

# Advanced Software Design

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#### Introduction

The ATU Examination Paper Management System is an API designed following the principles of Data-Oriented Programming (DOP) and SOLID. This is a project for the Advanced Software Design Module. The aim is to provide a reliable, easy-to-use, and maintainable interface for interacting with examination data.

### **Key Functionalities**

#### **Main Menu**

### **Examiner Management**

Creation and listing of examiners: Handle operations for internal and external examiners. Includes
creation of new examiners and listing all examiners.

ATU SYSTEM FOR APPROVING EXAMINATION PAPERS ATU SYSTEM FOR APPROVING EXAMINATION PAPERS ATU SYSTEM FOR APPROVING EXAMINATION PAPERS \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Create Examiner List All Examiners Create Module List All Modules Create Examiner
List All Examiners
Create Module
List All Modules
Add Examination Paper
List All Examination Papers \*

1. Create Examiner

2. List All Examiners

3. Create Module

4. List All Modules

5. Add Examination Paper

6. List All Examination Papers

7. Record External Examiner Action

8. List Action per Examiner

9. List Action per Paper S. Add Examination Papers
6. List All Examination Papers
7. Record External Examiner
8. List Action per Examiner
10. Exit
Choose an option: 2
List of Examiners:
Internal Examiner Details:
Name: John Healy
Type: INTERNAL
Department: Computer Science & Applied Physics
School: School of Science & Computing
Email: John healy@atu.ie
CRN: 322 Add Examination Paper 6. List All Examination Papers
7. Record External Examiner Action
8. List Action per Examiner
10. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Examiner Name:
John Healy
Enter Department:
Computer Science & Applied Physics
Select Examiner Type:
1. Internal
2. External 9. List Action per Paper
10. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Examiner Name:
Joe Bloggs
Enter Department:
School of Computer Science
Select Examiner Type:
1 Internal Enter School:
School of Science & Computing
Enter Email:
john.healy@atu.ie
Enter CRN (only numbers):
322 1. Internal 2. External External Examiner Details: Name: Joe Bloggs Type: EXTERNAL Enter Institution: National University of Ireland, Galway Examiner saved successfully. Department: School of Computer Science Institution: National University of Ireland, Galway Examiner saved successfully.

### **Academic Modules Management**

Creation and Listing of modules: Manage academic modules with functionalities for creating new
modules and listing all available ones.

```
* ATU - Dept. Computer Science & Applied Physics *

* ATU SYSTEM FOR APPROVING EXAMINATION PAPERS *

* ATU SYSTEM FOR APPROVING EXAMINA
```

#### **Examination Paper Management**

• **Paper Handling**: Creation of new examination papers and all questions following the module rules. It also lists all papers.

```
Choose an option: 5

Likt of Existing Modules:
1. COMPOMOR2

Select A Module to Add a Examination Paper (enter the number):
1 Alton Log Tables (Y/M):
Alton Actuarial Tables (Y/M):
Alton Actuarial Tables (Y/M):
Alton Actuarial Tables (Y/M):
Alton Actuarial Tables (Y/M):
Alton Graph Paper (Y/M):
Alton Graph Paper (Y/M):
Alton Graph Paper (Y/M):
Alton Modularia (Tables (Y/M):
Yellon Modularia (Tables (Y/M):
Yellon
```

```
Choose an option: 6
Enter the module code to view its examination papers (or type 'exit' to go back to the main menu):
ExaminationPaper:
        paperId='bd8b6b11-2335-4d2e-8b85-e895446631a7',
        moduleCode='COMP06022',
        allowLogTables='Yes',
        allowActuarialTables='No'
        allowStatisticalTables='Yes',
        allowGraphPaper='No',
        allowDictionaries='Yes'
       allowAttachedAnswerSheet='No'
        allowThermodynamicTables='Yes',
        allowNonProgrammableCalculators='No',
        allowRateTables='Yes',
        totalQuestions=2,
        requiredAnswers=4,
        questions=[
       1. Question Text: Explain, using examples, the following two terms as they relate to data structures and algorithms:
        (a) Space Complexity (25 Marks)
        (b) Time Complexity (25 Marks)
        2. Question Text: Citing examples, explain how the following Big-O metrics can be used to describe either space complexity or time complexity:
        (a) 0(1) (10 Marks)
        (b) O(log(n)) (10 Marks)
        (c) O(n2) (10 Marks)
        (d) O(n log(n)) (10 Marks)
       (e) O(log(n)^2) (10 Marks)
```

#### **External Examiner Actions**

• **Action Recording**: Records comments, approvals, and rejections by external examiners on examination papers. It also lists all actions for the Module and the user could choose to list all actions for an existing paper.

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List of Existing External Exadiance of Existing Services and Exercise Existing and Exercise for Exercise Services are Deternal Exadiance relative Services and Exercise Exercise Services and Exercise Exercise Services and Exercise Exercis
```

## **Design Patterns Utilization**

- **Singleton Pattern**: An example is the ExaminerUtil class, implemented to ensure there is only one instance managing the examiner data throughout the application. This pattern is crucial for centralizing and managing shared resources consistently.
- Factory Method Pattern: The methods createExaminer, createInternalExaminer, and createExternalExaminer in ExaminerUtil class follow the Factory Method pattern. They encapsulate the object creation process and delegate it to subclasses (Internal and External Examiners).
- Command Pattern: The recordAction method in ExternalExaminerServiceImpl is an example of the Command pattern, where an action (like Add\_Comment, Approve, Reject) is encapsulated as an object.
- **Strategy Pattern**: The implementation of interfaces ModuleService, ExaminationPaperService, ExternalExaminerService and QuestionService represents the Strategy pattern. Different strategies for handling modules, examination papers, and external examiner functionalities are encapsulated behind these interfaces.

### **SOLID Principles**

- Single Responsibility Principle (SRP): Classes like ModuleServiceImpl,
   ExaminationPaperServiceImpl, ExaminerUtil, each have a single responsibility.
- **Open/Closed Principle (OCP)**: The system is extendable without the need for modification. For example, adding new types of examiners or new modules can be done without altering existing code, especially due to the use of interfaces.
- **Liskov Substitution Principle (LSP)**: The use of interfaces and inheritance (like Examiner interface implemented by InternalExaminer and ExternalExaminer) shows adherence to LSP.
- Interface Segregation Principle (ISP): The application follows ISP by creating specific interfaces (ModuleService, ExaminationPaperService, ExternalExaminerService and QuestionService) for specific functionalities.
- **Dependency Inversion Principle (DIP)**: The use of high-level modules like Runner depending on abstractions (ModuleService, ExaminationPaperService, ExternalExaminerService and QuestionService) instead of concrete classes.

**End**