# ALC 2016/17 1<sup>st</sup> Project – VMC with SAT

06/Oct/2016, version 1.0

## **Overview**

The 1st ALC project is to develop an encoding for solving the Virtual Machine Consolidation (VMC) problem with propositional satisfiability (SAT).

# **Problem Specification**

With the blooming of cloud computing, the demand for data centers has been rising greatly in recent years. Their energy consumption and environmental impact has become much more significant due to the continuous growth of data center supply. It is possible to reduce the amount of energy consumed by a data center by shutting down unnecessary servers and maintaining only a subset running that is enough to fulfill the resource demand. With recent advances in virtualization technology, it even became possible to consolidate the workload of multiple under-utilized servers into a single server. The VMC problem consists of determining a placement of a set of VMs among a set of servers that minimizes energy consumption.

Consider a set  $J = \{j_1, j_2, ..., j_m\}$  of m jobs in a data center, where each job is composed of several virtual machines (VMs). For each job  $j \in J$ , let  $V_j = \{v_1, v_2, ..., v_{k_j}\}$  denote the set of  $k_j$  VMs in job j. Furthermore, let  $V = \bigcup_{j \in J} V_j$  denote the set of all VMs and for each VM  $v \in V$ ,  $cpu\_req(v)$  and  $ram\_req(v)$  are the CPU and memory requirements of VM v, respectively.

Let  $S = \{s_1, s_2, ..., s_n\}$  denote the set of n servers in the data center. For each server  $s \in S$ , we denote as  $cpu\_cap(s)$  ( $ram\_cap(s)$ ) the CPU (memory) capacity of server s. A server s is said to be active if at least one VM is placed in s. Otherwise, it is inactive. In the VMC problem the goal is to determine a placement of all VMs of V in the servers of S that minimizes the number of active servers. This placement is subject to the following constraints:

- each VM  $v \in V$  is placed in exactly one server;
- for each server s ∈ S, the sum of the CPU (memory) requirements of the VMs placed in s cannot exceed its CPU (memory) capacity;
- if two VMs v and v' are part of the same job, i.e.,  $v \in V_j$  and  $v' \in V_j$  for some  $j \in J$ , then v and v' may be required to be placed in different servers.

VERY IMPORTANT: In this first project, assume that for each VM  $v \in V$ ,  $cpu\_req(v) = 1$  and  $ram\_req(v) = 1$ .

## **Project Goals**

You are to implement a tool, or optionally a set of tools, invoked with command proj1, that should take one command line arguments representing the scenario / characteristics of a problem instance.

This set of tools should use a SAT solver to compute the makespan given the target graph and scenario, and output the VMs to be put in each server.

The tool is expected to be executed as follows:

```
proj1 <scenario-file-name> > solution.txt
```

The tool should write to the standard output, which can then be redirected to a file solution.txt. The programming language to use can either be C/C++, Java or Python.

#### **File Formats**

The input file has the following format:

```
<number of servers>
<server id> <CPU capacity> <RAM capacity>
...
<server id> <CPU capacity> <RAM capacity>
<number of VMs>
<job id> <VM index> <CPU requirements> <RAM requirements> <anti-collocation?>
...
<job id> <VM index> <CPU requirements> <RAM requirements> <anti-collocation?>
```

The output file has the following format:

```
o <optimum value>
<job id> <VM index> -> <server id>
...
<job id> <VM index> -> <server id>
```

# **Example**

The input scenario is given by:

```
4
0 5 2
1 4 1
2 7 3
3 8 5
8
0 0 1 1 True
0 1 1 1 True
1 0 1 1 False
2 0 1 1 True
2 1 1 1 True
2 1 1 True
3 1 1 True
3 1 1 True
```

An example of a valid output is the following:

```
o 2
0 0 -> 3
0 1 -> 2
1 0 -> 3
2 0 -> 3
2 1 -> 2
2 2 -> 3
3 0 -> 3
3 1 -> 2
```

## **Additional Information**

The project is to be made by groups of two students or one student only.

Papers covering different encodings of VMs with SAT [1, 2] will be available on the course's website.

The project is to be submitted through the course web site. Jointly with your code, you should submit a short text file describing the main features of your project.

The evaluation will be made taking into account correctness (80%) and efficiency (20%).

Th output described in this document should be strictly followed.

## **Project Dates**

• Project published: 06/10/2016.

• Project due: 28/10/2016.

#### **Omissions & Errors**

Any detected omissions or errors will be added to future versions of this document. Any required clarifications will be made available through the course's official website.

#### **Versions**

06/10/2016, version 1.0: Original version.

## References

- [1] B. C. Ribas, R. M. Suguimoto, R. A. N. R. Montaño, F. Silva, L. C. E. D. Bona, and M. A. Castilho. On modelling virtual machine consolidation to pseudo-boolean constraints. In J. Pavón, N. D. Duque-Méndez, and R. Fuentes-Fernández, editors, *Advances in Artificial Intelligence IBERAMIA 2012 13th Ibero-American Conference on AI, Cartagena de Indias, Colombia, November 13-16, 2012. Proceedings*, volume 7637 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 361–370. Springer, 2012.
- [2] B. C. Ribas, R. M. Suguimoto, R. A. N. R. Montaño, F. Silva, and M. A. Castilho. PBFVMC: A new pseudo-boolean formulation to virtual-machine consolidation. In *Brazilian Conference on Intelligent Systems, BRACIS 2013, Fortaleza, CE, Brazil, 19-24 October, 2013*, pages 201–206. IEEE, 2013.