

Site: http://localhost:3002

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ZAP Version: 2.14.0

Summary of Alerts

Risk Level	Number of Alerts
High	0
Medium	2
Low	2
Informational	0

Alerts

Name	Risk Level	Number of Instances
Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set	Medium	1
Missing Anti-clickjacking Header	Medium	1
Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)	Low	1
X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing	Low	1

Alert Detail

Madium	Contant Security Policy (CSD) Header Net Set
Medium	Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set
Description	Content Security Policy (CSP) is an added layer of security that helps to detect and mitigate certain types of attacks, including Cross Site Scripting (XSS) and data injection attacks. These attacks are used for everything from data theft to site defacement or distribution of malware. CSP provides a set of standard HTTP headers that allow website owners to declare approved sources of content that browsers should be allowed to load on that page — covered types are JavaScript, CSS, HTML frames, fonts, images and embeddable objects such as Java applets, ActiveX, audio and video files.
URL	http://localhost:3002/v1/pagamento/485649d0e2a8e2dfa9dd985b19294645a33bb051fc2d554aaa96aa193ba26a7c/1
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	1
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to set the Content-Security-Policy header.
	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Security/CSP /Introducing Content Security Policy

	https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Content_Security_Policy_Cheat_Sheet.html
Reference	https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP/ https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-csp/ https://web.dev/articles/csp https://caniuse.com/#feat=contentsecuritypolicy https://content-security-policy.com/
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10038
Medium	Missing Anti-clickjacking Header
Description	The response does not include either Content-Security-Policy with 'frame-ancestors' directive or X-Frame-Options to protect against 'ClickJacking' attacks.
URL	http://localhost:3002/v1/pagamento /485649d0e2a8e2dfa9dd985b19294645a33bb051fc2d554aaa96aa193ba26a7c/1
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	
Instances	1
	Modern Web browsers support the Content-Security-Policy and X-Frame-Options HTTP headers. Ensure one of them is set on all web pages returned by your site/app.
Solution	If you expect the page to be framed only by pages on your server (e.g. it's part of a FRAMESET) then you'll want to use SAMEORIGIN, otherwise if you never expect the page to be framed, you should use DENY. Alternatively consider implementing Content Security Policy's "frame-ancestors" directive.
Reference	https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Headers/X-Frame-Options
CWE Id	1021
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	10020
Low	Server Leaks Information via "X-Powered-By" HTTP Response Header Field(s)
Description	The web/application server is leaking information via one or more "X-Powered-By" HTTP response headers. Access to such information may facilitate attackers identifying other frameworks/components your web application is reliant upon and the vulnerabilities such components may be subject to.
URL	http://localhost:3002/v1/pagamento/ /485649d0e2a8e2dfa9dd985b19294645a33bb051fc2d554aaa96aa193ba26a7c/1
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	X-Powered-By: Express
Other Info	
Instances	1
Solution	Ensure that your web server, application server, load balancer, etc. is configured to suppress "X-Powered-By" headers.
Reference	https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/v42/4- Web Application Security Testing/01-Information Gathering/08- Fingerprint Web Application Framework https://www.troyhunt.com/2012/02/shhh-dont-let-your-response-headers.html

CWE Id	<u>200</u>
WASC Id	13
Plugin Id	<u>10037</u>
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Low	X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing
Description	The Anti-MIME-Sniffing header X-Content-Type-Options was not set to 'nosniff'. This allows older versions of Internet Explorer and Chrome to perform MIME-sniffing on the response body, potentially causing the response body to be interpreted and displayed as a content type other than the declared content type. Current (early 2014) and legacy versions of Firefox will use the declared content type (if one is set), rather than performing MIME-sniffing.
URL	http://localhost:3002/v1/pagamento/ /485649d0e2a8e2dfa9dd985b19294645a33bb051fc2d554aaa96aa193ba26a7c/1
Method	POST
Attack	
Evidence	
Other Info	This issue still applies to error type pages (401, 403, 500, etc.) as those pages are often still affected by injection issues, in which case there is still concern for browsers sniffing pages away from their actual content type. At "High" threshold this scan rule will not alert on client or server error responses.
Instances	1
Solution	Ensure that the application/web server sets the Content-Type header appropriately, and that it sets the X-Content-Type-Options header to 'nosniff' for all web pages. If possible, ensure that the end user uses a standards-compliant and modern web browser that does not applicately and the standards of the standards of the standards.
	that does not perform MIME-sniffing at all, or that can be directed by the web application /web server to not perform MIME-sniffing.
Reference	https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/internet-explorer/ie-developer/compatibility/gg622941(v=vs.85) https://owasp.org/www-community/Security_Headers
CWE Id	<u>693</u>
WASC Id	15
Plugin Id	<u>10021</u>