## Practical aspects of deep learning

Quiz, 10 questions

10/10 points (100%)

<b>~</b>	Congratulations! You passed!

Next Item



1/1 points

1.

If you have 10,000,000 examples, how would you split the train/dev/test set?

- 33% train . 33% dev . 33% test
- 98% train . 1% dev . 1% test

Correct

60% train . 20% dev . 20% test



1/1 points

2.

The dev and test set should:

Come from the same distribution

Correct

Come from different distributions

Practical as Quiz, 10 questions	pects of deep learning same (x,y) pairs)	10/10 points (100%)
	Have the same number of examples	
_	1/1	
	points	
	8. f your Neural Network model seems to have high variance, what of the followin would be promising things to try?	ıg
	Add regularization	
	Correct	
	Make the Neural Network deeper	
	Un-selected is correct	
	Get more training data	
	Correct	
	Increase the number of units in each hidden layer	
	Un-selected is correct	
	Get more test data	
	Un-selected is correct	
_		
	1/1	

**/** 

points

Practical aspects of ideap learning check-out kiosk for a supermarket, and are 10/10 points (100%) Quiz, 10 questions building a classifier for apples, bananas and oranges. Suppose your classifier obtains a training set error of 0.5%, and a dev set error of 7%. Which of the following are promising things to try to improve your classifier? (Check all that apply.) Increase the regularization parameter lambda Correct Decrease the regularization parameter lambda Un-selected is correct Get more training data Correct Use a bigger neural network Un-selected is correct 1/1 points 5. What is weight decay? A regularization technique (such as L2 regularization) that results in gradient descent shrinking the weights on every iteration. Correct Gradual corruption of the weights in the neural network if it is trained on noisy data. The process of gradually decreasing the learning rate during training.

Practical aspects of decoloring gradient by imposing a ceiling on the Quiz, 10 questions values of the weights.

10/10 points (100%)

<b>~</b>	1/1 points
6. What h	nappens when you increase the regularization hyperparameter lambda?
0	Weights are pushed toward becoming smaller (closer to 0)
Corre	ect
	Weights are pushed toward becoming bigger (further from 0)
	Doubling lambda should roughly result in doubling the weights
	Gradient descent taking bigger steps with each iteration (proportional to lambda)
<b>~</b>	1/1 points
/. With th	ne inverted dropout technique, at test time:
	You do not apply dropout (do not randomly eliminate units), but keep the 1/keep_prob factor in the calculations used in training.
0	You do not apply dropout (do not randomly eliminate units) and do not keep the 1/keep_prob factor in the calculations used in training
Corre	ect
	You apply dropout (randomly eliminating units) and do not keep the 1/keep_prob factor in the calculations used in training
	You apply dropout (randomly eliminating units) but keep the 1/keep_prob factor in the calculations used in training.

10 points (100%)

Practical aspe	l aspects of deep learning	
<b>~</b>	1/1 points	
	easing the parameter keep_prob from (say) 0.5 to 0.6 will likely cause the wing: (Check the two that apply)	
	Increasing the regularization effect	
Ur	n-selected is correct	
	Reducing the regularization effect	
Co	rrect	
	Causing the neural network to end up with a higher training set error	
Ur	n-selected is correct	
	Causing the neural network to end up with a lower training set error	
Co	rrect	
<b>✓</b>	1 / 1 points	
	th of these techniques are useful for reducing variance (reducing overfittinck all that apply.)	ıg)?
	Data augmentation	

Correct

Dropout

## Practical aspects of deep learning Quiz, 10 questions

10/10 points (100%)

	Gradient Checking				
Un-se	Un-selected is correct				
	Vanishing gradient				
Un-se	elected is correct				
	Xavier initialization				
Un-se	elected is correct				
	L2 regularization				
Correct					
	Exploding gradient				
Un-selected is correct					
<b>~</b>	1/1 points				
10. Why do	o we normalize the inputs $x$ ?				
	It makes it easier to visualize the data				
	It makes the parameter initialization faster				
0	It makes the cost function faster to optimize				