

Software specifications

Chapter number	Software required (With version)	Free/Proprietary	If proprietary, can code testing be performed using a trial version	If proprietary, then cost of the software	Download links to the software	Hardware specifications	OS required
1-10	Java JDK 6.0+	Free	N/A	N/A	Oracle JDK: http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html OpenJDK: http://openjdk.java.net/install/index.html		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X / Windows
1, 10	SBT	Free	N/A	N/A	http://www.scala-sbt.org/release/docs/Getting-Started/Setup.html		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X / Windows
1	Maven	Free	N/A	N/A	http://maven.apache.org/download.cgi		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X / Windows
1-10	Apache Spark (Version 1.2.0 with Hadoop)	Free	N/A	N/A	Spark Downloads page: http://spark.apache.org/downloads.html		Linux / Unix / Mac OS

	2.4)				Apache mirror: http://www.apache.org/dyn/closer.cgi/spark/spark-1.2.0/spark-1.2.0-bin-hadoop2.4.tgz		X. Windows supported by Spark but not specifically covered in the book.
1-10	Python (Version 2.6+)	Free	N/A	N/A	https://www.python.org/downloads/		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X – Python is normally a part of the OS distribution. Windows requires Python to be downloaded and installed separately

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3,6,8	NumPy (Version 1.4+)	Free	N/A	N/A	http://www.scipy.org/install.html		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X / Window s
3,6,8	Matplotlib	Free	N/A	N/A	http://matplotlib.org/downloads.html		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X / Window s
3,6,8	IPython (Version 2.0+)	Free	N/A	N/A	http://ipython.org/install.html		Linux / Unix / Mac OS X / Window s

Detailed installation steps (software-wise)

The steps should be listed in a way that it prepares the system environment to be able to test the codes of the book.

1. Java JDK – required for running Java and Scala Spark code:
 - a. Most Linux, Unix and Mac OS X distributions come with Java installed. This can be tested by running `java -version`.
 - b. If required to be installed, for Linux and Unix follow the instructions for OpenJDK here:
<http://openjdk.java.net/install/index.html>.
 - c. Alternatively, the Oracle JDK can be installed from the following instructions:
<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html>.
2. Apache Spark:

- a. Download the pre-built Apache Spark binaries from <http://www.apache.org/dyn/closer.cgi/spark/spark-1.2.0/spark-1.2.0-bin-hadoop2.4.tgz>.
 - b. Unzip the downloaded file using `tar xfvz spark-1.2.0-bin-hadoop2.4.tgz`.
 - c. Change directory into the created folder using `cd spark-1.2.0-bin-hadoop2.4`.
 - d. Test the Scala shell using `./bin/spark-shell`.
 - e. Test the Python shell using `./bin/pyspark`.
 - f. Run an example using `./bin/run-example SparkPi`.
 - g. If all of it works, then that means Java and Python are both installed correctly on your system.
3. Python scientific stack:
 - a. For #4, #5, #6 and #7 below, a **highly recommended** way of installing all the required Python components is to install Anaconda (<http://continuum.io/downloads>) or Enthought's Canopy (<https://www.enthought.com/downloads/>).
 - b. These packages provide Python, Numpy, Scipy, matplotlib and IPython all in one easy to install package.
4. Python:
 - a. If using Linux, Unix or Mac OS X, Python is usually installed already as part of the OS. You can test the version by running `python --version` from the command line.
 - b. If using Windows, download and install the Python installation from <https://www.python.org/downloads/>.
5. NumPy and SciPy:
 - a. If using *Anaconda*, NumPy will already be installed as part of the distribution.
 - b. If using *Enthought Canopy*, NumPy will already be installed as part of the distribution.
 - c. If installing directly, follow the instruction located at <http://www.scipy.org/install.html>.
6. Matplotlib:
 - a. If using *Anaconda*, NumPy will already be installed as part of the distribution.
 - b. If using *Enthought Canopy*, NumPy will already be installed as part of the distribution.
 - c. If installing directly, follow the instructions located at <http://matplotlib.org/1.4.2/users/installing.html>
7. IPython:
 - a. If using *Anaconda*, run `conda update conda`, followed by `conda update ipython` to install the latest version of IPython.
 - b. If using *Enthought Canopy*, run `enpkg ipython` to install the latest version of IPython.
 - c. If using Ubuntu, run `apt-get install ipython` (or `sudo apt-get install ipython` if necessary) to install IPython.
 - d. Otherwise, follow the instructions here: <http://ipython.org/install.html>