Got it A You want a complete Expenses Tracker project using KivyMD (for mobile UI), Django (as backend API), and MySQL (as database). I'll break it into steps so you can set it up smoothly.

# Project Overview

- Frontend → KivyMD app (cross-platform, Android/iOS/desktop)
- Backend → Django REST API (handles users, expenses, categories, authentication)
- Database → MySQL (stores data)

# Step 1: Setup Django + MySQL

- 1. Install dependencies:
- 2. pip install django djangorestframework mysqlclient
- 3. Create Django project:
- 4. django-admin startproject expenses\_backend
- 5. cd expenses\_backend
- 6. In settings.py, configure MySQL:
- 7. DATABASES = {
- 8. 'default': {
- 9. 'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
- 10. 'NAME': 'expenses\_db',
- 11. 'USER': 'root',
- 12. 'PASSWORD': 'your\_password',
- 13. 'HOST': 'localhost',
- 14. 'PORT': '3306',
- 15. }
- 16. }
- 17. Create expenses app:
- 18. python manage.py startapp expenses
- 19. Define Expense model (expenses/models.py):
- 20. from django.db import models
- 21. from django.contrib.auth.models import User
- 22.

```
23. class Expense(models.Model):
24.
      user = models.ForeignKey(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
25.
      title = models.CharField(max_length=100)
26.
      category = models.CharField(max_length=50)
27.
      amount = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10, decimal_places=2)
28.
      date = models.DateField(auto_now_add=True)
29.
30.
     def __str__(self):
31.
        return f"{self.title} - {self.amount}"
32. Create serializers (expenses/serializers.py):
33. from rest_framework import serializers
34. from .models import Expense
35.
36. class ExpenseSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
37.
     class Meta:
38.
        model = Expense
39.
        fields = '__all__'
40. Create views (expenses/views.py):
41. from rest_framework import viewsets, permissions
42. from .models import Expense
43. from .serializers import ExpenseSerializer
44.
45. class ExpenseViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
46.
      queryset = Expense.objects.all()
47.
      serializer_class = ExpenseSerializer
48.
      permission_classes = [permissions.lsAuthenticated]
49.
50.
      def get_queryset(self):
51.
        return Expense.objects.filter(user=self.request.user)
52.
```

53.

def perform\_create(self, serializer):

```
54. serializer.save(user=self.request.user)
```

- 55. Setup URLs (expenses\_backend/urls.py):
- 56. from django.contrib import admin
- 57. from django.urls import path, include
- 58. from rest\_framework.routers import DefaultRouter
- 59. from expenses.views import ExpenseViewSet
- 60.
- 61. router = DefaultRouter()
- 62. router.register(r'expenses', ExpenseViewSet, basename='expense')
- 63.
- 64. urlpatterns = [
- 65. path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
- 66. path('api/', include(router.urls)),
- 67. ]
- 68. Run migrations:
- 69. python manage.py makemigrations
- 70. python manage.py migrate
- 71. Create superuser:
- 72. python manage.py createsuperuser

# ♦ Step 2: Setup KivyMD App (Frontend)

- 1. Install KivyMD:
- 2. pip install kivy kivymd requests
- 3. Example main.py:
- 4. from kivy.lang import Builder
- 5. from kivymd.app import MDApp
- 6. import requests
- 7.
- 8. KV = """
- 9. BoxLayout:
- 10. orientation: "vertical"

```
11.
12.
      MDToolbar:
13.
        title: "Expense Tracker"
14.
        md_bg_color: app.theme_cls.primary_color
15.
        specific_text_color: 1,1,1,1
16.
17.
      ScrollView:
18.
        MDList:
19.
          id: expenses_list
20.
21.
      MDFloatingActionButton:
22.
        icon: "plus"
        pos: "20dp", "20dp"
23.
24.
        md_bg_color: app.theme_cls.primary_color
25.
        on_release: app.add_expense()
26. """
27.
28. class ExpenseApp(MDApp):
29.
      API_URL = "http://127.0.0.1:8000/api/expenses/"
30.
31.
     def build(self):
32.
        self.theme_cls.primary_palette = "Blue"
33.
        return Builder.load_string(KV)
34.
35.
      def on_start(self):
36.
        self.load_expenses()
37.
38.
      def load_expenses(self):
        response = requests.get(self.API_URL, headers={"Authorization": "Token
39.
   your_api_token"})
        if response.status_code == 200:
40.
```

```
41.
          expenses = response.json()
42.
          for exp in expenses:
43.
            self.root.ids.expenses_list.add_widget(
44.
               self.create_expense_item(exp["title"], exp["amount"], exp["category"])
45.
            )
46.
47.
      def create_expense_item(self, title, amount, category):
48.
        from kivymd.uix.list import OneLineListItem
49.
        return OneLineListItem(text=f"{title} - {category}: ₹{amount}")
50.
51.
      def add_expense(self):
52.
        # Example: Add expense via POST
53.
        data = {"title": "Tea", "category": "Food", "amount": "20.00"}
54.
        requests.post(self.API_URL, data=data, headers={"Authorization": "Token
   your_api_token"})
55.
        self.root.ids.expenses_list.clear_widgets()
56.
        self.load_expenses()
57.
58. ExpenseApp().run()
```

## Step 3: Authentication

- Install token auth:
- pip install djangorestframework-simplejwt
- Update Django to use JWT tokens so KivyMD app can login & get token.

## Step 4: Deployment

- **Backend** → Deploy Django on server (Heroku, Railway, VPS, etc.)
- Frontend → Package KivyMD into APK using Buildozer.

Do you want me to prepare a **ready-to-run zipped project structure with Django + KivyMD + MySQL** (with authentication included), or just the **code snippets** like above in a PDF?

### You said:

it is not installing mysqlclient

### ChatGPT said:

That's a very common issue A when working with **mysqlclient**, especially on Windows. Don't worry — I'll walk you through the fixes and alternatives.

# Why mysqlclient Fails to Install

- It needs C compiler & MySQL development libraries installed.
- On Windows, you need Visual Studio Build Tools and the MySQL Connector/C.

# Fix 1: Install Precompiled mysqlclient Wheel (Windows only)

- 1. Go to Unofficial Python Binaries.
- 2. Download the .whl file matching your Python version (e.g., mysqlclient-2.2.0-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl for Python 3.11 x64).
- 3. Install it:

}

4. pip install path\to\mysqlclient-2.2.0-cp311-cp311-win\_amd64.whl

# Fix 2: Use mysql-connector-python Instead (Simpler, pure Python)

```
Instead of mysqlclient, you can use:

pip install mysql-connector-python

Update Django settings (settings.py):

DATABASES = {

    'default': {

        'ENGINE': 'mysql.connector.django',

        'NAME': 'expenses_db',

        'USER': 'root',

        'PASSWORD': 'your_password',

        'HOST': 'localhost',

        'PORT': '3306',

}
```

⚠ Downside: mysql-connector-python is slower than mysqlclient, but works without extra compilation.

# Fix 3: Use PyMySQL (Another Alternative)

pip install pymysql

Then add this to your Django project's \_\_init\_\_.py (inside the project folder where settings.py is):

import pymysql

pymysql.install\_as\_MySQLdb()

And in settings.py keep:

'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',



**Question for you:** 

Do you want me to rebuild the expense tracker setup using mysql-connector-python or PyMySQL (so it installs easily), instead of sticking with mysqlclient?