchemaFactory` is specified with `mutable = true`, schema modification REST API calls will be allowed; otherwise, error responses will be sent back for these requests.

```
-->
<schemaFactory class="ClassicIndexSchemaFactory"/>

<!-- ~~~~~
Index Config - These settings control low-level behavior of indexing
Most example settings here show the default value, but are commented
out, to more easily see where customizations have been made.

Note: This replaces <indexDefaults> and <mainIndex> from older versions
~~~~~ --
>
<indexConfig>
  <!-- maxFieldLength was removed in 4.0. To get similar behavior, include a
    LimitTokenCountFilterFactory in your fieldType definition. E.g.
    <filter class="solr.LimitTokenCountFilterFactory" maxTokenCount="10000"/>
  -->
  <!-- Maximum time to wait for a write lock (ms) for an IndexWriter. Default
: 1000 -->
  <!-- <writeLockTimeout>1000</writeLockTimeout> -->

  <!-- The maximum number of simultaneous threads that may be
    indexing documents at once in IndexWriter; if more than this
    many threads arrive they will wait for others to finish.
    Default in Solr/Lucene is 8. -->
  <!-- <maxIndexingThreads>8</maxIndexingThreads> -->

  <!-- Expert: Enabling compound file will use less files for the index,
    using fewer file descriptors on the expense of performance decrease.
    Default in Lucene is "true". Default in Solr is "false" (since 3.6) --
>
  <!-- <useCompoundFile>false</useCompoundFile> -->

  <!-- ramBufferSizeMB sets the amount of RAM that may be used by Lucene
    indexing for buffering added documents and deletions before they are
    flushed to the Directory.
    maxBufferedDocs sets a limit on the number of documents buffered
    before flushing.
    If both ramBufferSizeMB and maxBufferedDocs is set, then
    Lucene will flush based on whichever limit is hit first.
    The default is 100 MB. -->
  <!-- <ramBufferSizeMB>100</ramBufferSizeMB> -->
  <!-- <maxBufferedDocs>1000</maxBufferedDocs> -->

  <!-- Expert: Merge Policy
    The Merge Policy in Lucene controls how merging of segments is done.
    The default since Solr/Lucene 3.3 is TieredMergePolicy.
    The default since Lucene 2.3 was the LogByteSizeMergePolicy,
```

```

    Even older versions of Lucene used LogDocMergePolicy.
-->
<!--
    <mergePolicy class="org.apache.lucene.index.TieredMergePolicy">
        <int name="maxMergeAtOnce">10</int>
        <int name="segmentsPerTier">10</int>
    </mergePolicy>
-->

<!-- Merge Factor
    The merge factor controls how many segments will get merged at a time.
    For TieredMergePolicy, mergeFactor is a convenience parameter which
    will set both MaxMergeAtOnce and SegmentsPerTier at once.
    For LogByteSizeMergePolicy, mergeFactor decides how many new segments
    will be allowed before they are merged into one.
    Default is 10 for both merge policies.
-->
<!--
<mergeFactor>10</mergeFactor>
-->

<!-- Expert: Merge Scheduler
    The Merge Scheduler in Lucene controls how merges are
    performed. The ConcurrentMergeScheduler (Lucene 2.3 default)
    can perform merges in the background using separate threads.
    The SerialMergeScheduler (Lucene 2.2 default) does not.
-->
<!--
    <mergeScheduler class="org.apache.lucene.index.ConcurrentMergeScheduler"
/>
-->

<!-- LockFactory

    This option specifies which Lucene LockFactory implementation
    to use.

    single = SingleInstanceLockFactory - suggested for a
        read-only index or when there is no possibility of
        another process trying to modify the index.
    native = NativeFSLockFactory - uses OS native file locking.
        Do not use when multiple solr webapps in the same
        JVM are attempting to share a single index.
    simple = SimpleFSLockFactory - uses a plain file for locking

    Defaults: 'native' is default for Solr3.6 and later, otherwise
        'simple' is the default

    More details on the nuances of each LockFactory...
    http://wiki.apache.org/lucene-java/AvailableLockFactories
-->
<lockType>${solr.lock.type:native}</lockType>

```

```

<!-- Unlock On Startup

    If true, unlock any held write or commit locks on startup.
    This defeats the locking mechanism that allows multiple
    processes to safely access a lucene index, and should be used
    with care. Default is "false".

    This is not needed if lock type is 'single'
-->
<!--
<unlockOnStartup>false</unlockOnStartup>
-->

<!-- Expert: Controls how often Lucene loads terms into memory
    Default is 128 and is likely good for most everyone.
-->
<!-- <termIndexInterval>128</termIndexInterval> -->

<!-- If true, IndexReaders will be opened/reopened from the IndexWriter
    instead of from the Directory. Hosts in a master/slave setup
    should have this set to false while those in a SolrCloud
    cluster need to be set to true. Default: true
-->
<!--
<nrtMode>true</nrtMode>
-->

<!-- Commit Deletion Policy
    Custom deletion policies can be specified here. The class must
    implement org.apache.lucene.index.IndexDeletionPolicy.

    The default Solr IndexDeletionPolicy implementation supports
    deleting index commit points on number of commits, age of
    commit point and optimized status.

    The latest commit point should always be preserved regardless
    of the criteria.
-->
<!--
<deletionPolicy class="solr.SolrDeletionPolicy">
-->
    <!-- The number of commit points to be kept -->
    <!-- <str name="maxCommitsToKeep">1</str> -->
    <!-- The number of optimized commit points to be kept -->
    <!-- <str name="maxOptimizedCommitsToKeep">0</str> -->
    <!--
        Delete all commit points once they have reached the given age.
        Supports DateMathParser syntax e.g.
    -->
    <!--
        <str name="maxCommitAge">30MINUTES</str>
        <str name="maxCommitAge">1DAY</str>
    -->

```

```

<!--
</deletionPolicy>
-->

<!-- Lucene Infostream

    To aid in advanced debugging, Lucene provides an "InfoStream"
    of detailed information when indexing.

    Setting the value to true will instruct the underlying Lucene
    IndexWriter to write its info stream to solr's log. By default,
    this is enabled here, and controlled through log4j.properties.
-->
<infoStream>true</infoStream>
</indexConfig>

<!-- JMX

    This example enables JMX if and only if an existing MBeanServer
    is found, use this if you want to configure JMX through JVM
    parameters. Remove this to disable exposing Solr configuration
    and statistics to JMX.

    For more details see http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SolrJmx
-->
<jmx />
<!-- If you want to connect to a particular server, specify the
    agentId
-->
<!-- <jmx agentId="myAgent" /> -->
<!-- If you want to start a new MBeanServer, specify the serviceUrl -->
<!-- <jmx serviceUrl="service:jmx:rmi:///jndi/rmi://localhost:9999/solr"/>
-->

<!-- The default high-performance update handler -->
<updateHandler class="solr.DirectUpdateHandler2">

    <!-- Enables a transaction log, used for real-time get, durability, and
    and solr cloud replica recovery. The log can grow as big as
    uncommitted changes to the index, so use of a hard autoCommit
    is recommended (see below).
    "dir" - the target directory for transaction logs, defaults to the
    solr data directory. -->
<updateLog>
    <str name="dir">${solr.ulog.dir:}</str>
</updateLog>

<!-- AutoCommit

    Perform a hard commit automatically under certain conditions.
    Instead of enabling autoCommit, consider using "commitWithin"
    when adding documents.

```

<http://wiki.apache.org/solr/UpdateXmlMessages>

maxDocs - Maximum number of documents to add since the last commit before automatically triggering a new commit.

maxTime - Maximum amount of time in ms that is allowed to pass since a document was added before automatically triggering a new commit.

openSearcher - if false, the commit causes recent index changes to be flushed to stable storage, but does not cause a new searcher to be opened to make those changes visible.

If the updateLog is enabled, then it's highly recommended to have some sort of hard autoCommit to limit the log size.

```
-->
<autoCommit>
  <maxTime>${solr.autoCommit.maxTime:15000}</maxTime>
  <openSearcher>false</openSearcher>
</autoCommit>

<!-- softAutoCommit is like autoCommit except it causes a
      'soft' commit which only ensures that changes are visible
      but does not ensure that data is synced to disk. This is
      faster and more near-realtime friendly than a hard commit.
-->

<autoSoftCommit>
  <maxTime>${solr.autoSoftCommit.maxTime:-1}</maxTime>
</autoSoftCommit>

<!-- Update Related Event Listeners

      Various IndexWriter related events can trigger Listeners to
      take actions.

      postCommit - fired after every commit or optimize command
      postOptimize - fired after every optimize command
-->
<!-- The RunExecutableListener executes an external command from a
      hook such as postCommit or postOptimize.

      exe - the name of the executable to run
      dir - dir to use as the current working directory. (default=".")
      wait - the calling thread waits until the executable returns.
              (default="true")
      args - the arguments to pass to the program. (default is none)
      env - environment variables to set. (default is none)
-->
<!-- This example shows how RunExecutableListener could be used
      with the script based replication...
      http://wiki.apache.org/solr/CollectionDistribution
-->
```



```

<!--
  <listener event="postCommit" class="solr.RunExecutableListener">
    <str name="exe">solr/bin/snapshooter</str>
    <str name="dir">.</str>
    <bool name="wait">true</bool>
    <arr name="args"> <str>arg1</str> <str>arg2</str> </arr>
    <arr name="env"> <str>MYVAR=val1</str> </arr>
  </listener>
-->

</updateHandler>

<!-- IndexReaderFactory

Use the following format to specify a custom IndexReaderFactory,
which allows for alternate IndexReader implementations.

** Experimental Feature **

Please note - Using a custom IndexReaderFactory may prevent
certain other features from working. The API to
IndexReaderFactory may change without warning or may even be
removed from future releases if the problems cannot be
resolved.

** Features that may not work with custom IndexReaderFactory **

The ReplicationHandler assumes a disk-resident index. Using a
custom IndexReader implementation may cause incompatibility
with ReplicationHandler and may cause replication to not work
correctly. See SOLR-1366 for details.

-->
<!--
<indexReaderFactory name="IndexReaderFactory" class="package.class">
  <str name="someArg">Some Value</str>
</indexReaderFactory >
-->
<!-- By explicitly declaring the Factory, the termIndexDivisor can
be specified.
-->
<!--
  <indexReaderFactory name="IndexReaderFactory"
                      class="solr.StandardIndexReaderFactory">
    <int name="setTermIndexDivisor">12</int>
  </indexReaderFactory >
-->

<!-- ~~~~~
Query section - these settings control query time things like caches
~~~~~ --
>

```

```

<query>
  <!-- Max Boolean Clauses

  Maximum number of clauses in each BooleanQuery, an exception
  is thrown if exceeded.

  ** WARNING **

  This option actually modifies a global Lucene property that
  will affect all SolrCores. If multiple solrconfig.xml files
  disagree on this property, the value at any given moment will
  be based on the last SolrCore to be initialized.

  -->
<maxBooleanClauses>1024</maxBooleanClauses>

<!-- Solr Internal Query Caches

  There are two implementations of cache available for Solr,
  LRUCache, based on a synchronized LinkedHashMap, and
  FastLRUCache, based on a ConcurrentHashMap.

  FastLRUCache has faster gets and slower puts in single
  threaded operation and thus is generally faster than LRUCache
  when the hit ratio of the cache is high (> 75%), and may be
  faster under other scenarios on multi-cpu systems.

  -->

<!-- Filter Cache

  Cache used by SolrIndexSearcher for filters (DocSets),
  unordered sets of *all* documents that match a query. When a
  new searcher is opened, its caches may be prepopulated or
  "autowarmed" using data from caches in the old searcher.
  autowarmCount is the number of items to prepopulate. For
  LRUCache, the autowarmed items will be the most recently
  accessed items.

  Parameters:
    class - the SolrCache implementation LRUCache or
           (LRUCache or FastLRUCache)
    size - the maximum number of entries in the cache
    initialSize - the initial capacity (number of entries) of
                 the cache. (see java.util.HashMap)
    autowarmCount - the number of entries to prepopulate from
                    and old cache.

  -->
<filterCache class="solr.FastLRUCache"
             size="1024"
             initialSize="512"
             autowarmCount="0"/>

```

```

<!-- Query Result Cache

    Caches results of searches - ordered lists of document ids
    (DocList) based on a query, a sort, and the range of documents request
    ed.
-->
<queryResultCache class="solr.LRUCache"
    size="512"
    initialSize="512"
    autowarmCount="0"/>

<!-- Document Cache

    Caches Lucene Document objects (the stored fields for each
    document). Since Lucene internal document ids are transient,
    this cache will not be autowarmed.
-->
<documentCache class="solr.LRUCache"
    size="512"
    initialSize="512"
    autowarmCount="0"/>

<!-- custom cache currently used by block join -->
<cache name="perSegFilter"
    class="solr.search.LRUCache"
    size="10"
    initialSize="0"
    autowarmCount="10"
    regenerator="solr.NoOpRegenerator" />

<!-- Field Value Cache

    Cache used to hold field values that are quickly accessible
    by document id. The fieldValueCache is created by default
    even if not configured here.
-->
<!--
    <fieldValueCache class="solr.FastLRUCache"
        size="512"
        autowarmCount="128"
        showItems="32" />
-->

<!-- Custom Cache

    Example of a generic cache. These caches may be accessed by
    name through SolrIndexSearcher.getCache(),cacheLookup(), and
    cacheInsert(). The purpose is to enable easy caching of
    user/application level data. The regenerator argument should
    be specified as an implementation of solr.CacheRegenerator
    if autowarming is desired.
-->
<!--

```

```

    <cache name="myUserCache"
      class="solr.LRUCache"
      size="4096"
      initialSize="1024"
      autowarmCount="1024"
      regenerator="com.mycompany.MyRegenerator"
    />
  -->

<!-- Lazy Field Loading

  If true, stored fields that are not requested will be loaded
  lazily. This can result in a significant speed improvement
  if the usual case is to not load all stored fields,
  especially if the skipped fields are large compressed text
  fields.

-->
<enableLazyFieldLoading>true</enableLazyFieldLoading>

<!-- Use Filter For Sorted Query

  A possible optimization that attempts to use a filter to
  satisfy a search. If the requested sort does not include
  score, then the filterCache will be checked for a filter
  matching the query. If found, the filter will be used as the
  source of document ids, and then the sort will be applied to
  that.

  For most situations, this will not be useful unless you
  frequently get the same search repeatedly with different sort
  options, and none of them ever use "score"

-->
<!--
  <useFilterForSortedQuery>true</useFilterForSortedQuery>
-->

<!-- Result Window Size

  An optimization for use with the queryResultCache. When a search
  is requested, a superset of the requested number of document ids
  are collected. For example, if a search for a particular query
  requests matching documents 10 through 19, and queryWindowSize is 50,
  then documents 0 through 49 will be collected and cached. Any further
  requests in that range can be satisfied via the cache.

-->
<queryResultWindowSize>20</queryResultWindowSize>

<!-- Maximum number of documents to cache for any entry in the
  queryResultCache.

-->
<queryResultMaxDocsCached>200</queryResultMaxDocsCached>

```

<!-- Query Related Event Listeners

Various IndexSearcher related events can trigger Listeners to take actions.

newSearcher - fired whenever a new searcher is being prepared and there is a current searcher handling requests (aka registered). It can be used to prime certain caches to prevent long request times for certain requests.

firstSearcher - fired whenever a new searcher is being prepared but there is no current registered searcher to handle requests or to gain autowarming data from.

```
-->
<!-- QuerySenderListener takes an array of NamedList and executes a
      local query request for each NamedList in sequence.
-->
<listener event="newSearcher" class="solr.QuerySenderListener">
  <arr name="queries">
    <!--
      <lst><str name="q">solr</str><str name="sort">price asc</str></lst>
      <lst><str name="q">rocks</str><str name="sort">weight asc</str></lst>
    <!--
  </arr>
</listener>
<listener event="firstSearcher" class="solr.QuerySenderListener">
  <arr name="queries">
    <lst>
      <str name="q">static firstSearcher warming in solrconfig.xml</str>
    </lst>
  </arr>
</listener>
```

<!-- Use Cold Searcher

If a search request comes in and there is no current registered searcher, then immediately register the still warming searcher and use it. If "false" then all requests will block until the first searcher is done warming.

```
-->
<useColdSearcher>false</useColdSearcher>
```

<!-- Max Warming Searchers

Maximum number of searchers that may be warming in the background concurrently. An error is returned if this limit is exceeded.

Recommend values of 1-2 for read-only slaves, higher for masters w/o cache warming.

```

-->
<maxWarmingSearchers>2</maxWarmingSearchers>

</query>

<!-- Request Dispatcher

This section contains instructions for how the SolrDispatchFilter
should behave when processing requests for this SolrCore.

handleSelect is a legacy option that affects the behavior of requests
such as /select?qt=XXX

handleSelect="true" will cause the SolrDispatchFilter to process
the request and dispatch the query to a handler specified by the
"qt" param, assuming "/select" isn't already registered.

handleSelect="false" will cause the SolrDispatchFilter to
ignore "/select" requests, resulting in a 404 unless a handler
is explicitly registered with the name "/select"

handleSelect="true" is not recommended for new users, but is the default
for backwards compatibility
-->
<requestDispatcher handleSelect="false" >
  <!-- Request Parsing

  These settings indicate how Solr Requests may be parsed, and
  what restrictions may be placed on the ContentStreams from
  those requests

  enableRemoteStreaming - enables use of the stream.file
  and stream.url parameters for specifying remote streams.

  multipartUploadLimitInKB - specifies the max size (in KiB) of
  Multipart File Uploads that Solr will allow in a Request.

  formdataUploadLimitInKB - specifies the max size (in KiB) of
  form data (application/x-www-form-urlencoded) sent via
  POST. You can use POST to pass request parameters not
  fitting into the URL.

  addHttpRequestToContext - if set to true, it will instruct
  the requestParsers to include the original HttpServletRequest
  object in the context map of the SolrQueryRequest under the
  key "httpRequest". It will not be used by any of the existing
  Solr components, but may be useful when developing custom
  plugins.

  *** WARNING ***
  The settings below authorize Solr to fetch remote files, You
  should make sure your system has some authentication before

```

```

        using enableRemoteStreaming="true"

-->
<requestParsers enableRemoteStreaming="true"
                multipartUploadLimitInKB="2048000"
                formdataUploadLimitInKB="2048"
                addHttpRequestToContext="false"/>

<!-- HTTP Caching

        Set HTTP caching related parameters (for proxy caches and clients).

        The options below instruct Solr not to output any HTTP Caching
        related headers
-->
<httpCaching never304="true" />
<!-- If you include a <cacheControl> directive, it will be used to
        generate a Cache-Control header (as well as an Expires header
        if the value contains "max-age=")

        By default, no Cache-Control header is generated.

        You can use the <cacheControl> option even if you have set
        never304="true"
-->
<!--
    <httpCaching never304="true" >
        <cacheControl>max-age=30, public</cacheControl>
    </httpCaching>
-->
<!-- To enable Solr to respond with automatically generated HTTP
        Caching headers, and to response to Cache Validation requests
        correctly, set the value of never304="false"

        This will cause Solr to generate Last-Modified and ETag
        headers based on the properties of the Index.

        The following options can also be specified to affect the
        values of these headers...

        lastModFrom - the default value is "openTime" which means the
        Last-Modified value (and validation against If-Modified-Since
        requests) will all be relative to when the current Searcher
        was opened. You can change it to lastModFrom="dirLastMod" if
        you want the value to exactly correspond to when the physical
        index was last modified.

        etagSeed="..." is an option you can change to force the ETag
        header (and validation against If-None-Match requests) to be
        different even if the index has not changed (ie: when making
        significant changes to your config file)

        (lastModifiedFrom and etagSeed are both ignored if you use

```

```

        the never304="true" option)
    -->
<!--
    <httpCaching lastModifiedFrom="openTime"
                etagSeed="Solr">
        <cacheControl>max-age=30, public</cacheControl>
    </httpCaching>
    -->
</requestDispatcher>

<!-- Request Handlers

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SolrRequestHandler

    Incoming queries will be dispatched to a specific handler by name
    based on the path specified in the request.

    Legacy behavior: If the request path uses "/select" but no Request
    Handler has that name, and if handleSelect="true" has been specified in
    the requestDispatcher, then the Request Handler is dispatched based on
    the qt parameter. Handlers without a leading '/' are accessed this way
    like so: http://host/app/[core/]select?qt=name If no qt is
    given, then the requestHandler that declares default="true" will be
    used or the one named "standard".

    If a Request Handler is declared with startup="lazy", then it will
    not be initialized until the first request that uses it.

    -->
<!-- SearchHandler

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SearchHandler

    For processing Search Queries, the primary Request Handler
    provided with Solr is "SearchHandler" It delegates to a sequent
    of SearchComponents (see below) and supports distributed
    queries across multiple shards
    -->
<requestHandler name="/select" class="solr.SearchHandler">
    <!-- default values for query parameters can be specified, these
        will be overridden by parameters in the request
    -->
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="echoParams">explicit</str>
        <int name="rows">10</int>
        <str name="df">text</str>
    </lst>
    <!-- In addition to defaults, "appends" params can be specified
        to identify values which should be appended to the list of
        multi-val params from the query (or the existing "defaults").
    -->
    <!-- In this example, the param "fq=instock:true" would be appended to
        any query time fq params the user may specify, as a mechanism for

```


partitioning the index, independent of any user selected filtering that may also be desired (perhaps as a result of faceted searching).

NOTE: there is *absolutely* nothing a client can do to prevent these "appends" values from being used, so don't use this mechanism unless you are sure you always want it.

```
-->
<!--
  <lst name="appends">
    <str name="fq">inStock:true</str>
  </lst>
-->
<!-- "invariants" are a way of letting the Solr maintainer lock down
the options available to Solr clients. Any params values
specified here are used regardless of what values may be specified
in either the query, the "defaults", or the "appends" params.
```

In this example, the facet.field and facet.query params would be fixed, limiting the facets clients can use. Faceting is not turned on by default - but if the client does specify facet=true in the request, these are the only facets they will be able to see counts for; regardless of what other facet.field or facet.query params they may specify.

NOTE: there is *absolutely* nothing a client can do to prevent these "invariants" values from being used, so don't use this mechanism unless you are sure you always want it.

```
-->
<!--
  <lst name="invariants">
    <str name="facet.field">cat</str>
    <str name="facet.field">manu_exact</str>
    <str name="facet.query">price:[* TO 500]</str>
    <str name="facet.query">price:[500 TO *]</str>
  </lst>
-->
<!-- If the default list of SearchComponents is not desired, that
list can either be overridden completely, or components can be
prepended or appended to the default list. (see below)
```

```
-->
<!--
  <arr name="components">
    <str>nameOfCustomComponent1</str>
    <str>nameOfCustomComponent2</str>
  </arr>
-->
```

```
</requestHandler>
```

```
<!-- A request handler that returns indented JSON by default -->
```

```
<requestHandler name="/query" class="solr.SearchHandler">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="echoParams">explicit</str>
    <str name="wt">json</str>
```

```

    <str name="indent">true</str>
    <str name="df">text</str>
  </lst>
</requestHandler>

```

<!-- realtime get handler, guaranteed to return the latest stored fields of any document, without the need to commit or open a new searcher. The current implementation relies on the updateLog feature being enabled. -->

```

<requestHandler name="/get" class="solr.RealTimeGetHandler">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="omitHeader">true</str>
    <str name="wt">json</str>
    <str name="indent">true</str>
  </lst>
</requestHandler>

```

<!-- A Robust Example

This example SearchHandler declaration shows off usage of the SearchHandler with many defaults declared

Note that multiple instances of the same Request Handler (SearchHandler) can be registered multiple times with different names (and different init parameters)

```

-->
<requestHandler name="/browse" class="solr.SearchHandler">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="echoParams">explicit</str>

    <!-- VelocityResponseWriter settings -->
    <str name="wt">velocity</str>
    <str name="v.template">browse</str>
    <str name="v.layout">layout</str>
    <str name="title">Solritas</str>

    <!-- Query settings -->
    <str name="defType">edismax</str>
    <str name="qf">
      text^0.5 features^1.0 name^1.2 sku^1.5 id^10.0 manu^1.1 cat^1.4
      title^10.0 description^5.0 keywords^5.0 author^2.0 resourcename^1.0
    </str>
    <str name="df">text</str>
    <str name="mm">100%</str>
    <str name="q.alt">*:*</str>
    <str name="rows">10</str>
    <str name="fl">*,score</str>

    <str name="mlt.qf">
      text^0.5 features^1.0 name^1.2 sku^1.5 id^10.0 manu^1.1 cat^1.4
      title^10.0 description^5.0 keywords^5.0 author^2.0 resourcename^1.0

```

```

</str>
<str name="mlt.fl">text,features,name,sku,id,manu,cat,title,description,
keywords,author,resourcename</str>
<int name="mlt.count">3</int>

<!-- Faceting defaults -->
<str name="facet">on</str>
<str name="facet.field">cat</str>
<str name="facet.field">manu_exact</str>
<str name="facet.field">content_type</str>
<str name="facet.field">author_s</str>
<str name="facet.query">ipod</str>
<str name="facet.query">GB</str>
<str name="facet.mincount">1</str>
<str name="facet.pivot">cat,inStock</str>
<str name="facet.range.other">after</str>
<str name="facet.range">price</str>
<int name="f.price.facet.range.start">0</int>
<int name="f.price.facet.range.end">600</int>
<int name="f.price.facet.range.gap">50</int>
<str name="facet.range">popularity</str>
<int name="f.popularity.facet.range.start">0</int>
<int name="f.popularity.facet.range.end">10</int>
<int name="f.popularity.facet.range.gap">3</int>
<str name="facet.range">manufacturedate_dt</str>
<str name="f.manufacturedate_dt.facet.range.start">NOW/YEAR-10YEARS</str>
>
<str name="f.manufacturedate_dt.facet.range.end">NOW</str>
<str name="f.manufacturedate_dt.facet.range.gap">+1YEAR</str>
<str name="f.manufacturedate_dt.facet.range.other">before</str>
<str name="f.manufacturedate_dt.facet.range.other">after</str>

<!-- Highlighting defaults -->
<str name="hl">on</str>
<str name="hl.fl">content features title name</str>
<str name="hl.encoder">html</str>
<str name="hl.simple.pre">&lt;b&gt;</str>
<str name="hl.simple.post">&lt;/b&gt;</str>
<str name="f.title.hl.fragsize">0</str>
<str name="f.title.hl.alternateField">title</str>
<str name="f.name.hl.fragsize">0</str>
<str name="f.name.hl.alternateField">name</str>
<str name="f.content.hl.snippets">3</str>
<str name="f.content.hl.fragsize">200</str>
<str name="f.content.hl.alternateField">content</str>
<str name="f.content.hl.maxAlternateFieldLength">750</str>

<!-- Spell checking defaults -->
<str name="spellcheck">on</str>
<str name="spellcheck.extendedResults">>false</str>
<str name="spellcheck.count">5</str>
<str name="spellcheck.alternativeTermCount">2</str>
<str name="spellcheck.maxResultsForSuggest">5</str>

```

```

    <str name="spellcheck.collate">true</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.collateExtendedResults">true</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.maxCollationTries">5</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.maxCollations">3</str>
</lst>

<!-- append spellchecking to our list of components -->
<arr name="last-components">
  <str>spellcheck</str>
</arr>
</requestHandler>

<!-- Update Request Handler.

http://wiki.apache.org/solr/UpdateXmlMessages

The canonical Request Handler for Modifying the Index through
commands specified using XML, JSON, CSV, or JAVABIN

Note: Since solr1.1 requestHandlers requires a valid content
type header if posted in the body. For example, curl now
requires: -H 'Content-type:text/xml; charset=utf-8'

To override the request content type and force a specific
Content-type, use the request parameter:
  ?update.contentType=text/csv

This handler will pick a response format to match the input
if the 'wt' parameter is not explicit
-->
<requestHandler name="/update" class="solr.UpdateRequestHandler">
  <!-- See below for information on defining
        updateRequestProcessorChains that can be used by name
        on each Update Request
  -->
  <!--
    <lst name="defaults">
      <str name="update.chain">dedupe</str>
    </lst>
  -->
</requestHandler>

<!-- for back compat with clients using /update/json and /update/csv -->
<requestHandler name="/update/json" class="solr.JsonUpdateRequestHandler">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="stream.contentType">application/json</str>
  </lst>
</requestHandler>
<requestHandler name="/update/csv" class="solr.CSVRequestHandler">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="stream.contentType">application/csv</str>
  </lst>

```

```
</requestHandler>
```

```
<!-- Solr Cell Update Request Handler
```

```
    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/ExtractingRequestHandler
```

```
-->
```

```
<requestHandler name="/update/extract"
    startup="lazy"
    class="solr.extraction.ExtractingRequestHandler" >
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="lowernames">true</str>
    <str name="uprefix">ignored_</str>

    <!-- capture link hrefs but ignore div attributes -->
    <str name="captureAttr">true</str>
    <str name="fmap.a">links</str>
    <str name="fmap.div">ignored_</str>
  </lst>
</requestHandler>
```

```
<!-- Field Analysis Request Handler
```

RequestHandler that provides much the same functionality as analysis.jsp. Provides the ability to specify multiple field types and field names in the same request and outputs index-time and query-time analysis for each of them.

Request parameters are:

analysis.fieldname - field name whose analyzers are to be used

analysis.fieldtype - field type whose analyzers are to be used

analysis.fieldvalue - text for index-time analysis

q (or analysis.q) - text for query time analysis

analysis.showmatch (true|false) - When set to true and when query analysis is performed, the produced tokens of the field value analysis will be marked as "matched" for every token that is produces by the query analysis

```
-->
```

```
<requestHandler name="/analysis/field"
    startup="lazy"
    class="solr.FieldAnalysisRequestHandler" />
```

```
<!-- Document Analysis Handler
```

```
    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/AnalysisRequestHandler
```

An analysis handler that provides a breakdown of the analysis process of provided documents. This handler expects a (single) content stream with the following format:

```

<docs>
  <doc>
    <field name="id">1</field>
    <field name="name">The Name</field>
    <field name="text">The Text Value</field>
  </doc>
  <doc>...</doc>
  <doc>...</doc>
  ...
</docs>

```

Note: Each document must contain a field which serves as the unique key. This key is used in the returned response to associate an analysis breakdown to the analyzed document.

Like the `FieldAnalysisRequestHandler`, this handler also supports query analysis by sending either an `"analysis.query"` or `"q"` request parameter that holds the query text to be analyzed. It also supports the `"analysis.showmatch"` parameter which when set to true, all field tokens that match the query tokens will be marked as a `"match"`.

```

-->
<requestHandler name="/analysis/document"
                class="solr.DocumentAnalysisRequestHandler"
                startup="lazy" />

<!-- Admin Handlers

       Admin Handlers - This will register all the standard admin
       RequestHandlers.

-->
<requestHandler name="/admin/"
                class="solr.admin.AdminHandlers" />
<!-- This single handler is equivalent to the following... -->
<!--
  <requestHandler name="/admin/luke"           class="solr.admin.LukeRequestHand
ler" />
  <requestHandler name="/admin/system"         class="solr.admin.SystemInfoHandl
er" />
  <requestHandler name="/admin/plugins"        class="solr.admin.PluginInfoHandl
er" />
  <requestHandler name="/admin/threads"        class="solr.admin.ThreadDumpHandl
er" />
  <requestHandler name="/admin/properties"     class="solr.admin.PropertiesReque
stHandler" />
  <requestHandler name="/admin/file"          class="solr.admin.ShowFileRequest
Handler" >
-->
<!-- If you wish to hide files under ${solr.home}/conf, explicitly
      register the ShowFileRequestHandler using:
-->
<!--
  <requestHandler name="/admin/file"

```

```

        class="solr.admin.ShowFileRequestHandler" >
        <lst name="invariants">
            <str name="hidden">synonyms.txt</str>
            <str name="hidden">anotherfile.txt</str>
        </lst>
    </requestHandler>
-->

<!-- ping/healthcheck -->
<requestHandler name="/admin/ping" class="solr.PingRequestHandler">
    <lst name="invariants">
        <str name="q">solrpingquery</str>
    </lst>
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="echoParams">all</str>
    </lst>
    <!-- An optional feature of the PingRequestHandler is to configure the
         handler with a "healthcheckFile" which can be used to enable/disable
         the PingRequestHandler.
         relative paths are resolved against the data dir
    -->
    <!-- <str name="healthcheckFile">server-enabled.txt</str> -->
</requestHandler>

<!-- Echo the request contents back to the client -->
<requestHandler name="/debug/dump" class="solr.DumpRequestHandler" >
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="echoParams">explicit</str>
        <str name="echoHandler">true</str>
    </lst>
</requestHandler>

<!-- Solr Replication

    The SolrReplicationHandler supports replicating indexes from a
    "master" used for indexing and "slaves" used for queries.

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SolrReplication

    It is also necessary for SolrCloud to function (in Cloud mode, the
    replication handler is used to bulk transfer segments when nodes
    are added or need to recover).

    https://wiki.apache.org/solr/SolrCloud/
-->
<requestHandler name="/replication" class="solr.ReplicationHandler" >
    <!--
        To enable simple master/slave replication, uncomment one of the
        sections below, depending on whether this solr instance should be
        the "master" or a "slave". If this instance is a "slave" you will
        also need to fill in the masterUrl to point to a real machine.
    -->
    <!--

```

```

    <lst name="master">
      <str name="replicateAfter">commit</str>
      <str name="replicateAfter">startup</str>
      <str name="confFiles">schema.xml,stopwords.txt</str>
    </lst>
  -->
<!--
  <lst name="slave">
    <str name="masterUrl">http://your-master-hostname:8983/solr</str>
    <str name="pollInterval">00:00:60</str>
  </lst>
  -->
</requestHandler>

```

<!-- Search Components

Search components are registered to SolrCore and used by instances of SearchHandler (which can access them by name)

By default, the following components are available:

```

<searchComponent name="query"      class="solr.QueryComponent" />
<searchComponent name="facet"      class="solr.FacetComponent" />
<searchComponent name="mlt"        class="solr.MoreLikeThisComponent" />
<searchComponent name="highlight" class="solr.HighlightComponent" />
<searchComponent name="stats"      class="solr.StatsComponent" />
<searchComponent name="debug"      class="solr.DebugComponent" />

```

Default configuration in a requestHandler would look like:

```

<arr name="components">
  <str>query</str>
  <str>facet</str>
  <str>mlt</str>
  <str>highlight</str>
  <str>stats</str>
  <str>debug</str>
</arr>

```

If you register a searchComponent to one of the standard names, that will be used instead of the default.

To insert components before or after the 'standard' components, use:

```

<arr name="first-components">
  <str>myFirstComponentName</str>
</arr>

<arr name="last-components">
  <str>myLastComponentName</str>
</arr>

```

NOTE: The component registered with the name "debug" will


```

    always be executed after the "last-components"

-->

<!-- Spell Check

    The spell check component can return a list of alternative spelling
    suggestions.

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SpellCheckComponent
-->
<searchComponent name="spellcheck" class="solr.SpellCheckComponent">

    <str name="queryAnalyzerFieldType">text_general</str>

    <!-- Multiple "Spell Checkers" can be declared and used by this
        component
    -->

    <!-- a spellchecker built from a field of the main index -->
    <lst name="spellchecker">
        <str name="name">default</str>
        <str name="field">text</str>
        <str name="classname">solr.DirectSolrSpellChecker</str>
        <!-- the spellcheck distance measure used, the default is the internal le
venshtein -->
        <str name="distanceMeasure">internal</str>
        <!-- minimum accuracy needed to be considered a valid spellcheck suggesti
on -->
        <float name="accuracy">0.5</float>
        <!-- the maximum #edits we consider when enumerating terms: can be 1 or 2
-->
        <int name="maxEdits">2</int>
        <!-- the minimum shared prefix when enumerating terms -->
        <int name="minPrefix">1</int>
        <!-- maximum number of inspections per result. -->
        <int name="maxInspections">5</int>
        <!-- minimum length of a query term to be considered for correction -->
        <int name="minQueryLength">4</int>
        <!-- maximum threshold of documents a query term can appear to be conside
red for correction -->
        <float name="maxQueryFrequency">0.01</float>
        <!-- uncomment this to require suggestions to occur in 1% of the document
s
        <float name="thresholdTokenFrequency">.01</float>
    -->
    </lst>

    <!-- a spellchecker that can break or combine words. See "/spell" handler
below for usage -->
    <lst name="spellchecker">
        <str name="name">wordbreak</str>
        <str name="classname">solr.WordBreakSolrSpellChecker</str>

```

```

    <str name="field">name</str>
    <str name="combineWords">true</str>
    <str name="breakWords">true</str>
    <int name="maxChanges">10</int>
</lst>

<!-- a spellchecker that uses a different distance measure -->
<!--
    <lst name="spellchecker">
        <str name="name">jarowinkler</str>
        <str name="field">spell</str>
        <str name="classname">solr.DirectSolrSpellChecker</str>
        <str name="distanceMeasure">
            org.apache.lucene.search.spell.JaroWinklerDistance
        </str>
    </lst>
-->

<!-- a spellchecker that use an alternate comparator

    comparatorClass be one of:
    1. score (default)
    2. freq (Frequency first, then score)
    3. A fully qualified class name
-->
<!--
    <lst name="spellchecker">
        <str name="name">freq</str>
        <str name="field">lowerfilt</str>
        <str name="classname">solr.DirectSolrSpellChecker</str>
        <str name="comparatorClass">freq</str>
    </lst>
-->

<!-- A spellchecker that reads the list of words from a file -->
<!--
    <lst name="spellchecker">
        <str name="classname">solr.FileBasedSpellChecker</str>
        <str name="name">file</str>
        <str name="sourceLocation">spellings.txt</str>
        <str name="characterEncoding">UTF-8</str>
        <str name="spellcheckIndexDir">spellcheckerFile</str>
    </lst>
-->
</searchComponent>

<!-- A request handler for demonstrating the spellcheck component.

    NOTE: This is purely as an example. The whole purpose of the
    SpellCheckComponent is to hook it into the request handler that
    handles your normal user queries so that a separate request is
    not needed to get suggestions.

    IN OTHER WORDS, THERE IS REALLY GOOD CHANCE THE SETUP BELOW IS

```

NOT WHAT YOU WANT FOR YOUR PRODUCTION SYSTEM!

See <http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SpellCheckComponent> for details on the request parameters.

```
-->
<requestHandler name="/spell" class="solr.SearchHandler" startup="lazy">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="df">text</str>
    <!-- Solr will use suggestions from both the 'default' spellchecker
        and from the 'wordbreak' spellchecker and combine them.
        collations (re-written queries) can include a combination of
        corrections from both spellcheckers -->
    <str name="spellcheck.dictionary">default</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.dictionary">wordbreak</str>
    <str name="spellcheck">on</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.extendedResults">true</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.count">10</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.alternativeTermCount">5</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.maxResultsForSuggest">5</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.collate">true</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.collateExtendedResults">true</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.maxCollationTries">10</str>
    <str name="spellcheck.maxCollations">5</str>
  </lst>
  <arr name="last-components">
    <str>spellcheck</str>
  </arr>
</requestHandler>
```

<!-- Term Vector Component

<http://wiki.apache.org/solr/TermVectorComponent>

```
-->
<searchComponent name="tvComponent" class="solr.TermVectorComponent"/>
```

<!-- A request handler for demonstrating the term vector component

This is purely as an example.

In reality you will likely want to add the component to your already specified request handlers.

```
-->
<requestHandler name="/tvrh" class="solr.SearchHandler" startup="lazy">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <str name="df">text</str>
    <bool name="tv">true</bool>
  </lst>
  <arr name="last-components">
    <str>tvComponent</str>
  </arr>
</requestHandler>
```

<!-- Clustering Component

You'll need to set the `solr.clustering.enabled` system property when running solr to run with clustering enabled:

```
java -Dsolr.clustering.enabled=true -jar start.jar
```

<http://wiki.apache.org/solr/ClusteringComponent>
<http://carrot2.github.io/solr-integration-strategies/>

```
-->
<searchComponent name="clustering"
    enable="${solr.clustering.enabled:false}"
    class="solr.clustering.ClusteringComponent" >
  <lst name="engine">
    <str name="name">lingo</str>

    <!-- Class name of a clustering algorithm compatible with the Carrot2 fra
mework.
```

Currently available open source algorithms are:

- * `org.carrot2.clustering.lingo.LingoClusteringAlgorithm`
- * `org.carrot2.clustering.stc.STCClusteringAlgorithm`
- * `org.carrot2.clustering.kmeans.BisectingKMeansClusteringAlgorithm`

See <http://project.carrot2.org/algorithms.html> for more information.

A commercial algorithm Lingo3G (needs to be installed separately) is defined as:

```
* com.carrotsearch.lingo3g.Lingo3GClusteringAlgorithm
-->
<str name="carrot.algorithm">org.carrot2.clustering.lingo.LingoClustering
Algorithm</str>
```

```
<!-- Override location of the clustering algorithm's resources
(attribute definitions and lexical resources).
```

A directory from which to load algorithm-specific stop words, stop labels and attribute definition XMLs.

For an overview of Carrot2 lexical resources, see:

<http://download.carrot2.org/head/manual/#chapter.lexical-resources>

For an overview of Lingo3G lexical resources, see:

<http://download.carrotsearch.com/lingo3g/manual/#chapter.lexical-resources>

```
-->
<str name="carrot.resourcesDir">clustering/carrot2</str>
</lst>

<!-- An example definition for the STC clustering algorithm. -->
<lst name="engine">
  <str name="name">stc</str>
  <str name="carrot.algorithm">org.carrot2.clustering.stc.STCClusteringAlgo
rithm</str>
```

```

</lst>

<!-- An example definition for the bisecting kmeans clustering algorithm. -
->
<lst name="engine">
  <str name="name">kmeans</str>
  <str name="carrot.algorithm">org.carrot2.clustering.kmeans.BisectingKMean
sClusteringAlgorithm</str>
</lst>
</searchComponent>

<!-- A request handler for demonstrating the clustering component

  This is purely as an example.

  In reality you will likely want to add the component to your
  already specified request handlers.
-->
<requestHandler name="/clustering"
  startup="lazy"
  enable="${solr.clustering.enabled:false}"
  class="solr.SearchHandler">
  <lst name="defaults">
    <bool name="clustering">true</bool>
    <bool name="clustering.results">true</bool>
    <!-- Field name with the logical "title" of a each document (optional) --
>
    <str name="carrot.title">name</str>
    <!-- Field name with the logical "URL" of a each document (optional) -->
    <str name="carrot.url">id</str>
    <!-- Field name with the logical "content" of a each document (optional)
-->
    <str name="carrot.snippet">features</str>
    <!-- Apply highlighter to the title/ content and use this for clustering.
-->
    <bool name="carrot.produceSummary">true</bool>
    <!-- the maximum number of labels per cluster -->
    <!--<int name="carrot.numDescriptions">5</int>-->
    <!-- produce sub clusters -->
    <bool name="carrot.outputSubClusters">false</bool>

    <!-- Configure the remaining request handler parameters. -->
    <str name="defType">edismax</str>
    <str name="qf">
      text^0.5 features^1.0 name^1.2 sku^1.5 id^10.0 manu^1.1 cat^1.4
    </str>
    <str name="q.alt">*:*</str>
    <str name="rows">10</str>
    <str name="fl">*,score</str>
  </lst>
  <arr name="last-components">
    <str>clustering</str>
  </arr>

```

```

</requestHandler>

<!-- Terms Component

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/TermsComponent

    A component to return terms and document frequency of those
    terms
-->
<searchComponent name="terms" class="solr.TermsComponent"/>

<!-- A request handler for demonstrating the terms component -->
<requestHandler name="/js" class="org.apache.solr.handler.js.JavaScriptReques
tHandler" startup="lazy"/>
<requestHandler name="/terms" class="solr.SearchHandler" startup="lazy">
    <lst name="defaults">
        <bool name="terms">true</bool>
        <bool name="distrib">false</bool>
    </lst>
    <arr name="components">
        <str>terms</str>
    </arr>
</requestHandler>

<!-- Query Elevation Component

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/QueryElevationComponent

    a search component that enables you to configure the top
    results for a given query regardless of the normal lucene
    scoring.
-->
<searchComponent name="elevator" class="solr.QueryElevationComponent" >
    <!-- pick a fieldType to analyze queries -->
    <str name="queryFieldType">string</str>
    <str name="config-file">elevate.xml</str>
</searchComponent>

<!-- A request handler for demonstrating the elevator component -->
<requestHandler name="/elevate" class="solr.SearchHandler" startup="lazy">
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="echoParams">explicit</str>
        <str name="df">text</str>
    </lst>
    <arr name="last-components">
        <str>elevator</str>
    </arr>
</requestHandler>

<!-- Highlighting Component

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/HighlightingParameters

```

```

-->
<searchComponent class="solr.HighlightComponent" name="highlight">
  <highlighting>
    <!-- Configure the standard fragmenter -->
    <!-- This could most likely be commented out in the "default" case -->
    <fragmenter name="gap"
      default="true"
      class="solr.highlight.GapFragmenter">
      <lst name="defaults">
        <int name="hl.fragsize">100</int>
      </lst>
    </fragmenter>

    <!-- A regular-expression-based fragmenter
      (for sentence extraction)
    -->
    <fragmenter name="regex"
      class="solr.highlight.RegexFragmenter">
      <lst name="defaults">
        <!-- slightly smaller fragsizes work better because of slop -->
        <int name="hl.fragsize">70</int>
        <!-- allow 50% slop on fragment sizes -->
        <float name="hl.regex.slop">0.5</float>
        <!-- a basic sentence pattern -->
        <str name="hl.regex.pattern">[-\w ,/\n\&quot;&apos;]{20,200}</str>
      </lst>
    </fragmenter>

    <!-- Configure the standard formatter -->
    <formatter name="html"
      default="true"
      class="solr.highlight.HtmlFormatter">
      <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="hl.simple.pre"><![CDATA[<em>]]></str>
        <str name="hl.simple.post"><![CDATA[</em>]]></str>
      </lst>
    </formatter>

    <!-- Configure the standard encoder -->
    <encoder name="html"
      class="solr.highlight.HtmlEncoder" />

    <!-- Configure the standard fragListBuilder -->
    <fragListBuilder name="simple"
      class="solr.highlight.SimpleFragListBuilder"/>

    <!-- Configure the single fragListBuilder -->
    <fragListBuilder name="single"
      class="solr.highlight.SingleFragListBuilder"/>

    <!-- Configure the weighted fragListBuilder -->
    <fragListBuilder name="weighted"
      default="true"

```

```

        class="solr.highlight.WeightedFragListBuilder"/>

<!-- default tag FragmentsBuilder -->
<fragmentsBuilder name="default"
    default="true"
    class="solr.highlight.ScoreOrderFragmentsBuilder">

    <!--
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="hl.multiValuedSeparatorChar">/</str>
    </lst>
    -->
</fragmentsBuilder>

<!-- multi-colored tag FragmentsBuilder -->
<fragmentsBuilder name="colored"
    class="solr.highlight.ScoreOrderFragmentsBuilder">
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="hl.tag.pre"><![CDATA[
            <b style="background:yellow">,<b style="background:lawgreen">,
            <b style="background:aquamarine">,<b style="background:magenta">

            <b style="background:palegreen">,<b style="background:coral">,
            <b style="background:wheat">,<b style="background:khaki">,
            <b style="background:lime">,<b style="background:deepskyblue">]]
        </str>
        <str name="hl.tag.post"><![CDATA[</b>]]></str>
    </lst>
</fragmentsBuilder>

<boundaryScanner name="default"
    default="true"
    class="solr.highlight.SimpleBoundaryScanner">
    <lst name="defaults">
        <str name="hl.bs.maxScan">10</str>
        <str name="hl.bs.chars">.,!? &#9;&#10;&#13;</str>
    </lst>
</boundaryScanner>

<boundaryScanner name="breakIterator"
    class="solr.highlight.BreakIteratorBoundaryScanner">
    <lst name="defaults">
        <!-- type should be one of CHARACTER, WORD(default), LINE and SENTENC
E -->
        <str name="hl.bs.type">WORD</str>
        <!-- language and country are used when constructing Locale object.
        -->
        <!-- And the Locale object will be used when getting instance of Brea
kIterator -->
        <str name="hl.bs.language">en</str>
        <str name="hl.bs.country">US</str>
    </lst>
</boundaryScanner>
</highlight>

```



```
</searchComponent>
```

```
<!-- Update Processors
```

Chains of Update Processor Factories for dealing with Update Requests can be declared, and then used by name in Update Request Processors

<http://wiki.apache.org/solr/UpdateRequestProcessor>

```
-->
```

```
<!-- Deduplication
```

An example dedup update processor that creates the "id" field on the fly based on the hash code of some other fields. This example has `overwriteDups` set to `false` since we are using the `id` field as the `signatureField` and Solr will maintain uniqueness based on that anyway.

```
-->
```

```
<!--
```

```
<updateRequestProcessorChain name="dedupe">
  <processor class="solr.processor.SignatureUpdateProcessorFactory">
    <bool name="enabled">true</bool>
    <str name="signatureField">id</str>
    <bool name="overwriteDups">false</bool>
    <str name="fields">name,features,cat</str>
    <str name="signatureClass">solr.processor.Lookup3Signature</str>
  </processor>
  <processor class="solr.LogUpdateProcessorFactory" />
  <processor class="solr.RunUpdateProcessorFactory" />
</updateRequestProcessorChain>
-->
```

```
<!-- Language identification
```

This example update chain identifies the language of the incoming documents using the `langid` contrib. The detected language is written to field `language_s`. No field name mapping is done. The fields used for detection are `text`, `title`, `subject` and `description`, making this example suitable for detecting languages from full-text rich documents injected via `ExtractingRequestHandler`. See more about `langId` at <http://wiki.apache.org/solr/LanguageDetection>

```
-->
```

```
<!--
```

```
<updateRequestProcessorChain name="langid">
  <processor class="org.apache.solr.update.processor.TikaLanguageIdentificationUpdateProcessorFactory">
    <str name="langid.fl">text,title,subject,description</str>
    <str name="langid.langField">language_s</str>
    <str name="langid.fallback">en</str>
  </processor>
  <processor class="solr.LogUpdateProcessorFactory" />
```

```

        <processor class="solr.RunUpdateProcessorFactory" />
    </updateRequestProcessorChain>
-->

<!-- Script update processor

This example hooks in an update processor implemented using JavaScript.

See more about the script update processor at http://wiki.apache.org/solr/ScriptUpdateProcessor
-->
<!--
    <updateRequestProcessorChain name="script">
        <processor class="solr.StatelessScriptUpdateProcessorFactory">
            <str name="script">update-script.js</str>
            <lst name="params">
                <str name="config_param">example config parameter</str>
            </lst>
        </processor>
        <processor class="solr.RunUpdateProcessorFactory" />
    </updateRequestProcessorChain>
-->

<!-- Response Writers

http://wiki.apache.org/solr/QueryResponseWriter

Request responses will be written using the writer specified by
the 'wt' request parameter matching the name of a registered
writer.

The "default" writer is the default and will be used if 'wt' is
not specified in the request.
-->
<!-- The following response writers are implicitly configured unless
    overridden...
-->
<!--
    <queryResponseWriter name="xml"
                        default="true"
                        class="solr.XMLResponseWriter" />
    <queryResponseWriter name="json" class="solr.JSONResponseWriter"/>
    <queryResponseWriter name="python" class="solr.PythonResponseWriter"/>
    <queryResponseWriter name="ruby" class="solr.RubyResponseWriter"/>
    <queryResponseWriter name="php" class="solr.PHPResponseWriter"/>
    <queryResponseWriter name="phps" class="solr.PHPSerializedResponseWriter"/
>
    <queryResponseWriter name="csv" class="solr.CSVResponseWriter"/>
    <queryResponseWriter name="schema.xml" class="solr.SchemaXmlResponseWriter"
"/>
-->

<queryResponseWriter name="json" class="solr.JSONResponseWriter">

```

```

    <!-- For the purposes of the tutorial, JSON responses are written as
    plain text so that they are easy to read in *any* browser.
    If you expect a MIME type of "application/json" just remove this override
    .
    -->
    <str name="content-type">text/plain; charset=UTF-8</str>
</queryResponseWriter>

<!--
    Custom response writers can be declared as needed...
    -->
    <queryResponseWriter name="velocity" class="solr.VelocityResponseWriter" st
artup="lazy"/>

<!-- XSLT response writer transforms the XML output by any xslt file found
    in Solr's conf/xslt directory.  Changes to xslt files are checked for
    every xsltCacheLifetimeSeconds.
    -->
    <queryResponseWriter name="xslt" class="solr.XSLTResponseWriter">
    <int name="xsltCacheLifetimeSeconds">5</int>
</queryResponseWriter>

<!-- Query Parsers

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/SolrQuerySyntax

    Multiple QParserPlugins can be registered by name, and then
    used in either the "defType" param for the QueryComponent (used
    by SearchHandler) or in LocalParams
    -->
<!-- example of registering a query parser -->
<!--
    <queryParser name="myparser" class="com.mycompany.MyQParserPlugin"/>
    -->

<!-- Function Parsers

    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/FunctionQuery

    Multiple ValueSourceParsers can be registered by name, and then
    used as function names when using the "func" QParser.
    -->
<!-- example of registering a custom function parser -->
<!--
    <valueSourceParser name="myfunc"
    class="com.mycompany.MyValueSourceParser" />
    -->

<!-- Document Transformers
    http://wiki.apache.org/solr/DocTransformers
    -->

```

```

<!--
  Could be something like:
  <transformer name="db" class="com.mycompany.LoadFromDatabaseTransformer" >
    <int name="connection">jdbc://....</int>
  </transformer>

  To add a constant value to all docs, use:
  <transformer name="mytrans2" class="org.apache.solr.response.transform.ValueAugmenterFactory" >
    <int name="value">5</int>
  </transformer>

  If you want the user to still be able to change it with _value:something_
  use this:
  <transformer name="mytrans3" class="org.apache.solr.response.transform.ValueAugmenterFactory" >
    <double name="defaultValue">5</double>
  </transformer>

  If you are using the QueryElevationComponent, you may wish to mark documents
  that get boosted. The
  EditorialMarkerFactory will do exactly that:
  <transformer name="qecBooster" class="org.apache.solr.response.transform.EditorialMarkerFactory" />
  -->

  <!-- Legacy config for the admin interface -->
  <admin>
    <defaultQuery>*:*</defaultQuery>
  </admin>

</config>

```