P.T.O.

T.E. (Computer) (Semester - V) (RC) Examination, Nov./Dec. 2012 COMPUTER HARDWARE DESIGN

Total Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours Instructions: i) Answer five full questions, at least one full question from each Module. ii) Make necessary assumptions and state clearly assumptions made. MODULE-I 1. a) Give the structural and behavioral VHDL description for the full adder circuit. Draw the block diagram and write the truth table. b) Construct a control realization corresponding to the following AHPL sequence. Z = X V A; \rightarrow (a, $\overline{a} \wedge b$, $\overline{a} \wedge \overline{b}$) (2, 3, 4) A ← X ; \rightarrow (1) 3) $A \leftarrow X [1:3], X [0];$ $\rightarrow (4)$ 4) $A \leftarrow A[1:3], A[0];$ \rightarrow (1) c) Explain the various addressing modes used in RIC processor. a) Enumerate and describe in brief any four of the basic building blocks used in hardware circuits. b) Explain branch instruction format of RIC. c) Suppose that the transfer AR ← AR[2], AR [0:1] is to be accomplished if the control signal CSL1 is 1 and AR ← AR[1:2], AR [0] is to be accomplished if CSL2 = 1. Construct a logic block diagram of the input network for the register AR that will provide for both these transfers. 8



MODULE-II

3. a	Write a combinational logic unit description of n-bit ripple carry adder.	6
b)	Explain, how a control unit can be started again after executing a HLT command.	8
C)	Explain the different forms of clocked transfer.	6
4. a)	With the help of a neat diagram explain the control signals and interconnections	
	involved in OR transfer. Also explain memory read and write operations for the	
	RIC system.	6
b)	Write the sequence of AHPL steps to implement the fetch and address cycles of RIC.	
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c)	Determine the control unit target source list for the first 11 steps of RIC.	6
	MODULE - III	
5. a)	Explain the following with reference to the Microprogrammable RIC.	
	i) Format for branch instruction	
	ii) Flags and special bits.	6
b)	Draw a neat block diagram of 64 bit section carry look ahead adder and explain	
	how it speeds up the addition process.	8
c)	Draw the flowchart for floating point multiplication.	6
6. a)	Write an AHPL description of the RIC microsequencer and explain.	6
b)	Write the sequence of AHPL steps to implement division of fixed point	
	quantities.	8
c)	Write the combinational logic unit description for the propogate and generate	
	section of the full adder circuit.	6

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MODULE-IV

- Derive the current-voltage relationships for various bias conditions for a long channel MOSFET. Plot the characteristics.
 - b) List the advantages of CMOS inverter and explain its working with necessary equations and diagrams.
 - c) What are masks? List the masks used in nmos fabrication process.
- 8. a) What are the different approaches to CMOS fabrication. Explain the nwell CMOS fabrication process with neat diagrams.
 - b) Design CMOS logic gates for the following functions:

i)
$$Z = \overline{A.B.C.D}$$

ii)
$$Z = (A.B) + C. (A + B)$$

c) What is the role of SiO2 in IC fabrication?