```
models.py
                Wed Feb 13 17:15:54 2019
    1: # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
    2: """
    3: Created on Tue Feb 23 11:52:39 2016
    4:
    5: @author: nknezek
    6: """
    7:
    8: from scipy.misc import factorial as _factorial
    9: from scipy.special import lpmv as _lpmv
   10: from numpy import sin as _sin
   11: from numpy import cos as _cos
   12: from numpy import zeros as _zeros
   13: from numpy import sum as _sum
   14: from numpy import exp as _exp
   15: import numpy as _np
   16: from .bspline2 import Bspline as _Bspline
   17: import os as _os
   18: import pyshtools as _sht
   19: import warnings as _warnings
   20:
   21: _gufm1_data_file = _os.path.dirname(_os.path.abspath(__file__)) + '/data/gufm1_dat
a.txt'
   22: _gufmsatE3_data_file = _os.path.dirname(_os.path.abspath(__file__)) + '/data/gufm-
sat-E3.txt'
   23: _qufmsatQ2_data_file = _os.path.dirname(_os.path.abspath(__file__)) + '/data/gufm-
sat-Q2.txt'
   24: _gufmsatQ3_data_file = _os.path.dirname(_os.path.abspath(__file__)) + '/data/gufm-
sat-Q3.txt'
   25: _chaos6_data_file = _os.path.dirname(_os.path.abspath(__file__)) + '/data/chaos6_d
ata.txt'
   26:
   27: class SphereHarmBase:
   28:
           def __init__(self):
   29:
               self.l_max = None
   30:
   31:
           def SHrcmb2vs(self, Clm_rcmb, r_cmb=3480., r_s=6371.2, l_max=None):
   32:
                """converts radial 4pm SH at CMB to potential SH at surface
   33:
   34:
               Converts a radial field measurement in 4pi normalized spherical harmonics
at the CMB to the potential field
   35:
               spherical harmonics at the surface.
   36:
   37:
               Parameters
   38:
   39:
               Clm_rcmb
   40:
               r_cmb
   41:
               r_s
   42:
               1_max
   43:
   44:
               Returns
   45:
   46:
               Clm_s = coefficients array with 4pi, csphase=1 normalization
   47:
   48:
               if l_max is None:
   49:
                   if self.l_max is None:
   50:
                       1 \text{ max} = 14
   51:
                   else:
   52:
                       l_max = self.l_max
   53:
               Clm_in = self._convert_SHin(Clm_rcmb, l_max=l_max)
   54:
               Clm_s = _np.zeros_like(Clm_in)
   55:
               for 1 in range(Clm_in.shape[1]):
                   vs2rc = (r_s / r_cmb) ** (1 + 2) * (1 + 1)
   56:
   57:
                   Clm_s[:, 1, :] = Clm_rcmb[:, 1, :] / vs2rc
   58:
               return Clm_s
   59:
   60:
           def _convert_SHin(self, SHin, l_max=None):
   61:
                """helper function to convert sht classes and arrays for functions
   62:
   63:
               Parameters
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64:

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   65:
                SHin: _sht.SHCoeffs class or numpy array
   66:
                1_max: 1_max
   67:
   68:
               Returns
   69:
   70:
                    np.array of SH coefficients with normalization 4pi, csphase=1
   71:
   72:
                if type(SHin) is _np.ndarray:
   73:
                    if SHin.shape[0] == 2 and len(SHin.shape) == 3:
   74:
                        if l_max is None:
   75:
                            l_max = SHin.shape[1] - 1
   76:
                        if SHin.shape[1] >= l_max + 1:
   77:
                            SHout = SHin[:, :l_{max} + 1, :l_{max} + 1]
   78:
                        else:
   79:
                            raise TypeError('SHin does not contain enough coefficients for
 requested 1_max')
   80:
                    elif len(SHin.shape) < 3:</pre>
   81:
                        if l_max is None:
   82:
                            l_max = int(SHin.shape[0] ** 0.5 - 1)
   83:
                        if SHin.shape[0] >= (l_max + 1) ** 2:
   84:
                            SHout = _sht.shtools.SHVectorToCilm(SHin[:(1_max + 1) ** 2])
   85:
   86:
                            raise TypeError ('SHin does not contain enough coefficients for
 requested l_max')
   87:
                    else:
   88:
                        raise TypeError ('SHin not in a recognizable format or the wrong si
ze for l_max')
                elif (type(SHin) is _sht.shclasses.SHRealCoeffs) or (type(SHin) is _sht.sh
   89:
classes.SHComplexCoeffs):
                    SHout = SHin.to_array(normalization='4pi', csphase=1, lmax=SHin.lmax)
   91:
   92:
                    raise TypeError ('SHin not in a recognizable format or the wrong size f
or l_max')
   93:
                return SHout
   94:
   95:
           def get_thvec_phvec_DH(self, Nth=None, l_max=None):
   96:
                """returns theta and ph coordinate vectors for DH grid
   97:
   98:
                :param Nth:
   99:
                :param l_max:
  100:
                :return:
                11 11 11
  101:
  102:
                if 1 max is None:
                    l_max = self.l_max
  103:
  104:
                if Nth is None:
  105:
                    Nth = l_max * 2 + 2
                Nph = 2 * Nth
  106:
                dth = 180 / Nth
  107:
                th = _{np.linspace}(dth / 2, 180 - dth / 2, Nth)
  108:
                ph = _np.linspace(dth / 2, 360 - dth / 2, Nph)
  109:
  110:
                return th, ph
  111:
  112:
           def _get_lmax(self, SHin):
  113:
                """helper function to get the l_max of a set of spherical harmonics
  114:
                :param SHin:
  115:
  116:
                :return:
                11 11 11
  117:
  118:
                if type(SHin) is _np.ndarray:
  119:
                    if SHin.shape[0] == 2 and len(SHin.shape) == 3:
  120:
                        l_{max} = int(SHin.shape[1]-1)
  121:
                        if not SHin.shape == (2, l_max + 1, l_max+1):
  122:
                            raise TypeError('SH is not the right shape l_max')
  123:
                    elif len(SHin.shape) < 3:</pre>
                        l_max = int(SHin.shape[0]**0.5-1)
  124:
  125:
                        if not SHin.shape[0] == (1_max+1)**2:
  126:
                            raise TypeError('SHin does not contain enough coefficients for
 requested l_max')
  127:
                    else:
  128:
                        raise TypeError ('SHin not in a recognizable format or the wrong si
```

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ze for l_max')
                elif (type(SHin) is _sht.shclasses.SHRealCoeffs) or (type(SHin) is _sht.sh
  129:
classes.SHComplexCoeffs):
  130:
                    l_max = int(SHin.lmax)
  131:
                else:
  132:
                    raise TypeError('SHin not in a recognizable format or the wrong size f
or l_max')
  133:
                return l_max
  134:
  135: class MagModel (SphereHarmBase):
  136:
           def __init__(self, data_file):
                super(MagModel, self).__init__()
  137:
  138:
                self.data_file = data_file
  139:
                self.gt, self.tknts, self.l_max, self.bspl_order = self._read_data(data_fi
le=self.data_file)
                self.dT = self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2+1]-self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2]
  140:
  141:
                self.bspline = self._make_bspline_basis(self.tknts)
  142:
                self.T_start = self.tknts[self.bspl_order-1]
  143:
                self.T_end = self.tknts[-self.bspl_order]
  144:
  145:
           def _read_data(self, data_file=None):
  146:
                """ read data from datafile
  147:
  148:
                :param data_file:
  149:
                :return:
                ** ** **
  150:
  151:
                if data_file is None:
  152:
                    data_file = self.data_file
                with open(data_file,'rb') as f:
  153:
                    f.readline()
  154:
  155:
                    line1 = f.readline().split()
  156:
  157:
                    l_max = int(line1[0])
  158:
                    nspl = int(line1[1])
  159:
                    if float(line1[2]) < 1000:
  160:
                        bspl_order = int(line1[2])
  161:
                        11_{tknt_loc} = 3
  162:
                    else:
  163:
                        bspl\_order = 4
  164:
                        l1\_tknt\_loc = 2
  165:
  166:
                    n = 1_{max}*(1_{max}+2)
  167:
  168:
                    gt = \_zeros(n*nspl)
  169:
                    tknts = _zeros(nspl+bspl_order)
  170:
                    tknt_l1 = [float(x) for x in line1[l1_tknt_loc:]]
  171:
                    tknts[:len(tknt_l1)] = tknt_l1
                    ti = len(tknt_l1)
  172:
                    gi = 0
  173:
                    for line in f:
  174:
  175:
                        l_tmp = [float(x) for x in line.split()]
  176:
                        nl = len(l_tmp)
  177:
                        if ti+nl <= len(tknts):</pre>
  178:
                            tknts[ti:ti+nl] = l_tmp
  179:
                            ti += nl
  180:
                        else:
  181:
                            gt[gi:gi+nl] = l_tmp
  182:
                            gi += nl
  183:
                gt_out = gt.reshape(n, nspl, order='F')
  184:
                return gt_out, tknts, l_max, bspl_order
  185:
  186:
           def _read_coeffs(self, data_file=None):
                """ read raw coefficients from data file
  187 •
  188:
  189:
               :param data_file:
  190:
                :return:
                11 11 11
  191:
  192:
                if data_file is None:
  193:
                    data_file = self.data_file
```

194:

with open(data_file, 'rb') as f:

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  195:
                   f.readline()
  196:
                   line1 = f.readline().split()
  197:
  198:
                   l_max = int(line1[0])
  199:
  200:
                   raw = []
  201:
                   for line in f:
  202:
                       l_tmp = [float(x) for x in line.split()]
  203:
                       for 1 in 1_tmp:
  204:
                           raw.append(1)
  205:
  206:
              g_raw = _np.array(raw)
  207:
               return g_raw, l_max
  208:
  209:
          def _make_bspline_basis(self, tknts, order=None):
               """ create the bspline basis function for interpolting vs time
  210:
  211:
  212:
               :param tknts:
  213:
               :param order:
  214:
               :return:
               11 11 11
  215:
  216:
               if order is None:
  217:
                   order = self.bspl_order
               bspline = _Bspline(tknts, order)
  218:
  219:
               return bspline
  220:
  221:
           def _interval(self, time):
               """Calculates nleft: the index of the timeknot on the left of the interval
  222:
  223:
  224:
                   tknts[nleft] < tknts[nleft+1]</pre>
                   tknts[nleft] <= time <= tknts[nleft+1]</pre>
  225:
  226:
  227:
              Parameters
  228:
  229:
               time:
  230:
                   the time to calculate the field
  231:
  232:
              Returns
  233:
  234:
               the index of the time knot on the left of the interval
  235:
  236:
               tknts = self.tknts
  237:
               if (time >= tknts[self.bspl_order-1] and time <= tknts[-self.bspl_order]):</pre>
                   for n in range(self.bspl_order-1,len(tknts)-self.bspl_order+1):
  238:
  239:
                       if time >= tknts[n]:
  240:
                           nleft = n-self.bspl_order+1
  241:
                       else:
  242:
                           break
  243:
               else:
  244:
                   raise IndexError("The time you've chosen is outside this model")
  245:
               return nleft
  246:
  247:
           def _Pml(self, x, l, m):
  248:
               """Associated Legendre Polynomial - Schmidt Quasi-Normalization
  249:
  250:
               _____
  251:
               Returns the evaulated Associated Legendre Polynomial of degree n and order
 m at location x.
  252:
  253:
               This function evaluates the Associated Legendre Polynomials with Schmidt Q
uasi Normalization as defined in Schmidt (1917, p281).
              It uses the scipy built in associated legendre polynomials which have Ferr
er's normalization and converts the normalization.
  255:
  256:
               Inputs
  257:
  258:
              x:
  259:
                   Location of evaluation
               1:
  260:
                   Degree of associated legendre polynomial
  261:
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    262:
                              m:
    263:
                                      Order of associated legendre polynomial
    264:
    265:
                              Returns
    266:
    267:
                              The value of the polynomial at location specified. (float)
    268:
                              Associated Legendre Polynomial Normalizations:
    269:
    270:
    271:
    272:
                              Schmidt Quasi-Normalized:
                                      P^{1}(x) = sqrt{2*(1-m)!/(1+m)!}(1-x^2)^{m/2}(d/dx)^2 P_1(x)
    273:
    274:
    275:
                              Ferrer's (only for reference):
    276:
                                      P^m_n(x) = (-1)^m(1-x^2)^m(1-x^2)
    277:
    278:
                              11 11 11
    279:
                              if m == 0:
    280:
                                      return (_factorial(1-m)/_factorial(1+m))**0.5/(-1)**m*_lpmv(m,1,x)
    281:
    282:
                                      return (2*_factorial(1-m)/_factorial(1+m))**0.5/(-1)**m*_lpmv(m,1,x)
    283:
    284:
                      def _dtheta_Pml(self, x, l, m):
    285:
    286:
                              Theta derivative of Associated Legendre Polynomial - Schmidt Quasi-Normali
zation
    287:
                              ______
    288:
                              Returns the theta derivative of the Associated Legendre Polynomial of degr
ee n and order m at location x=cos(theta).
    289:
    290:
                              Inputs
    291:
    292:
                              x:
    293:
                                      Location of evaluation (cos(theta))
    294:
                              1:
    295:
                                      Degree of associated legendre polynomial
    296:
                              m:
    297:
                                      Order of associated legendre polynomial
    298:
    299:
                              Returns
    300:
    301:
                              The theta derivative of the polynomial at location specified. (float)
    302:
    303:
                              Associated Legendre Polynomial Normalizations:
    304:
    305:
    306:
                              Schmidt Quasi-Normalized:
    307:
                                      P^{m_1(x)} = sqrt\{2*(1-m)!/(1+m)!\}(1-x^2)^{m/2}(d/dx)^2 P_1(x)
    308:
    309:
                              Theta derivative:
    310:
                                      d_{theta} P^{m_1}(x=\cos(th)) = -1/\sqrt{1-x^2} * [(1+1)*x*P^{m_1}(x) + (1+1)*x*P^{m_1}(x) + (1+1)
1-m) *P^m_(1+1) (x) ]
    311:
    312:
                              if m == 0:
    313:
                                      return 1/(1-x^*2)^*0.5 * (-(1+1)^*x^*self._Pml(x, 1, m) + (1+1-m)^*(_fac
torial (1-m) /_factorial (1+m)) **0.5/(-1) **m*_lpmv(m, l+1,x))
    314:
    315:
                                      return 1/(1-x^*2)^*0.5 * (-(1+1)^*x^*self._Pml(x, 1, m) + (1+1-m)^*(2^*_f
actorial (1-m) /_factorial (1+m) ) **0.5/(-1) **m*_lpmv (m, 1+1, x))
    316:
    317:
                      def _calculate_g_raw_at_t(self, time):
    318:
                              Calculates the Gauss Coefficients in raw ordering given the parameters cal
    319:
culated by inverval() and _bspline().
    320:
    321:
                              Parameters
    322:
    323:
                              time:
    324:
    325:
                              Returns
```

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  326:
  327:
                    Gauss Coefficients for a particular time in raw ordering.
               11 11 11
  328:
  329:
               gt = self.gt
  330:
               b = self.bspline(time)
               i = self._interval(time)
  331:
  332:
               bo = self.bspl_order
  333:
               g_raw = _sum(b[i:i+bo]*gt[:, i:i+bo], axis=1)
  334:
               return g_raw
  335:
  336:
           def _convert_g_raw_to_shtarray(self, g_raw, l_max=None):
                """ BROKEN -- Converts g_raw computed for a time to shtools formatted arra
  337:
У
  338:
  339:
               Inputs
  340:
  341:
               g_raw:
  342:
                    numpy array of g_raw, standard ordering as on single-time g_raw files
from website.
  343:
               l_max:
  344:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (automatically taken from
data_file)
  345:
               Returns
  346:
               coeffs:
  347:
                   (2,1_max+1, 1_max+1) size array of Gauss coefficients where e.g. coeff
  348:
s[0,2,1] = g(1=2, m=1), coeffs[1,2,0] = h(1=2, m=0)
  349:
               11 11 11
  350:
  351:
               # if not l_max:
  352:
                      1 max = self.1 max
               \# coeffs = \_np.zeros((2,1\_max+1, 1\_max+1))
  353:
               \# coeffs[0,1,0] = g_raw[0]
  355:
               \# coeffs[0,1,1] = q_raw[1]
  356:
                \# coeffs[1,1,1] = g_raw[2]
  357:
               \# i = 3
               # for 1 in range(2,1_max+1):
  358:
  359:
               #
                    coeffs[0,1,0] = g_raw[i]
               #
  360:
                     i += 1
  361:
               #
                     for m in range(1,1+1):
  362:
               #
                          coeffs[0,1,m] = g_raw[i]
  363:
               #
                          i += 1
                          coeffs[1,1,m] = g_raw[i]
  364:
                #
  365:
                          i += 1
  366:
                # return coeffs
  367:
               raise NotImplementedError("this function doesn't work yet")
  368:
  369:
           def read_SH_from_file_gufm_form(self, file):
  370:
  371:
               file:
  372:
                    filename of file in gufm single-epoch form. First line is title line,
second line is 1_max, then coefficients
  373:
  374:
               Returns
  375:
  376:
                    SH_qufm, l_max : _np.array of the raw coefficients and l_max
  377:
  378:
               with open(file, 'rb') as f:
  379:
                    f.readline()
  380:
                    line1 = f.readline().split()
  381:
  382:
                   l_max = int(line1[0])
  383:
  384:
                   raw = []
  385.
                    for line in f:
                        l_tmp = [float(x) for x in line.split()]
  386:
  387:
                        for 1 in 1_tmp:
  388:
                            raw.append(1)
  389:
               SH_gufm = _np.array(raw)
  390:
               return SH_qufm, l_max
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  391:
  392:
           def write_SH_to_file_gufm_form(self, SH, file, heading, l_max, num_per_line=4)
                11 11 11
  393:
  394:
  395:
               Parameters
  396:
                SH: _sht.SHCoeffs class
  397:
  398:
                file: filename to write to
  399:
               heading: heading to write on line #1
  400:
               l_max: l_max to write on line #2
  401:
               num_per_line: number of coefficients to list per line
  402:
  403:
               Returns
  404:
  405:
                    none
  406:
  407:
               Bschmidt = SH.to_array(normalization='schmidt', csphase=-1)
  408:
               SHv = self._convert_shtarray_to_qufm_form(Bschmidt, l_max=SH.lmax)
  409:
                with open(file, 'w') as f:
  410:
                    f.write(heading + '\n')
  411:
                    f.write('{0:.0f}\t0\n'.format(l_max))
  412:
                    i = 0
                    while (i < len(SHv)):</pre>
  413:
  414:
                        f.write('{0:.8e}'.format(SHv[i]))
  415:
                        if (i+1) % num_per_line == 0:
  416:
                            f.write('\n')
  417:
                        else:
  418:
                            f.write('\t')
  419:
                        i += 1
  420:
  421:
           def _convert_gufm_form_to_shtarray(self, g_raw, l_max=None):
  422:
  423:
                Converts g_raw computed for a time to shtools formatted array
  424:
  425:
                Inputs
  426:
  427:
                g_raw:
  428:
                    numpy array of g_raw, standard ordering as on single-time g_raw files
from website.
  429:
                1 max:
  430:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (automatically taken from
data file)
  431:
               Returns
  432:
  433:
                coeffs:
                    _sht.SHCoeffs class: (2,1_max+1, 1_max+1) size array of Gauss coeffici
  434:
ents where e.g. coeffs[0,2,1] = g(1=2, m=1), coeffs[1,2,0] = h(1=2, m=0)
  435:
                11 11 11
  436:
  437:
               if not l_max:
  438:
                    l_max = self.l_max
  439:
               coeffs = _np.zeros((2, l_max + 1, l_max + 1))
  440:
               coeffs[0, 1, 0] = g_raw[0]
               coeffs[0, 1, 1] = g_raw[1]
  441:
  442:
               coeffs[1, 1, 1] = q_raw[2]
  443:
               i = 3
  444:
                for 1 in range (2, 1_max + 1):
  445:
                    coeffs[0, 1, 0] = q_raw[i]
  446:
                    i += 1
  447:
                    for m in range (1, 1 + 1):
  448:
                        coeffs[0, 1, m] = g_raw[i]
  449:
                        i += 1
  450:
                        coeffs[1, l, m] = g_raw[i]
  451:
                        i += 1
  452:
               return _sht.SHCoeffs.from_array(coeffs, normalization='schmidt', csphase=-
1)
  453:
  454:
           def _convert_shtarray_to_gufm_form(self, shtarray, l_max=None):
  455:
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  456:
               Converts g_raw computed for a time to shtools formatted array
  457:
  458:
               Inputs
  459:
  460:
               shtarrav:
  461:
                    (2,1_max+1, 1_max+1) size array of Gauss coefficients where e.g. coeff
s[0,2,1] = g(1=2, m=1), coeffs[1,2,0] = h(1=2, m=0)
  462:
               1 max:
  463:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (automatically taken from
data_file)
  464:
               Returns
  465:
  466:
               gufm_raw:
  467:
                    _np.array of length (l_max+1)**2-1 ordered according to the gufm stand
ard
  468:
  469:
               shtarray = self._convert_SHin(shtarray, l_max=l_max)
  470:
               if l_max is None:
  471:
                    l_max = shtarray.lmax
  472:
               raw = []
  473:
               raw.append(shtarray[0, 1, 0])
  474:
               raw.append(shtarray[0, 1, 1])
               raw.append(shtarray[1, 1, 1])
  475:
               for 1 in range(2, 1_max + 1):
  476:
                    raw.append(shtarray[0, 1, 0])
  477:
  478:
                    for m in range (1, 1 + 1):
  479:
                        raw.append(shtarray[0, 1, m])
  480:
                        raw.append(shtarray[1, 1, m])
  481:
               return _np.array(raw)
  482:
  483:
           def _calculate_SVgh_raw_at_t(self, time):
  484:
               Calculates the time derivatives of Gauss Coefficients in raw ordering give
  485:
n the parameters calculated by inverval() and _bspline().
  486:
  487:
               Parameters
  488:
  489:
               time:
  490:
                    date in years to calculate SVg_raw
  491:
               Returns
  492:
               SVg_raw:
  493:
  494:
                    Time derivatives of Gauss Coefficients for a particular time in raw or
dering.
  495:
  496:
               gt = self.gt
  497:
               SVb = self.bspline.d(time)
               i = self._interval(time)
  498:
  499:
               bo = self.bspl_order
  500:
               SVg_raw = _sum(SVb[i:i+bo]*gt[:, i:i+bo], axis=1)
  501:
               return SVg_raw
  502:
  503:
           def _calculate_SAgh_raw_at_t(self, time):
                11 11 11
  504:
  505:
               Calculates the second time derivatives of Gauss Coefficients in raw orderi
ng given the parameters calculated by inverval() and _bspline().
  506:
  507:
               Parameters
  508:
  509:
  510:
                    date in years to calculate SAg_raw
  511:
               Returns
  512:
  513:
               SAg_raw:
  514:
                    Second time derivatives of Gauss Coefficients for a particular time in
 raw ordering.
  515:
  516:
               gt = self.gt
  517:
               SAb = self.bspline.d2(time)
               i = self._interval(time)
  518:
```

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  519:
                bo = self.bspl_order
  520:
                SAg_raw = _sum(SAb[i:i+bo]*gt[:, i:i+bo], axis=1)
  521:
                return SAg_raw
  522:
  523:
           def _convert_g_raw_to_gh(self, g_raw, l_max=None):
  524:
  525:
                Converts g_raw computed for a time to g, h dictionaries
  526:
  527:
                Inputs
  528:
  529:
                g_raw:
  530:
                    numpy array of g_raw, standard ordering as on single-time g_raw files
from website.
  531:
                1_max:
  532:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (automatically taken from
data_file)
  533:
                Returns
  534:
  535:
                g, h:
  536:
                    dictionaries of Gauss coefficients ordered as g[1][m] and h[1][m]
  537:
                11 11 11
  538:
  539:
                if not l_max:
  540:
                    l_max = self.l_max
  541:
                g = \{\}
                h = \{ \}
  542:
                g[1] = \{0:g_raw[0]\}
  543:
  544:
                g[1][1] = g_raw[1]
  545:
                h[1] = \{0:0, 1:g_raw[2]\}
  546:
                i = 3
  547:
                for 1 in range (2, 1_{max+1}):
  548:
                    q[1] = {}
  549:
                    h[1] = {}
  550:
                    g[1][0] = g_raw[i]
  551:
                    i += 1
  552:
                    h[1][0] = 0.
  553:
                    for m in range (1, 1+1):
  554:
                        g[l][m] = g_raw[i]
  555:
                        i += 1
  556:
                        h[l][m] = g_raw[i]
  557:
                        i += 1
  558:
                return g, h
  559:
            def convert_gh_to_complex(self, q, h, l_max=None):
  560:
  561:
  562:
                converts g,h real spherical harmonics to A complex spherical harmonic.
  563:
  564:
                V(r,th,ph) = a sum_m,1{ \setminus norm(a/r)**(1+1) * (g_m,1 * cos(m*ph) + h_m,1 *
sin(m*ph) ) * P_m, l(cos(th)) }
  565:
                c(th, ph) = sum_m, 1\{ c_m, 1 * exp(i*m*ph) * P_m, 1(cos(th)) \}
  566:
  567:
               Parameters
  568:
  569:
                g: cos(m\phi) term
  570:
                h: sin(m\phi) term
  571:
  572:
                Returns
  573:
  574:
                c: complex spherical harmonics coefficients
  575:
  576:
                if not l_max:
  577:
                   l_max = max(g.keys())
  578:
                C = \{ \}
  579:
                for 1 in range(1, l_max+1):
  580:
                    c[1] = {}
  581:
                    for m in range (0, 1+1):
  582:
                        c[1][m] = g[1][m] - 1j*h[1][m]
  583:
                return c
  584:
  585:
           def convert_complex_to_gh(self, c, l_max=None):
```

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                                                   10
                11 11 11
  586:
  587:
                converts c complex spherical harmonic to g,h real spherical harmonics.
  588:
  589:
               V(r,th,ph) = a sum_m, 1{ \setminus norm(a/r)**(1+1) * (g_m,1 * cos(m*ph) + h_m,1 *
sin(m*ph) ) * P_m, l(cos(th)) }
  590:
               c(th, ph) = sum_m, 1{c_m, 1 * exp(i*m*ph) * P_m, 1(cos(th))}
  591:
  592:
               Parameters
  593:
  594:
                c: complex spherical harmonics coefficients
  595:
  596:
               Returns
  597:
  598:
                g,h: real spherical harmonics coefficients
  599:
  600:
                if not l_max:
  601:
                   l_{max} = max(c.keys())
  602:
                g = \{\}
  603:
                h = \{ \}
  604:
                for 1 in range(1, 1_max+1):
  605:
                    q[1] = {}
  606:
                    h[1] = {}
  607:
                    for m in range (0, 1+1):
  608:
                        g[l][m] = _np.real(c[l][m])
                        h[1][m] = -_np.imag(c[1][m])
  609:
                return g,h
  610:
  611:
  612:
           def get_shtcoeffs_at_t(self, time, l_max=None):
  613:
  614:
                Calculates Gauss coefficients at time T
  615:
  616:
               Parameters
  617:
  618:
                time:
  619:
                    time to calculate parameters
  620:
  621:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (14)
  622:
                Returns
  623:
  624:
                coeffs:
  625:
                    array containing Gauss coefficients at time time
  626:
                g_raw = self._calculate_g_raw_at_t(time)
  627:
  628:
                return self._convert_qufm_form_to_shtarray(q_raw, l_max=l_max)
  629:
  630:
           def get_sht_allT(self, T, l_max=None):
  631:
  632:
                Calculates Gauss coefficients of secular acceleration at a list or _np.arr
ay of times T
  633:
  634:
                :param T: list of _np.array of times (yr)
  635:
                :param l_max:
  636:
                :return:
                11 11 11
  637:
  638:
                sht list = []
  639:
                for t in T:
  640:
                    sht_list.append(self.get_shtcoeffs_at_t(t,l_max=l_max))
  641:
                return sht_list
  642:
  643:
           def get_SVshtcoeffs_at_t(self, time, l_max=None):
  644:
  645:
                Calculates Gauss coefficients of secular variation at time T
  646:
  647:
               Parameters
  648:
  649:
               time:
  650:
                    time to calculate parameters
  651:
                1 max:
  652:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (14)
  653:
               Returns
```

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  654:
  655:
               coeffs:
  656:
                    array containing Gauss coefficients of secular variation at time time
  657:
  658:
               g_raw = self._calculate_SVgh_raw_at_t(time)
  659:
               return self._convert_gufm_form_to_shtarray(g_raw, l_max=l_max)
  660:
  661:
           def get_SVsht_allT(self, T, l_max=None):
  662:
  663:
               Calculates Gauss coefficients of secular variation at a list or _np.array
of times T
  664:
  665:
               :param T: list of _np.array of times (yr)
  666:
               :param l_max:
  667:
               :return:
  668:
                11 11 11
  669:
               sht_list = []
  670:
               for t in T:
  671:
                    sht_list.append(self.get_SVshtcoeffs_at_t(t,l_max=l_max))
  672:
               return sht_list
  673:
  674:
           def get_SAshtcoeffs_at_t(self, time, l_max=None):
  675:
  676:
               Calculates Gauss coefficients of secular acceleration at time T
  677:
  678:
               Parameters
  679:
  680:
               time:
  681:
                    time to calculate parameters
  682:
               1 max:
  683:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (14)
  684:
               Returns
  685:
  686:
               coeffs:
  687:
                    array containing Gauss coefficients of secular acceleration at time ti
me
  688:
  689:
               g_raw = self._calculate_SAgh_raw_at_t(time)
  690:
               return self._convert_gufm_form_to_shtarray(g_raw, l_max=l_max)
  691:
  692:
           def get_SAsht_allT(self, T, l_max=None):
  693:
  694:
               Calculates Gauss coefficients of secular acceleration at a list or _np.arr
ay of times T
  695:
  696:
               :param T: list of _np.array of times (yr)
  697:
                :param l_max:
  698:
                :return:
                ** ** **
  699:
  700:
               sht_list = []
  701:
               for t in T:
  702:
                    sht_list.append(self.get_SAshtcoeffs_at_t(t,l_max=l_max))
  703:
               return sht_list
  704:
  705:
           def B_sht(self, shtcoeffs, r=3480, Nth=None, l_max=None, a=6371.2):
  706:
               Calculates the radial magnetic field on a Driscoll-Healy grid given spheri
  707:
cal harmonics coefficients, using shtools
  708:
  709:
                :param shtcoeffs: spherical harmonics coefficients in SHT format
  710:
                :param r: radius of caculation (km)
  711:
                :param Nth: Number of latitudinal grid point points to output (number of 1
ongitudinal points Nph = 2*Nth)
  712:
               :param l_max: maximum spherical harmonic degree to use in computation
  713:
               :param a: radius of data (6371.2 km by default)
  714:
               :return:
                    data on a Nth x Nph grid
  715:
  716:
  717:
  718:
               if l_max is None:
```

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  719:
                    l_max = shtcoeffs.lmax
  720:
  721:
                # compute parameters for SHTools
  722:
               if Nth is None:
  723:
                   lm = l_max
  724:
               else:
  725:
                   lm = (Nth-2)//2
  726:
  727:
                # catch bad inputs
  728:
               if l_max > shtcoeffs.lmax:
  729:
                   l_max = shtcoeffs.lmax
  730:
                   _warnings.warn('l_max set to {} as maximum degree available in provide
d coefficients'.format(l_max), UserWarning)
  731:
               if l_max > lm:
  732:
                   lm = l_max
  733:
                    _warnings.warn('grid size increased to Nth={} as must have Nth >= 2*1_
max+2'.format(lm*2+2), UserWarning)
  734:
               coeffs = self._convert_SHin(shtcoeffs, l_max=l_max)
  735:
               out = _sht.shtools.MakeGravGridDH(coeffs, a**2, a, a=r, sampling=2, lmax=1
m, lmax_calc=l_max)
  736:
               return -out[0]
  737:
           def B_sht_allT(self, sht_allT, r=3480, Nth=None, l_max=None, a=6371.2):
  738:
  739:
  740:
               Calculates the radial magnetic field on a Driscoll-Healy grid given a list
 of spherical harmonics coefficients, using shtools
  741:
  742:
               :param sht_allT:
  743:
                :param r:
  744:
                :param Nth:
                :param l_max:
  745:
  746:
               :param a:
  747:
                :return:
               11 11 11
  748:
  749:
               B0 = self.B_sht(sht_allT[0], r=r, Nth=Nth, l_max=l_max, a=a)
  750:
               B_t = np.empty((len(sht_allT), B0.shape[0], B0.shape[1]))
  751:
               for i, sh in enumerate(sht_allT):
  752:
                   B_t[i,:,:] = self.B_sht(sh, r=r, Nth=Nth, l_max=l_max, a=a)
  753:
               return B_t
  754:
  755:
           def gradB_sht(self, shtcoeffs, r=3480, Nth=None, l_max=None, a=6371.2):
  756:
  757:
               Find the gradient of the B field, given a list of spherical harmonics coef
ficients
  758:
  759:
               :param shtcoeffs: spherical harmonics of the field in [nT]
  760:
                :param r:
  761:
                :param Nth:
  762:
                :param l_max:
  763:
                :param a:
  764:
                :return: drB, dthB, dphB
  765:
                    drB : radial gradient of the field in [nT/km]
  766:
                   dthB : latitudinal gradient of the field [nT/km]
  767:
                   dphB : longitudinal gradient of the field [nT/km]
  768:
  769:
  770:
               if type(shtcoeffs) is not _np.ndarray:
  771:
                   coeffs = shtcoeffs.to_array(normalization='4pi', csphase=1)
  772:
  773:
                   coeffs = shtcoeffs
  774:
               if l_max is None:
  775:
                   l_max = self.l_max
               if Nth is None:
  776:
  777:
                   lm = l_max
  778:
               else:
  779:
                   lm = (Nth-2)/2
  780:
               out = _sht.shtools.MakeGravGradGridDH(coeffs, a ** 2, a, a=r, sampling=2,
lmax=lm, lmax_calc=l_max)
  781:
               drB = out[2]
  782:
               dthB = out[4]
```

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  783:
               dphB = out[5]
  784:
               return drB, dthB, dphB
  785:
  786:
           def gradB_sht_allT(self, sht_allT, r=3480, Nth=None, l_max=None, a=6371.2):
  787:
               drB0, dthB0, dphB0 = self.gradB_sht(sht_allT[0], r=r, Nth=Nth, l_max=l_max
, a=a)
  788:
               drB_t = _np.empty((len(sht_allT), drB0.shape[0], drB0.shape[1]))
               dthB_t = _np.empty((len(sht_allT), dthB0.shape[0], dthB0.shape[1]))
  789:
  790:
               dphB_t = _np.empty((len(sht_allT), dphB0.shape[0], dphB0.shape[1]))
  791:
               for i,sh in enumerate(sht_allT):
  792:
                   drB_t[i,:,:], dthB_t[i,:,:], dphB_t[i,:,:] = self.gradB_sht(sh, r=r, N
th=Nth, l_max=l_max, a=a)
  793:
               return drB_t, dthB_t, dphB_t
  794:
  795:
           def get_gh_at_t(self, time, l_max=None):
  796:
  797:
               Calculates Gauss coefficients at time T
  798:
  799:
               Parameters
  800:
  801:
               time:
  802:
                   time to calculate parameters
  803:
               1_max:
  804:
                   spherical harmonic degree included in model (14)
  805:
  806:
               Returns
  807:
               g_dict, h_dict:
  808:
  809:
                   dictionaries containing Gauss coefficients at time time
  810:
  811:
               g_raw = self._calculate_g_raw_at_t(time)
  812:
               g_dict, h_dict = self._convert_g_raw_to_gh(g_raw, l_max=l_max)
  813:
               return q_dict, h_dict
  814:
  815:
           def get_SVgh_at_t(self, time, l_max=None):
  816:
  817:
               Calculates Gauss coefficients at time T
  818:
  819:
               Parameters
  820:
  821:
               time:
  822:
                   time to calculate parameters
  823:
               1 max:
  824:
                    spherical harmonic degree included in model (14)
  825:
               Returns
  826:
  827:
  828:
               g_dict, h_dict:
  829:
                   dictionaries containing Gauss coefficients at time time
  830:
  831:
               SVg_raw = self._calculate_SVgh_raw_at_t(time)
  832:
               SVg_dict, SVh_dict = self._convert_g_raw_to_gh(SVg_raw, l_max=l_max)
  833:
               return SVg_dict, SVh_dict
  834:
           def get_SAgh_at_t(self, time, l_max=None):
  835:
                11 11 11
  836:
  837:
               Calculates Gauss coefficients at time T
  838:
  839:
               Parameters
  840:
  841:
               time:
  842:
                   time to calculate parameters
  843:
               1 max:
  844:
                   spherical harmonic degree included in model (14)
  845:
  846:
               Returns
  847:
  848:
               g_dict, h_dict:
  849:
                   dictionaries containing Gauss coefficients at time time
  850:
```

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                                                   14
  851:
                SAg_raw = self._calculate_SAgh_raw_at_t(time)
                SAg_dict, SAh_dict = self._convert_g_raw_to_gh(SAg_raw, l_max=l_max)
  852:
  853:
                return SAg_dict, SAh_dict
  854:
  855:
           def _Br_for_ml(self,r,th,ph,g,h,m,l, a=6371.2):
  856:
  857:
                Calculates the Br contribution for one set of m,l, using the potential fie
ld.
  858:
  859:
                Inputs
  860:
  861:
                r:
  862:
                    radius location (km)
  863:
                th:
  864:
                    latitude location (radians)
  865:
               ph:
  866:
                    longitude location (radians)
  867:
                g:
  868:
                    Gauss coefficient (cos term)
  869:
               h:
  870:
                    Gauss coefficient (sin term)
  871:
               m:
  872:
                    Order of calculation
  873:
                1:
  874:
                    Degree of calculation
  875:
                a:
  876:
                    Radius (km) at which Gauss coefficients are calculated
  877:
  878:
               Returns
  879:
  880:
               Br contribution in Tesla at a particular point from a particular degree an
d order.
  881:
  882:
                return (1+1.) *a** (1+2.) /abs(r) ** (1+2.) * (g*_cos(m*ph) + h*_sin(m*ph)) *self.
_Pml(_cos(th), 1, m)
  883:
  884:
           def _Br_for_ml_complex(self, r, th, ph, c, m, 1, a=6371.2):
  885:
  886:
                Calculates the Br contribution for one set of m, l, using the potential fie
ld.
  887:
  888:
                Inputs
  889:
  890:
  891:
                    radius location (km)
  892:
                th:
  893:
                    latitude location (radians)
  894:
                ph:
  895:
                    longitude location (radians)
  896:
                c:
  897:
                    complex gauss coefficient
  898 .
                m:
  899:
                    Order of calculation
  900:
                1:
  901:
                    Degree of calculation
  902:
                a:
                    Radius (km) at which Gauss coefficients are calculated
  903:
  904:
  905:
  906:
  907:
                Br contribution in Tesla at a particular point from a particular degree an
d order.
  908:
  909:
                return (1+1.) *a**(1+2.) /abs(r) **(1+2.) *c*_exp(1j*m*ph) *self._Pml(_cos(th),
 1, m)
  910:
           def _dphi_Br_for_ml_complex(self, r, th, ph, c, m, l, a=6371.2):
  911:
  912:
  913:
                Calculates the d_phi(Br)/(R*sin(th)) contribution for one set of m,1, usin
g the potential field.
```

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                                                  15
  914:
  915:
                Inputs
  916:
  917:
                r:
  918:
                    radius location (km)
  919:
                th:
  920:
                    latitude location (radians)
  921:
               ph:
  922:
                    longitude location (radians)
  923:
                c:
  924:
                    complex gauss coefficient
  925:
               m:
  926:
                    Order of calculation
  927:
                1:
                    Degree of calculation
  928:
  929:
                a:
  930:
                    Radius (km) at which Gauss coefficients are calculated
  931:
  932:
               Returns
  933:
  934:
                d_phi(Br)/(R*sin(th)) in Tesla/m at a particular point from a particular d
egree and order.
  935:
                return 1j*m/(r*_sin(th))*self._Br_for_ml_complex(r, th, ph, c, m, l, a=a)
  936:
  937:
           def _dtheta_Br_for_ml_complex(self, r, th, ph, c, m, 1, a=6371.2):
  938:
  939:
  940:
                Calculates the d_theta(Br)/R contribution for one set of m,l, using the po
tential field.
  941:
  942:
                Inputs
  943:
  944:
                r:
  945:
                    radius location (km)
  946:
               th:
  947:
                    latitude location (radians)
  948:
               ph:
  949:
                    longitude location (radians)
  950:
                c:
  951:
                    complex gauss coefficient
  952:
               m:
  953:
                    Order of calculation
  954:
                1:
                    Degree of calculation
  955:
  956:
                a:
  957:
                    Radius (km) at which Gauss coefficients are calculated
  958:
  959:
               Returns
  960:
  961:
                d_theta(Br)/R in Tesla at a particular point from a particular degree and
order.
  962:
  963:
                return (1+1.) *a**(1+2.) /abs(r) **(1+2.) *c*_exp(1j*m*ph) *self._dtheta_Pml(_c
os(th), l, m)/r
  964:
           def _SVBr_for_ml(self,r,th,ph,SVg,SVh,m,l, a=6371.2):
  965:
  966:
  967:
                Calculates the SVBr contribution for one set of m,l, using the potential f
ield.
  968:
  969:
                Inputs
  970:
  971:
                r:
  972:
                    radius location (km)
  973:
               th:
  974:
                    latitude location (radians)
               ph:
  975:
  976:
                    longitude location (radians)
  977:
                g:
  978:
                    Gauss coefficient (cos term)
```

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  979.
               h:
  980:
                    Gauss coefficient (sin term)
  981:
               m:
  982:
                    Order of calculation
  983:
               1:
  984:
                    Degree of calculation
  985:
               a:
  986:
                    Radius (km) at which Gauss coefficients are calculated
  987:
  988:
               Returns
  989:
  990:
               SVBr contribution in Tesla at a particular point from a particular degree
and order.
  991:
  992:
               return self._Br_for_ml(r,th,ph,SVg,SVh,m,l, a=a)
  993:
  994:
           def _SABr_for_ml(self,r,th,ph,SAg,SAh,m,1, a=6371.2):
  995:
                11 11 11
  996:
               Calculates the SABr contribution for one set of m,l, using the potential f
ield.
  997:
  998:
               Inputs
  999:
 1000:
               r:
 1001:
                    radius location (km)
 1002:
               th:
                    latitude location (radians)
 1003:
 1004:
               ph:
 1005:
                    longitude location (radians)
 1006:
               g:
 1007:
                    Gauss coefficient (cos term)
 1008:
               h:
 1009:
                    Gauss coefficient (sin term)
 1010:
               m:
 1011:
                    Order of calculation
 1012:
               1:
 1013:
                    Degree of calculation
 1014:
               a:
 1015:
                    Radius (km) at which Gauss coefficients are calculated
 1016:
 1017:
               Returns
 1018:
 1019:
               SVBr contribution in Tesla at a particular point from a particular degree
and order.
 1020:
 1021:
               return self._Br_for_ml(r,th,ph,SAg,SAh,m,l, a=a)
 1022:
           def Br(self,r,th,ph, g_dict, h_dict, l_max=None):
 1023:
 1024:
 1025:
               Calculates the total radial magnetic field at a particular location, given
 a dictionary of gauss coefficients.
 1026:
 1027:
               Inputs
 1028:
 1029:
               r:
                    radius location (km)
 1030:
 1031:
 1032:
                    latitude location (radians)
 1033:
 1034:
                    longitude location (radians)
 1035:
               g_dict:
 1036:
                    dictionary of g (cos) Gauss coefficients, ordered as g[1][m].
               h_dict:
 1037:
 1038:
                    dictionary of h (sin) Gauss coefficients, ordered as h[l][m]. h coeffi
cients for m=0 should be explicitly included as 0.0
 1039:
               1 max:
 1040:
                    maximum degree to use in calculation. By default uses all supplied deg
rees.
 1041:
 1042:
               Returns
```

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 1043:
 1044:
               Total Br at a particular point (Tesla)
 1045:
 1046:
               if l_max is None:
 1047:
                   l_max = max(g_dict.keys())
 1048:
               Br\_sum = 0
 1049:
               for l in range (1, l_{max}+1):
 1050:
                   for m in range(l+1):
 1051:
                        Br_sum += self._Br_for_ml(r,th,ph, g_dict[1][m], h_dict[1][m], m,
1)
 1052:
               return Br_sum
 1053:
 1054:
           def Br_complex(self, r, th, ph, c_dict, l_max=None):
 1055:
 1056:
               Calculates the total radial magnetic field at a particular location, give
a dictionary of complex gauss coefficients.
 1057:
 1058:
               Inputs
 1059:
 1060:
               r:
 1061:
                   radius location (km)
 1062:
               th:
 1063:
                    latitude location (radians)
 1064:
               ph:
                    longitude location (radians)
 1065:
               c_dict:
 1066:
                   dictionary of complex Gauss coefficients, ordered as c[1][m].
 1067:
 1068:
               1 max:
 1069:
                   maximum degree to use in calculation. By default uses all supplied deg
rees.
 1070:
               Returns
 1071:
 1072:
 1073:
               Total Br at a particular point (Tesla, complex)
 1074:
 1075:
               if l_max is None:
 1076:
                   l_max = max(c_dict.keys())
 1077:
               Br\_sum = 0
 1078:
               for l in range (1, l_{max}+1):
 1079:
                   for m in range(l+1):
                        Br_sum += self._Br_for_ml_complex(r,th,ph, c_dict[1][m], m, 1)
 1080:
 1081:
               return Br_sum
 1082:
 1083:
           def grad_Br_complex(self,r,th,ph, c_dict, l_max=None):
 1084:
               Calculates the hoizontal gradient of the total radial magnetic field at a
 1085:
particular location, give a dictionary of complex gauss coefficients.
 1086:
 1087:
               Inputs
 1088:
 1089:
               r:
 1090:
                   radius location (km)
 1091:
               th:
                   latitude location (radians)
 1092:
               ph:
 1093:
 1094:
                    longitude location (radians)
 1095:
               c_dict:
 1096:
                   dictionary of complex Gauss coefficients, ordered as c[1][m].
 1097:
 1098:
                   maximum degree to use in calculation. By default uses all supplied deg
rees.
 1099:
 1100:
               Returns
 1101:
 1102:
               grad_theta(Br), grad_phi(Br) at a particular point (Tesla, complex)
 1103:
 1104:
               if l_max is None:
 1105:
                   l_max = max(c_dict.keys())
 1106:
               dth_Br_sum = 0
 1107:
               dph_Br_sum = 0
```

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 1108:
               for 1 in range(1, l_max+1):
 1109:
                    for m in range(l+1):
 1110:
                        dth_Br_sum += self._dtheta_Br_for_ml_complex(r,th,ph, c_dict[1][m]
, m, 1)
 1111:
                        dph_Br_sum += self._dphi_Br_for_ml_complex(r,th,ph, c_dict[1][m],
m, 1)
 1112:
               return dth_Br_sum, dph_Br_sum
 1113:
 1114:
           def SVBr(self,r,th,ph, SVg_dict, SVh_dict, l_max=None):
 1115:
 1116:
               Calculates the total radial magnetic field at a particular location, give
a dictionary of gauss coefficients.
 1117:
 1118:
               Inputs
 1119:
 1120:
               r:
 1121:
                    radius location (km)
 1122:
               th:
 1123:
                    latitude location (radians)
 1124:
               ph:
 1125:
                    longitude location (radians)
 1126:
               g_dict:
 1127:
                    dictionary of g (cos) Gauss coefficients, ordered as g[1][m].
 1128:
               h_dict:
                    dictionary of h (sin) Gauss coefficients, ordered as h[l][m]. h coeffi
 1129:
cients for m=0 should be explicitly included as 0.0
 1130:
               l_max:
 1131:
                    maximum degree to use in calculation. By default uses all supplied deg
rees.
 1132:
 1133:
               Returns
 1134:
 1135:
               Total Br at a particular point (Tesla)
 1136:
               11 11 11
 1137:
               if l_max is None:
 1138:
                   l_max = max(SVg_dict.keys())
 1139:
               SVBr\_sum = 0
 1140:
               for l in range (1, l_{max+1}):
 1141:
                    for m in range(l+1):
 1142:
                        SVBr_sum += self._SVBr_for_ml(r,th,ph, SVg_dict[1][m], SVh_dict[1]
[m], m, 1)
 1143:
               return SVBr_sum
 1144:
           def SABr(self,r,th,ph, SAq_dict, SAh_dict, l_max=None):
 1145:
 1146:
               Calculates the total radial magnetic field at a particular location, give
 1147:
a dictionary of gauss coefficients.
 1148:
 1149:
               Inputs
 1150:
 1151:
               r:
 1152
                    radius location (km)
 1153:
               th:
                    latitude location (radians)
 1154:
               ph:
 1155:
 1156:
                    longitude location (radians)
 1157:
               q_dict:
 1158:
                    dictionary of g (cos) Gauss coefficients, ordered as g[1][m].
               h_dict:
 1159:
 1160:
                    dictionary of h (sin) Gauss coefficients, ordered as h[l][m]. h coeffi
cients for m=0 should be explicitly included as 0.0
 1161:
               1_max:
 1162:
                    maximum degree to use in calculation. By default uses all supplied deg
rees.
 1163:
 1164:
               Returns
 1165:
 1166:
               Total Br at a particular point (Tesla)
 1167:
               if l_max is None:
 1168:
```

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 1169:
                   l_max = max(SAg_dict.keys())
 1170:
               SABr_sum = 0
 1171:
               for 1 in range(1,1_max+1):
 1172:
                   for m in range(l+1):
 1173:
                       SABr_sum += self._SABr_for_ml(r,th,ph, SAg_dict[1][m], SAh_dict[1]
[m], m, 1)
 1174:
               return SABr_sum
 1175:
 1176:
           def compute_Bdata_allT(self, T, Nth, l_max=None, B_lmax=None, SV_lmax=None, SA
_lmax=None):
 1177:
               if l_max is None:
 1178:
                   l_max = self.l_max
 1179:
               if B_lmax is None:
 1180:
                   B_{lmax} = l_{max}
 1181:
               if SV_lmax is None:
 1182:
                   SV_lmax = l_max
 1183:
               if SA_lmax is None:
 1184:
                   SA_lmax = l_max
 1185:
               Bsh = self.get_sht_allT(T, l_max=B_lmax)
 1186:
               B = self.B_sht_allT(Bsh, Nth=Nth, l_max=B_lmax)
               _, dthB, dphB = self.gradB_sht_allT(Bsh, Nth=Nth, l_max=B_lmax)
 1187:
 1188:
               SVsh = self.get_SVsht_allT(T, l_max=SV_lmax)
 1189:
               SV = self.B_sht_allT(SVsh, Nth=Nth, l_max=SV_lmax)
 1190:
               _, dthSV, dphSV = self.gradB_sht_allT(SVsh, Nth=Nth, l_max=SV_lmax)
 1191:
 1192:
               SAsh = self.get_SAsht_allT(T, l_max=SA_lmax)
 1193:
               SA = self.B_sht_allT(SAsh, Nth=Nth, l_max=SA_lmax)
 1194:
               _, dthSA, dphSA = self.gradB_sht_allT(SAsh, Nth=Nth, l_max=SA_lmax)
 1195:
 1196:
 1197:
               return (B, dthB, dphB, Bsh, SV, dthSV, dphSV, SVsh, SA, dthSA, dphSA, SAsh
 1198:
 1199: class Gufm1 (MagModel):
 1200:
           def __init__(self, data_file = _gufm1_data_file):
 1201:
               self.data_file = data_file
 1202:
               self.gt, self.tknts, self.l_max, self.bspl_order = self._read_data(data_fi
le=self.data_file)
 1203:
               self.dT = self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2+1]-self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2]
 1204:
               self.bspline = self._make_bspline_basis(self.tknts)
 1205:
               self.T_start = self.tknts[self.bspl_order-1]
               self.T_end = self.tknts[-self.bspl_order]
 1206:
               self.name = 'GUFM-1'
 1207:
 1208:
 1209: class GufmSatE3 (MagModel):
           def __init__(self, data_file = _gufmsatE3_data_file):
 1210:
 1211:
               self.data_file = data_file
 1212:
               self.gt, self.tknts, self.l_max, self.bspl_order = self._read_data(data_fi
le=self.data_file)
               self.dT = self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2+1]-self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2]
 1213:
 1214:
               self.bspline = self._make_bspline_basis(self.tknts)
               self.T_start = self.tknts[self.bspl_order-1]
 1215:
               self.T_end = self.tknts[-self.bspl_order]
 1216:
               self.name = 'GUFM-SAT-E3'
 1217:
 1218:
 1219: class GufmSatQ2 (MagModel):
 1220:
           def __init__(self, data_file = _gufmsatQ2_data_file):
 1221:
               self.data_file = data_file
               self.qt, self.tknts, self.l_max, self.bspl_order = self._read_data(data_fi
 1222:
le=self.data_file)
 1223:
               self.dT = self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2+1]-self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2]
 1224:
               self.bspline = self._make_bspline_basis(self.tknts)
 1225:
               self.T_start = self.tknts[self.bspl_order-1]
 1226:
               self.T_end = self.tknts[-self.bspl_order]
               self.name = 'GUFM-SAT-Q2'
 1227:
 1228:
 1229: class GufmSatQ3 (MagModel):
           def __init__(self, data_file = _gufmsatQ3_data_file):
 1230:
 1231:
               self.data_file = data_file
 1232:
               self.gt, self.tknts, self.l_max, self.bspl_order = self._read_data(data_fi
```

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```
le=self.data_file)
 1233:
               self.dT = self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2+1]-self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2]
 1234:
               self.bspline = self._make_bspline_basis(self.tknts)
               self.T_start = self.tknts[self.bspl_order-1]
 1235:
               self.T_end = self.tknts[-self.bspl_order]
 1236:
               self.name = 'GUFM-SAT-Q3'
 1237:
 1238:
 1239: class Chaos6(MagModel):
 1240:
           def __init__(self, data_file = _chaos6_data_file):
 1241:
               self.data_file = data_file
               self.gt, self.tknts, self.l_max, self.bspl_order = self._read_data(data_fi
 1242:
le=self.data_file)
 1243:
               self.dT = self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2+1]-self.tknts[len(self.tknts)//2]
 1244:
               self.bspline = self._make_bspline_basis(self.tknts)
 1245:
              self.T_start = self.tknts[self.bspl_order-1]
 1246:
              self.T_end = self.tknts[-self.bspl_order]
 1247:
               self.name = 'CHAOS-6'
 1248:
```