#### GIT & GITHUB

#### GIT

- **% Git简介**
- **% Git初探**
- ₩Git常用流程

## GIT简介

**%**Git

- \*\* The stupid content tracker
- \* a stupid or unpleasant person



# GIT简介







## GIT简介

- \*\*分布式
- \*\*速度快
- \*\*分支管理简单

\*\*

※ 工作区/workspace

燚暂存区/stage/index

燚版本库/repository

git reset -- files git commit

Stage (Index)

git checkout -- files git add files

Working Directory

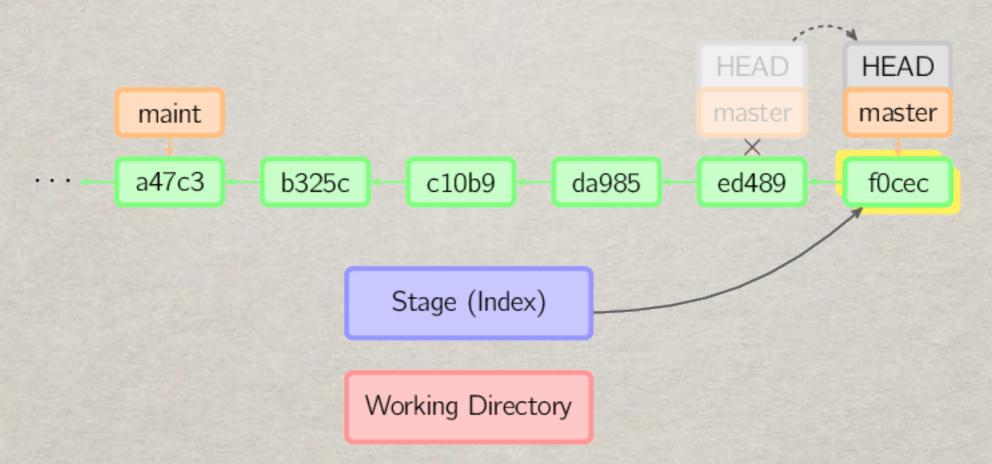
- 《两个常用的查看命令

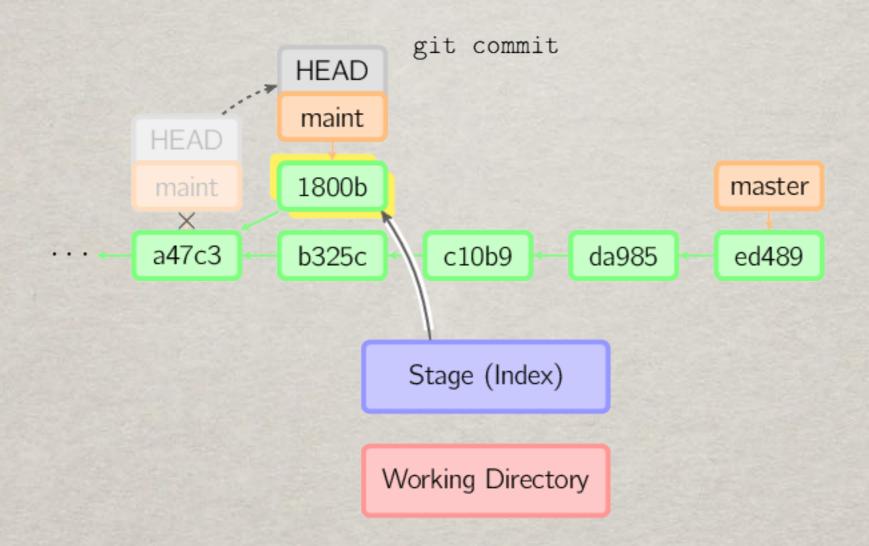
  - ## git log [--help]

- # git add [--help]
  - \*\*将文件加入到暂存区
  - \*常用参数
    - ₩-u 仅添加已经在暂存区的文件修改
    - ※-A 添加所有文件到暂存区(尽量少用)

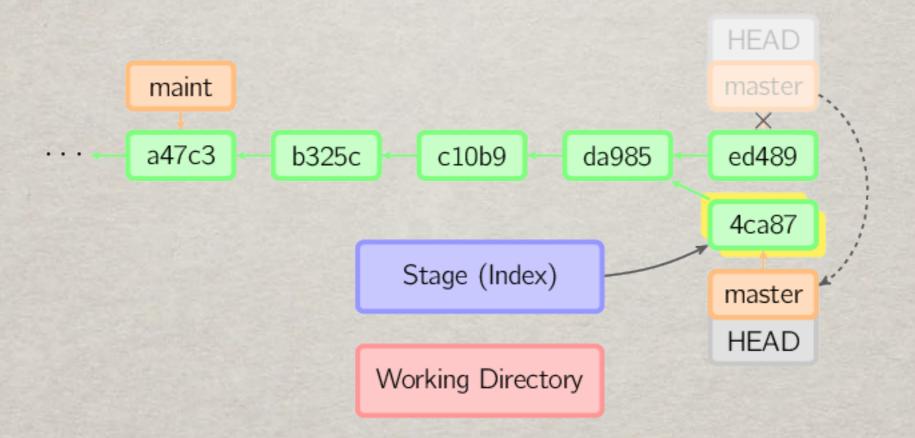
- # git commit [--help]
  - 縱将暂存区内容保存到版本库
  - \*\*常用参数
    - ፠-m"提交内容"
    - ₩--amend 整合到上一次提交(master分 支上少用,可能导致和远程不一致)

#### git commit





git commit --amend



\* 实战

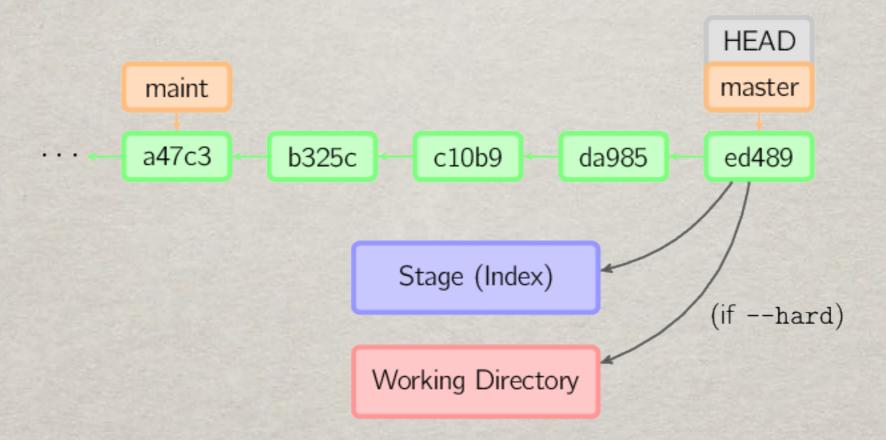
\* 取消一次commit或者add

**※可用参数** 

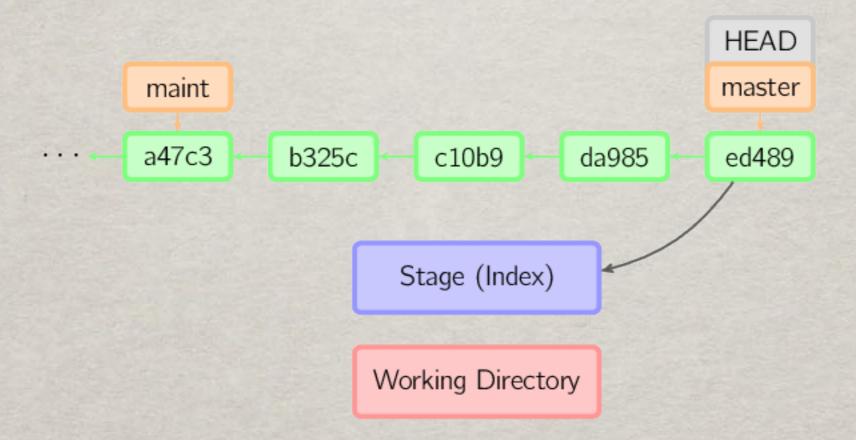
**\*\*--soft** 

₩ -- hard

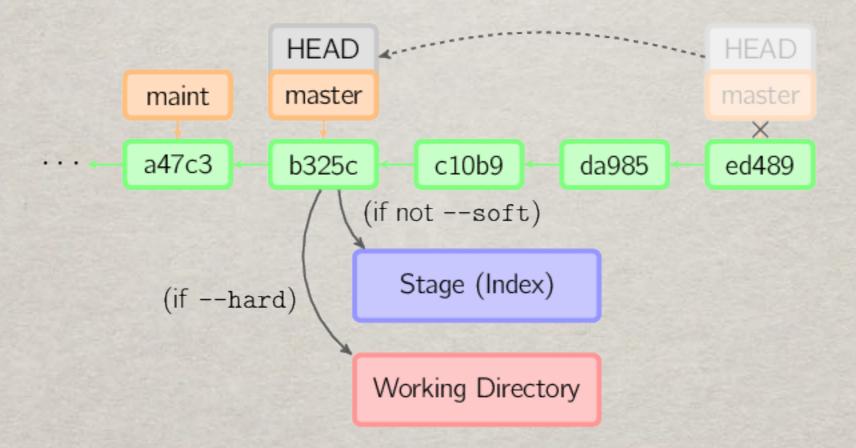
#### git reset



git reset -- files

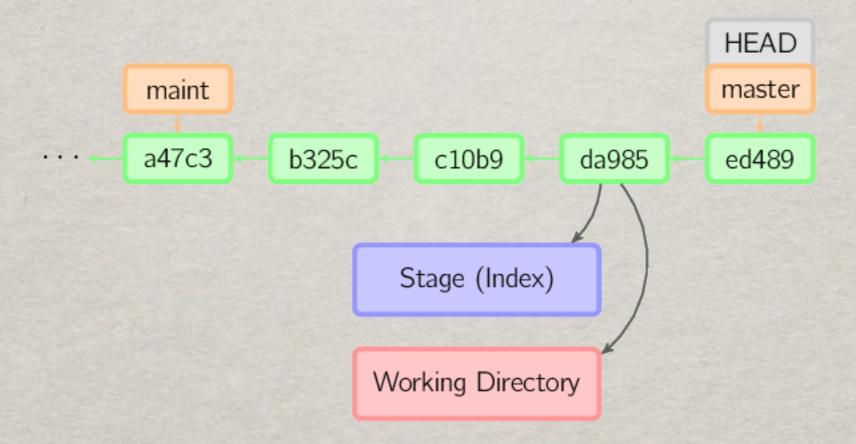


git reset HEAD~3

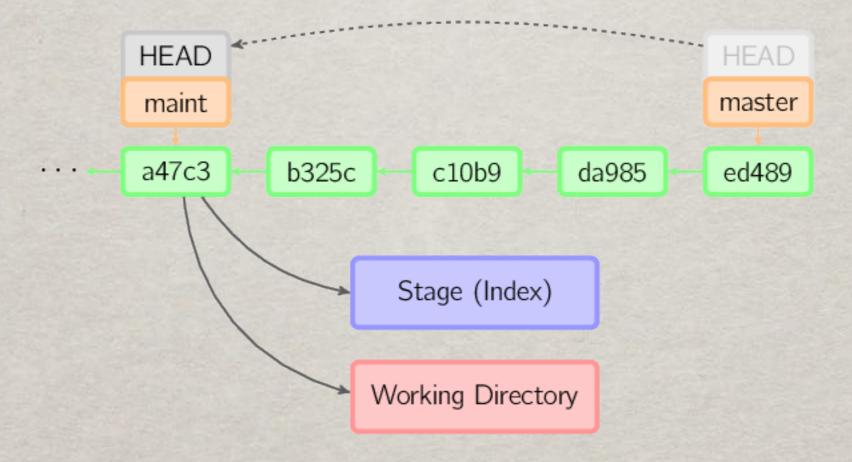


- # git checkout [--help]
  - ₩取出历史版本的内容(未commit的数据会 丢失)
  - **※可用参数** 
    - 戮-b 新建一个分支并且切换过去
    - 燚[filename] 将

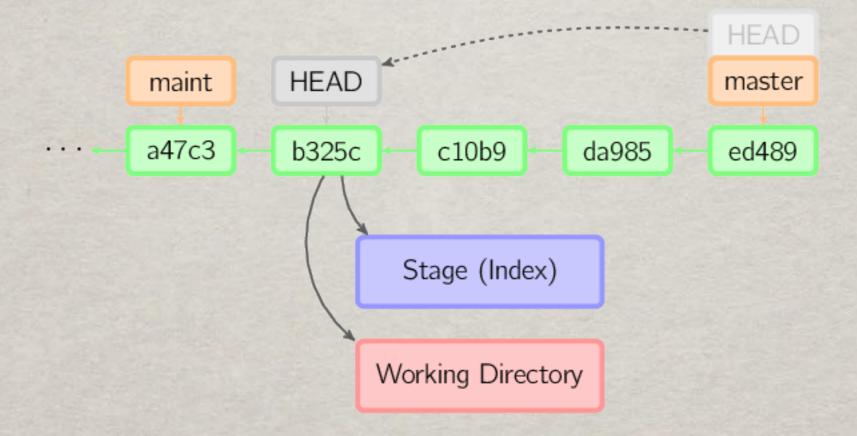
git checkout HEAD~ files

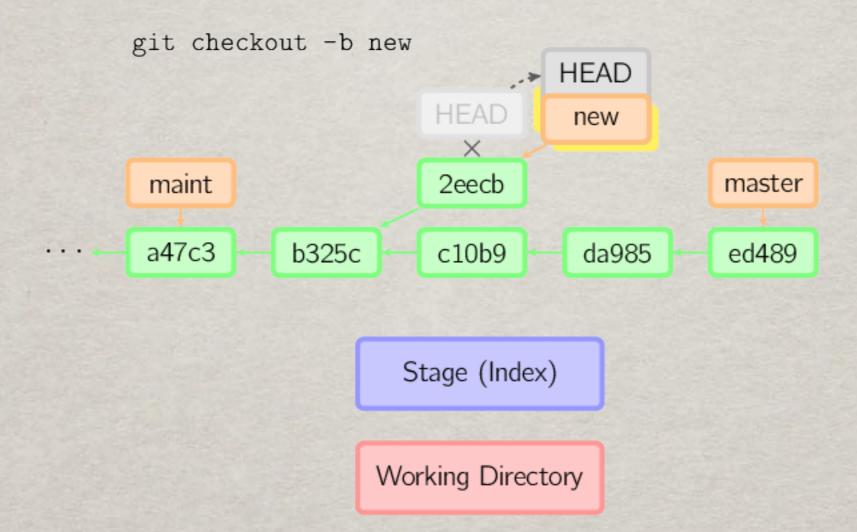


#### git checkout maint



git checkout master~3





# git merge [--help]

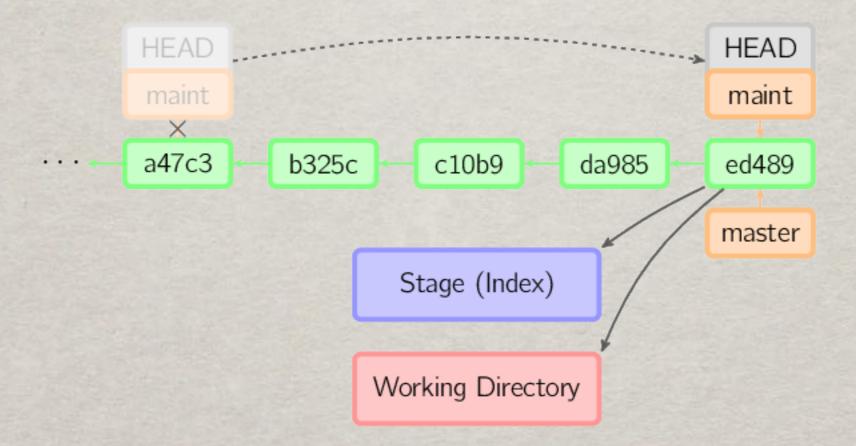
《合并版本

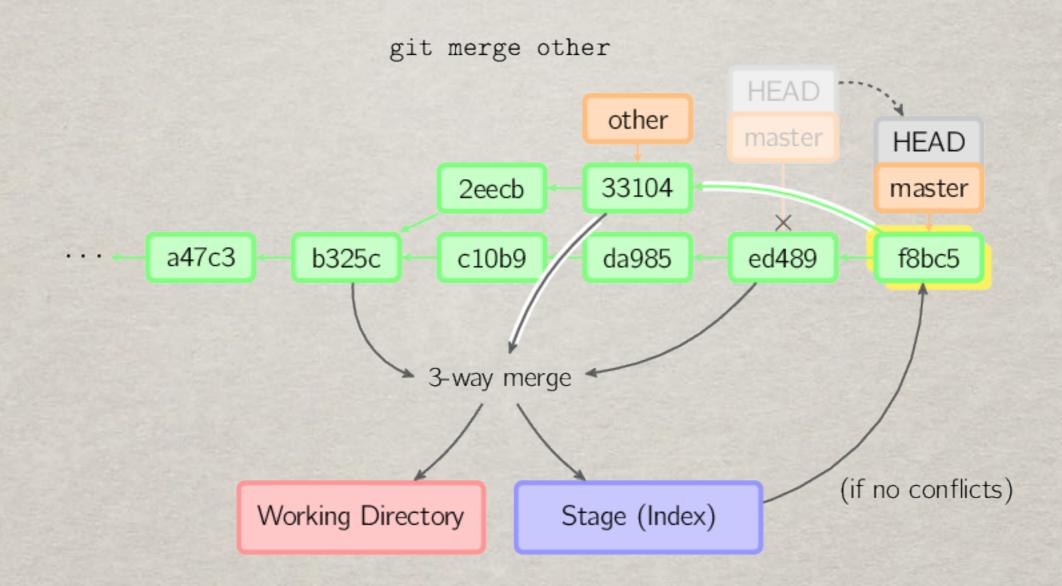
\*\*参数

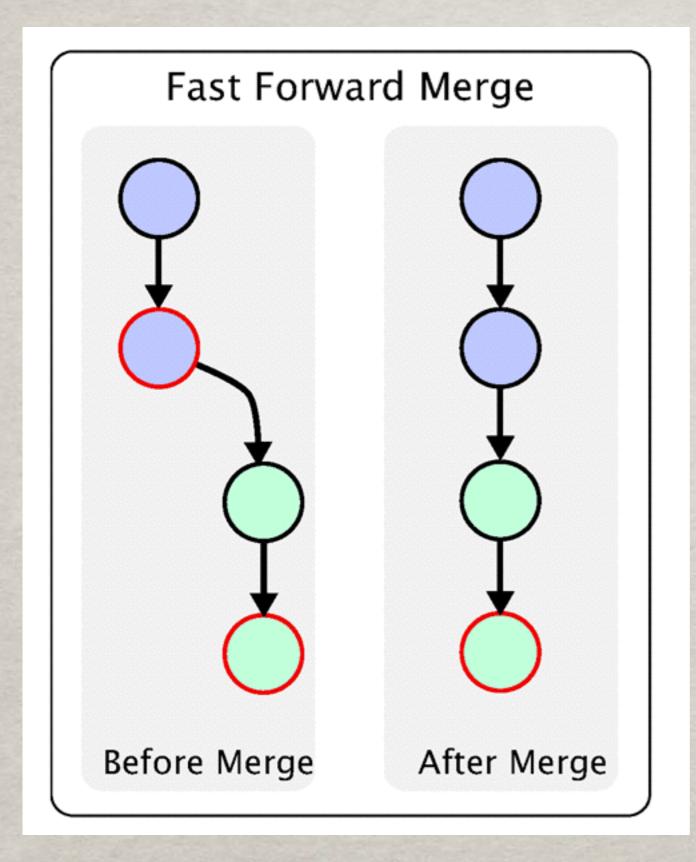
※ --squash 不自动commit

※ --no-ff 关闭fastforward

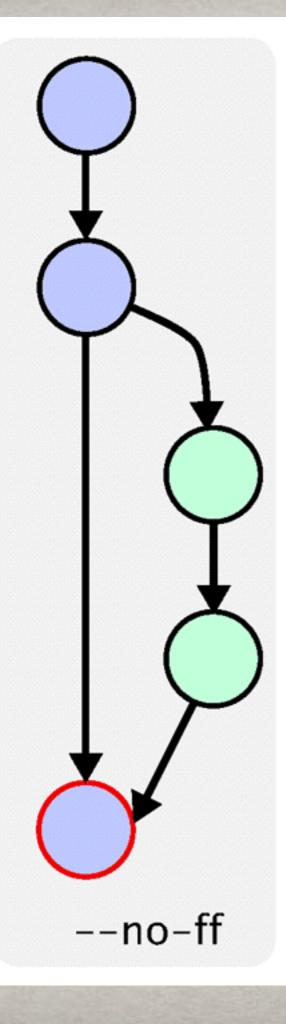
git merge master







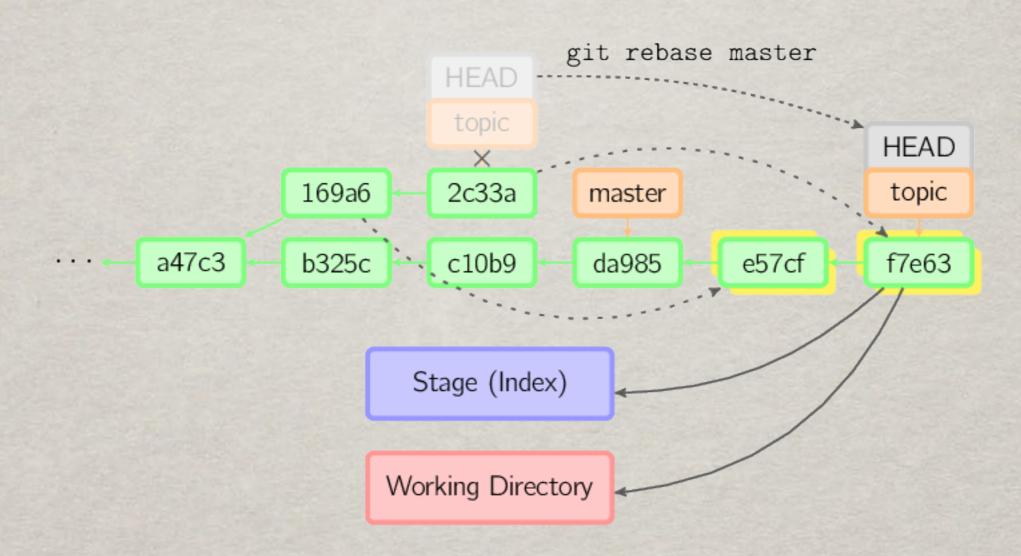
好处是,可以保留分支的commit信息, 但如果分支commit信息无意义, 就需要关闭ff功能。

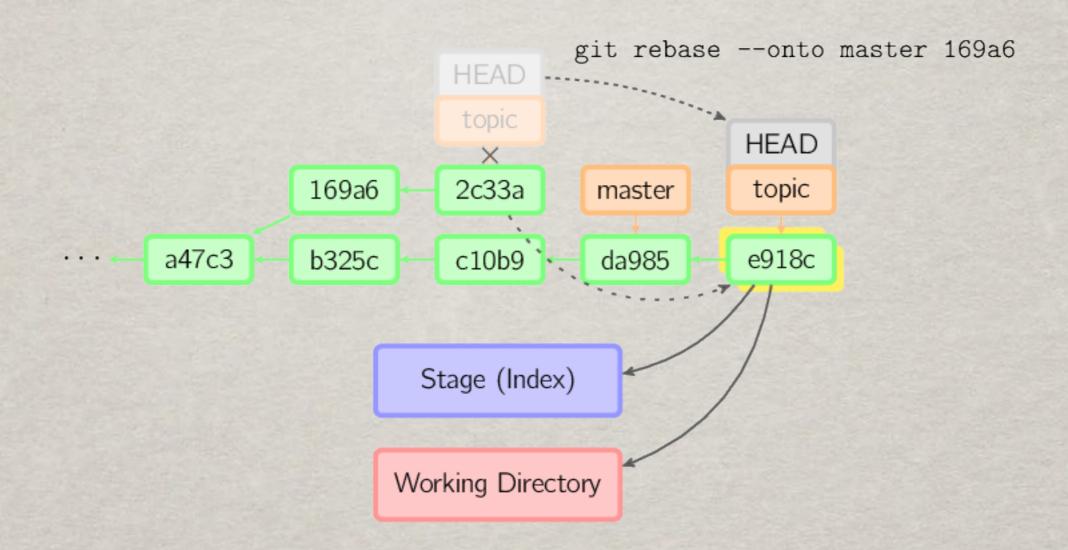


此处会产生一个merge的commit, 用户不能自定义,如果想自定义提交信息,如下: git merge branch --squash git commit -m"message"

# git rebase [--help]

\*\*重演版本





## 冲突

a123

<<<<< HEAD

b789

======

b45678910

>>>>>>

6853e5ff961e684d3a6c02d4d06183b5ff330dccc

#### 推荐书籍



Git额域的集大成之作。在广度、深度和实战性上均可谓更无前例 国内历经Gi专家亲自撰写,Gite 方维护者等数位专家联袂推荐

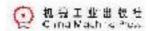




**吞嫩 著** 

Got Git! The Definitive Golde of Git

Git 权威指南



#### GITHUB

《一个面向开源及私有软件项目的托管平台



http://www.worldhello.net/gotgithub/

#### GIT与GITHUB

- \*\*常用命令
  - #git remote add origion [url]
    - ◎添加一个远程版本库
  - ₩ git pull
    - #git fetch origin
  - ₩ git push
    - 戮-f强制推送本地版本覆盖远程端

## GIT工作流程图

## GIT其他命令

\*\* 查看三个区域间的区别

\*\*分支管理

₩ git tag

※打标签,可做发布版本用

## 奇技淫巧

#### ₩rebase妙用

\*\* 当想保留分支的commit记录时,是一个很好的选择。

#### **\*\*方法**

- #git checkout branch

## 奇技淫巧

ss = status -s -b

#### 縱config妙用

```
[color]
    status = auto
    branch = auto
    diff = auto
    ui = true
    pager = true
[color "branch"]
    current = yellow reverse
    local = yellow
    remote = green
[color "diff"]
    meta = yellow bold
    frag = magenta bold
    old = red bold
    new = green bold
[color "status"]
    added = yellow
    changed = green
    untracked = cyan
```

```
[alias]

ci = commit

st = status -b

co = checkout

br = branch

la = log --pretty=\"format:\%ad \%h (\%an): \%s\\" --date=short

ll = log --pretty=oneline --graph --decorate --abbrev-commit --all

ls = log --oneline --stat --date=short
```

