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COMP 22 CMC-12 LISTA 11

$$(01) G_f(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+2)+K} = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} \text{ (rampa)}$$

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot (X(s) - Y(s)) \leq 1$$

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot \left(\frac{1}{s^2} \left(1 - \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+2)+K} \right) \right) \leq 1$$

$$\frac{2}{K} \leq 1$$

$$K \geq 2$$

$$\angle KG(j\omega) = \arctan\left(\frac{2\omega - \omega^3}{-3\omega^2}\right) = -90^\circ$$

$$2\omega - \omega^3 = 0$$

$$\omega_{CG} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$|KG(j\omega_{CG})| = \left| \frac{K}{\sqrt{2}j(\sqrt{2}j+1)(\sqrt{2}j+2)} \right| = \frac{K}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{6}} = \frac{K}{6}$$

$$-20 \log_{10} \frac{K}{6} \geq 6$$

$$\log_{10} \frac{K}{6} \leq -0,3$$

$$\frac{K}{6} \leq 0,5$$

$$K \leq 3,007$$

02) 1) anten der lag.

$$G_F(s) = \frac{54}{s^2 + 5s + 60} = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s} \quad E(s) = \frac{1}{s} \left(\frac{s^2 + 5s + 6}{s^2 + 5s + 60} \right)$$

$$e_{\infty} = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sE(s) = 0,1$$

$$|KG(j\omega_{cp})| = 1$$

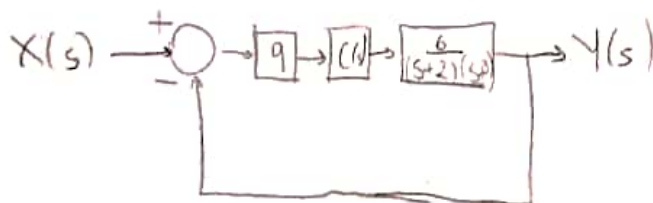
$$\frac{54}{\sqrt{4+\omega^2} \sqrt{9+\omega^2}} = 1$$

$$54^2 = \omega^4 + 13\omega^2 + 36$$

$$\omega^4 + 13\omega^2 - 2880 = 0$$

$$\omega_{cp} = 6,8962192$$

2) lag:



$$C(s) = \alpha \frac{(Ts+1)}{(\alpha Ts+1)} \quad T = 1,45007$$

$$G_F'(s) = \frac{54\alpha(Ts+1)}{(s+2)(s+3)(\alpha Ts+1) + 54\alpha(Ts+1)}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{1}{s} \left(\frac{(s+2)(s+3)(\alpha Ts+1)}{(s+2)(s+3)(\alpha Ts+1) + 54\alpha(Ts+1)} \right)$$

$$0,05 = \frac{6}{6 + 54\alpha}$$

$$\alpha = 2,7T$$

$$\textcircled{03} \quad G'(s) = \frac{K(s-z)}{(Ls+R)(s-p)s}$$

$$G_f(s) = \frac{K(s-z)}{(Ls+R)(s-p)s + K(s-z)}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} \left(\frac{(Ls+R)(s-p)s}{(Ls+R)(s-p)s + K(s-z)} \right)$$

$$e_{\infty} = \frac{R_p}{Kz} \leq 0.05$$

$$G_f(0) = 1$$

$$|G_f(j\omega_b)| = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{K \sqrt{\omega_b^2 + z^2}}{\sqrt{((-R+L)\omega_b^2 - Kz)^2 + ((K-Rp)\omega_b - L\omega_b^3)^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$|G'(j\omega_{cp})| = 1$$

$$\frac{K \cdot \sqrt{\omega^2 + z^2}}{\sqrt{R^2 + L^2 \omega^2} \sqrt{p^2 + \omega^2}} = 1$$

$$K^2 \omega_{cp}^2 + K^2 z^2 = \omega_{cp}^2 (R^2 + L^2 \omega_{cp}^2) (p^2 + \omega_{cp}^2)$$

$$\angle G'(j\omega_{cp}) \geq -130^\circ$$

fazendo $p=0 \quad K=1 \quad \omega_b=20$

$$2(400 + z^2) = (z + 400)^2 + (20 - 800)^2$$

$$z^2 + 800 = 800z + 16000 + 7600$$

$$z^2 - 800z - 767600 = 0$$

$$z = 1363,12$$

$$\omega_{cp} = 23,221$$

$$\angle G'(j\omega_{cp}) = -67^\circ$$

$$PM = 112^\circ$$

04)

$$G(s) = \frac{k_p + k_d s}{s(ms + b)}$$

$$G_f(s) = \frac{k_p + k_d s}{ms^2 + (b + kd)s + k_p}$$

o) polos estão em:

$$p_{1,2} = \frac{-(b+kd) \pm \sqrt{4mk_p - (b+kd)^2}}{2m}$$

$$\begin{cases} \zeta \omega_n = 1,4\pi = \frac{b+kd}{2m} \rightarrow kd = 8746,46 \\ \omega_n = 2\pi = \sqrt{\frac{k_p}{m}} \rightarrow k_p = 39478,42 \end{cases}$$

$$T = 0,1s$$

$$\text{atraso} = \frac{T}{2} + 0,05 = 0,1s$$

$$|G(\omega_{cp})| = 1$$

$$k_p^2 + (kd\omega_c)^2 = \omega_c^2(m\omega_c^2 + b^2)$$

$$m^2\omega_c^4 + (b^2 - kd^2)\omega_c^2 - k_p^2 = 0$$

$$\omega_c = 9,6549$$

$$\Delta PM = 55,32^\circ$$

05)

$$S = \frac{2}{T} \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1} \right)$$

$$F_m(z) = \frac{\omega_n^2}{\frac{4}{T^2} \left(\frac{z^2 - 2z + 1}{z^2 + 2z + 1} \right) + \frac{4\zeta\omega_n}{T} \left(\frac{z-1}{z+1} \right) + \omega_n^2} = \frac{T^2 \omega_n^2 (z^2 + 2z + 1)}{4z^2 - 8z + 4 + 4\zeta\omega_n T z^2 - 4\zeta\omega_n T + T^2 \omega_n^2 (z^2 + 2z + 1)}$$

$$U(z) \cdot \left((4 + 4\zeta\omega_n T + T^2 \omega_n^2) z^2 + (-8 + 2T^2 \omega_n^2) z + (4 - 4\zeta\omega_n T + T^2 \omega_n^2) \right) = E(z) \left(T^2 \omega_n^2 z^2 + 2T^2 \omega_n^2 z + T^2 \omega_n^2 \right)$$

$$U(z) \left((4 + 4\zeta\omega_n T + T^2 \omega_n^2) + (-8 + 2T^2 \omega_n^2) z^{-1} + (4 - 4\zeta\omega_n T + T^2 \omega_n^2) z^{-2} \right) = E(z) \left(T^2 \omega_n^2 + 2T^2 \omega_n^2 z^{-1} + T^2 \omega_n^2 z^{-2} \right)$$

$$u[k] = \frac{1}{4 + 4\zeta\omega_n T + T^2 \omega_n^2} \left((8 - 2T^2 \omega_n^2) u[k-1] + (-4 + 4\zeta\omega_n T - T^2 \omega_n^2) u[k-2] + (T^2 \omega_n^2) e[k] + (2T^2 \omega_n^2) e[k-1] + (T^2 \omega_n^2) e[k-2] \right)$$