Sem- IV m Repail 24/12/13 Comp Dept

COMP 4-6 (RC)

S.E. (Comp.) (Semester – IV) (RC) Examination, Nov./Dec. 2013 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING AND DESIGN USING C++

Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instruction : Answer any five questions selecting at least one question from each Module.

MODULE-I

1.	a)	Define the term inheritance. What are the various functions that can have access to the private and protected members of a class?	5
	b)	Write the rules for virtual functions.	5
	c)	Explain the following with respect to formatted console input output operations. Give examples for each:	
		1) width () 2) precision () 2 precision () 2 precision () 3 precision () 4 precision () 4 precision () 5 precision () 6 precision () 7 precision ()	
		3) fill () 4) setf ().	8
	d)	Explain the purpose of the following istream member function: 1) peek 1) peek	
0	- A	2) put back.	2
2.	a)	For each of the following, write statements that perform the indicated task. i) Print 54321, right justified in a 7-digit field	2
		ii) Print two digits after the decimal point in a field of 5 characters width	2
		iii) Print "TABLE 1", left justified in a field width 15 and fill " character.	2
	b)	List and explain stream error states.	6
	c)	What is multiple inheritance? Write a C++ program to illustrate the same.	8

MODULE-II

3.	a)	Write a short note on template arguments with examples.	4
	b)	Write a C++ template function, called exchange () that accepts two arguments of generic type and swaps their contents.	6
	c)	Write a C++ program to handle divide-by-zero exception.	5
	d)	Write a short note on overloading of binary operators.	5
4.	a)	Explain Constructors, Destructors and Exception Handling.	6
	b)	Write a C++ program to add, subtract and multiply two numbers (int or float) using function template.	6
	c)	Write a C++ program to work with two files "CITY" and "STATE". Enter the necessary data into each of the files. Display the contents of both the files.	8
		MODULE - III	
5.	a)	Explain with example, # define preprocessor directive as Macros with one argument and two arguments.	6
	b)	Write a note on # and # # operators with examples.	4
	c)	Explain the following string characteristics with example	
		1) assigns ()	
		2) length ()	
		3) at ()	
		4) append ().	8
	d)	Explain # include with example.	2
6.	a)	Write a note on iterators in STL. Explain the iterator category hierarchy.	8
	b)	Write short notes on the following:	
		1) input iterators	
		2) All iterators	
		3) Output iterators.	6
	c)	Write a program to demonstrate input and output with iterators.	6

MODULE-IV

	7.		Explain the creation and deletion of participants in a sequence diagram with the help of a diagram.	5
		b)	With the help of a diagram show responsibilities in a class diagram.	2
		c)	Draw package diagrams to illustrate the following:	
			Fully qualified package name	
			2) Nested packages	
			3) Full qualified class name.	6
		d)	Draw a state machine diagram for a controller of a secret panel in a Gothic castle. In this castle, I want to keep my valuables in a safe that is hard to find. So to reveal the lock to the safe, I have to remove a strategic candle from its holder, but this will reveal the lock only while the door is closed. Once I can see the lock, I can insert my key to open the safe. For extra safety, I make sure that I can open the safe only if I replace the candle first. If a thief neglects this precaution, I'll unleash a nasty monster to devour him.	7
	8.	a)	With a simple diagram show the following in a state diagram.	
		= 50	1) start	
			2) state	
			3) transition	
			4) activity	
			5) self transition	
		8	6) final state	
			7) guard	0
			8) initial pseudostate.	8
		b)	Draw class diagrams for the following:	
			1) Multiple classification .	
			2) Association class	
			3) Enumerations	0
			4) Active class.	8
		C)	Differentiate between classification and generalization in a class diagram.	4