# AOL Search Data Analysis

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#### 1 Abstract

## 2 Introduction

Introduction: You need to (at a high level) answer the following questions, in no particular order - What do you want to do in this project? Why is this meaningful?

In 2006 AOL released the search data for 20 Million queries for 650,000 unique users for an average of 30 searches per user. It is the only release of a search log to date. What kind of privacy impacts can result from the release of this specific data, and what are the impacts of search engines storing massive databases of queries from their users.

## 3 Design

To achieve what you want to do (as in introduction), you took steps xyz to accomplish this. For example, if I designed a tool, what are the different components of it; if I analyzed a dataset, what steps I took to process and analyze it.

First I had to download the data [1]. It consists of ten text files each with a portion of the search queries. Because the flat files are unwieldy, I planned to move the data to an SQLite database so I could query the data more easily. I ran into problems right away as this data is not well formatted for importing. It doesnt have a consistent delimiter between fields, it sometimes has spaces and sometimes has tabs, and some fields are just missing. I created a c++ program to parse the search data and insert it into the database, but it is not complete as it would have taken too much time to format and parse all the data. Because of the problems with the data mentioned previously, I decided to leave them as flat files and run text queries using grep and shell scripting. I thought it would be interesting to look for PII, location, email addresses, or other interesting key words, and see what data could be correlated. The commands I ran are in script.sh file in the github repository[3].

## 4 Evaluation

Depending on your design, this section could be optional. For example, if I designed a tool, I want to show in this section how effective my tool is; if I analyzed a dataset, according to my analysis, what interesting results could I get?

In evaluating the data I decided to look for common PII related data. There are some previously published examples. One user, 4417749 was personally identified based due to the detailed nature of her search history[2]. There was a documentary created called I Love Alaska that chronicles the search history of user 711391[6].

#### 4.a Email

First I searched for email addresses. This resulted in mostly false positives. The way the data is formated each line contains the search and whatever link was followed from the resulting search. The email addresses showing up in the data were mostly mailto links in the format: http://mailto:email@address.com.

## 4.b Social Security Numbers

There were a surprising number of social security numbers in the data. I only searched in the format NNN-NN-NNNN, Initially I had a regular expression formatted to accept dashes or no dashes, but there were too many nine-digit false positives in the results. Looking more closely at some of the search history for some of the results contain SSNs revealed even more data. User 51XXX34 searched for specific full names, addresses, and SSNs. If it wasnt their own username they inadvertently caused the release of the person they were searching for. User 40XXX51 looked up SSNs as well as medical conditions, medications and what appear to be local businesses.

#### 4.c Credit Card Numbers

I didnt find any credit card numbers matching my regex. I found this somewhat surprising

## 4.d Birthday

It was difficult searching for birthdays in the data. There is a date field on every row, so simply searching for dates would return the whole dataset. I found a few interesting entries. User 11XXX27 has a St. Patricks day birthday and is located in the San Jose area.

#### 4.e Macabre

Searching for "how to kill" returned 700 results. Fortunately mostly were related to bugs and termites, but there were some troubling searches. It seems many people want to kill their pet dogs, cats, and hamsters. User 17XXXX39 is a somewhat famous example[5] with a very disturbing search history that was identified when the data was released. From his search history it looked like he was planning to kill his wife. I found more examples of people looking to kill their family members such as their brothers and sisters

## 5 Discussion

The scope of this problem is huge. There are serious privacy implications related to searches and search history. Search engines store queries, clicks, IP-addresses, and other information about the users. As of December 2012, google had 1.17 billion users[8], recieves 63,000 searches per second and has a market value of \$739 billion.[7].

#### 5.a How can one protect their privacy

When looking at what a user can do to protect their privacy there are a few options. A single proxy provides some protection but requires users to trust a third party. There are other solutions such as TrackMeNot and Tor. It was shown that user queries can be identified 48.88% of the time when using TrackMeNot and 25.95% of the timme with Tor by performing testing on the AOL search logs[4]. The search engine duckduckgo.com doesn't maintain logs of users. They sell advertisements based on each search individually. They claim to not perform any tracking or advertisement targeting and don't sell users information becasue they don't keep any.

#### 5.b What are engines doing with search history

Search logs enable better search performance.

#### 5.c How should search history be released

k-Anonyminity isn't enough protection. [9]

## 6 Conclusions

Overall, what you've learned from this project; what interesting results you've got; (optionally) what impacts have it made?

Very personal view into peoples lives. Implicit and explicit data are contained in search engine logs. Whether people are explicitly searching for social security numbers or medical conditions or information about them can be aggregated and compared with other publicly released data to implicitly identify them. Search historys contain data that should have privacy protections. The AOL release was very bad, but only averaged 30 searches per user. If the average user performs 3-4 searches per day, and only used Google since it started in 1998, they would have performed approximately 30,660 searches! That is demonstrably going to reveal a great deal about any person.

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