

$$\bar{S} = \frac{\langle W(r) S(r) \rangle}{\langle W(r) \rangle} ; \quad n = \bar{n} (1 + \delta)$$

descansos calcular el sesgo de los estimadores de Hamilton

$$\xi_H^{(2)}(r) = \frac{DD(r) RR(r)}{DR(r)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 R_2(r) = \bar{n}^2 \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle = \bar{n}^2 \int \int W_1 W_2 dV_1 dV_2$$

$$\Rightarrow D_1 D_2(r) = (1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi) R_1 R_2$$

$$\text{con } \psi_i(x) = \psi(x_i) = \frac{\langle\langle W_{ir} W_{ir} S_i \rangle\rangle}{\langle\langle W_{ir} W_{ir} \rangle\rangle} ; \quad i = 1, 2$$

$$\xi_{12} = \frac{\langle\langle W_{ir} W_{ir} S_1 S_2 \rangle\rangle}{\langle\langle W_{ir} W_{ir} \rangle\rangle}$$

$$\Rightarrow DD(r) RR(r) = (1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi) R_1 R_2^2$$

Ahora

$$DR(r) = \int n_i W_i dV_i \int \bar{n}_2 W_2 dV_2 = \int \bar{n}_1 (1 + \delta_1) W_1 dV_1 \int \bar{n}_2 W_2 dV_2 \\ \leq \bar{n}^2 \int \int (1 + \delta_1) W_1 W_2 dV_1 dV_2 = \bar{n}^2 (\langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle + \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \delta_1 \rangle\rangle)$$

$$\Rightarrow DR(r)^2 = \bar{n}^4 (\langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle + \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \delta_1 \rangle\rangle)^2 = \bar{n}^4 (1 + \psi_1)^2 \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \xi_H^{(2)}(r) = \frac{(1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi) \bar{n}^4 \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle^2}{\bar{n}^4 (1 + \psi_1)^2 \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\xi_H^{(2)}(r) = \frac{1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi_{12}}{(1 + \psi_1)^2}}$$

Ahora para el segundo de Landy - Szalay

$$\xi_{LZ}^{(2)} = 1 + \frac{1}{N_{est}^2} \frac{PP(r)}{RR(r)} - 2 \frac{1}{N_{est}} \frac{DR(r)}{RR(r)}$$

como  $\frac{1}{N_{est}} = \frac{1}{n_{est}} = \frac{1}{(1+\delta)^2}$

$$R_1 R_2(r) = \bar{n}^2 \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle$$

$$D_1 D_2(r) = (1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi_{12}) R_1 R_2$$

$$D_1 R_2(r) = \bar{n}^2 (1 + \psi_1) \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \xi_{LZ}^{(2)} = 1 + \frac{1}{(1+\delta)^2} (1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi_{12}) - \frac{2}{(1+\delta)^2} \frac{\bar{n}^2 (1 + \psi_1) \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle}{\bar{n}^2 \langle\langle W_1 W_2 \rangle\rangle}$$

$$\Rightarrow \xi_{LZ}^{(2)} = 1 + \frac{1}{(1+\delta)^2} (1 + \psi_1 + \psi_2 + \xi_{12}) - \frac{2}{(1+\delta)} (1 + \psi_1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \xi_{LZ}^{(2)} = 1 + \xi_H^{(2)} \frac{(1 + \psi_1)^2}{(1+\delta)^2} - 2 \frac{(1 + \psi_1)}{(1+\delta)}$$