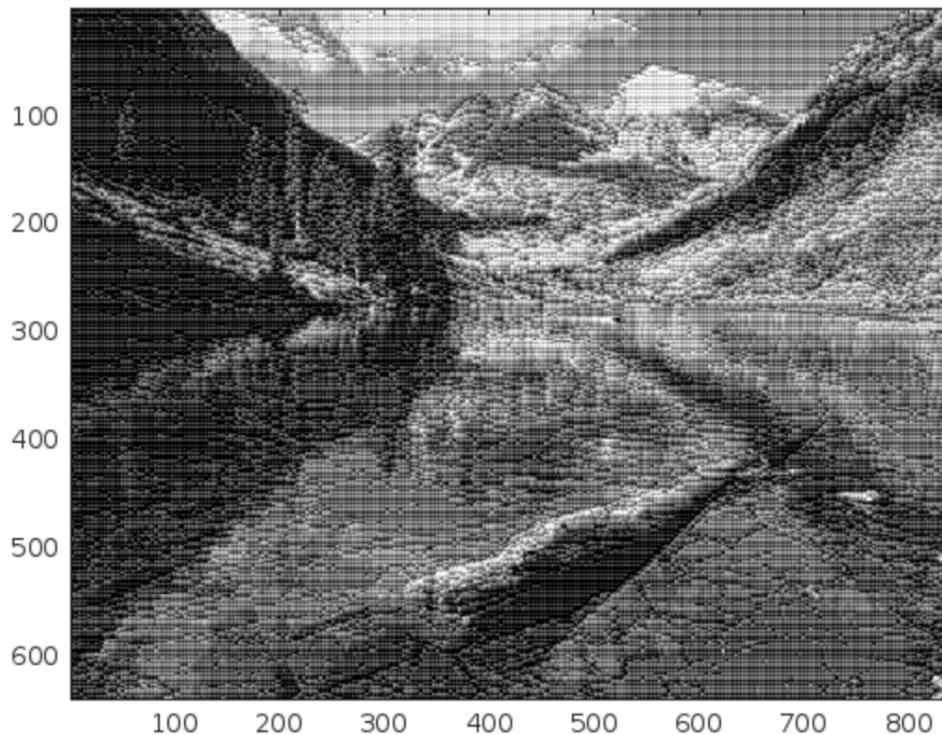


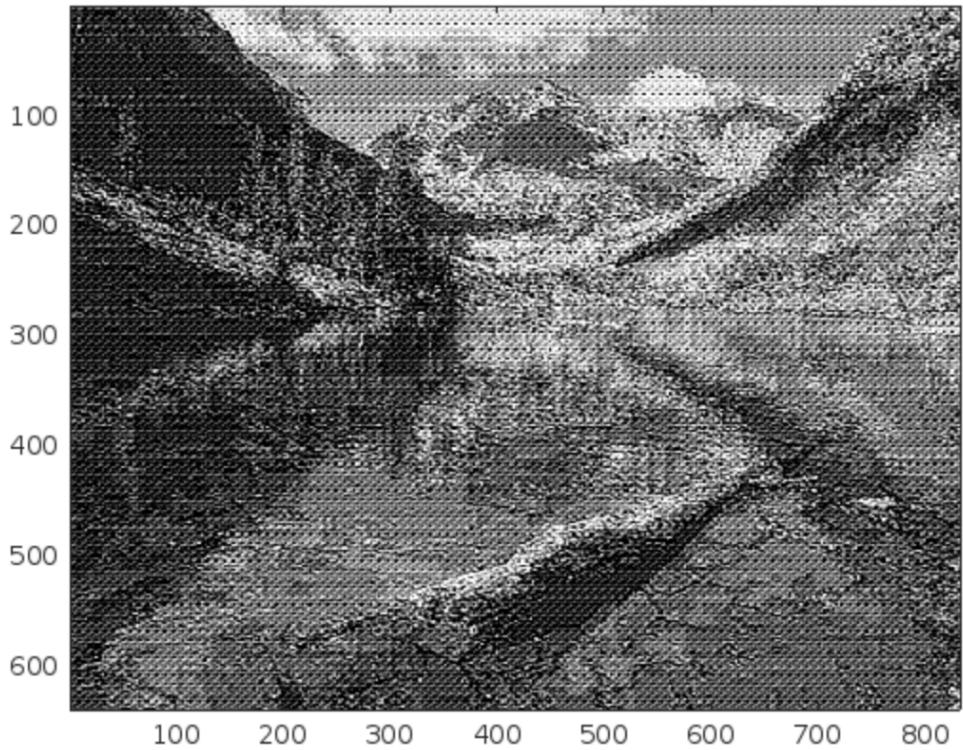
# River

---

- n=4
  - `[Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("river.gif",4);`
  - `img_snr =9.2600`
  - `compress_ratio =9.1429`
  - `imageA`

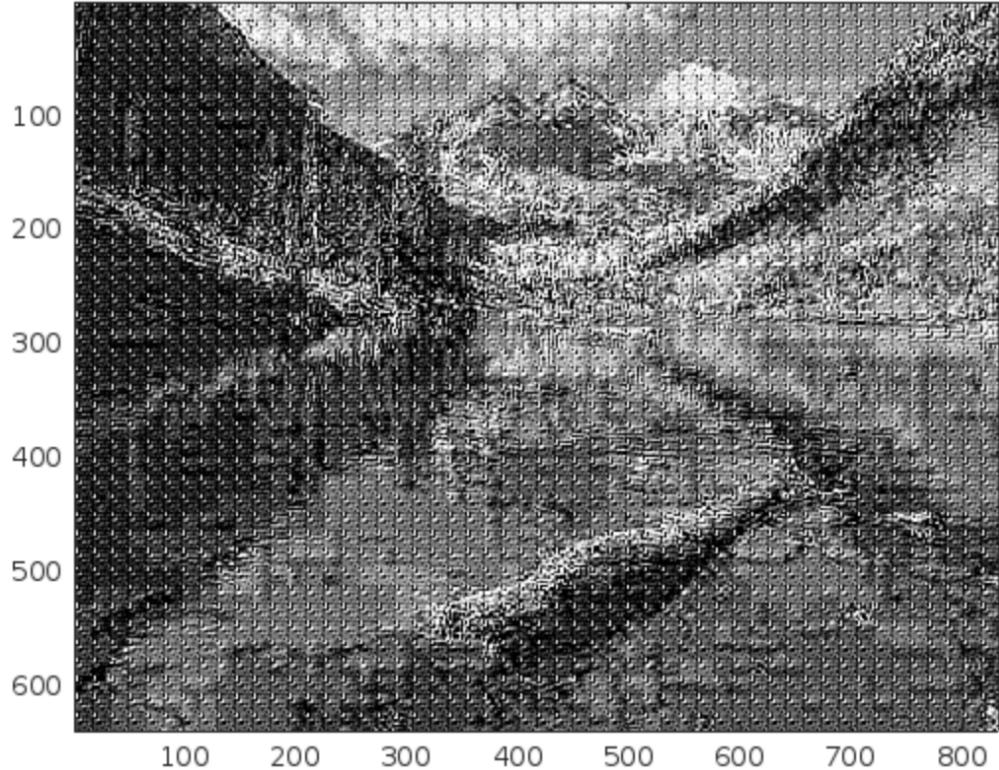


- n=8
  - `[Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("river.gif",8);`
  - `img_snr =5.8522`
  - `compress_ratio =11.6364`
  - `image`



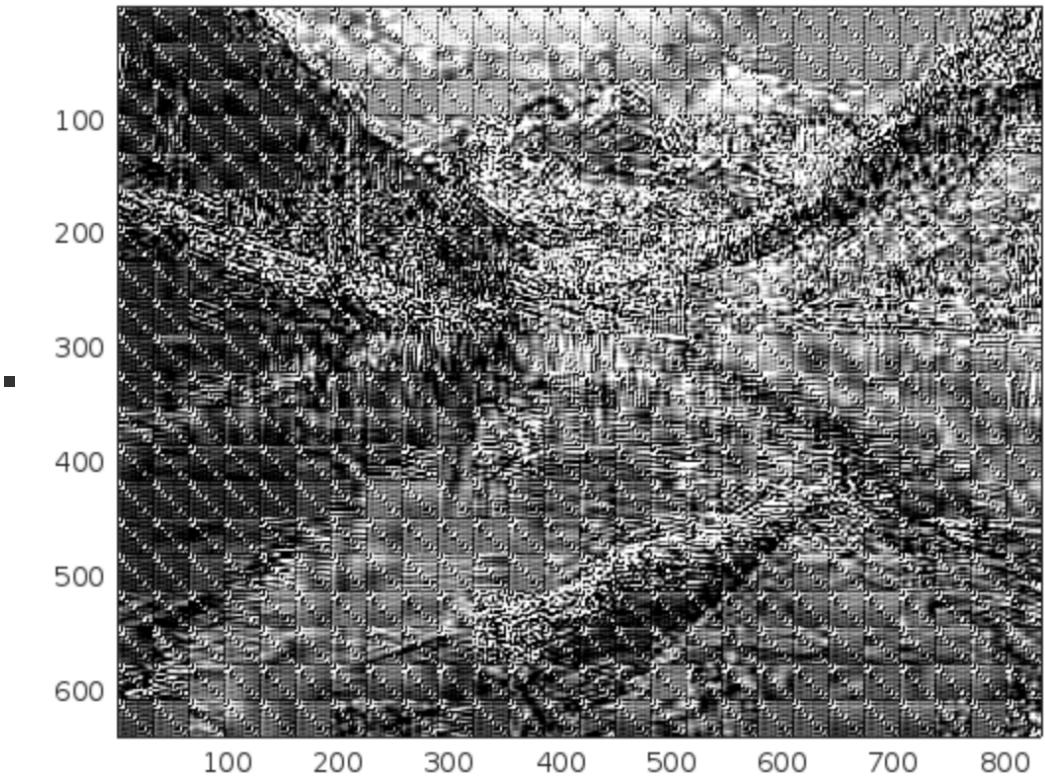
- n=16

- [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("river.gif",16);
- img\_snr =4.5679
- compress\_ratio =12.9620
- image

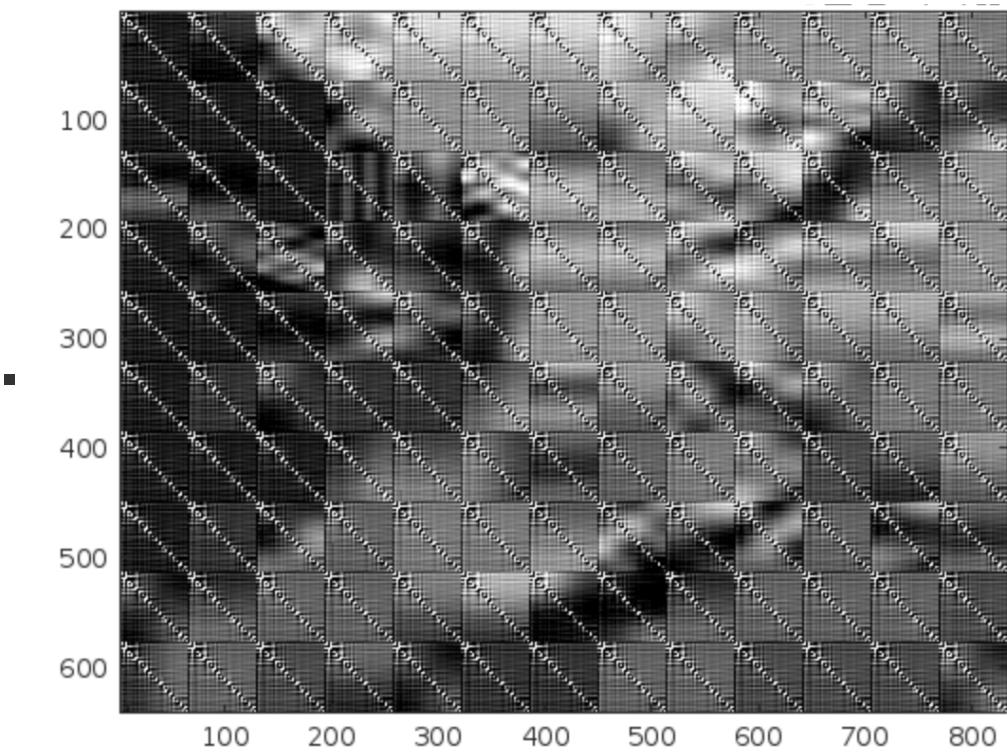


- n=32

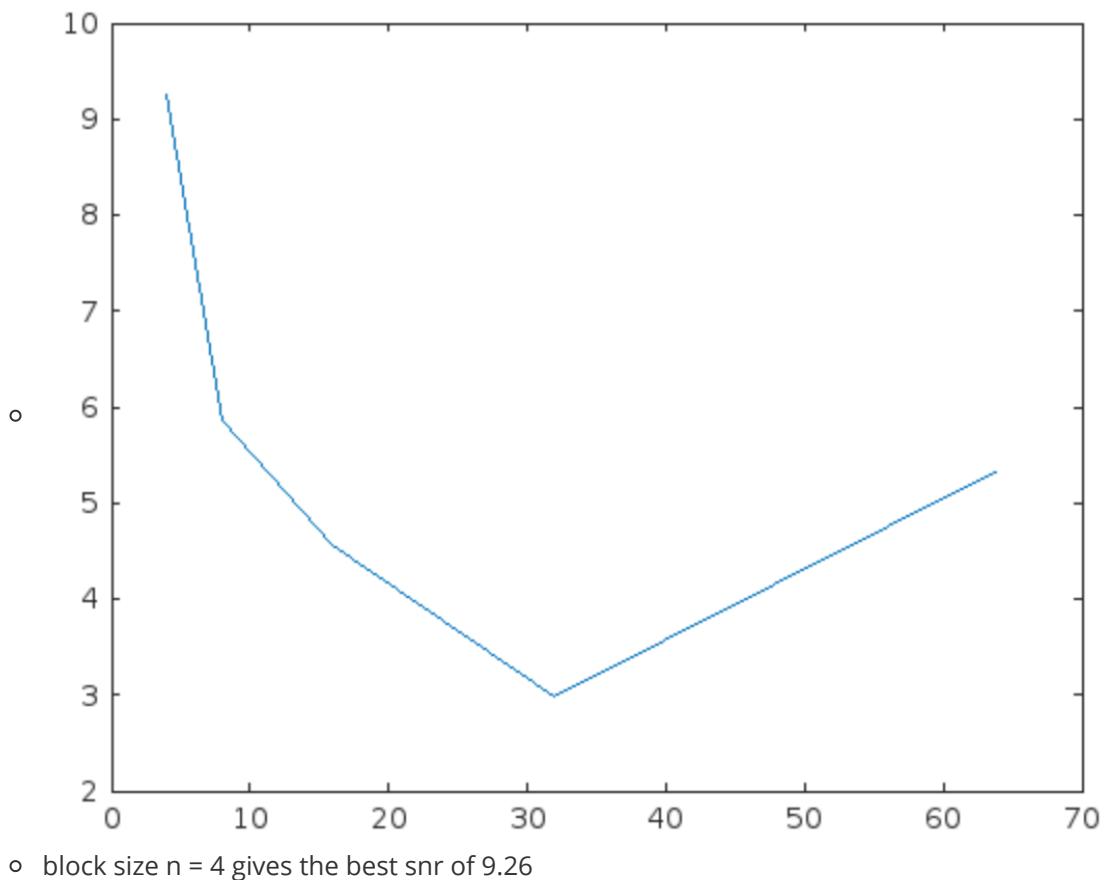
- [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("river.gif",32);
- img\_snr =2.9817
- compress\_ratio =13.2129
- image



- n=64
  - [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("river.gif",64);
  - img\_snr = 5.3376
  - compress\_ratio = 13.3095
  - image



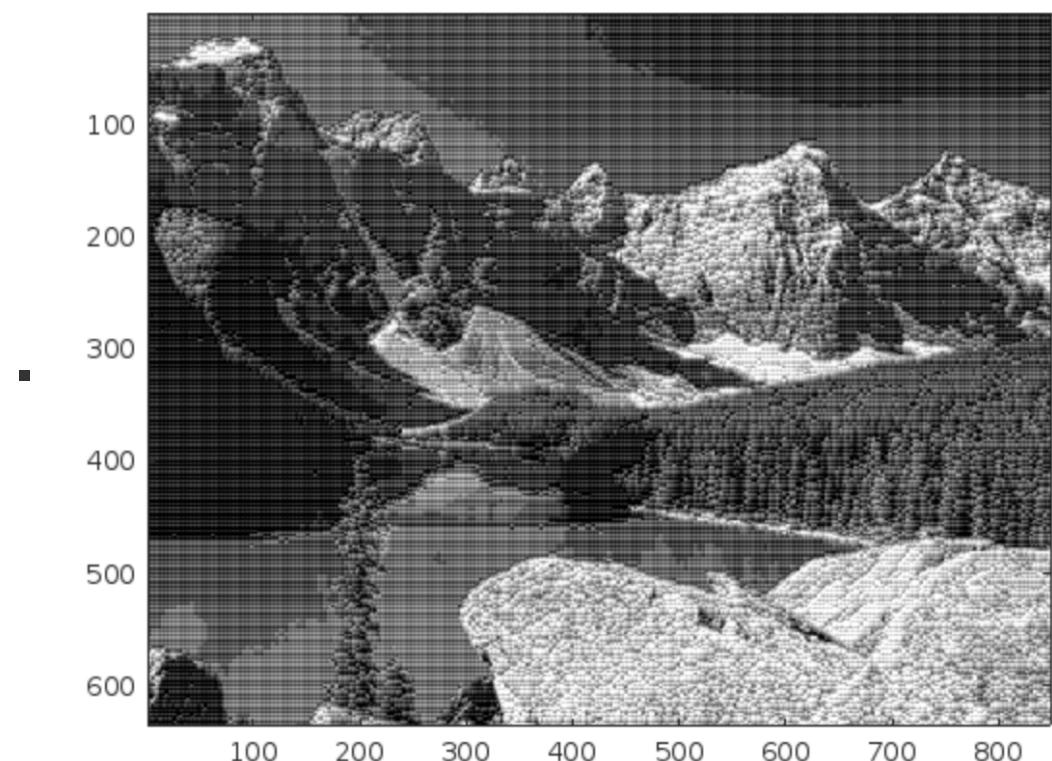
- Plot SNR



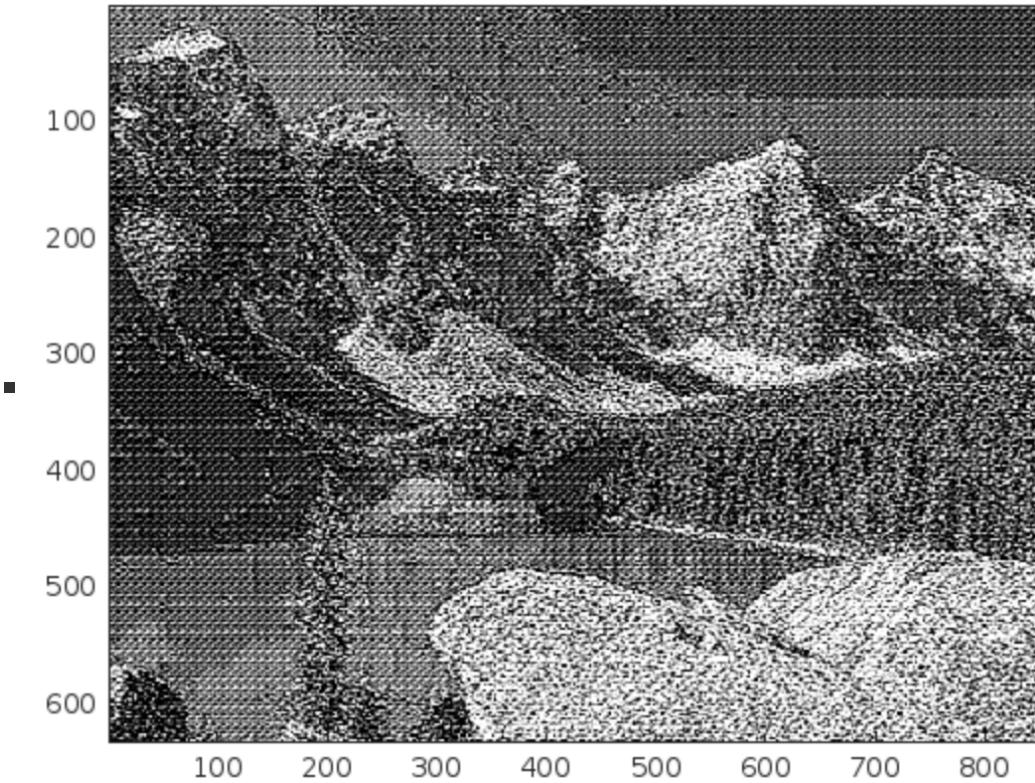
## Lake

---

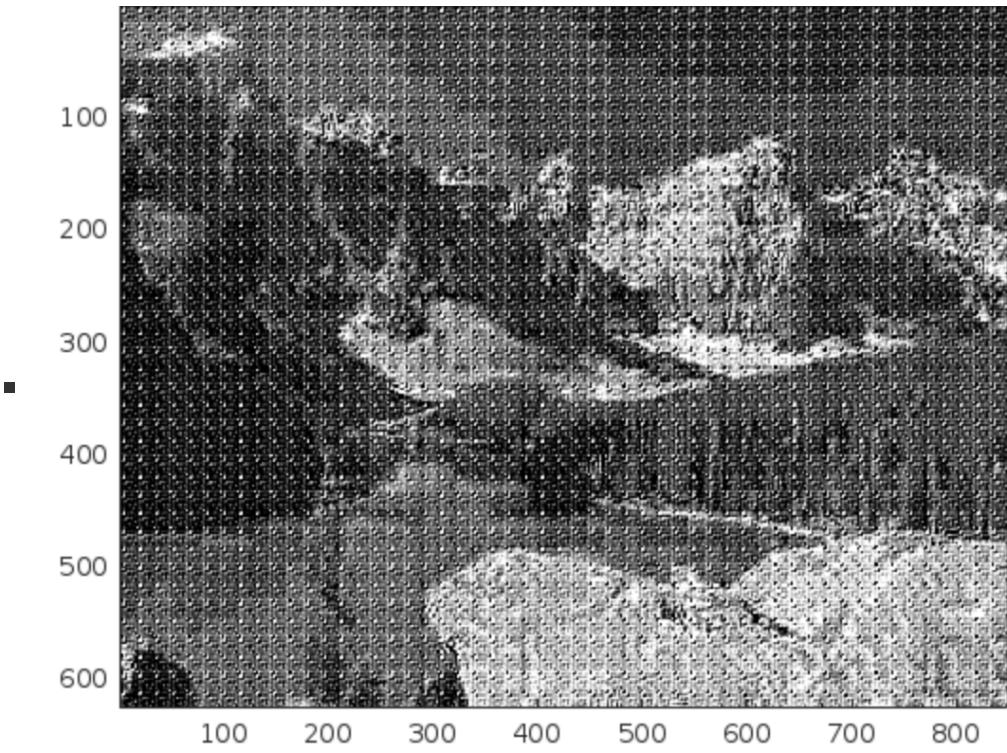
- $n = 4$ 
  - `[Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("lake.gif",4);`
  - $\text{img\_snr} = 10.6388$
  - $\text{compress\_ratio} = 9.1429$
  - image



- n = 8
  - [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("lake.gif",8);
  - img\_snr =4.1789
  - compress\_ratio =11.6364
  - image

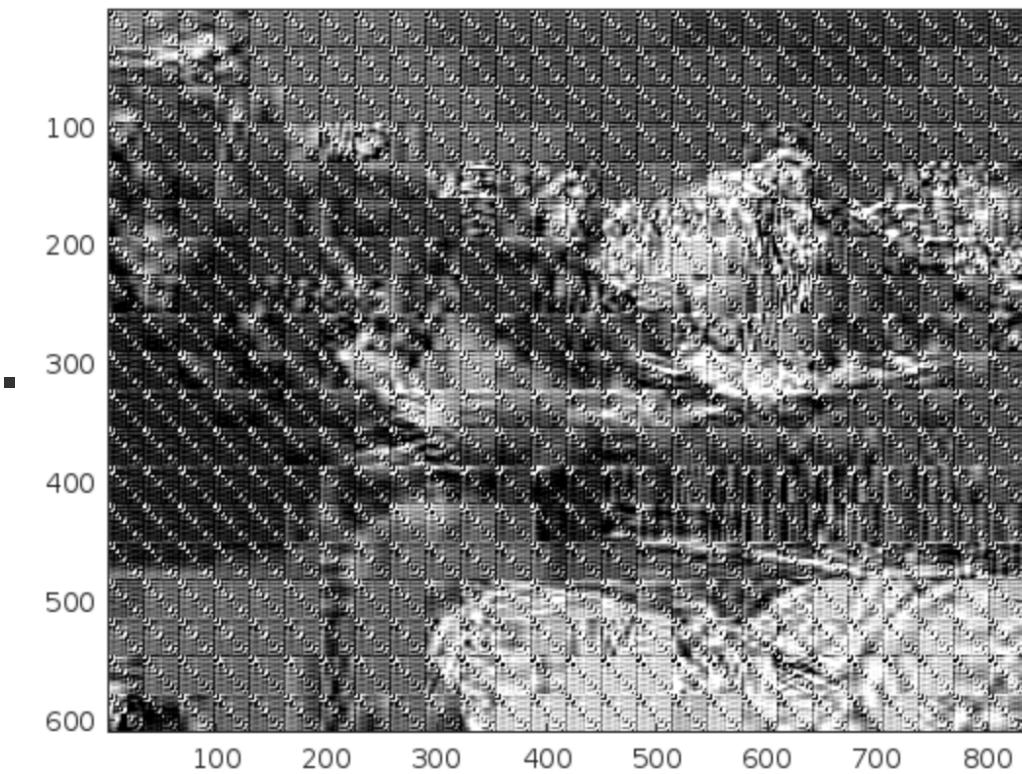


- n = 16
  - [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("lake.gif",16);
  - img\_snr =4.6347
  - compress\_ratio =12.9620
  - image



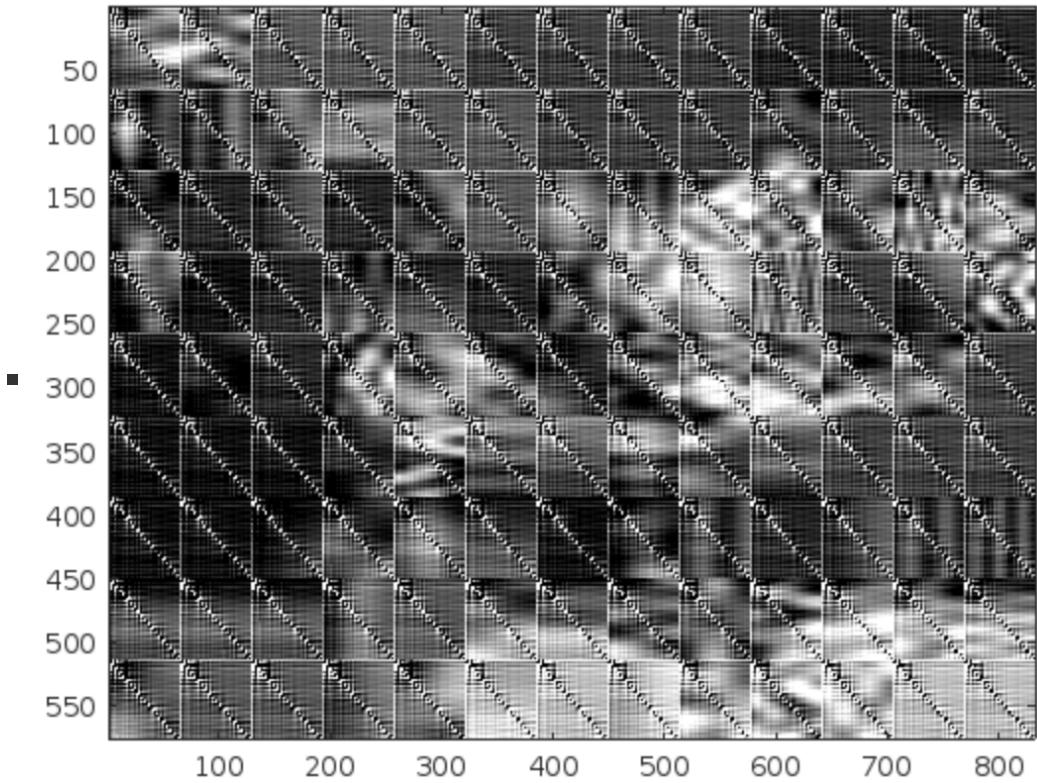
- n = 32

- [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("lake.gif",32);
- img\_snr =4.1733
- compress\_ratio =13.2129
- image

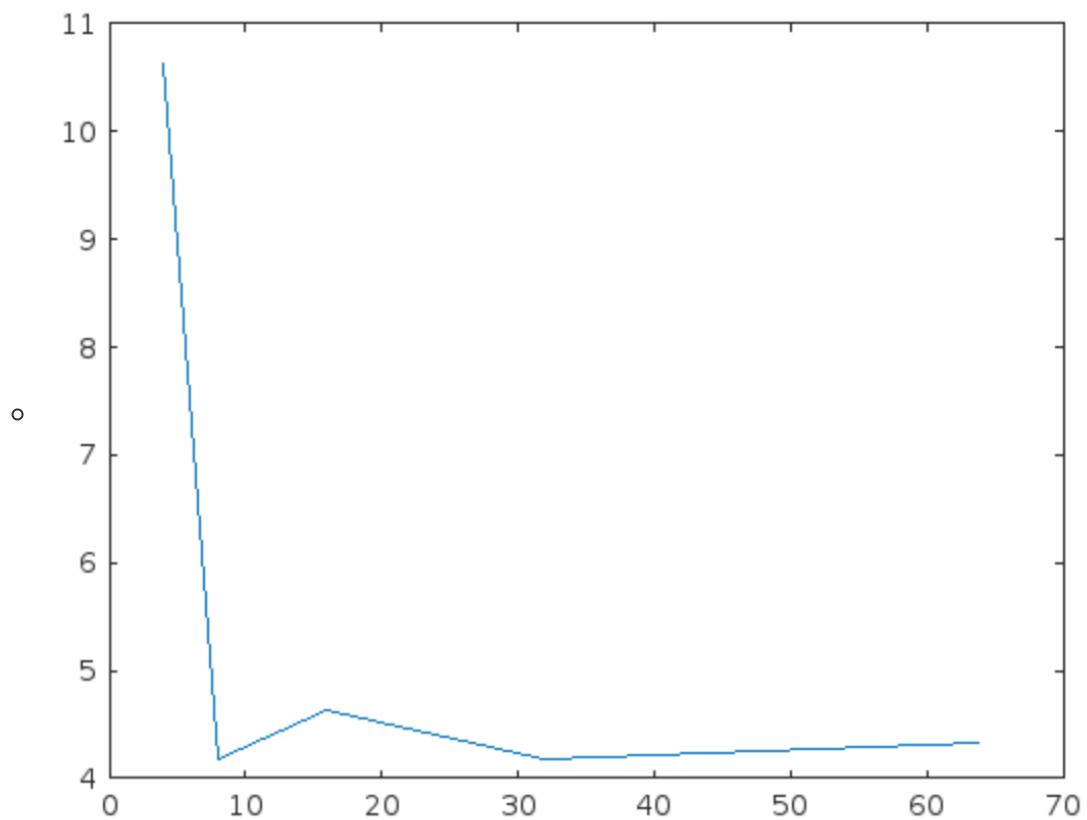


- n = 64

- [Ghat,dGhat,dG] = compress("lake.gif",64);
- img\_snr =4.3307
- compress\_ratio =13.3095
- image



- Plot snr



- block size  $n=4$  gives the best snr, which is 10.6388

## Codes

- compress.m
  - the main function that does all the job required in homework
  - input

- image
  - file name of image
- N
  - block size
- Output
  - Ghat, dGhat, dG

```

1 function [Ghat,dGhat,dG,G] = compress(image,N)
2 % resize
3 G = preprocess(image,N);
4 G = double(G);
5 % apply dct
6 dG = blockproc(G,[N N],@(blkstruct) dct2(blkstruct.data));
7 % split each term
8 dterm = blockproc(dG,[N N],@(blkStruct) (getsplit(blkStruct.data,N,0)));
9 ac1 = blockproc(dG,[N N],@(blkStruct) (getsplit(blkStruct.data,N,1)));
10 ac2 = blockproc(dG,[N N],@(blkStruct) (getsplit(blkStruct.data,N,2)));
11
12 % get min,max dc term
13 dc_min = floor(min(min(dterm)));
14 dc_max = ceil(max(max(dterm)));
15
16 % get min,max ac term
17 ac_only = blockproc(dG,[N N],@(blkStruct) removedc(blkStruct.data));
18 ac_min = floor(min(min(ac_only)));
19 ac_max = ceil(max(max(ac_only)));
20
21 % quantize each term
22 dterm_hat = quant(dterm,double(dc_min),double(dc_max),8);
23 ac1_hat = quant(ac1,double(ac_min),double(ac_max),4);
24 ac2_hat = quant(ac2,double(ac_min),double(ac_max),2);
25
26
27 % reconstruct
28 dGhat = reconstruct(dterm_hat,ac1_hat,ac2_hat,N);
29 Ghat = blockproc(dGhat,[N N],@(blkStruct) idct2(blkStruct.data));
30 % remove the out of boundary values by convertting Ghat to uint8
31 Ghat = uint8(Ghat);
32 %show image
33 imagesc(Ghat); colormap(gray);
34 % calc snr
35 img_snr = snr(G,G-double(Ghat))
36
37 % calc compress_ratio
38 size_before = size(G,1)*size(G,2)*8;
39 split_size = floor((N^2-1)/10);
40 blocks = size(G,1)/N*size(G,2)/N;
41 size_now = blocks * (8+split_size*4+split_size*2);
42 compress_ratio = size_before/size_now
43 % show img
44
45 end

```

- preprocess.m

- does image read, convert and resize with block size

```

1 function out = preprocess(file,N)
2 [I,map]=imread(file); % or imread('image', 'format'); % format can be gif,
3 tiff, etc.
4 G=ind2gray(I,map);
5 out = resize(G,N);
6 end

```

- getsplit.m

- split dc term, ac term

```

1 function out = getsplit(in,N,part)
2 %GETSPLIT Summary of this function goes here
3 % Detailed explanation goes here
4 split = floor((N^2-1)/10);
5 z = zigzag(in);
6 dterm = z(1);
7 ac1 = z(2:split+1);
8 ac2 = z(split+2:split*2+1);
9 switch part
10 case 0
11     out=dterm;
12 case 1
13     out=ac1;
14 case 2
15     out =ac2;
16 end

```

- zigzag.m

- convert matrix to zigzag vector

```

1 function output = zigzag(in)
2 % initializing the variables
3 %-----
4 h = 1;
5 v = 1;
6 vmin = 1;
7 hmin = 1;
8 vmax = size(in, 1);
9 hmax = size(in, 2);
10 i = 1;
11 output = zeros(1, vmax * hmax);
12 %-----
13 while ((v <= vmax) & (h <= hmax))
14
15     if (mod(h + v, 2) == 0)           % going up
16         if (v == vmin)
17             output(i) = in(v, h);      % if we got to the first line
18             if (h == hmax)
19                 v = v + 1;
20             else

```

```

1          h = h + 1;
2      end;
3      i = i + 1;
4  elseif ((h == hmax) & (v < vmax)) % if we got to the last column
5      output(i) = in(v, h);
6      v = v + 1;
7      i = i + 1;
8  elseif ((v > vmin) & (h < hmax)) % all other cases
9      output(i) = in(v, h);
10     v = v - 1;
11     h = h + 1;
12     i = i + 1;
13 end;

14
15 else % going down
16     if ((v == vmax) & (h <= hmax)) % if we got to the last line
17         output(i) = in(v, h);
18         h = h + 1;
19         i = i + 1;
20
21     elseif (h == hmin) % if we got to the first column
22         output(i) = in(v, h);
23         if (v == vmax)
24             h = h + 1;
25         else
26             v = v + 1;
27         end;
28         i = i + 1;
29     elseif ((v < vmax) & (h > hmin)) % all other cases
30         output(i) = in(v, h);
31         v = v + 1;
32         h = h - 1;
33         i = i + 1;
34     end;
35 end;
36 if ((v == vmax) & (h == hmax)) % bottom right element
37     output(i) = in(v, h);
38     break
39 end;
40 end;

```

- removedc.m
  - remove dc term, only keep ac terms

```

1 function out = removedc(in)
2     out = in;
3     out(1,1) = 0;
4 end

```

- quant.m
  - use given matrix, min, max, level to perform uniform quantizer on input.
  - output quantized matrix

```

1 function inhat = quant(in,min,max,level)
2 %QUANT Summary of this function goes here
3 % Detailed explanation goes here
4 vsize = size(in,1);
5 hsize = size(in,2);
6
7 sep = [min:(max-min)/level:max-1];
8 codebook = sep + (max - min)/level/2;
9 sep = sep(2:level)
10 tmp = reshape(in, 1, []);
11 [index,quantized] = quantiz(tmp,sep,codebook);
12 inhat = reshape(quantized,vsize,hsize);
13 end

```

- reconstruct.m
  - use dcTerm, acTerm to inverse zigzag and reconstruct image matrix

```

1 function dhat = reconstruct(dterm,ac1,ac2,N)
2 %RECONSTRUCT Summary of this function goes here
3 % Detailed explanation goes here
4 split = floor((N^2-1)/10);
5 rdterm = blockproc(dterm,[1 1],@(blkstruct)
[normalize(blkstruct.data,N,0)]);
6 rac1 = blockproc(ac1,[1 split],@(blkstruct)
[normalize(blkstruct.data,N,1)]);
7 rac2 = blockproc(ac2,[1 split],@(blkstruct)
[normalize(blkstruct.data,N,2)]);
8 combine = rdterm + rac1+ rac2;
9 dhat = blockproc(combine,[1 N^2],@(blkstruct)
[izigzag(blkstruct.data,N,N)]);
10 end

```

- normalize.m
  - used in reconstruct.m, to convert ac,dc term to it's position in the original zigzag vector.

```

1 function out = normalize(in,N,part)
2 %NORMALIZE Summary of this function goes here
3 % Detailed explanation goes here
4 split = floor((N^2-1)/10);
5 out = zeros(1,N^2);
6 switch part
7 case 0
8     out(1)=in;
9 case 1
10    out(2:split+1)=in;
11 case 2
12    out(split+2:2*split+1) = in;
13 end

```

- izigzag.m
  - inverse zigzag to output the original matrix

```

1 function output = izigzag(in, vmax, hmax)
2 % initializing the variables
3 %-----
4 h = 1;
5 v = 1;
6 vmin = 1;
7 hmin = 1;
8 output = zeros(vmax, hmax);
9 i = 1;
10 %-----
11 while ((v <= vmax) & (h <= hmax))
12     if (mod(h + v, 2) == 0)                      % going up
13         if (v == vmin)
14             output(v, h) = in(i);
15             if (h == hmax)
16                 v = v + 1;
17             else
18                 h = h + 1;
19             end;
20             i = i + 1;
21         elseif ((h == hmax) & (v < vmax))
22             output(v, h) = in(i);
23             i;
24             v = v + 1;
25             i = i + 1;
26         elseif ((v > vmin) & (h < hmax))
27             output(v, h) = in(i);
28             v = v - 1;
29             h = h + 1;
30             i = i + 1;
31         end;
32
33     else                                         % going down
34         if ((v == vmax) & (h <= hmax))
35             output(v, h) = in(i);
36             h = h + 1;
37             i = i + 1;
38
39         elseif (h == hmin)
40             output(v, h) = in(i);
41             if (v == vmax)
42                 h = h + 1;
43             else
44                 v = v + 1;
45             end;
46             i = i + 1;
47         elseif ((v < vmax) & (h > hmin))
48             output(v, h) = in(i);
49             v = v + 1;
50             h = h - 1;
51             i = i + 1;
52         end;
53     end;
54     if ((v == vmax) & (h == hmax))
55         output(v, h) = in(i);

```

```
56      break  
57  end;  
58 end;
```