

S.E. (Comp.) (Semester – IV) (Revised 07-08) Examination, May/June 2010 DATA STRUCTURES

eside the dynamic timple mestation Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100 Instructions: i) Answer any five questions, at least one from each Module. ii) Make suitable assumptions, wherever necessary. MODULE - I 1. a) Explain declaration, initializing and accessing of 2D array elements with an example. 4 b) Explain four commonly used functions from string.h header file. 8 c) What is the output of following programs. 2 i) void main int num=50,*temp,total= 0; temp=# *temp=200; temp=&total; printf("%d%d%d",num,*temp,total); #include<stdio.h> 2 main() int $a[7]=\{1,2,3,4\}$; printf("%d%d%d%d%d\n",(*a),*(&*a),a[*a*0],*a); d) Expinit with an exemple and diagrams the structure for tree node using implementation and whate all some of a node or linked together in a linear

d) Explain structure with an example.

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2. a) Explain recursion with the example of factorial function in C. b) Comment on efficiency of recursion. c) Explain the code to insert and delete nodes in dynamic implementation of Of the Edward Linked list. d) Compare the dynamic and array representation of linked list. MODULE - II 3. a) Define stack. State and explain the code for checking empty or overflow conditions of stack. b) Write short notes on: i) queues about a guide mon anothern beau viscomos most miches (d ii) circular queues amengona garwoolor to huguo our al-and W (9 iii) priority queues. c) Write a C program to perform push and pop operations on a stack. d) Define binary trees, strictly binary trees and complete binary tree. 4: a) Explain the operations used in constructing a binary tree. b) Explain balanced trees with an example. c) State the steps in the three traversal methods of a binary tree. Perform them for following tree. Managaray and BREDOK Street

d) Explain with an example and diagrams the structure for tree node using array implementation and where all sons of a node or linked together in a linear list.



MODULE - III

| 5. | a) | Explain the following terms with respect to graphs. | 8 |
|----|----|---|---|
| | | i) Digraph ii) Degree | |
| | | iii) Path of length k iv) Successor and predecessor | |
| | b) | Explain the declaration for a weighted graph with fixed number of nodes. | 4 |
| | c) | When is a graph called connected? What is connected component. | |
| | | Explain with an example. | 6 |
| | d) | What is spanning tree. | 2 |
| 6. | a) | Explain briefly the two principle methods of automatic list management. | 5 |
| | b) | Why is dynamic memory management required? Explain with an example. | 4 |
| | c) | State the First-Fit allocation algorithm. | 5 |
| | d) | Compare the First-Fit and Best-Fit methods with an example. | 6 |
| | | MODULE – IV | |
| 7. | a) | Write a C code that implements eval function to evaluate the postfix | |
| | | expression using stack. | 8 |
| | b) | State and explain the Josephus problem. | 4 |
| | c) | Write a C program to perform insertion sort. Give an example. | 8 |
| 8. | a) | Explain binary search method for the following array input. | |
| | | 1, 3, 4, 5, 17, 18, 31, 33 | 5 |
| | b) | Construct the binary search tree for the following input. | |
| | | 14, 15, 4, 9, 7, 18, 3, 5, 16, 4, 20, 17, 9, 14, 5 | 4 |
| | c) | Define hashing, rehashing and chaining. | 3 |
| | d) | Explain the general coalesced hoshing and varied insertion coalesced hashing. | 8 |