1) a)
$$\log E(Y_{it} | b_i, X_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + b_i$$

$$\Rightarrow \log E(Y_{it} \mid b_i, X_i + 1) - \log E(Y_{it} \mid b_i, X_i) = \beta_o + \beta_1(X_i + 1) + b_i - (\beta_o + \beta_1 X_i + b_i) = \beta_i$$

$$\int_{\mathcal{A}_{I}} \left[\frac{E(Y_{it} \mid b_{i}, X+I)}{E(Y_{it} \mid b_{i}, X)} \right] = \beta_{I}$$

$$\frac{E(Y_{it} \mid b_i, X+I)}{E(Y_{it} \mid b_i, X)} = exp\{\beta_i\}$$

... On average, the population averaged value of Y increases by e^{β_1} for every one unit increase in X.

b) logit
$$P(Y_{it} = 1 \mid b_i, X_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + b_i$$
, $b \sim \mathcal{N}(0, T^2)$

=>
$$logit P(Y_{it} = 1 | b_i, X_i + 1) = f_0 + f_1(X_i + 1) + b_i$$

$$\log \frac{P(Y_{it} = 1 | b_i, X_i + 1)}{P(Y_{it} = 0 | b_i, X_i + 1)} = \beta_0 + \beta_1(X_i + 1) + b_i$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{P(Y_{it} = ||b_i, X_i|)}{P(Y_{it} = 0||b_i, X_i|)} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + b_i$$

$$\implies \log i + P(Y_{it} = | | b_i, X_i + 1) - \log i + P(Y_{it} = | | b_i, X_i) = \beta,$$

$$\log \frac{P(Y_{it} = 1 | b_i, X_i + 1) P(Y_{it} = 0 | b_i, X_i)}{P(Y_{it} = 0 | b_i, X_i + 1) P(Y_{it} = 1 | b_i, X_i)} = \beta_1$$

$$\frac{P(Y_{it} = 1 | b_i, X_i + 1) P(Y_{it} = 0 | b_i, X_i)}{P(Y_{it} = 0 | b_i, X_i + 1) P(Y_{it} = 1 | b_i, X_i)} = e^{\beta_i}$$

... On average, the population averaged odds of $Y_{it}=1$ increases by e^{β_1} for every one unit increase in X_i

J) (코드는 첨부파일)

Working Complation: exchangeable

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,6] [1,] 1.0000000 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732 0.3370732
```