DNS

1

Default -> type A (especifica o IP do servidor e o endereço)

```
C:\Windows\System32>nslookup ua.pt
Server: SI-SDC-02.ualg.pt
Address: 193.136.224.101

DNS request timed out.
timeout was 2 seconds.

Name: ua.pt
```

Domínio específico (servidor de nome -> name server NS)

```
C:\Windows\System32>nslookup -type=NS ua.pt
Server: SI-SDC-02.ualg.pt
Address: 193.136.224.101

Non-authoritative answer:
ua.pt nameserver = ns2.ua.pt
ua.pt nameserver = ns.ua.pt

ns2.ua.pt internet address = 193.136.172.19
ns.ua.pt internet address = 193.136.172.18
```

Os últimos 2 referem-se ao authorized (quer dizer os ips que são autorizados a acessas a informação)

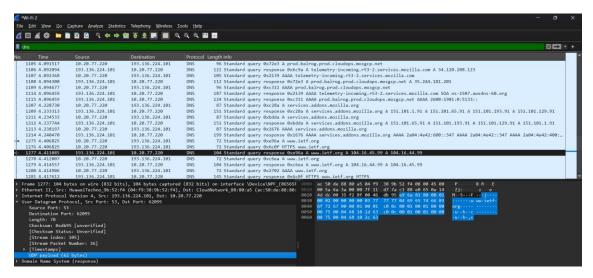
3

```
C:\Windows\System32>nslookup -type=MX ua.pt 193.136.224.100
Server: SI-SDC-01.ualg.pt
Address: 193.136.224.100

Non-authoritative answer:
ua.pt MX preference = 5, mail exchanger = mx4.ua.pt
ua.pt MX preference = 5, mail exchanger = mx1.ua.pt

mx4.ua.pt internet address = 193.136.173.27
mx1.ua.pt internet address = 193.136.173.5
```

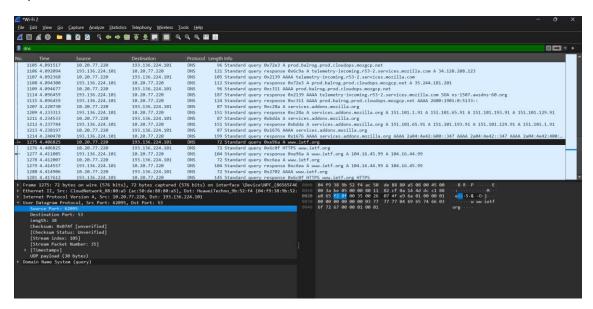
Trata-se de UDP, demonstrado em baixo



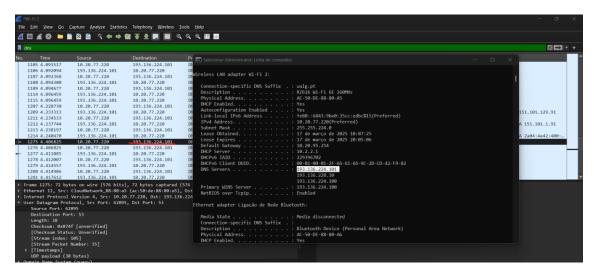
5

A porta de destino: 53

A porta de envio: 62095

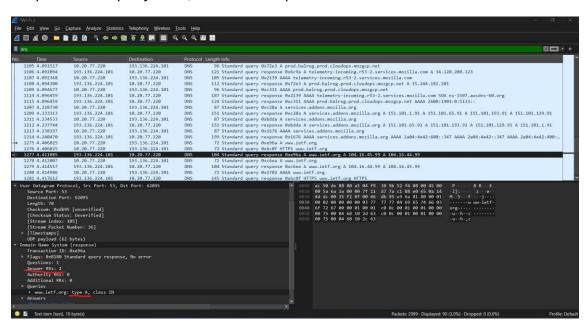


São iguais



7

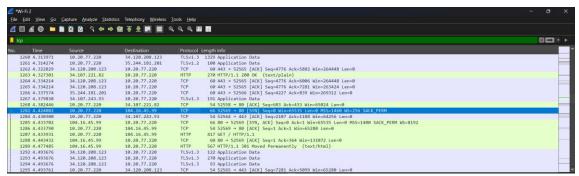
O tipo de DNS query é o A, e contem respostas



8

Obteve 2 respostas (VER IMAGEM ANTERIOR)

Fez hand shake com o IP 104.16.45.99



10

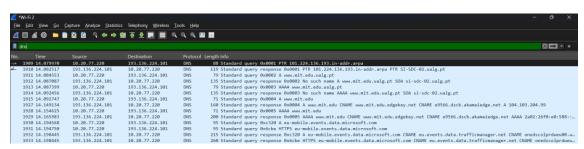
Pode desencadear DNS queries abc.person.com

11

Ambas as portas são 53

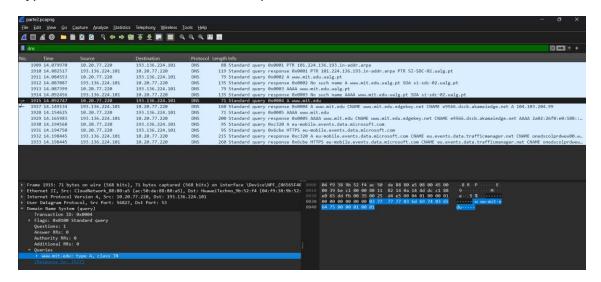
12

Vai para o nosso DNS: 193.136.224.101



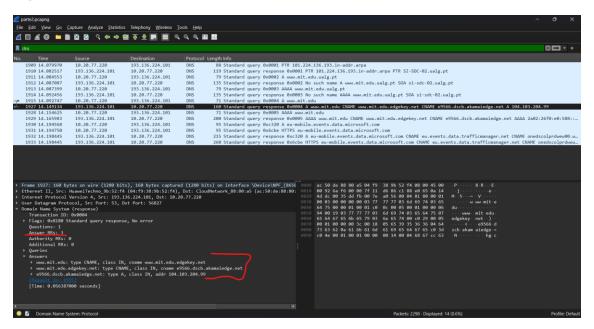
13

Type A, não contendo nenhuma resposta



Obteve 3 respostas

15

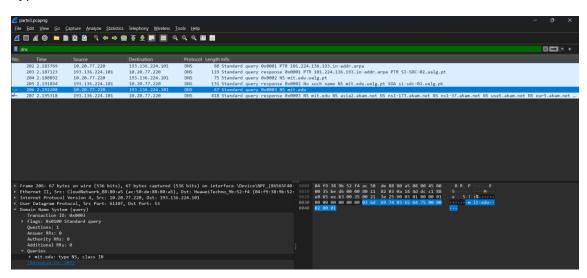


16

É o nosso default DNS server: 193.136.224.101

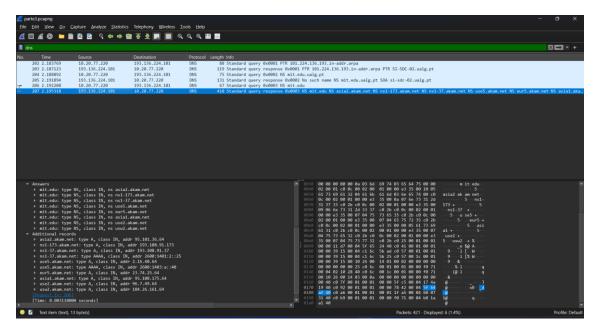
17

Type=NS



Existem vários nameservers e consequentemente vários ips associados (VER PRINT ABAIXO)

19



20

IP adress dest: 143.136.224.100

21

Type=A

22

12 respostas

