WHO Life Expectancy Data Story

Work-in-Progress Report

NAME: [Your Name]

SECTION: [Your Section]

TITLE: Global Health Disparities: The Gap Between Developed and Developing Nations

**Section 1: Dataset and Story** 

**Dataset Description** 

This project uses the WHO Life Expectancy dataset, which contains health, economic, and social

factors affecting life expectancy across 193 countries from 2000 to 2015. The dataset includes

approximately 2,938 observations (193 countries x 15 years) with 22 columns of variables. These

variables include life expectancy, country status (developed vs. developing), GDP, education,

alcohol consumption, health expenditure, immunization coverage, and various disease prevalence

rates. The dataset was sourced from the World Health Organization's Global Health Observatory

data repository.

Story

This data story is a quest to understand what factors create the significant gap in life expectancy

between developed and developing nations. It examines how economic prosperity (GDP),

healthcare investment, and preventive measures (immunization) interact to shape life expectancy

outcomes globally.

This is a quest story because it follows the journey of identifying the magnitude of global health

disparities and seeks to uncover the underlying causes. The central visualization (bubble plot)

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shows how three critical factors (immunization, GDP, and life expectancy) interact, revealing patterns that aren't visible when examining each factor in isolation. Supporting visualizations further break down these relationships, showing how developed nations consistently outperform developing ones across key health indicators. The story concludes with evidence that investment in basic public health measures like immunization can significantly improve life expectancy even in countries with lower GDP.

# **Section 2: Poster Layout Sketch**

[TITLE] Global Health Dispa:	rities: The Gap Between	n
Developed and Devel	oping Nations	
[INTRO TEXT]	[CENTRAL VISUALIZATION]	
Brief overview of	Bubble Plot showing	
global health	Immunization vs Life	
disparities and	Expectancy with GDP	
the importance of	as bubble size and	
understanding the	colored by country	
factors that create	status	
V	v	
[SUPPORT VIZ 1]	[SUPPORT VIZ 2]	[SUPPORT VIZ 3
Histogram of Life	Bar Chart of Avg.	Scatter Plot o
Expectancy	Life Expectancy	GDP vs Life
Distribution	by Country Status	Expectancy wit
		Health
		Expenditure
	I	
V	V	V
[KEY INSIGHTS]	[WOW ELEMENT]	
Bulleted list of key	Interactive	
findings and implications	time slider	
for global health policy		showing changes
		from 2000-2015

### **Visual Path**

The visual path (indicated by vertical arrows) guides the viewer from the introduction text to the central bubble plot visualization, which shows the three-way relationship between immunization coverage, life expectancy, and GDP. From there, the viewer explores the supporting visualizations that break down these relationships further. Finally, the path leads to key insights and the interactive element showing changes over time.

## **WOW Element**

The poster will include an interactive time slider allowing viewers to see how life expectancy, GDP, and immunization coverage have changed over the 15-year period (2000-2015). This will highlight countries that have made significant improvements despite economic limitations.

## Section 3: Visualizations

## **Visualization 1: Distribution of Life Expectancy (Histogram)**

This histogram shows the overall distribution of life expectancy across all countries and years. It establishes the bimodal nature of global life expectancy, with distinct peaks for developing and developed nations. This visualization is important to our story because it visually demonstrates the gap in life expectancy that we're investigating and provides context for the magnitude of global health disparities.

## Visualization 2: Average Life Expectancy by Country Status (Bar Chart)

This bar chart quantifies the average difference in life expectancy between developed and developing nations. It directly supports our story by showing the magnitude of the disparity (approximately 9-10 years) and serves as a clear, easy-to-understand visualization for viewers who may not be familiar with global health metrics.

#### **Visualization 3: GDP per Capita by Country Status (Boxplot)**

This boxplot shows the distribution of GDP per capita in developed versus developing countries. It is crucial to our story because it illustrates the economic divide that underlies the health disparity. The visualization reveals not just the difference in median GDP but also the much wider range and outliers in the developed nations category.

#### **Visualization 4: Life Expectancy vs. GDP (Scatter Plot)**

This higher-dimensional plot shows the relationship between GDP per capita and life expectancy, with point size representing health expenditure and color indicating country status. This visualization is central to our story because it demonstrates how economic factors correlate with health outcomes, while also showing that some developing countries achieve better life expectancy than their GDP would predict - suggesting other factors (like effective public health measures) play a role.

## **Visualization 5: Life Expectancy vs. Immunization Coverage (Bubble Plot)**

This multivariate bubble plot serves as our central visualization by showing the relationship between immunization coverage (using Polio as a proxy for overall immunization programs), life expectancy, GDP per capita (bubble size), and development status (color). This is the most important visualization for our story as it reveals how preventive public health measures like immunization correlate with higher life expectancy even in countries with lower GDP, offering a potential pathway for developing nations to improve health outcomes despite economic constraints.

# Section 4: Peer Feedback (to be completed after class)

## **Comments about strengths:**

[To be filled in after receiving peer feedback]

## **Comments about areas for improvement:**

[To be filled in after receiving peer feedback]

#### Plans to address feedback:

[To be filled in after receiving peer feedback]