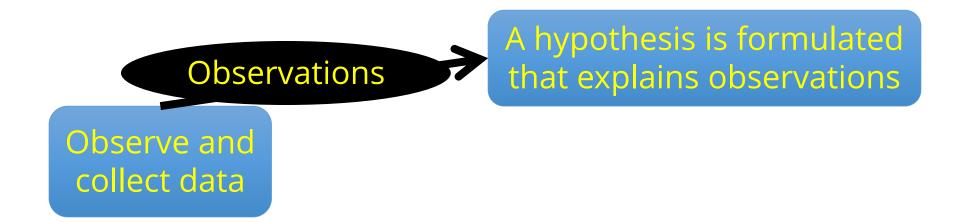
The Science in Data Science



Observe and collect data

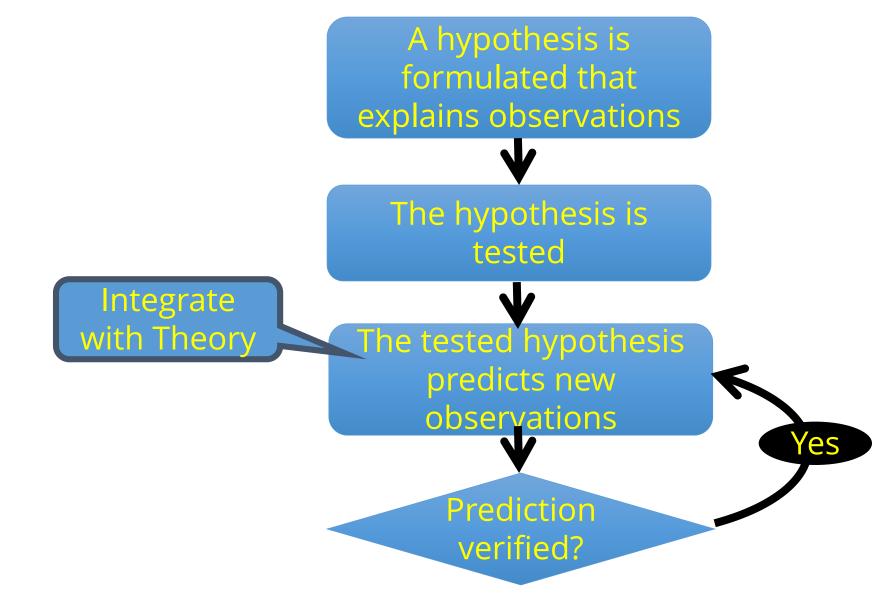


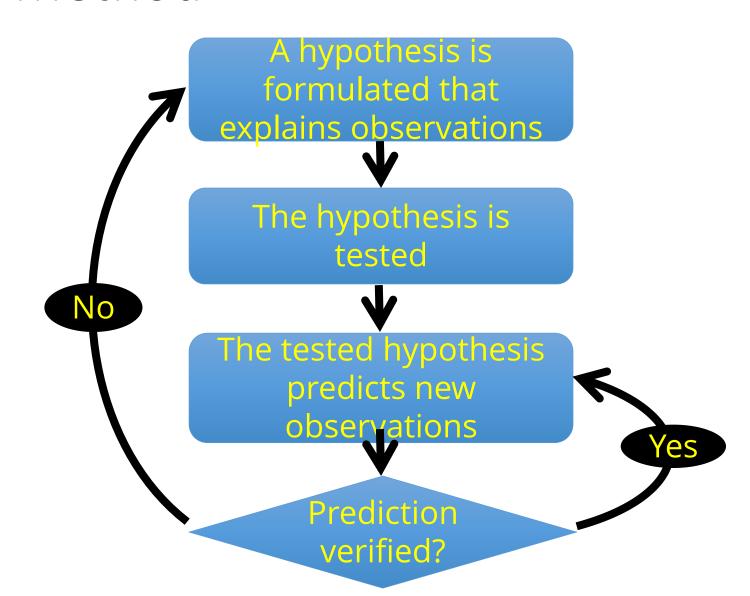
A hypothesis is formulated that explains observations

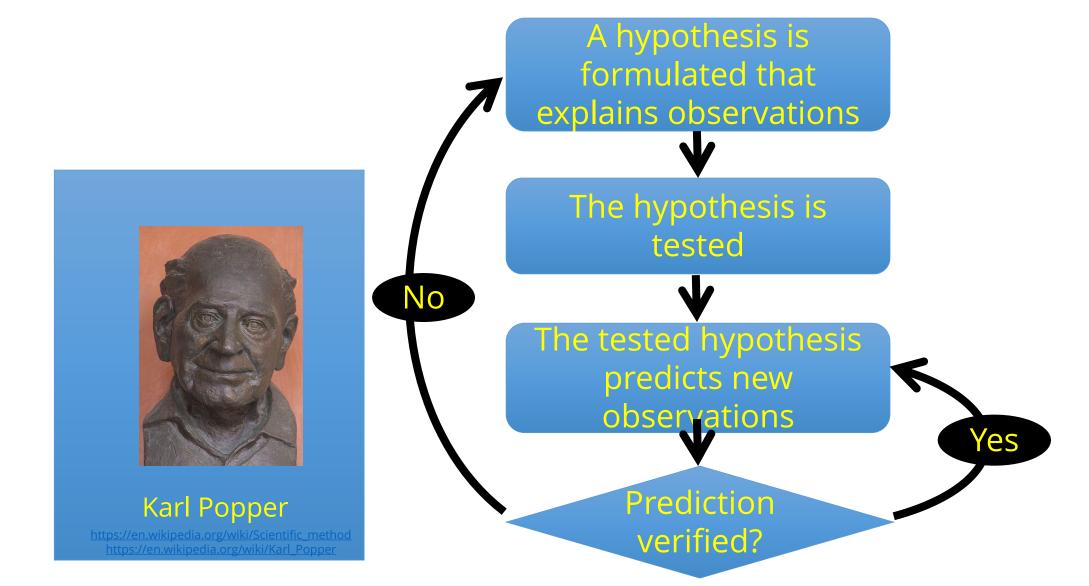


The hypothesis is tested

A hypothesis is formulated that explains observations The hypothesis is tested The tested hypothesis predicts new observations

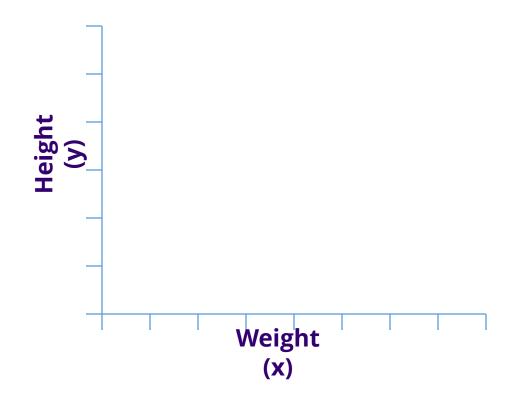




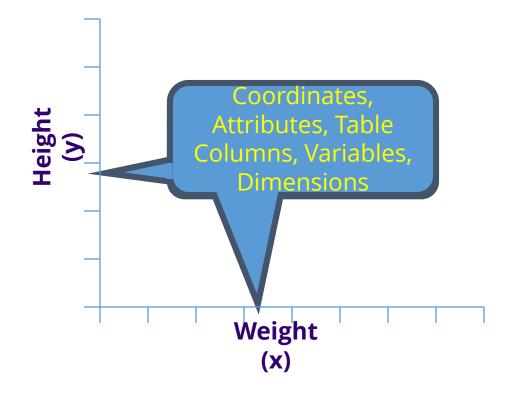


Model as a Hypothesis

Model as a Hypothesis

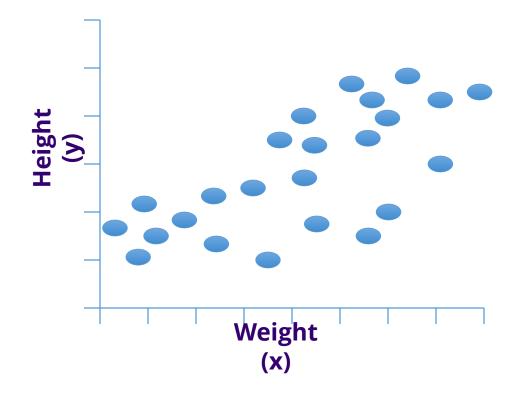


Model as a Hypothesis



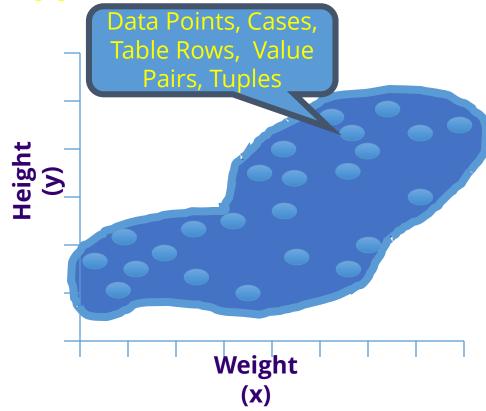
Schema, Space;

Model as a Hypothesis



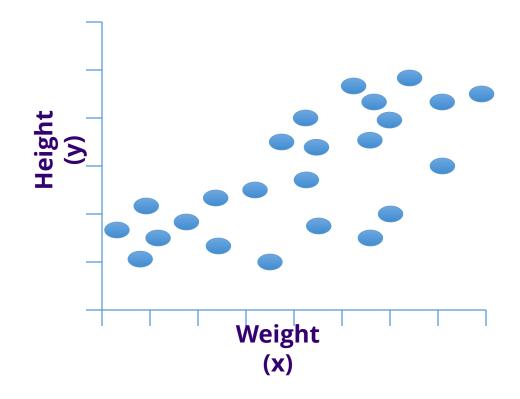
Schema, Space; This is a two dimensional space of weight and height

Model as a Hypothesis



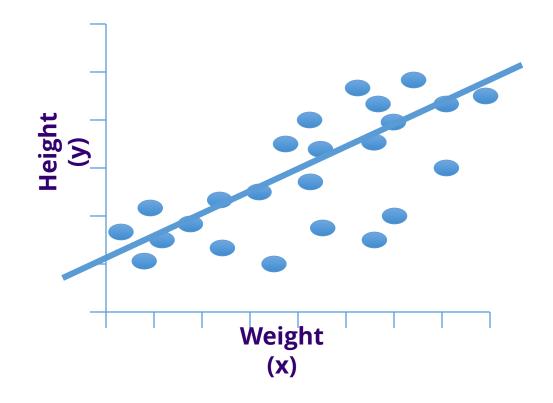
Schema, Space; This is a two dimensional space of weight and height

Model as a Hypothesis

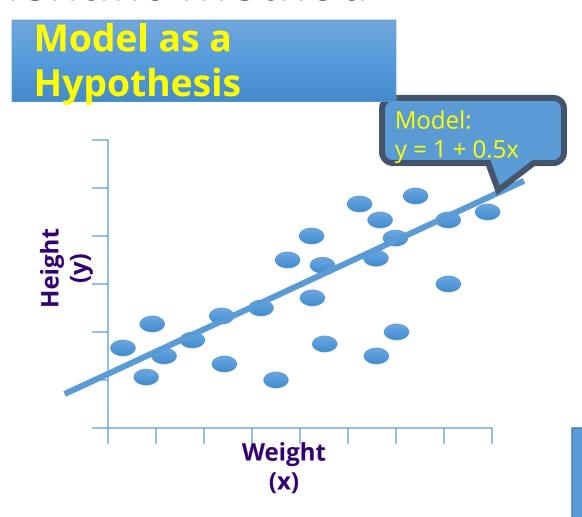


Use these data to create a model.

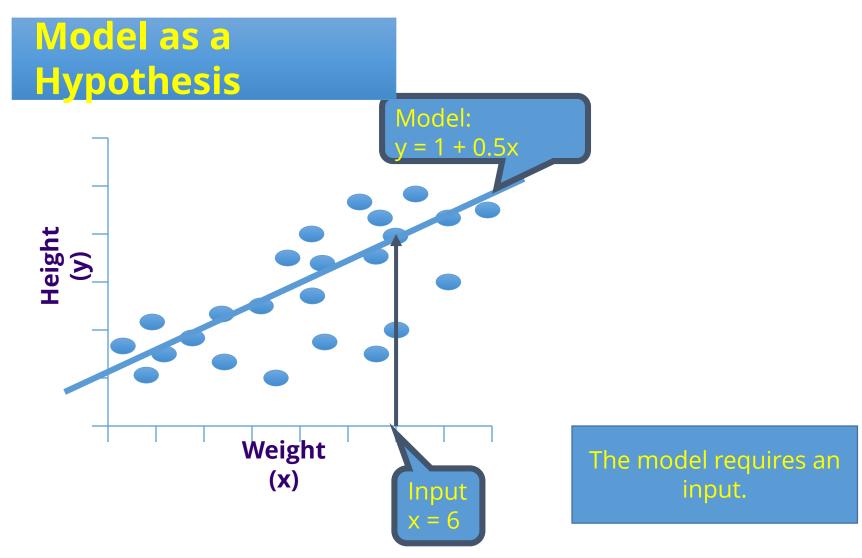
Model as a Hypothesis

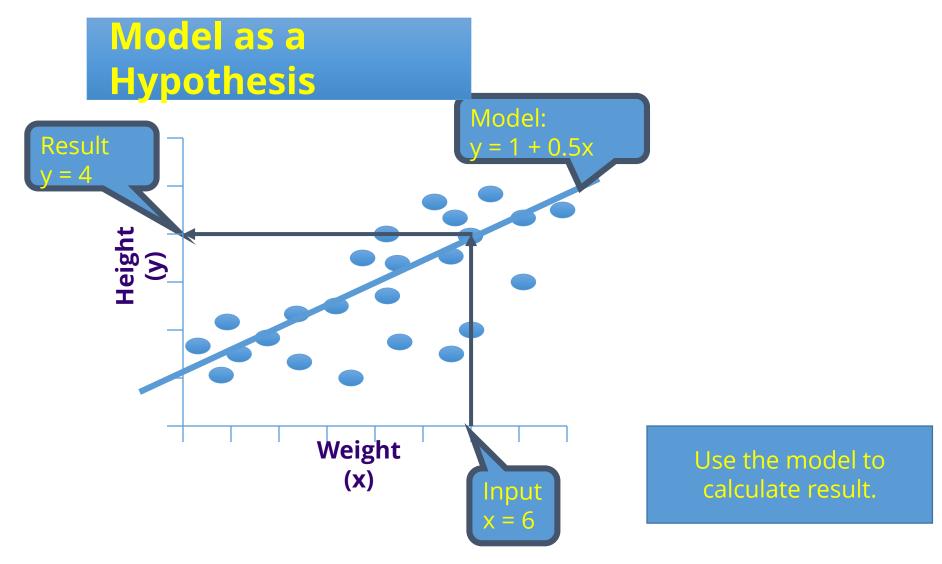


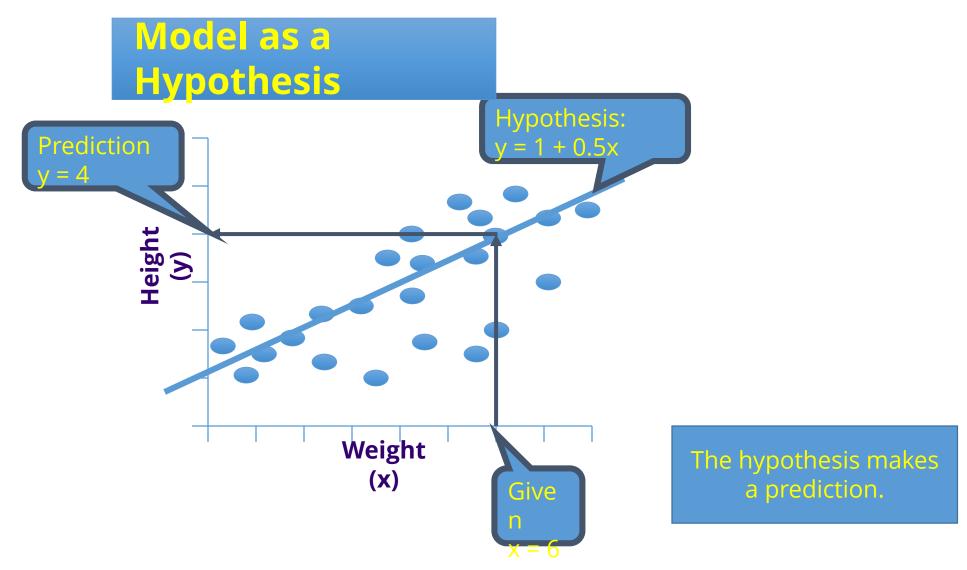
The thick line is a model that represents the ideal data

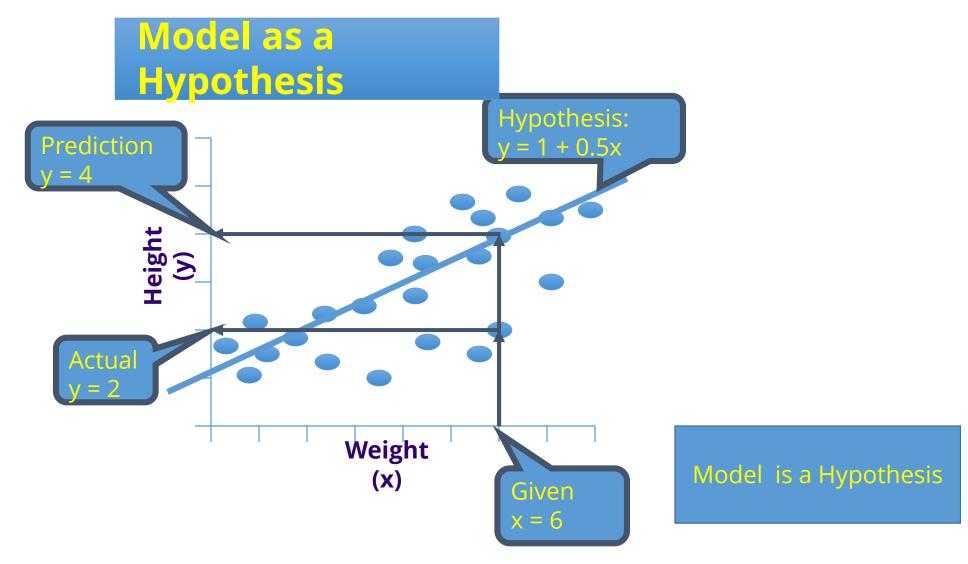


The line can be formalized. The model is the formalized statement.









Traditional Science

Examples of data in Traditional Sciences:

- Planetary motions
- Reaction Rate of Chemicals
- Genome Sequence

Examples of models in Traditional Sciences:

- F = m*a
- Molecular Models
- Breast Cancer Probability

Data Science

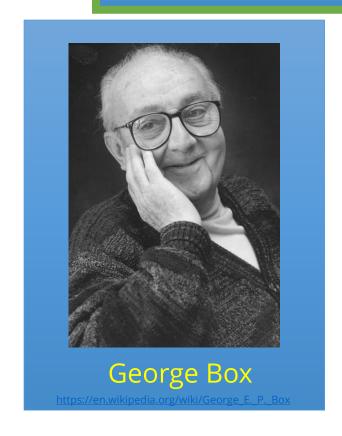
Examples of data in Data Science:

- Twitter Feeds
- Emails
- Patient Records

Examples of models in Data Science:

- Movie Sentiment
- Spam Filter
- Hospital Readmission

"All models are wrong but some are useful"



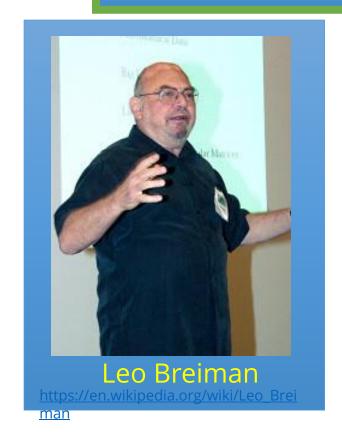
Statistical Modeling: The Two Cultures

https://projecteuclid.org/download/pdf_1/euclid.ss/1009213726



"Predictive accuracy on test sets is the criterion for how good the model is"

https://projecteuclid.org/download/pdf 1/euclid.ss/1009213726



Summary: Some Terminology

- >Scientific Method
 - Body of techniques
- >Model
 - Based on data & method
- >Hypothesis
 - Explanation of a dataset
- >Falsification
 - Process to disprove hypothesis

- >Theory
 - –Well-tested hypothesis
- >Karl Popper
 - –Predictive hypotheses
- >George Box
 - -Some models are useful
- >Leo Breiman
 - –2 cultures in statistics