```
Question X: what is printed?
x = 0
def reset():
    x = 0
def inc():
    global x
    x += 1
inc()
reset()
inc()
print(x)
```

```
Question X: what is printed?
def fraction(top=1, bottom=1):
    return top/bottom
print(fraction(bottom=2))
```

```
Question X: what is printed?
stats = {}
results = []
for i in range(5):
    stats["score"] = 100+i
    results.append(stats)
print(results[2]["score"])
```

```
Question X: what is printed?
# assume nums.json contains this:
# [200, 300, 100]
r = requests.get("https://example.com/nums.json")
nums = r.text
print(nums[1])
```

```
Question X: how many columns does this table have?

A1A2<
<td>C1
B1
B2<
<td>C1
C1
C1
```

```
Question X: what is printed?
def mystery(n):
    if n == 0:
        return 1
    return 2 * mystery(n-1)
print(mystery(3))
```

```
Question X: which expressions
would cause a KeyError exception?
d = {1:"one", 2:"two", 3:"three"}
    d[1]
    d[-1]
    d["one"]
```

```
Question X: does it run forever?
while True:
    f = open("file.txt")
    print(f.read())
f.close()
```

```
Question X: does it run forever?
while True:
    f = open("file.txt")
    print(f.read())
    f.close()
```

```
Question X: what is printed?
(assume file.txt exists before)
f = open("file.txt")
try:
    print("A")
    f.write("hey")
    print("B")
except:
    print("C")
f.close()
```

Question X: what are the query results? SELECT * FROM shirts WHERE price < 15; SELECT size FROM shirts WHERE color = 'green'; SELECT MAX(price) FROM shirts; SELECT size AVG(price) FROM shirts GROUP BY size; SELECT size, COUNT() as c FROM shirts GROUP BY size HAVING c < 2;

shirts table

size	color	price
S	red	14
S	blue	18
М	green	12
L	red	15
L	red	25
L	blue	50

```
Question X: will happen if you manually re-run In[2], given the following notebook state?
```

```
In [1]: s = Series([1, 2, 3])
In [2]: s = 1 / s
In [3]: s = 1 - s
```

Question X: what does each expression yield, given this setup?

$$s = [5,6,7,8]$$

- \bullet s 5
- s[-3:]
- s[:3] + s[-3:]
- s == 7
- s[s == 7]
- s % 2 == 0
- s[s % 2 == 0]
- s[s < 7].sum()

Question X: what does each expression yield?

```
pts = DataFrame({
    "x": [10, 20, 30, 40],
    "y": [1, 10, 100, 1000],
})
```

- pts["x"][2]
- pts.loc[3].sum()
- pts["x"][2] pts.loc[2]["x"]
- pts["y"].sum()
- pts["x"].mean()
- pts["x"] pts["x"]
- pts["x"] pts["x"].mean()

20

Х

40

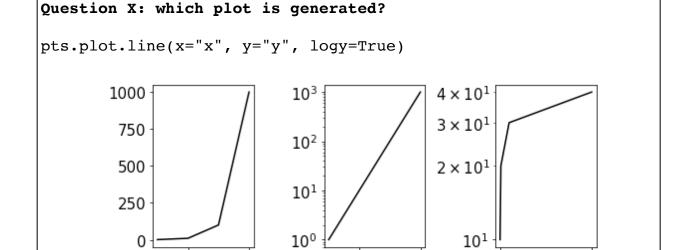
• ((pts.loc[1]-pts.loc[0])**2).sum()**(1/2) final answer can be mathematical expression

pts DataFrame

	X	У
0	10	1
1	20	10
2	30	100
3	40	1000

1000

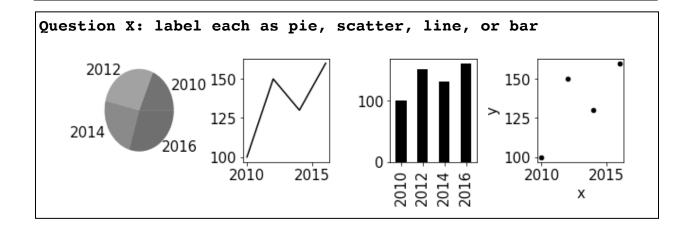
У



20

Х

40



#