

### **Evaluating a Learning** Algorithm

Video: Deciding What to Try Next 5 min

- Video: Evaluating a Hypothesis 7 min
- Reading: Evaluating a Hypothesis 4 min
- Video: Model Selection and Train/Validation/Test Sets 12 min
- **Reading:** Model Selection and Train/Validation/Test Sets 3 min

#### Bias vs. Variance

- Video: Diagnosing Bias vs. Variance 7 min
- **Reading:** Diagnosing Bias vs. Variance 3 min
- Video: Regularization and Bias/Variance 11 min
- **Reading:** Regularization and Bias/Variance 3 min
- **Video:** Learning Curves 11 min
- **Reading:** Learning Curves 3 min
- Video: Deciding What to Do **Next Revisited** 6 min
- **Reading:** Deciding What to do Next Revisited 3 min

#### Review

- **Reading:** Lecture Slides
- Quiz: Advice for Applying Machine Learning 5 questions
- **Programming Assignment:** Regularized Linear Regression and Bias/Variance 3h

## **Building a Spam Classifier**

- Video: Prioritizing What to Work On 9 min
- **Reading:** Prioritizing What to Work On 3 min

# Diagnosing Bias vs. Variance

In this section we examine the relationship between the degree of the polynomial d and the underfitting or overfitting of our hypothesis.

- We need to distinguish whether bias or variance is the problem contributing to bad predictions.
- High bias is underfitting and high variance is overfitting. Ideally, we need to find a golden mean between these two.

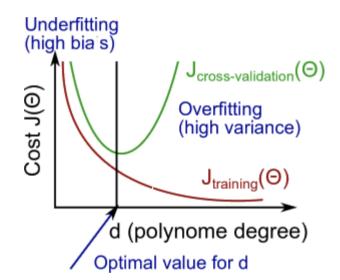
The training error will tend to **decrease** as we increase the degree d of the polynomial.

At the same time, the cross validation error will tend to **decrease** as we increase d up to a point, and then it will **increase** as d is increased, forming a convex curve.

**High bias (underfitting)**: both  $J_{train}(\Theta)$  and  $J_{CV}(\Theta)$  will be high. Also,  $J_{CV}(\Theta) pprox$  $J_{train}(\Theta)$ .

**High variance (overfitting)**:  $J_{train}(\Theta)$  will be low and  $J_{CV}(\Theta)$  will be much greater than  $J_{train}(\Theta)$ .

The is summarized in the figure below:



✓ Complete

Go to next item





