# 回転球面上での 2 次元順圧流体の定式化

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この文書では回転 2 次元球面上の非圧縮流体の支配方程式と渦度方程式を導出することを行う.

導出の計算の見通しは 3 次元系において渦度方程式をベクトル形式で表現し、その後に球面への拘束条件を適用し動径成分を書き下すやり方がお薦めである(理論マニュアル線形波動「ロスビー波(2次元非発散球面)」)が、以下では緯度経度動径座標の各成分の式をまず書き下し、式変形していくという手間のかかる計算を敢えて行う。

## 1 回転 2 次元球面上の非圧縮流体の支配方程式の導出

まず 3 次元回転系の非圧縮流体の支配方程式から回転 2 次元球面上の非圧縮流体の支配方程式を導出する. 3 次元回転系での非圧縮流体の支配方程式を緯度経度動径座標  $(\lambda, \varphi, r)$  で書き表すと、

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{r \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{uw - uv \tan \varphi}{r} 
-2\Omega \sin \varphi v + 2\Omega \cos \varphi w = -\frac{1}{\rho r \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \lambda} 
+ \nu \left[ \frac{1}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \lambda^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varphi^2} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{r^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (ru) \right] 
+ \frac{2}{r^2 \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{2 \sin \varphi}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{u}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi}, \right],$$
(1)

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{r \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{r} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} + w \frac{\partial v}{\partial r} + \frac{vw + u^2 \tan \varphi}{r} + 2\Omega \sin \varphi u = -\frac{1}{\rho r} \frac{\partial p}{\partial \varphi} 
+ \nu \left[ \frac{1}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \lambda^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \varphi^2} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{r^2} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (rv) \right] 
+ \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{2 \sin \varphi}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{v}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi}, , \qquad (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{r \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \varphi} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} - \frac{u^2 + v^2}{r} - 2\Omega \cos \varphi u = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} 
+ \nu \left[ \frac{1}{r^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial \lambda^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial \varphi^2} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{r^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} (rw) \right] 
- \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{2v \tan \varphi}{r^2} - \frac{2}{r^2 \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{2w}{r^2}, , \qquad (3)$$

$$\frac{1}{r \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{r \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 w) = 0.$$

ここで u,v,w はそれぞれ速度の緯度,経度,動径成分である. $\Omega$  は系の回転角速度でありその回転軸は北極向きである.球面への拘束条件として, $u,v\propto r,\ w=0$ を適用し, $r\to a$  の極限をとると,w のついた項は消え,粘性項の  $\frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2}(ru)=\frac{2u}{a^2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2}(rv)=\frac{2v}{a^2}$  となるので,

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi} - \frac{uv\tan\varphi}{a} - 2\Omega\sin\varphi v = -\frac{1}{\rho a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial p}{\partial\lambda} + f_{\lambda}, (5)$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi} + \frac{u^2\tan\varphi}{a} + 2\Omega\sin\varphi u = -\frac{1}{\rho a}\frac{\partial p}{\partial\varphi} + f_{\varphi}, (6)$$

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) = 0. (7)$$

ただし  $f_{\lambda}, f_{\varphi}$  は粘性項であり,

$$f_{\lambda} = \nu \left[ \frac{1}{a^{2} \cos^{2} \varphi} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial \lambda^{2}} + \frac{1}{a^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial \varphi^{2}} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{a^{2}} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{2u}{a^{2}} - \frac{2 \sin \varphi}{a^{2} \cos^{2} \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{u}{a^{2} \cos^{2} \varphi} (8) \right]$$

$$f_{\varphi} = \nu \left[ \frac{1}{a^{2} \cos^{2} \varphi} \frac{\partial^{2} v}{\partial \lambda^{2}} + \frac{1}{a^{2}} \frac{\partial^{2} v}{\partial \varphi^{2}} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{a^{2}} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{2v}{a^{2}} + \frac{2 \sin \varphi}{a^{2} \cos^{2} \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{v}{a^{2} \cos^{2} \varphi} (9) \right]$$

球面への拘束条件を適用した  $u,v \propto r, \ w=0$  はr が有限の元では正しい解にはならないことに注意されたい。運動方程式の動径成分とつじつまをあわせることができなくなる。  $r \to a$  の極限では動径方向には壁からの応力により球面へ運動が拘束されていると考えて運動方程式の動径成分は扱わない。

## 2 回転 2 次元球面上の非圧縮流体の渦度方程式の導出

ここでは回転する 2 次元球面上の非圧縮流体の支配方程式から渦度方程式を導出する. 支配方程式は回転系での 2 次元球面上の運動方程式および連続の式 (5),(6),(7)である. 渦度方程式は (5) に  $-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi$ , (6) に  $\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}$  を作用させることにより求まる. 両式の時間変化項からは

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t}\left[-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right] \\ &= \frac{\partial\zeta}{\partial t} \end{split}$$

ここで 
$$\zeta = -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}$$
 は渦度 (の動径成分) である.

#### 非線形項からは

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left[\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi} - \frac{uv\tan\varphi}{a}\right] + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left[\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi} + \frac{u^2\tan\varphi}{a}\right]$$

渦度の移流の形と連続の式の形を意識して変形していく. 第 1 項目は

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\cos\varphi\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right) = -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{u}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\right) - \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\right) \\ &= -\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\frac{u\cos\varphi}{\cos\varphi}\right] - \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi} \\ &= -\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi) + \frac{u\cos\varphi\sin\varphi}{\cos^2\varphi}\right] - \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi} \\ &= -\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] - \frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\tan\varphi}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda} - \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi} \end{split}$$

#### 第2項目は

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\cos\varphi\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\right) = -\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\right) - \frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) \\ &= -\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u\cos\varphi}{\cos\varphi}\right)\right] - \frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) \\ &= -\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi) + \frac{u\cos\varphi}{a}\frac{-\sin\varphi}{-\cos\varphi^2}\right] - \frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) \end{split}$$

$$=-\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right]-\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\right]-\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi)$$

#### 第3項目は

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left(-\frac{uv\tan\varphi}{a}\right) = \frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) + \frac{v\cos\varphi}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\right)$$
$$= \frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) + \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\right)$$

#### 第4項目は

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) = \frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a^2\cos^2\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}$$

#### 第5項目は

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi}\right) = \frac{v}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi}$$

$$= \frac{v}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{\cos\varphi}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi}$$

$$= \frac{v}{a}\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) - \frac{v}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\left(\frac{\sin\varphi}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi}$$

$$= \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) - \frac{v\tan\varphi}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi}$$

$$= \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial\varphi} - v\tan\varphi\right)$$

$$= \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\left(v\cos\varphi\right)$$

#### 第6項目は

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{u^2\tan\varphi}{a}\right) = \frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}$$

#### 全ての項を足しあわせると,

$$= -\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] - \frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\tan\varphi}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda} - \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}$$
$$-\frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] - \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\right] - \frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\varphi}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi)$$
$$+\frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi) + \frac{v}{a}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u\tan\varphi}{a}\right)$$
$$+\frac{u}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a^2\cos^2\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}$$

$$\begin{split} &+\frac{v}{\partial \partial \varphi} \left( \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} \right) + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \\ &+\frac{u \tan \varphi}{a} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{u \tan \varphi}{a} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} \\ &= -\frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \right] - \frac{1}{a^2 \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \\ &-\frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \right] - \frac{1}{a} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \\ &+ \frac{u \tan \varphi}{a} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} (v \cos \varphi) \\ &+ \frac{u \tan \varphi}{a} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} (v \cos \varphi) \\ &+ \frac{u \tan \varphi}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{1}{\partial \lambda} \left( \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} \right) + \frac{1}{a^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} \\ &+ \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left( \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} \right) + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \\ &+ \frac{u \tan \varphi}{a} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} \\ &= \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \right] + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &+ \frac{u \tan \varphi}{a} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] - \frac{1}{a} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &+ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &+ \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &+ \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} - \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \right] \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} \right] \zeta \\ &+ \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} \right] \zeta \\ &= \left[ \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} \right] \zeta$$

最後に連続の式(7)を用いた.

#### コリオリカの項からは

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi(-2\Omega\sin\varphi v) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}(2\Omega\sin\varphi u)$$

$$= 2\Omega \frac{\sin \varphi}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) + 2\Omega \frac{v \cos \varphi}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (\sin \varphi) + 2\Omega \frac{\sin \varphi}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda}$$
$$= 2\Omega \sin \varphi \left[ \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right] + 2\Omega \frac{v}{a} \cos \varphi = 2\Omega \frac{v}{a} \cos \varphi.$$

圧力項は

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left(\frac{1}{\rho a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial p}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{1}{\rho a}\frac{\partial p}{\partial\varphi}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{\rho a}\frac{\partial p}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{\rho a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial\lambda\partial\varphi} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\rho a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial\lambda\partial\varphi} + \frac{1}{\rho a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial\lambda\partial\varphi} = 0. \end{split}$$

粘性項は、まず  $f_{\lambda}$  の 2,3,6 項目をまとめて

$$\frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varphi^2} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{a^2} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} - \frac{u}{a^2 \cos^2 \varphi} = \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varphi^2} - \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (u \tan \varphi)$$

$$= \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} - u \tan \varphi \right) = \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left[ \frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (u \cos \varphi) \right]$$

 $f_{\omega}$ も同様に、

$$\frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial \varphi^2} - \frac{\tan \varphi}{a^2} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \varphi} - \frac{v}{a^2 \cos^2 \varphi} = \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left[ \frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} (v \cos \varphi) \right]$$

したがって

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(\cos\varphi f_{\lambda}) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial f_{\varphi}}{\partial\lambda}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left\{\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial\lambda^{2}} + \frac{1}{a^{2}}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] + \frac{2u}{a^{2}} - \frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right\}$$

$$+\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left\{\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}v}{\partial\lambda^{2}} + \frac{1}{a^{2}}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi)\right] + \frac{2v}{a^{2}} + \frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right\}$$

これより渦度の形を意識しながら変形していく 第1項目は

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left\{\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\right\} = -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}u}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\right) = -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{u\cos\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi) + u\cos\varphi\frac{2\sin\varphi\cos\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{4}\varphi}\right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left(\frac{2u\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right).$$

#### 第2項目は

$$\begin{split} & -\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left\{\frac{1}{a^2}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right]\right\} \\ = & -\frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left\{\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right]\right\}. \end{split}$$

#### 第3項目は

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\cos\varphi\frac{2u}{a^2}\right) = -\frac{2}{a^2}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi).$$

#### 第4項目は

$$-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi\left(-\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^2\cos^2\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) = \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right).$$

#### 第5項目は

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left[\frac{1}{a^2\cos^2\varphi}\frac{\partial^2\!v}{\partial\lambda^2}\right] = \frac{1}{a^2\cos^2\varphi}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial\lambda^2}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right].$$

#### 第6項目は

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left\{\frac{1}{a^2}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(v\cos\varphi)\right]\right\} = \frac{1}{a^3\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\cos\varphi\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right)\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{a^3\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{\cos\varphi}{\cos\varphi^2}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right)\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{a^3\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\left(\cos^2\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}(-2\sin\varphi\cos\varphi)\right)\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{a^3\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) - \frac{2\sin\varphi}{\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^2\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right). \end{split}$$

#### 第7項目は

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{2v}{a^2}\right) = \frac{2}{a^2}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}.$$

#### 第8項目はそのままで

$$\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^2\cos^2\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right).$$

#### 全てまとめると

$$\begin{split} &-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(\cos\varphi f_{\lambda}) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial f_{\varphi}}{\partial\lambda} \\ &= -\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right) \\ &-\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left\{\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right]\right\} \\ &-\frac{2}{a^{2}}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(u\cos\varphi\right) + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) \\ &+\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right] + \frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right)\right] \\ &-\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right) + \frac{2}{a^{2}}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} + \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda}\left(\frac{2\sin\varphi}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial u}{\partial\lambda}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] \\ &-\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left\{\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] \right\} \\ &-\frac{2}{a^{2}}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(u\cos\varphi\right) + \frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(u\cos\varphi\right) \right] \\ &+\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda}\right)\right] + \frac{2}{a^{2}}\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} \\ &= \frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial\lambda^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] \\ &+\frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left[\cos\varphi\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right)\right] \\ &+\frac{2}{a^{2}}\left[\frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial v}{\partial\lambda} - \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}(u\cos\varphi)\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{a^{2}\cos^{2}\varphi}\frac{\partial^{2}\varphi}{\partial\lambda^{2}} + \frac{1}{a^{2}\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\left(\cos\varphi\frac{\partial\zeta}{\partial\varphi}\right) + \frac{2\zeta}{a^{2}}. \end{split}$$

#### これより、渦度方程式は

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial t} + \left[ \frac{u}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{v}{a} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \right] \zeta + 2\Omega \frac{v}{a} \cos \varphi \\ = \nu \left[ \frac{1}{a^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial^2 \zeta}{\partial \lambda^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left( \cos \varphi \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \varphi} \right) + \frac{2\zeta}{a^2} \right]. \end{split}$$

#### ここで流線関数 $\psi$ を

$$u = -\frac{1}{a}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \varphi}, \quad v = \frac{1}{a\cos\varphi}\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \lambda},$$
 (10)

として定義すると、連続の式 (7) を自動的に満たす. 渦度 ( は

ここで  $\nabla^2 = \frac{1}{a^2\cos^2\varphi} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial\lambda^2} + \frac{1}{a^2\cos\varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}\cos\varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}$  は球面上の水平ラプラシアンである.これらを渦度方程式 (10) に代入すると,

$$\frac{\partial \nabla^2 \psi}{\partial t} + \left[ -\frac{1}{a} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \varphi} \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \lambda} \frac{1}{a} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \right] \nabla^2 \psi + \frac{2\Omega}{a^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \lambda} = \nu \left( \nabla^2 + \frac{2}{a^2} \right) \nabla^2 \psi.$$

さらに  $\sin$  緯度  $\mu = \sin \varphi$  を導入すると,  $\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} = \frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi}$  であるから,

$$\frac{\partial \nabla^2 \psi}{\partial t} + \left[ -\frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \mu} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \right] \nabla^2 \psi + \frac{2\Omega}{a^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \lambda} = \nu \left( \nabla^2 + \frac{2}{a^2} \right) \nabla^2 \psi.$$

よって

$$\frac{\partial \nabla^2 \psi}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{a^2} J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) + \frac{2\Omega}{a^2} \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \lambda} = \nu \left( \nabla^2 + \frac{2}{a^2} \right) \nabla^2 \psi. \tag{11}$$

ただし  $J(f,g)=(\partial_{\lambda}f)(\partial_{\mu}g)-(\partial_{\lambda}g)(\partial_{\mu}f)$  はヤコビアンである. ラプラシアンを  $\mu$ で表しておくと

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{1}{a^2 \cos^2 \varphi} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \lambda^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 \cos \varphi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \cos \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} = \frac{1}{a^2 (1 - \mu^2)} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \lambda^2} + \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} (1 - \mu^2) \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu}.$$
(12)

### 3 角運動量保存則

 $\psi$  の球面調和函数  $Y_n^m(\mu,\lambda)$  で展開した成分のうち, n=0 は剛体回転流を表わす. (n,m)=(1,0) は極方向を回転軸とする剛体回転流, (n,m)=(1,1),(1,-1) は赤道面上の軸を回転軸とする剛体回転流である. したがってこれらの成分は各々の軸に対する角運動量となっており, 非回転系では全て, 回転系では (n,m)=(1,0) 成分だけ保存しているはずである. そのことを確かめてみよう.

いま流線関数が球面調和函数の足しあわせで

$$\psi(\lambda, \mu, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-n}^{n} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} Y_n^m(\lambda, \mu) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-n}^{n} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} P_n^m(\lambda) e^{i\mu\lambda}$$
(13)

と表わされているとする. このとき  $\psi$  が実数であることから係数には

$$\tilde{\psi}_{n,-m} = \tilde{\psi}_{n,m}^* \tag{14}$$

が成り立つ.

まず (n,m)=(1,0) 成分について考えよう. 渦度方程式 (11) において、粘性項の 1,0 成分は

$$\left(\nabla^2 + \frac{2}{a^2}\right)\nabla^2\tilde{\psi}_{1,0}Y_1^0(\lambda,\mu) = \left(\frac{-1\times2}{a^2} + \frac{2}{a^2}\right)\frac{-1\times2}{a^2}\tilde{\psi}_{1,0}Y_1^0(\lambda,\mu) = 0.$$
 (15)

(11) の  $\beta$  項の 1,0 成分は

$$\frac{2\Omega}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} \tilde{\psi}_{1,0} Y_1^0(\lambda, \mu) = 0. \tag{16}$$

非線形項からの寄与は、(13) をヤコビアンに代入して  $Y_1^0(\lambda,\mu)=\mu$  をかけて球面上で積分することにより得られる。

$$\begin{split} & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\lambda d\mu \frac{1}{a^{2}} J(\psi, \nabla^{2}\psi) Y_{1}^{0}(\lambda, \mu) \\ & = \frac{1}{a^{2}} \sum_{n,m} \sum_{n',m'} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \left[ im \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \mu Y_{n}^{m} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im' \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] d\lambda d\mu \\ & = \frac{1}{a^{2}} \sum_{n,m} \sum_{n',m'} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \left[ im \mu Y_{n}^{m} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im' \mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] d\lambda d\mu \end{split}$$

ここで m=-m' 成分のみ 0 でないことに注意すると

$$\begin{split} & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\lambda d\mu \left[ im\mu Y_{n}^{m} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im'\mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] \\ = & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[ im\mu Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right]_{-1}^{1} d\lambda - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} imY_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} im\mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu \\ & + \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \left[ -im'\mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] d\lambda d\mu \\ = & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[ im\mu Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{-m} \right]_{-1}^{1} d\lambda - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} imY_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{-m} d\lambda d\mu - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} im\mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{-m} d\lambda d\mu \\ & + \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} im\mu \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{-m} d\lambda d\mu \\ = & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[ im\mu Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{-m} \right]_{-1}^{1} d\lambda - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} imY_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{-m} d\lambda d\mu \\ = & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[ im\mu Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{-m} \right]_{-1}^{1} d\lambda - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} imY_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{-m} d\lambda d\mu \end{split}$$

最後に  $Y_n^m$  の直交関係を用いている. 第 1 項目の値を評価する.  $Y_n^m$  の  $\mu=\pm 1$  での値は  $m\neq 0$  のとき 0 である. m=0 のときは係数 m がかかっているので結局この項は 0 となる. したがって, n,m,n',m' 成分からは

$$-\tilde{\psi}_{n,m}\tilde{\psi}_{n,-m}\int_{0}^{2\pi}\int_{-1}^{1}imY_{n}^{m}Y_{n}^{-m}d\lambda d\mu = -|\tilde{\psi}_{n,m}|^{2}\int_{0}^{2\pi}\int_{-1}^{1}imY_{n}^{m}Y_{n}^{-m}d\lambda d\mu \quad (17)$$

一方, n,-m から

$$-|\tilde{\psi}_{n,-m}|^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 (-imY_n^{-m}Y_n^m) d\lambda d\mu = |\tilde{\psi}_{n,m}^*|^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 imY_n^{-m}Y_n^m d\lambda d\mu$$
 (18)

したがってこの項は互いにキャンセルする. 結局非線形項からの (n,m)=(1,0) への寄与は 0 となる. 最後に時間変化項は

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \nabla^2 \tilde{\psi}_{1,0}(t) Y_1^0 = -\frac{1(1+1)}{a^2} \frac{d\tilde{\psi}_{1,0}}{dt} Y_1^0$$
 (19)

よって

$$\frac{d\tilde{\psi}_{1,0}}{dt} = 0\tag{20}$$

となり極方向を軸とする角運動量は保存する.

次に (n,m)=(1,1) 成分について考えよう. 粘性項の (1,1) 成分は (n,m)=(1,0) と同様にして 0 である. (11) の  $\beta$  項の 1,1 成分は

$$\frac{2\Omega}{a^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} \tilde{\psi}_{1,1} Y_1^1(\lambda, \mu) == i \frac{2\Omega}{a^2} \tilde{\psi}_{1,1} Y_1^1(\lambda, \mu). \tag{21}$$

非線形項からの寄与は、(13) をヤコビアンに代入して  $Y_1^1(\lambda,\mu)=\sqrt{1-\mu^2}e^{i\lambda}$  をかけて球面上で積分することにより得られる.

$$\begin{split} &\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 d\lambda d\mu \frac{1}{a^2} J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) Y_1^1(\lambda, \mu) \\ &= \frac{1}{a^2} \sum_{n,m} \sum_{n',m'} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 \left[ im \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} e^{i\lambda} Y_n^m \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} \right. \\ &\left. - im' \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_n^m}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] d\lambda d\mu \\ &= \frac{1}{a^2} \sum_{n,m} \sum_{n',m'} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 \left[ im \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} e^{i\lambda} Y_n^m \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im' \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_n^m}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] d\lambda d\mu \end{split}$$

ここで m'=-1-m 成分のみ 0 でないことに注意すると, m=n のときは 0 になり, 0< m< n+1 なる n,m に対して

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 d\lambda d\mu \left[ im\sqrt{1-\mu^2} e^{i\lambda} Y_n^m \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im'\sqrt{1-\mu^2} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_n^m}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right]$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[ im\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right]_{-1}^{1} d\lambda - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} -im\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu \right. \\ \left. - \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} im\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu + \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \left[ -im'\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] d\lambda d\mu \\ = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} im\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu - i(m + m') \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu \\ = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} im\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{m} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu + i \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu \\ = i \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}}} e^{i\lambda} \left[ m\mu Y_{n}^{m} + (1 - \mu^{2}) \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} \right] Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu$$

ここでルジャンドル函数の漸化式

$$(1 - \mu^2) \frac{\partial P_n^m}{\partial \mu} = \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} P_n^{m+1} - m\mu P_n^m$$
 (22)

より

$$\begin{split} e^{i\lambda} \left[ m\mu Y_n^m + (1-\mu^2) \frac{\partial Y_n^m}{\partial \mu} \right] &= e^{i(m+1)\lambda} \left[ m\mu P_n^m + (1-\mu^2) \frac{\partial P_n^m}{\partial \mu} \right] \\ &= \sqrt{1-\mu^2} P_n^{m+1} e^{i(m+1)\lambda} = \sqrt{1-\mu^2} Y_n^{m+1}. \end{split}$$

したがって、n,m 成分からの寄与は

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{a^2} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',m'} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 d\lambda d\mu \left[ im \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} e^{i\lambda} Y_n^m \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im' \sqrt{1 - \mu^2} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_n^m}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] \\ &= & i \frac{1}{a^2} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n',-m-1} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 Y_n^{m+1} Y_{n'}^{m'} d\lambda d\mu d\lambda d\mu \\ &= & i \frac{1}{a^2} \tilde{\psi}_{n,m} \tilde{\psi}_{n,-m-1} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^1 Y_n^{m+1} Y_n^{-m-1} d\lambda d\mu d\lambda d\mu \end{split}$$

最後に直交関係を使って n'=n とした.

一方 m<0 の成分に対して,  $m\to -m-1>-n-1$  を選んで計算すると m'=m の時のみ 0 でなく,

$$\begin{split} & \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\lambda d\mu \left[ im\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{m} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im'\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] \\ & = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\lambda d\mu \left[ i(-m-1)\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{-m-1} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial \mu} - im'\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{-m-1}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m'} \right] \\ & = \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\lambda d\mu \left[ i(-m-1)\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n}^{-m-1} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m}}{\partial \mu} - im\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{-m-1}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n'}^{m} \right] \end{split}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} d\lambda d\mu \left[ im\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} Y_{n'}^{m} \frac{\partial Y_{n}^{-m-1}}{\partial \mu} - i(-m-1)\sqrt{1 - \mu^{2}} e^{i\lambda} \frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m}}{\partial \mu} Y_{n}^{-m-1} \right]$$

$$= -i \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} Y_{n'}^{m+1} Y_{n}^{-m-1} d\lambda d\mu d\lambda d\mu$$

$$= -i \int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{-1}^{1} Y_{n}^{m+1} Y_{n}^{-m-1} d\lambda d\mu d\lambda d\mu.$$

最後の計算は n,m の時の式変形と同様に行った.したがって,n,-m-1 成分からの寄与は

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{a^{2}}\tilde{\psi}_{n,-m-1}\tilde{\psi}_{n',m'}\int_{0}^{2\pi}\int_{-1}^{1}d\lambda d\mu \left[im\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}}e^{i\lambda}Y_{n}^{m}\frac{\partial Y_{n'}^{m'}}{\partial\mu}-im'\sqrt{1-\mu^{2}}e^{i\lambda}\frac{\partial Y_{n}^{m}}{\partial\mu}Y_{n'}^{m'}\right]\\ &=&-i\frac{1}{a^{2}}\tilde{\psi}_{n,-m-1}\tilde{\psi}_{n',m}\int_{0}^{2\pi}\int_{-1}^{1}Y_{n}^{-m-1}Y_{n'}^{m}d\lambda d\mu d\lambda d\mu\\ &=&-i\frac{1}{a^{2}}\tilde{\psi}_{n,-m-1}\tilde{\psi}_{n,m}\int_{0}^{2\pi}\int_{-1}^{1}Y_{n}^{-m-1}Y_{n}^{m}d\lambda d\mu d\lambda d\mu \end{split}$$

よって n,m 成分と n,-m-1 成分からの寄与が打ち消しあって非線形項は 0 となる.

最後に時間変化項は (1,0) 成分と同じであり

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \nabla^2 \tilde{\psi}_{1,1}(t) Y_1^1 = -\frac{1(1+1)}{a^2} \frac{d\tilde{\psi}_{1,1}}{dt} Y_1^1$$
 (23)

よって (1,1) 成分の式は

$$-\frac{2}{a^2}\frac{d\tilde{\psi}_{1,1}}{dt} + i\frac{2\Omega}{a^2}\tilde{\psi}_{1,1} = 0, \qquad \tilde{\psi}_1^1 = Ae^{i\Omega t}.$$
 (24)

A は任意定数であり初期値で定まる. したがって (1,1) 成分の振舞は

$$\psi(\mu, \lambda, t) = Ae^{i(\lambda + \Omega t)} P_1^1(\mu) \tag{25}$$

緯度方向に速度  $\Omega$  で逆向きに伝播する. この解は回転系で見れば波数 (1,1) のロスビー波である. 慣性系から見て保存している極をとおる剛体回転流を, 回転系から見ると  $\Omega$  で逆まわりしているように見えるのがこの解である.

(1,-1) 成分は (1,1) 成分と同様に粘性項, 非線形項の寄与が 0 となる.

$$-\frac{2}{a^2}\frac{d\tilde{\psi}_{1,-1}}{dt} - i\frac{2\Omega}{a^2}\tilde{\psi}_{1,-1} = 0, \qquad \tilde{\psi}_1^1 = Ae^{-i\Omega t}.$$
 (26)

したがって (1,1) 成分の振舞は

$$\psi(\mu, \lambda, t) = Ae^{-i(\lambda + \Omega t)} P_1^1(\mu) \tag{27}$$

緯度方向に速度  $\Omega$  で逆向きに伝播する. 特に回転がなければ時間微分が 0 となり保存する.

# 文献

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