

# Restaurant Rating Analysis – Mexico

## Data-Driven Insights for Business & Investment Decisions

**Dataset:** Restaurant Rating Dataset (Mexico, 2012)

**Objective:** Extract actionable insights to support restaurant entrepreneurs and investors.

## Dashboard Validation

The dashboard successfully answers the analytical questions by:

- Identifying top-rated restaurants
- Linking consumer preferences to service ratings
- Profiling consumer demographics
- Highlighting demand vs supply gaps
- Revealing investment-worthy restaurant characteristics



## Question 1

**What can you learn from the highest rated restaurants?**

**Do consumer preferences affect ratings?**

### Key Insights

**Top-rated restaurants** (e.g., *Emilianos, Michiko Restaurant, Restaurant las Mananitas*) consistently score higher on average ratings.

From the dashboard:

- **Alcohol service matters**  
Restaurants offering Wine & Beer or Full Bar receive higher service ratings than those offering no alcohol.
- **Parking availability impacts ratings**  
Restaurants with dedicated parking or public parking outperform those without parking.
- **Smoking policy influences perception**  
Restaurants with clear smoking policies (No or Bar Only) perform better than unrestricted environments.
- **Cuisine preference is critical**
  - **Mexican cuisine dominates consumer preference** by a wide margin.
  - Restaurants aligned with popular cuisines enjoy stronger demand and better ratings

### Conclusion

**Consumer preferences clearly affect ratings.**

High-performing restaurants align with:

- Preferred cuisines (especially Mexican)
- Value-added services (alcohol, parking)
- Comfortable dining environments

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## Question 2

**What are the consumer demographics?**

**Does this indicate bias in the data sample?**

### Key Insights

- ❖ **Age Distribution**
  - **Young Adults:** ~90.6% of consumers
  - Very small representation of elderly, seniors, teenagers
- ❖ **Occupation & Budget**
  - Majority are **students**
  - **Medium budget consumers dominate** (91 consumers vs 35 low, 5 high)
- ❖ **City Distribution**
  - Highest concentration in **San Luis Potosí**
  - Other cities are underrepresented

## ❖ Bias Assessment

**Yes, the data shows sampling bias**

- Overrepresentation of:
  - Young adults
  - Students
  - Medium-budget consumers
  - A single city

## ❖ Implication

Findings are most reliable for casual, youth-oriented, mid-priced restaurants, and may not fully reflect:

- Fine dining markets
- High-income or older consumer segments
- Broader national trends

## Question 3

**Are there demand & supply gaps to exploit?**

### Key Insights

- ❖ **Demand vs Supply Analysis**
  - Demand score increases faster than restaurant supply
  - Indicates underserved demand, especially in:
    - Medium-priced restaurants
    - Popular cuisines (Mexican, Cafeteria-style dining)
- ❖ **Price Distribution**

- Medium price restaurants: **60**
  - Low price: **45**
  - High price: **25**
- ❖ **Consumer Budget vs Restaurant Pricing**
- Most consumers have medium budgets
  - Fewer restaurants serve this segment optimally

## Market Opportunity

- ❖ **Clear demand-supply gap exists:**
- Medium-priced
  - Youth-focused
  - Mexican cuisine restaurants
  - With parking and alcohol service

This gap presents a strong opportunity for new entrants.

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## Question 4

**If you were to invest in a restaurant, what characteristics would you look for?**

### Data-Driven Investment Criteria

Based on the insights derived from the dashboard, my ideal restaurant investment would have:

- ❖ **Cuisine**
  - **Mexican cuisine** (highest consumer preference)
  - Secondary: American, Cafeteria-style
- ❖ **Pricing Strategy**
  - Medium price range
  - Matches dominant consumer budget
- ❖ **Target Market**
  - Young adults
  - Students and employed professionals
- ❖ **Service Features**
  - Alcohol service (Wine & Beer or Full Bar)
  - Clear smoking policy (No or Bar Only)
  - Parking availability (Onsite or Public)
- ❖ **Location Strategy**
  - Cities with high demand but limited supply

- Expansion beyond oversaturated areas like San Luis Potosí
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## Final Conclusion

The dashboard effectively shows that:

- Consumer preferences strongly influence restaurant success
- The dataset reflects a youth-centric, mid-budget market
- There is an exploitable gap in medium-priced, high-demand dining
- Investors should focus on service quality, accessibility, and popular cuisines

This analysis equips entrepreneurs and investors with the insights needed to minimize risk and maximize market fit.