Date of Report: 08/14/2010

BURNED-AREA REPORT

(Reference FSH 2509.13)

PART I - TYPE OF REQUEST

A.	Type of Report								
	[X] 1. Funding request for estimated em [] 2. Accomplishment Report [] 3. No Treatment Recommendation	nergency stabilization funds							
В.	Type of Action								
	[X] 1. Initial Request (Best estimate stabilization measures)	of funds needed to complete eligible							
	 [] 2. Interim Report # [] Updating the initial funding request based on more accurate site data or design analysis [] Status of accomplishments to date 								
	[] 3. Final Report (Following completion	of work)							
	PART II - BURNED-AREA DESCRIPTION								
A.	Fire Name: Swakane	B. Fire Number: WA-SES-249							
C.	State: Washington	D. County: Chelan							
E.	Region: 06	F. Forest: Okanogan Wenatchee							
G.	District: Entiat	H. Fire Incident Job Code: PNKFW9							
I.	Date Fire Started: 7/10/2010	J. Date Fire Contained: 8/12/2010							
K.	Suppression Cost: \$ 3,185,935, to date								
L.	 Fire Suppression Damages Repaired with Suppression Funds 1. Fireline waterbarred (miles): not yet completed 2. Fireline seeded (miles): not yet completed 3. Other (identify): Weed treatments – not yet completed 								
Μ.	Watershed Number: 1702001003								
N.	Total Acres Burned: 14,721 (Fire Perimeter - [7399] NFS Acres [1049] Other Feder								
Ο.	Vegetation Types : Shrub steppe and gra riparian hardwoods.	ssland, dry ponderosa pine/Douglas fir forest,							

- P. Dominant Soils:mesic or frigid Lithic Ultic Haploxerolls
- **Q. Geologic Types**: Swakane Biotite Gneiss (Kswg)
- R. Miles of Stream Channels by Order or Class: 5 miles <10%, 59 miles >10%
- S. Transportation System

Trails: 0 miles Roads: 33.9 miles

PART III - WATERSHED CONDITION

- A. Burn Severity (acres): 9620 (low) 5078 (moderate) 23 (high)
- B. Water-Repellent Soil (acres): 1000 (estimated)
- C. Soil Erosion Hazard Rating (acres): 2857 (low) 7528 (moderate) 4349 (high)
- D. Erosion Potential: 7 14 tons/acre
- E. Sediment Potential: 6000 9000 cubic yards / square mile

PART IV - HYDROLOGIC DESIGN FACTORS

- A. Estimated Vegetative Recovery Period, (years): 5
- B. Design Chance of Success, (percent): 80
- C. Equivalent Design Recurrence Interval, (years): 25
- D. Design Storm Duration, (hours):
- E. Design Storm Magnitude, (inches): 0.82
- F. Design Flow, (cubic feet / second/ square mile): 15
- G. Estimated Reduction in Infiltration, (percent): 35
- H. Adjusted Design Flow, (cfs per square mile): 85

PART V - SUMMARY OF ANALYSIS

Describe Critical Values/Resources and Threats (narrative): Thompson Clover RNA while afire adapted species competition from russian knapweed also released by the fire could overwhelme this 100 acre RNA.

Highway 97A/Railroad Spur– steep burned drainages (most specifically Tenas George Canyon) could runout and deposit debris and sediments on the road and adjacent ail line. Tenas George Canyon did produce a runoff event on 8/4/2010 as a result of a 30 minute event with an estimated 1.25" of accumulated precipitation. This event occurred prior to containment of the fire. Highwas 97A and the rail line were closed for 3 days.

Private homes/drives – potential for post fire flows to cut of access and/or threaten home scattered below the east flank of the burned area. One home was rendered uninhabitable by the event of 8/2/2010. With the one exception, burned areas tributary to the rest of the resedences are not Forest Service lands.

Big game winter range – loss of forage due to fire. State responsibility

Beaver Dam complexes – functionally rich areas supporting wetland complexes used by a varaity of species. Possible loss of habitats associated with breaches cause by post-fire runoff.

- B. Emergency Treatment Objectives (narrative):
- C. Probability of Completing Treatment Prior to Damaging Storm or Event:

Land 80% Channel N/A% Roads/Trails N/A% Protection/Safety 50%

D. Probability of Treatment Success

	Years after Treatment						
	1	3	5				
Land	80	70	70				
Channel	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Roads/Trails	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Protection/Safety	50	80	80				

E. Cost of No-Action (Including Loss): \$25,000

F. Cost of Selected Alternative (Including Loss): \$19,300

G. Skills Represented on Burned-Area Survey Team:

[X]	Hydrology	[] Soils	[] Geology	[]	Range
[]	Forestry	[] Wildlife	[] Fire Mgmt.	[]	Engineering
[]	Contracting	[X] Ecology	[X] Botany	[X]	Archaeology
[]	Fisheries	[] Research	[] Landscape Arch	[X]	GIS

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H. Treatment Narrative:

(Describe the emergency treatments, where and how they will be applied, and what they are intended to do. This information helps to determine qualifying treatments for the appropriate funding authorities. For seeding treatments, include species, application rates and species selection rationale.)

<u>Land Treatments</u>: Thompson's Clover RNA; treat new weed seedlings and sprouts within the RNA, the road within the fire line to the RNA and adjacent slopes by spot spraying with picloram (covered by Forest-Wide EA) to prevent the spread of Dalmation toadflax into the RNA. Handgubbing, if necessary in liue of picloram to prevent accidental spraying of Thomson's Clover plants. Two applications; fall of 2010 and spring of 2011.

Weed survey; Survey habitats known to be vulnerable to weed invasion to allow planning for future weed treatment needs. Target moderate burned areas.

Note; Fire suppression funds will be used for weed control and prevention on opened roads, hand and dozer lines, and other disturbed ground associated with suppression activities.

Channel Treatments: N/A

Roads and Trail Treatments: N/A

<u>Protection/Safety Treatments</u>: Information sharing and coodination with NRCS, WSDOT and DNR.

I. Monitoring Narrative:

(Describe the monitoring needs, what treatments will be monitored, how they will be monitored, and when monitoring will occur. A detailed monitoring plan must be submitted as a separate document to the Regional BAER coordinator.)

A weed report that documetns treatment and survey results covering one year from containment (two treatment applications and one survey)

Part VI – Emergency Stabilization Treatments and Source of Funds Interim #

Part VI – Emer	gency	Stabili			ts and a	3 (ource (Interir	
	NFS Lands					Other Lands			All		
		Unit	# of		Other		# of	Fed	# of	Non Fed	Total
Line Items	Units	Cost	Units	BAER \$	\$		units	\$	Units	\$	\$
A. Land Treatments											
Weed Treatment (RNA	Day	550	10	\$5,500	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$5,500
Weed Survey	Day	300	10	\$3,000	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$3,000
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Insert new items above this line!				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Subtotal Land Treatments				\$8,500	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$8,500
B. Channel Treatmen	ts										
None				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Insert new items above this line!				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Subtotal Channel Treat.				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
C. Road and Trails											
None				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Insert new items above this line!				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Subtotal Road & Trails				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
D. Protection/Safety											
External Coordination	Day	400	3	\$1,200	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$1,200
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Insert new items above this line!				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Subtotal Structures				\$1,200	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$1,200
E. BAER Evaluation											
								\$0		\$0	\$0
Insert new items above this line!					\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Subtotal Evaluation					\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
F. Monitoring											
Weed Report	Day	300	2	\$600	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$600
Insert new items above this line!				\$0	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$0
Subtotal Monitoring				\$600	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$600
G. Totals				\$10,300	\$0			\$0		\$0	\$10,300
Previously approved											
Total for this request				\$10,300							

PART VII - APPROVALS

1.	_/s/Clinton D. kohl		_9/29/10	<u>9/29/10</u>		
	Forest Supervisor	(signature)	Date	_		