$\Delta ln P_{fg}$: 2006q4–2007q2 to 2008q4–2009q2 $(-\Delta L_f)$ instrumented using Lehman ABX BankItem All (1) (2)(3)(4) (5)(6)-7.88*** $\overline{(-\Delta L_f)}$ -2.25^{*} -8.57-7.32*** -7.00** -8.80** (0.76)(1.46)(2.66)(2.53)(3.01)(1.73)Firm-level controls No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Product group FE No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes NAICS four-digit FE No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes First-stage F statistic 16.80 7.80 14.90 11.90 J-statistic p-value .89 $E[\Delta \ln P]$ 11.379 11.4 11.4 11.4 11.4 11.4 $E[\Delta \ln P: \Delta L_{p90} - \Delta L_{p10}]$ -4.916-18.7-16-15.3-19.2-17.2Observations 1,658 1,658 1,658 1,658 1,658 1,658

TABLE A.1

Main Results with the Utility-based Price Index

Notes. *p < .10, **p < .05, ***p < .01; the standard errors are clustered by firm and product group, the regression is weighted by initial sales, and the firm-level controls are the firm's listed status, age, bond rating, number of loans, amount of loans, loan type, loan-year fixed effects, multi-lead fixed effects, number of loans due in the post-Lehman period fixed effects, loan spread, loan maturity, and lagged $\Delta \ln P_{fi}$.

Equation (14) clarifies how this framework perceives UPC-specific and firm-specific qualities, φ_{ut} and φ_{fgt} . These qualities change the market share holding the output price constant. If two products have the same price but one has a larger market share, then this product has a higher perceived quality.

The relative market share can be derived from equation (14):

$$\frac{S_{ut}}{\tilde{S}_{fgt}} = \frac{\left(\frac{P_{ut}}{\varphi_{ut}}\right)^{1-\sigma^U}}{\left(\frac{\tilde{P}_{ut}}{\tilde{\varphi}_{ut}^U}\right)^{1-\sigma^U}},$$

where $\tilde{S}_{fgt} = \left[\prod_{u \in \Omega_{fgt}} S_{ut}\right]^{\frac{1}{N_{fgt}}}$, which is the geometric average of the market share of UPCs for firm f within group g at time t. By plugging equation (15) into equation (13), one can derive the following firm-group-time price index

(16)
$$\ln P_{fgt} = \underbrace{\ln \tilde{P}_{fgt}}_{\text{Standard Index}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sigma_g^U - 1} \ln \left[\sum_{u \in \Omega_{fgt}} \frac{S_{ut}}{\tilde{S}_{fgt}} \right]}_{\text{Quality/Variety Correction}},$$