# [220] Iteration

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- Exam I next Friday evening
- Exam Conflict Form
- Partner matching
- Where is my exam Exam location updated on website

Cheaters caught: 0
Piazza Enrollment 439 / 446

# Learning Objectives Today

#### Reason about loops

- Motivation: need for repetition
- Condition and body of loop
- "while" syntax
- loops inside loops

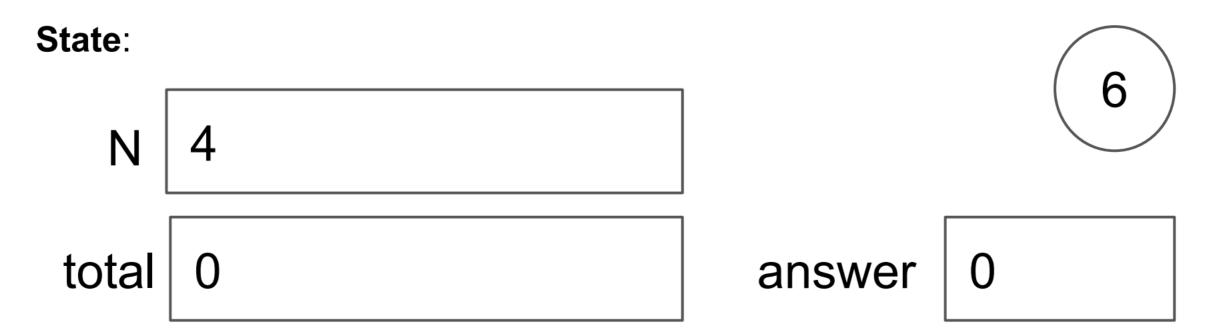
#### Understand common use cases

- Taking input from a user
- Computing over ranges of numbers

#### Learn to avoid pitfalls

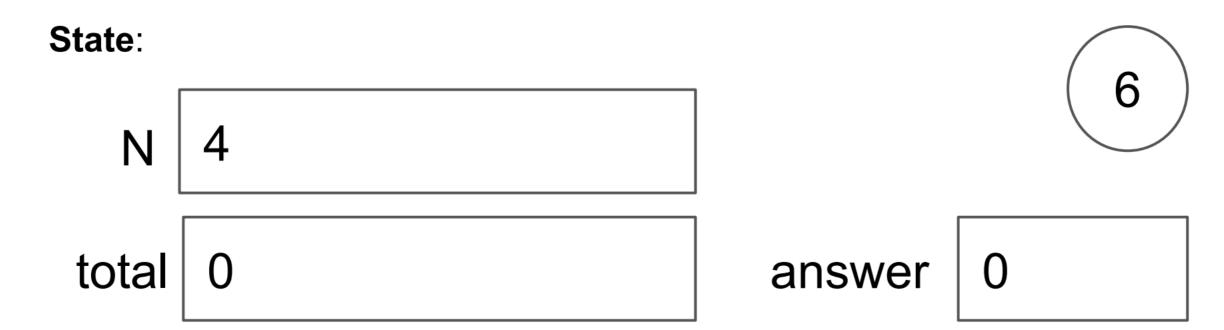
- Infinite loops (when unintentional)
- Off-by-one mistakes

**Chapter 7 of Think Python** 



#### Code:

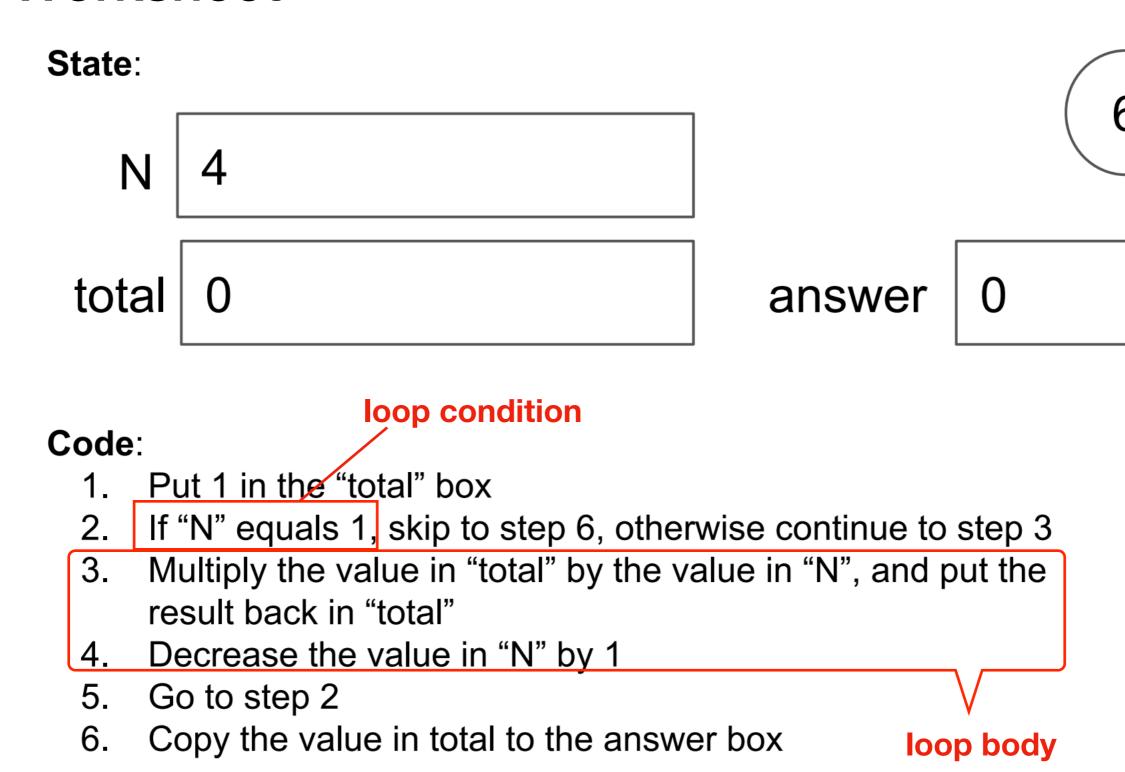
- 1. Put 1 in the "total" box
- 2. If "N" equals 1, skip to step 6, otherwise continue to step 3
- 3. Multiply the value in "total" by the value in "N", and put the result back in "total"
- 4. Decrease the value in "N" by 1
- 5. Go to step 2
- 6. Copy the value in total to the answer box

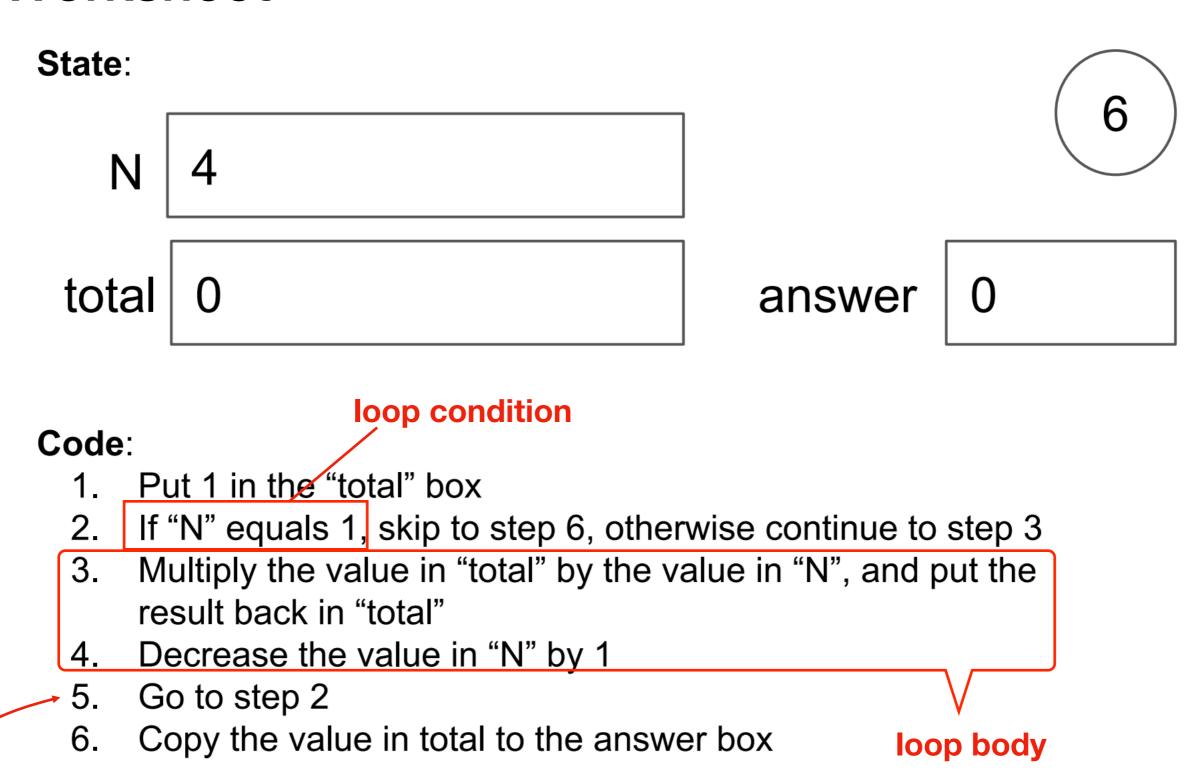


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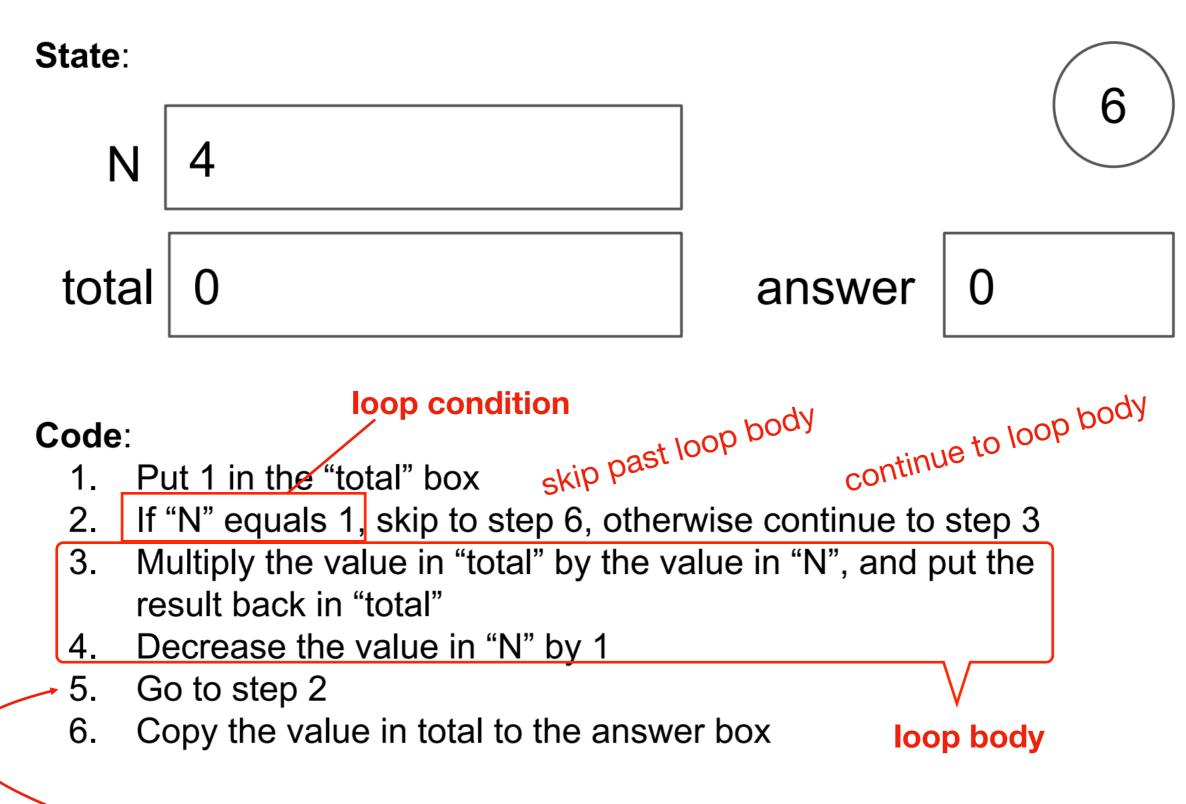
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Combination of conditionally skipping forward (2) with going back is (5) is called a "while loop"





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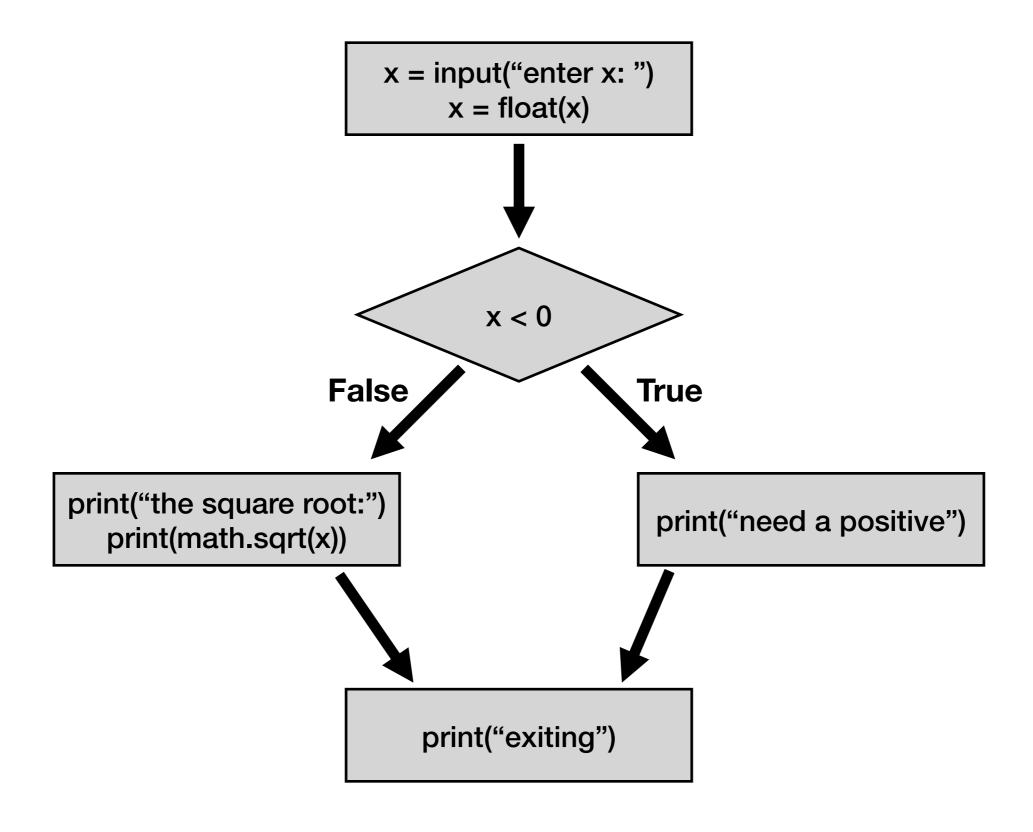
# **Today's Outline**

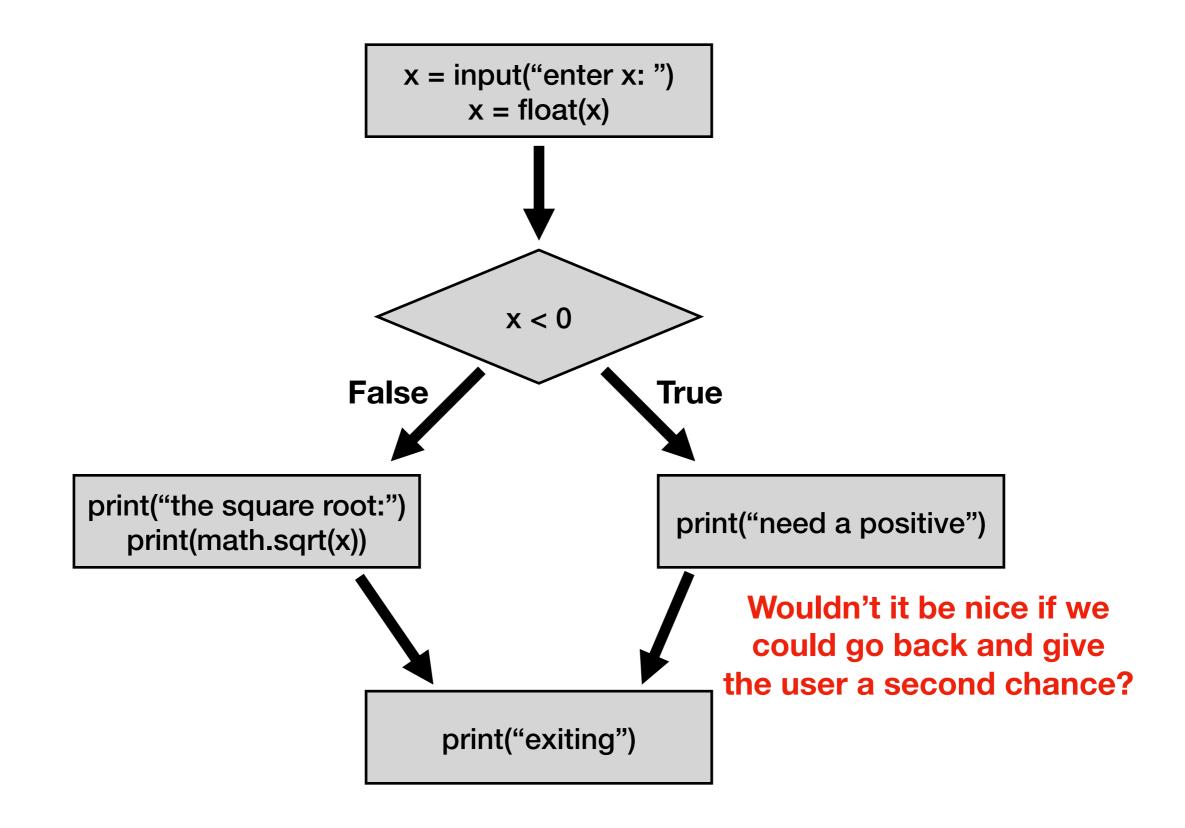
**Control Flow Diagrams** 

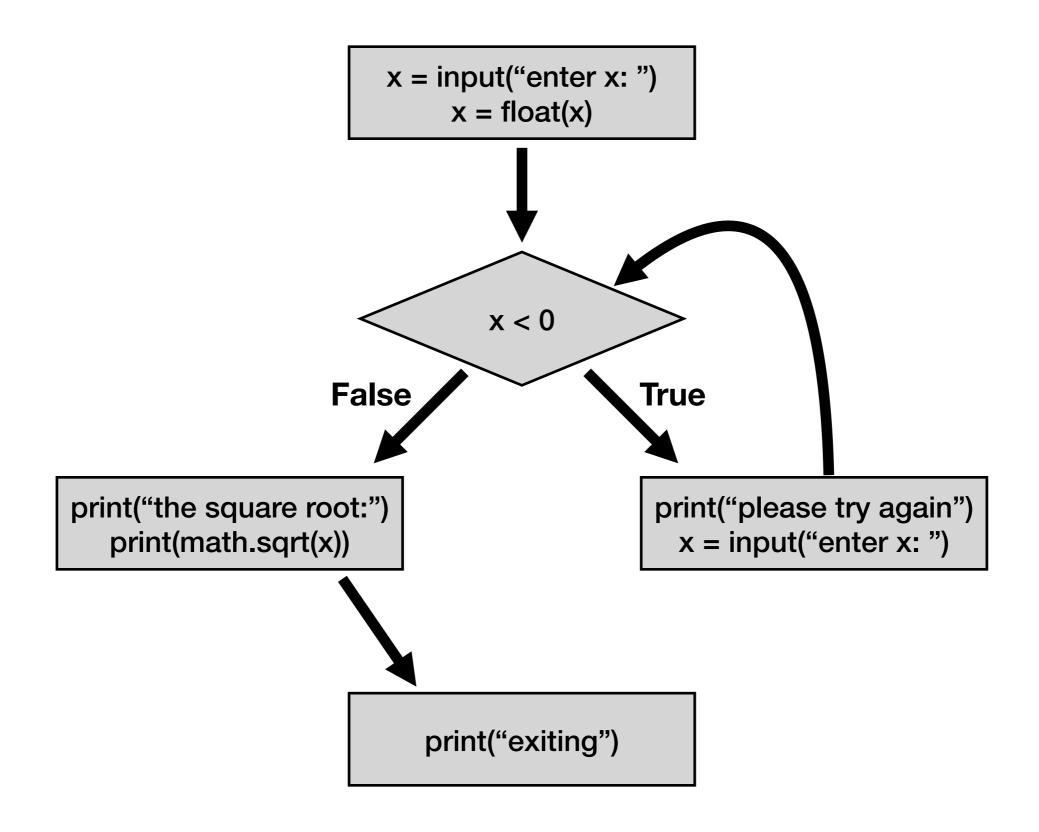


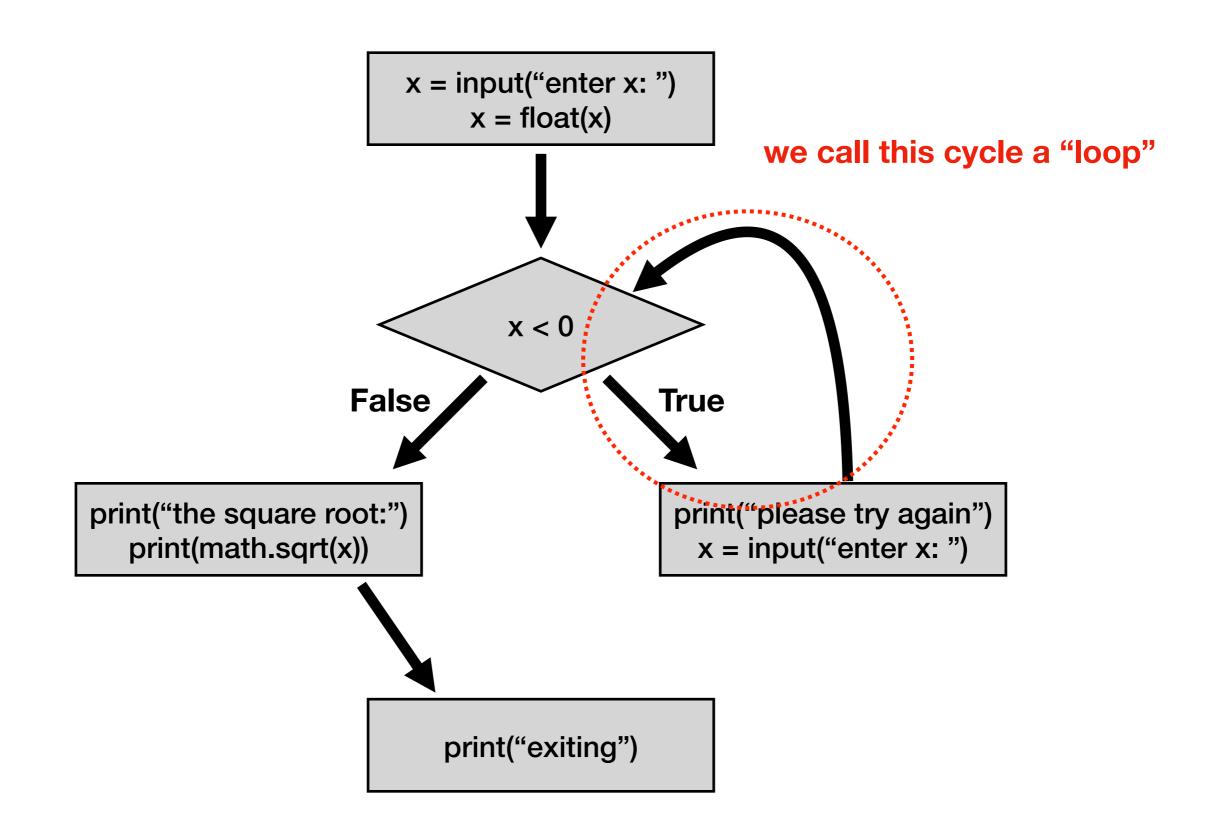
Basic syntax for "while"

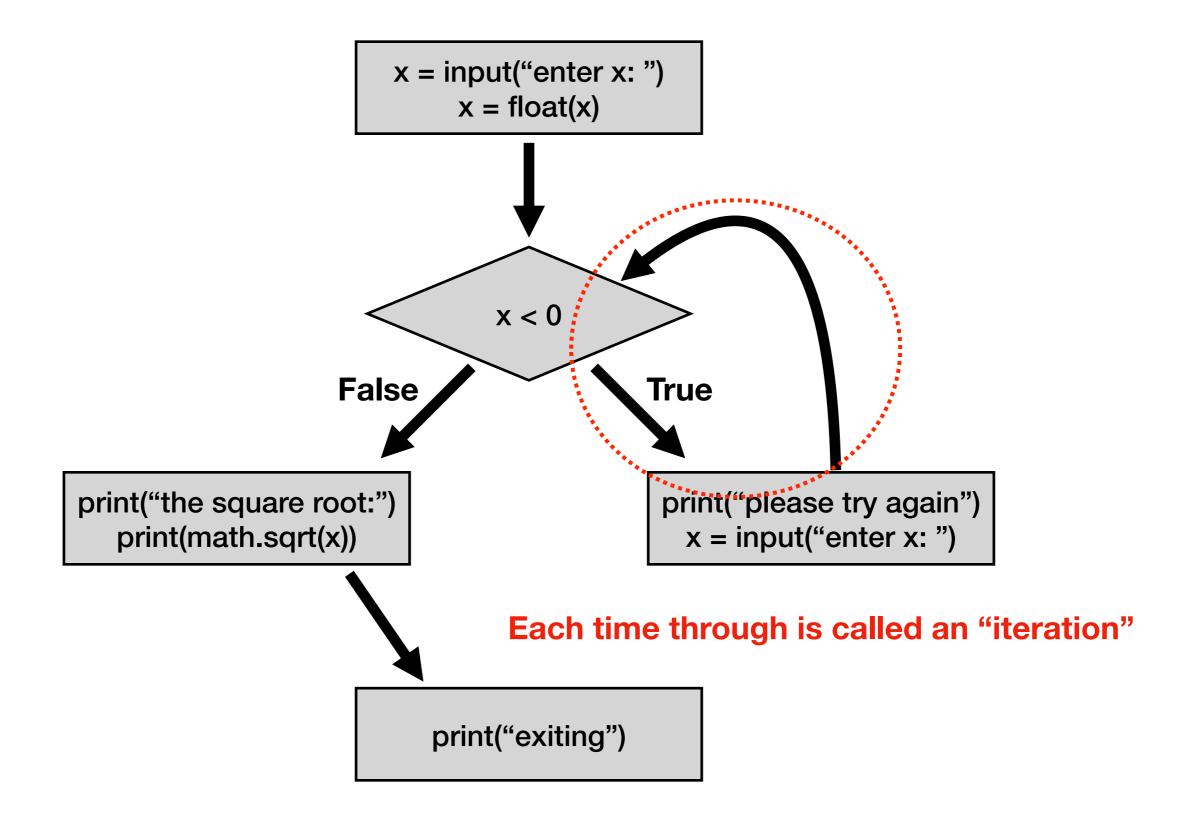
**Demos** 

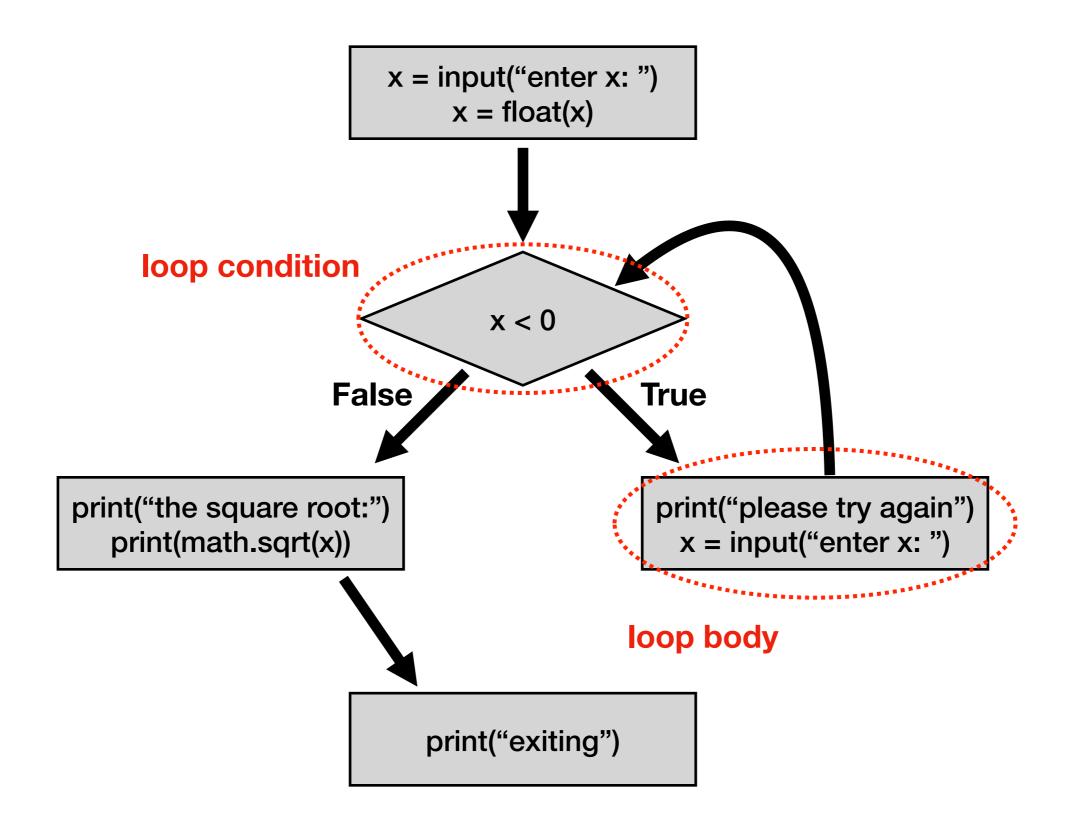


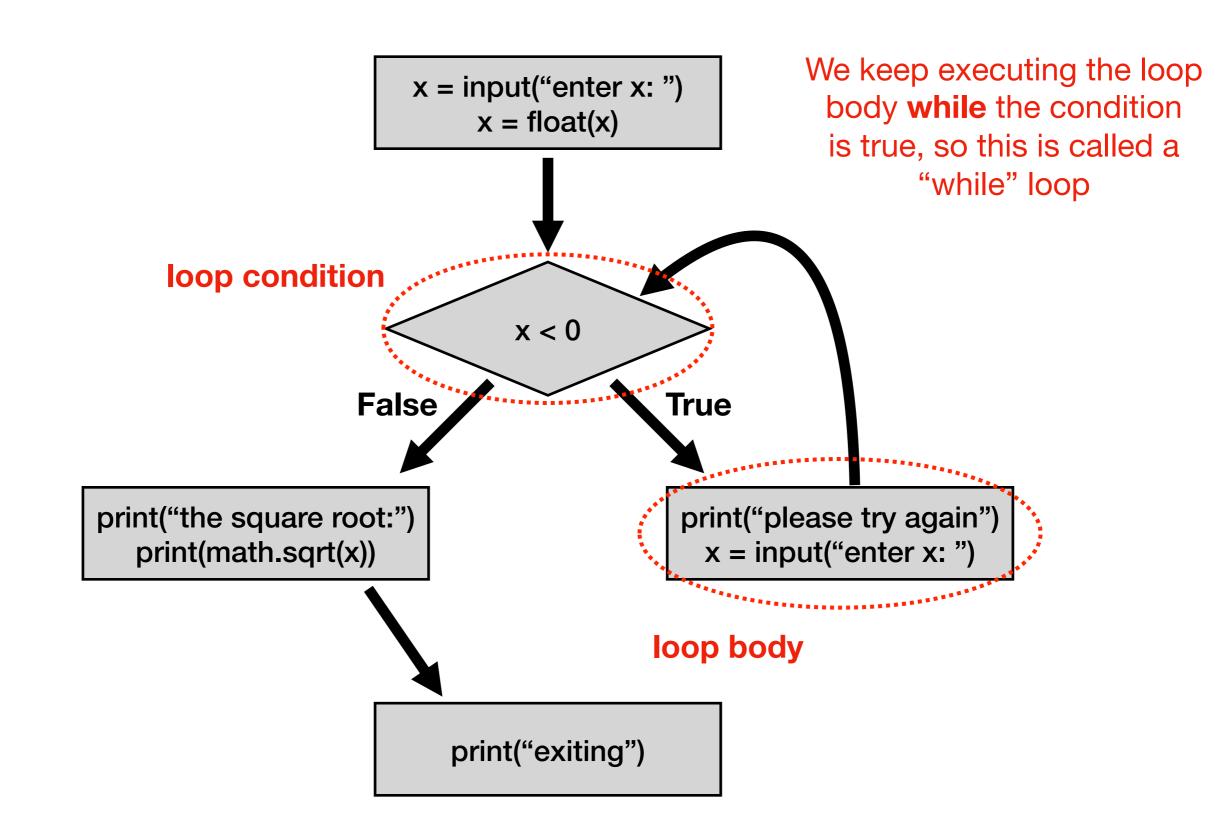


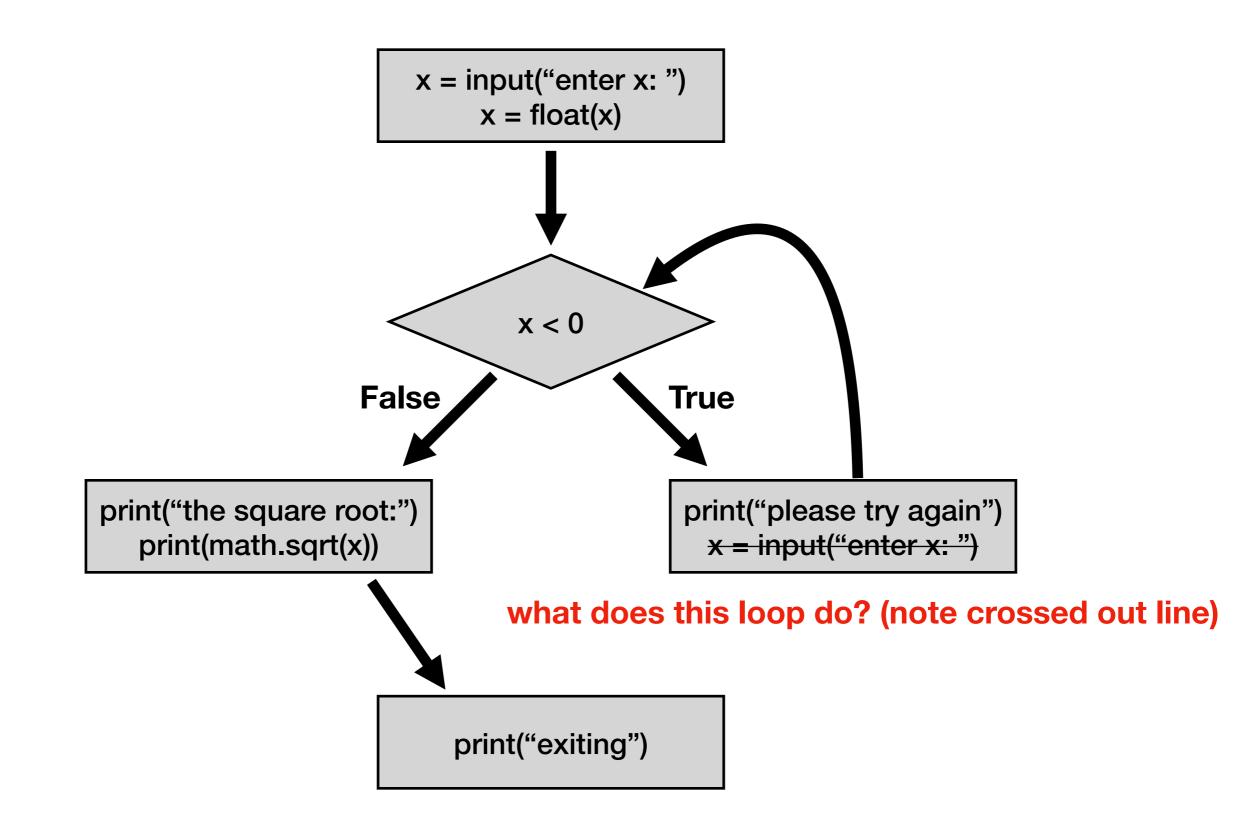


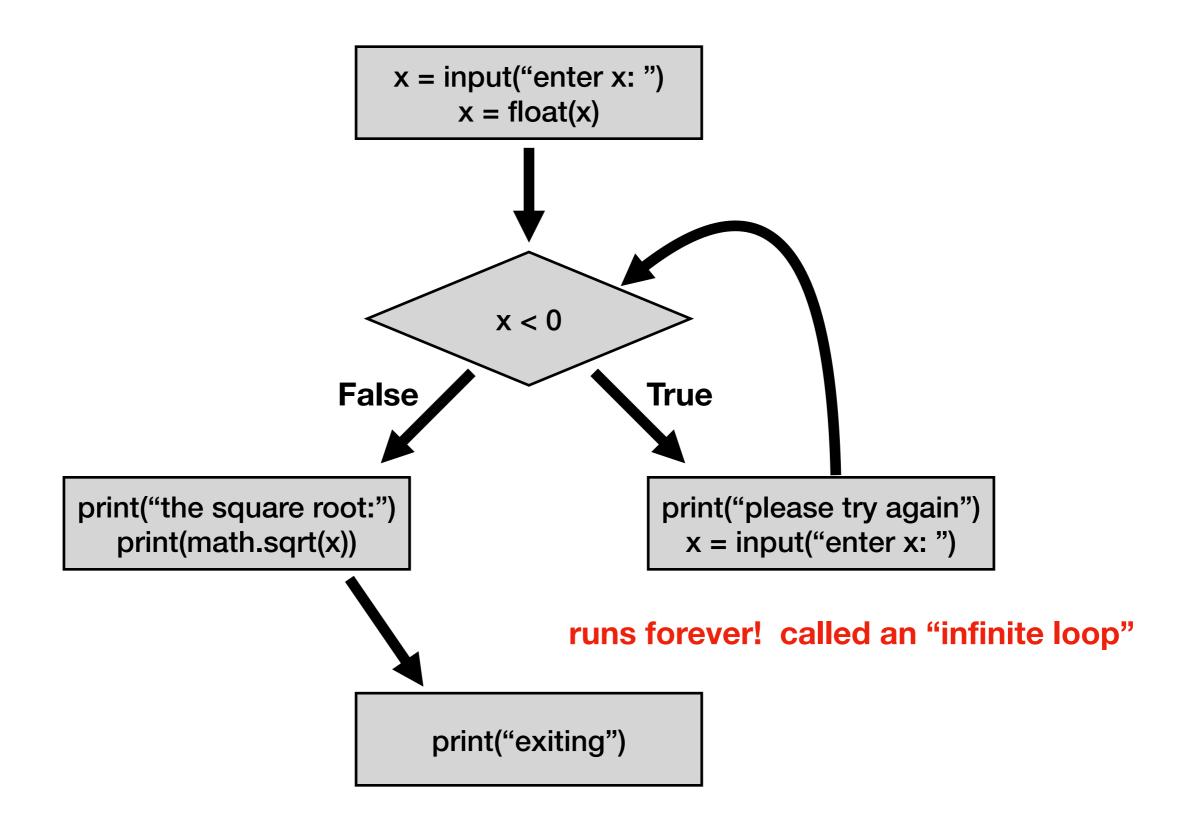


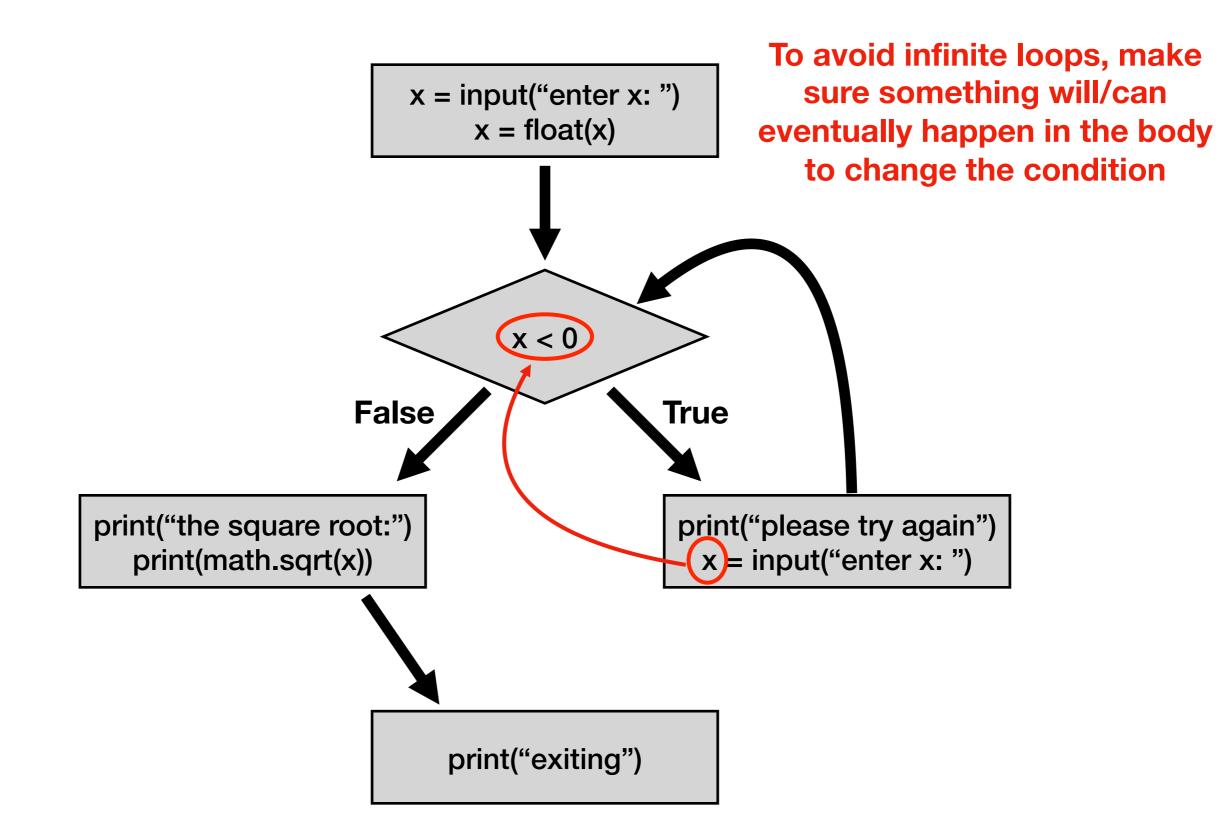








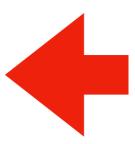




# **Today's Outline**

**Control Flow Diagrams** 

Basic syntax for "while"



**Demos** 

```
x = int(input("enter x: "))
if x < 0:
    x = int(input("please try again: "))</pre>
```

Syntax for "if"

```
x = int(input("enter x: "))
if x < 0:
    x = int(input("please try again: "))</pre>
```

Syntax for "if"

```
x = int(input("enter x: "))
while x < 0:
    x = int(input("please try again: "))</pre>
```

Syntax for "while loop" is just like for "if", just replace "if" with "while"

```
x = int(input("enter x: "))
while x < 0:
    x = int(input("please try again: "))</pre>
```

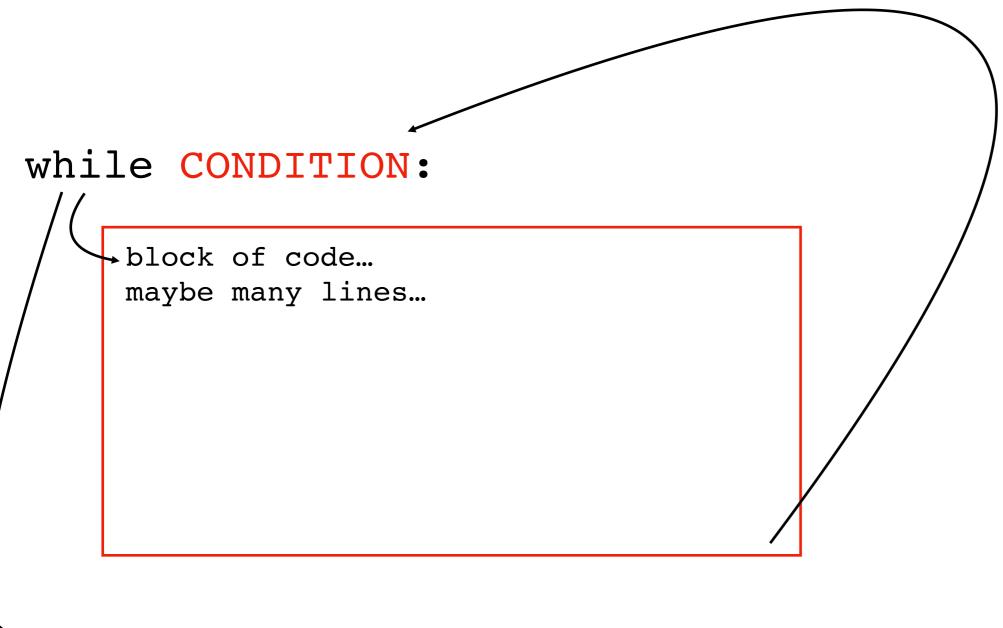
this example gives user an arbitrary number of tries until they get it right

```
while CONDITION:
    # your code
```

#### while CONDITION:

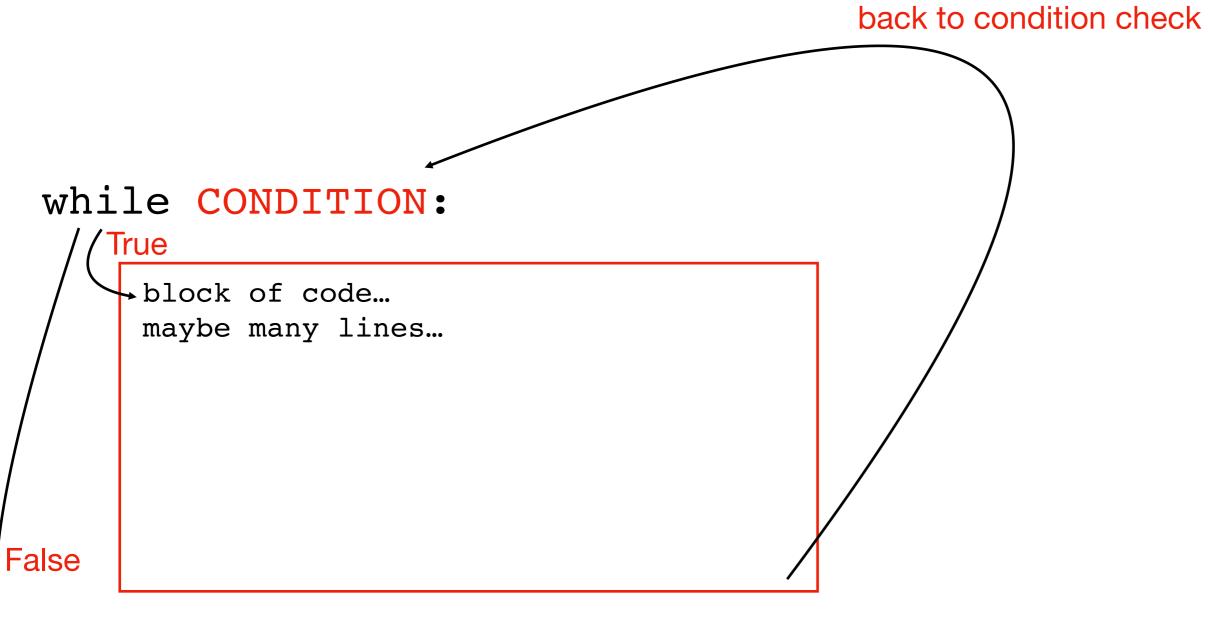
```
block of code...
maybe many lines...
```

code after the loop...



\*code after the loop...

at end, always go back to condition check



code after the loop...

### Congrats!

You now understand the 4 key **Flow of Execution** ideas, in the context of Python.

- 1. generally, proceed forward, one step at a time
- 2. sometimes go run a "mini program" somewhere else before continuing to the next line
- This is a function call
- 3. sometimes skip forward over some lines of code
- Conditional or while loop, when the condition is false
- 4. sometimes go back to a previous line of code
- •while loop. When at the end of body, always go back to condition

three primary exceptions to the general case (1)

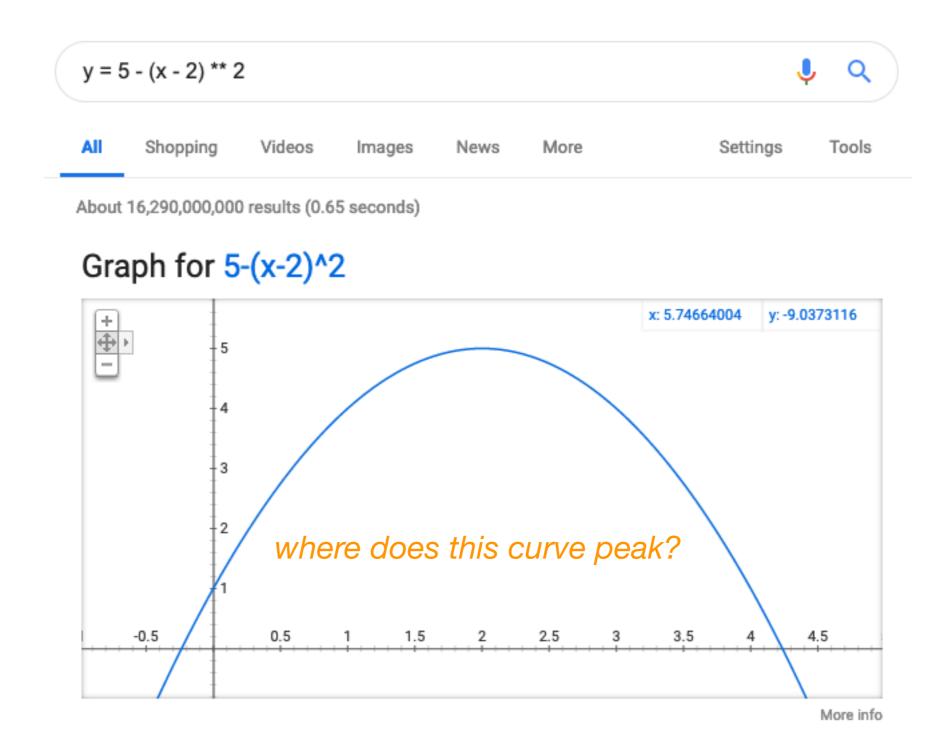
# **Today's Outline**

**Control Flow Diagrams** 

Basic syntax for "while"



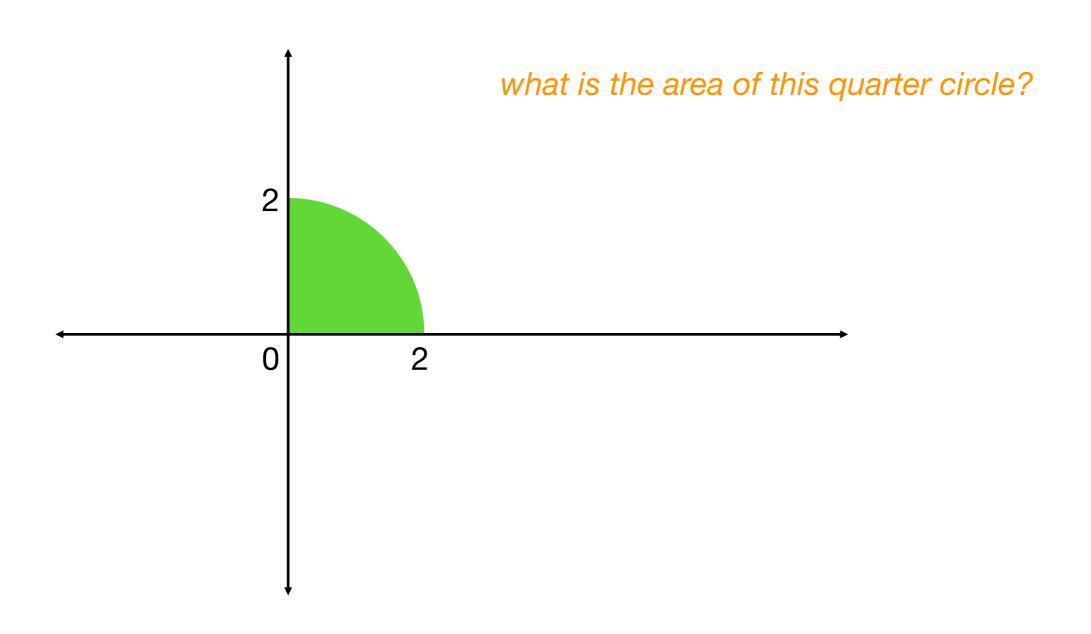
### Demo: Maximum (Finding the Peak)

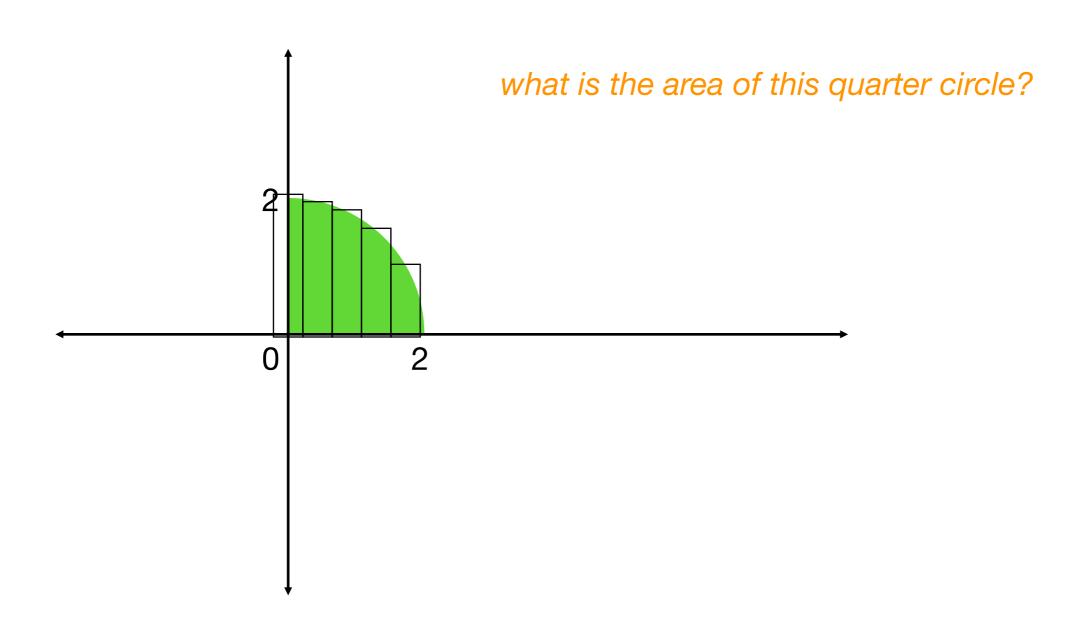


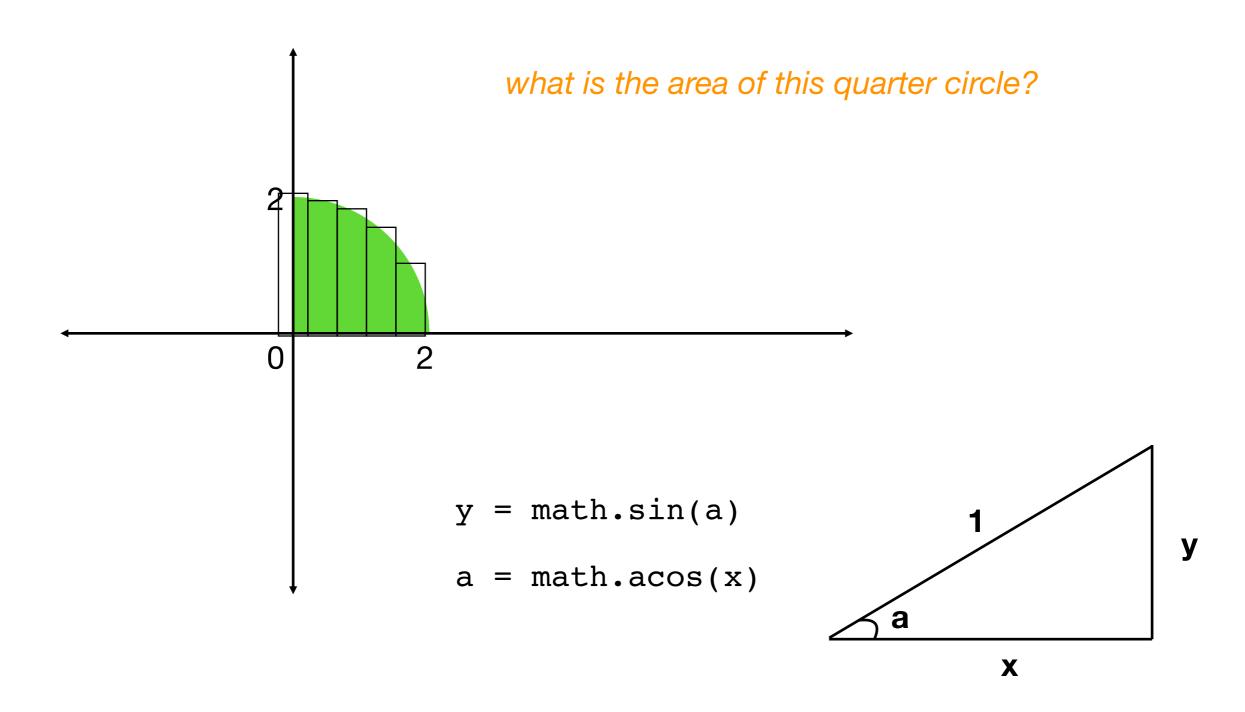
#### **Demo: Countdown Timer**

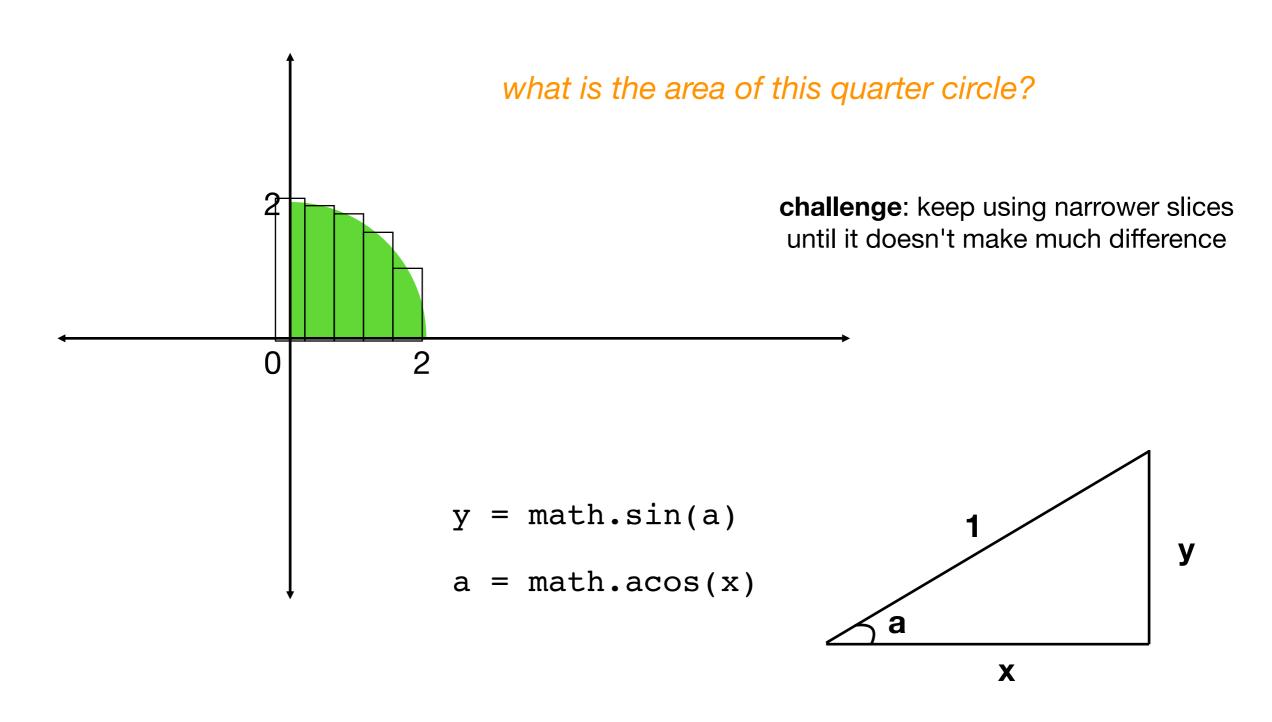
```
how many seconds? 5
                     5
use time.sleep(1) ____
                     DING DING DING DING!
                     how many seconds? 2
                     DING DING DING DING!
                     how many seconds? q
                     good bye!
                                                 exit program
```

this program will involve a nested loop!!!









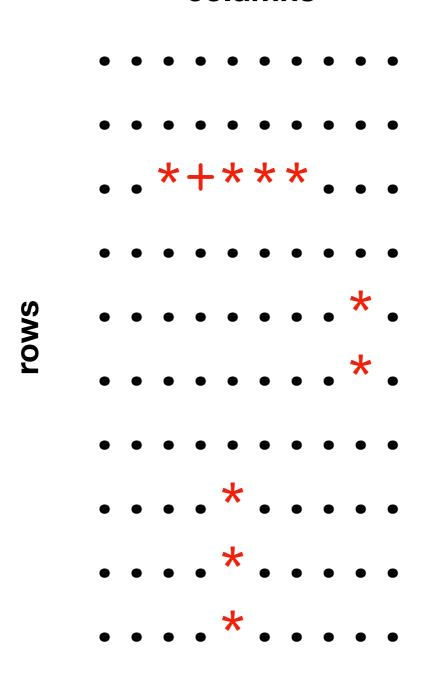
#### Demo: Prime Finder

```
Here are a "few" primes:

2
3
5
7
11
13
... runs forever ...
```

#### Demo: Battleship

#### columns



#### show where ship(s) are after guess

```
guess and ship: +
   just ship: *
guess and miss: -
   blank spot: .
```