

Preparação - o outro documento estava muito grande

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$$f \circ (g \times h) = f \circ ((id \circ g) \times (h \circ id)) = f \circ \underbrace{(id \times h)}_{\text{"h"}} \circ \underbrace{(g \times id)}_{\text{"g \times id"}}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{Fusão-Exp}}$ é possível formar um (função $\times id$) do lado direito

$$\begin{aligned} &= f \circ (id \times h) \circ g \\ &= ap \circ (\bar{f} \times id) \circ (id \times h) \circ g \\ &= ap \circ (\bar{f} \circ id) \times (id \circ h) \circ g \\ &= ap \circ (id \circ \bar{f}) \times (h \circ id) \circ g \quad \text{"Troca"} \\ &= ap \circ (id \times h) \circ (\bar{f} \times id) \circ g \quad \text{Fusão-Exp} \\ &= ap \circ (id \times h) \circ \bar{f} \circ g \end{aligned}$$

$$const(b, a) = \langle const\ b, const\ a \rangle$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \pi_1 \circ const(b, a) = const\ b \\ \pi_2 \circ const(b, a) = const\ a \end{cases}$$

Universal-X

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} const(\pi_1 \circ (b, a)) = const\ b \\ const(\pi_2 \circ (b, a)) = const\ a \end{cases}$$

Fusão-const

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} const\ b = const\ b \\ const\ a = const\ a \end{cases}$$

Def-proj

$$\Leftrightarrow True = True$$

$$\Leftrightarrow TRUE$$

$$(B \times A)$$

\uparrow swap

$$(A \times B)$$

$$\alpha = swap \circ (id \times swap)$$

$$(C \times B) \times A$$

\uparrow swap

$$A \times (C \times B)$$

$\uparrow id \times swap$

$$A \times (B \times C)$$

$$A \times (B \times C) \xrightarrow{\alpha} (C \times B) \times A$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} f \times (g \times h) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & (h \times g) \times f \\ \downarrow & \searrow & \downarrow \\ A' \times (B' \times C') & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & (C' \times B') \times A' \end{array}$$

$$A' \times (B' \times C') \xrightarrow{\alpha} (C' \times B') \times A'$$

$$\alpha \circ f \times (g \times h) = (h \times g) \times f \circ \alpha$$

Demonstração: Trivial, confira

— // —

$$A \times (B + C) \cong A \times B + A \times C$$

$$(B + C) \times A \xrightarrow{\text{swap}} A \times (B \times C) \rightarrow (A \times B) + (A \times C) \xrightarrow[\text{ou}]{\text{swap} + \text{swap}} (B \times A) + (C \times A)$$

$$[i_1 \cdot \text{swap}, i_2 \cdot \text{swap}]$$

pois o tipo final
não é o mesmo
para as duas
partes.

— // —

$$(f \rightarrow g, h) \times f = f \cdot \pi_1 \rightarrow g \times f, h \times f$$

$$[\bar{i}_1, \bar{i}_2] = \overline{\text{distl}}$$

$$\overline{(f \cdot \pi_1)?} = f \rightarrow \bar{i}_1, \bar{i}_2$$

$$= \overline{(f \cdot \pi_1)?} = \overline{[\bar{i}_1, \bar{i}_2] \cdot f?} = \overline{\text{distl} \cdot f?} \quad (\text{def. distl})$$

$$= \overline{(f \cdot \pi_1)?} = \overline{\text{distl} \cdot (f? \times \text{id})} \quad (\text{Fusão-Exp})$$

$$= \overline{(f \cdot \pi_1)?} = \overline{\text{distl} \cdot (f? \times \text{id})} \quad (\text{curry nos dois lados})$$

$$= [\bar{i}_1 \times \text{id}, \bar{i}_2 \times \text{id}] \cdot \overline{(f \cdot \pi_1)?} = \overline{(f? \times \text{id})} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{ndistl nos dois lados} \\ \text{shut-Right (34)} \end{array}$$

$$= f \cdot \pi_1 \rightarrow (\bar{i}_1 \times \text{id}), (\bar{i}_2 \times \text{id}) = \overline{(f? \times \text{id})}$$

$$= (f \rightarrow \bar{i}_1, \bar{i}_2) \times \text{id} = \overline{(f? \times \text{id})} \quad \text{regra lado}$$

$$= ([\bar{i}_1, \bar{i}_2] \circ f?) \times \text{id} = \overline{(f? \times \text{id})}$$

$$= \overline{(f? \times \text{id})} = \overline{(f? \times \text{id})}$$

— // —

$$(f \rightarrow g, g) \cdot h$$

$$= [g, g] \cdot f? \cdot h$$

$$= [g, g] \cdot \alpha^\circ \cdot \langle f, \text{id} \rangle \cdot h$$

$$= [g, g] \cdot \alpha^\circ \cdot \langle f \cdot h, \text{id} \cdot h \rangle$$

{ Passar h para
o lado esquerdo

$$= [f, g] \cdot \alpha^0 \cdot \langle p \cdot h, id \cdot h \rangle$$

$$= [f, g] \cdot \alpha^0 \cdot \langle id \cdot p \cdot h, h \cdot id \rangle$$

{ Pasar h para el lado izquierdo

$$= [f, g] \cdot \alpha^0 \cdot (id \times h) \cdot \langle p \cdot h, id \rangle$$

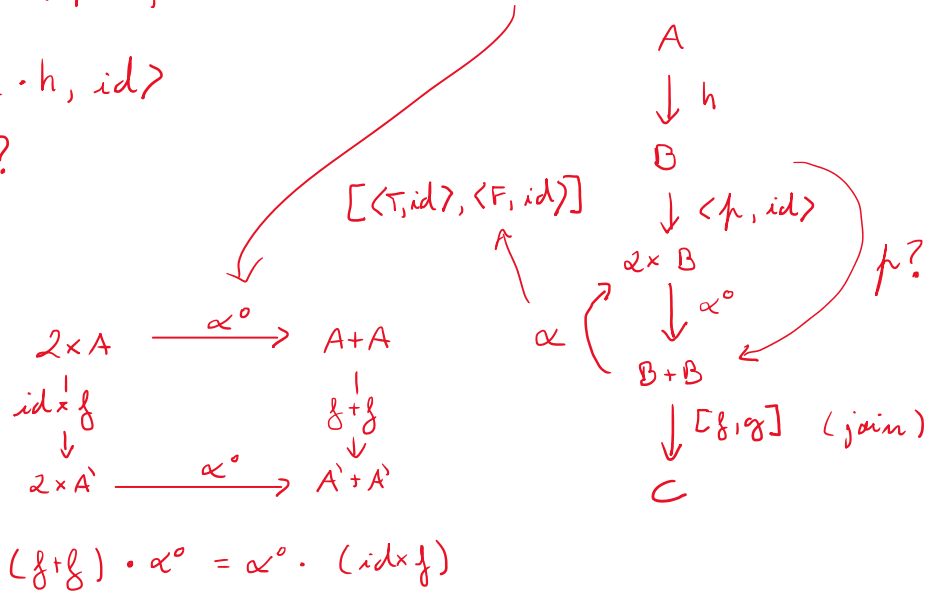
{ Propiedad gratuita de α^0

$$= [f, g] \cdot (h + h) \cdot \alpha^0 \cdot \langle p \cdot h, id \rangle$$

$$= [f \cdot h, g \cdot h] \cdot \alpha^0 \cdot \langle p \cdot h, id \rangle$$

$$= [f \cdot h, g \cdot h] \cdot (p \cdot h)?$$

$$= (p \cdot h) \rightarrow f \cdot h, g \cdot h //$$



←

