## I. EXPRESSIONS FOR $\chi^S_{ m abc}$ IN TERMS OF $\mathcal{V}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell}_{mn}$

As can be seen from the prefactor of Eqs. (??) and (??), they diverge as  $\tilde{\omega} \to 0$ . To remove this apparent divergence of  $\chi^S$ , we perform a partial fraction expansion in  $\tilde{\omega}$ .

## II. INTRABAND CONTRIBUTIONS

For the intraband term of Eq. (??) we obtain

$$I = C \left[ -\frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^2} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^2} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} + \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^2} \frac{1}{\tilde{\omega}} \right]$$

$$- D \left[ -\frac{3}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^3} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{4}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^3} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} + \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^3} \frac{1}{\tilde{\omega}} - \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^2} \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega})^2} \right],$$

$$(1)$$

where  $C = f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a}(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}})_{;k^c}$ , and  $D = f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a} r_{nm}^{\text{b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\text{c}}$ .

Time-reversal symmetry leads to the following relationships:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{r}_{mn}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} &= \mathbf{r}_{nm}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}, \\ (\mathbf{r}_{mn})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} &= (-\mathbf{r}_{nm})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}, \\ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} &= -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}, \\ (\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} &= (\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}, \\ \omega_{mn}^{\sigma}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} &= \omega_{mn}^{\sigma}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}, \\ \Delta_{nm}^{a}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} &= -\Delta_{nm}^{a}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}. \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

For a clean cold semiconductor,  $f_n=1$  for an occupied or valence (n=v) band, and  $f_n=0$  for an empty or conduction (n=c) band independent of  $\mathbf{k}$ , and  $f_{nm}=-f_{mn}$ . Using above relationships, we can show that the  $1/\omega$  terms cancel each other out. Therefore, all the remaining non-zero terms in expressions (1) are simple  $\omega$  and  $2\omega$  resonant denominators well behaved at zero frequency.

To apply time-reversal invariance, we notice that the energy denominators are invariant under  $\mathbf{k} \to -\mathbf{k}$ , and then we only look at the numerators, then

$$C \to f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \right) \left( -r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} \right]$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} + \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} + \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right)^{*} \right]$$

$$= 2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right], \tag{3}$$

and likewise,

$$D \to f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \right) r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \left( -\Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right) |_{\mathbf{k}} \right]$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} + \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} + \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)^* \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}$$

$$= 2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}. \tag{4}$$

The last term in the second line of Eq. (1) is dealt with as follows.

$$\frac{D}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega})^{2}} = \frac{f_{mn}}{2} \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{\Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega})^{2}} = -\frac{f_{mn}}{2} \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}}\right)_{;k^{c}} 
= \frac{f_{mn}}{2} \left(\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}}\right)_{;k^{c}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}},$$
(5)

where we used Eqs. (??) and for the last line, we performed an integration by parts over the Brillouin zone, where the contribution from the edges vanishes.[1] Now, we apply the chain rule, to get

$$\left(\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}}\right)_{;k^{c}} = \frac{r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}\right)_{;k^{c}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} - \frac{2\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \left(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}\right)_{;k^{c}}, \tag{6}$$

and work the time-reversal on each term. The first term is reduced to

$$\frac{r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{r_{mn}^{\text{LDA,b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left[ r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} + \left( r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right)^{*} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \text{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right], \tag{7}$$

the second term is reduced to

$$\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,a,\ell}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left(r_{mn}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} + \left(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}}\right)^{*} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right)_{;k^{c}} \right], \tag{8}$$

and by using (??), the third term is reduced to

$$\frac{2\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})_{;k^{c}}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{2\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})_{;k^{c}}|_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{2\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{-\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{2\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{2\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}\left[\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}} + \left(\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}\right)^{*}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{c}$$

$$= \frac{4}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathbf{b}}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{c}.$$
(9)

Combining the results from (7), (8), and (9) into (6),

$$\frac{f_{mn}}{2} \left[ \left( \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\text{LDA},b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\text{LDA},b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} =$$

$$\left( 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\text{LDA},b} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] + 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\text{LDA},b} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] - \frac{4}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{mn}^{\text{LDA},b} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c} \right) \frac{f_{mn}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}}. \tag{10}$$

We substitute (3), (4), and (10) in (1),

$$\begin{split} I &= \left[ -\frac{2f_{mn}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}\left(r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}}\right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{4f_{mn}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}\left(r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}}\right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right] \\ &+ \left[ \frac{6f_{mn}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} - \frac{8f_{mn}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right. \\ &+ \frac{f_{mn}\left(2\operatorname{Re}\left[r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\left(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}\right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}}\right] + 2\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}\left(r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}}\right] - \frac{4}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell}r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA},\mathrm{b}}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} \right]. \end{split}$$

If we simplify,

$$I = -\frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} + \frac{6f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{8f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} + \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} - \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}},$$

$$(11)$$

we conveniently collect the terms in columns of  $\omega$  and  $2\omega$ . We can now express the susceptibility in terms of  $\omega$  and  $2\omega$ . Separating the  $2\omega$  terms and substituting in above equation

$$I_{2\omega} = -\frac{e^{3}}{\hbar^{2}} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \left[ \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} - \frac{8f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}}$$

$$= -\frac{e^{3}}{\hbar^{2}} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \frac{4f_{mn}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \left[ \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] - \frac{2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}}. \tag{12}$$

We can express the energies in terms of transitions between bands. Therefore,  $\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} = \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}$  for transitions between conduction and valence bands. To take the limit  $\eta \to 0$ , we use

$$\lim_{\eta \to 0} \frac{1}{x \pm i\eta} = P \frac{1}{x} \mp i\pi \delta(x),\tag{13}$$

and can finally rewrite (12) in the desired form,

$$\operatorname{Im}\left[\chi_{i,\mathbf{a},\ell \text{bc},2\omega}^{s,\ell}\right] = -\frac{\pi |e|^3}{2\hbar^2} \sum_{\mathbf{c},\mathbf{r}} \frac{4}{(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma})^2} \left( \operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} \left(r_{cv}^{\text{LDA},\mathbf{b}}\right)_{;k^c}\right] - \frac{2\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{cv}^{\text{LDA},\mathbf{b}}\right] \Delta_{cv}^{\mathbf{c}}}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \right) \delta(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - 2\omega). \tag{14}$$

where we added a 1/2 from the sum over  $\mathbf{k} \to -\mathbf{k}$ . We do the same for the  $\tilde{\omega}$  terms in (11) to obtain

$$I_{\omega} = -\frac{e^{3}}{2\hbar^{2}} \sum_{nm\mathbf{k}} \left[ -\frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} + \frac{6f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} + \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} - \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,a,\ell} r_{mn}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{3}} + \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^{2}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}}.$$

$$(15)$$

We reduce in the same way as (12),

$$I_{\omega} = -\frac{e^3}{2\hbar^2} \sum_{nm\mathbf{k}} \frac{f_{mn}}{(\omega_{nm}^{\sigma})^2} \left[ 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA,b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell} \right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}} \right] + \frac{2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathrm{a},\ell} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA,b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}}, \tag{16}$$

and using (13) we obtain our final form,

$$\operatorname{Im}\left[\chi_{i,\mathbf{a},\ell \text{bc},\omega}^{s,\ell}\right] = -\frac{\pi |e|^3}{2\hbar^2} \sum_{cv} \frac{1}{(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma})^2} \left( \operatorname{Re}\left[r_{cv}^{\text{LDA,b}} \left(\mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell}\right)_{;k^c}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{cv}^{\text{LDA,b}}\right] \Delta_{cv}^c}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \right) \delta(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega), \tag{17}$$

where again we added a 1/2 from the sum over  $\mathbf{k} \to -\mathbf{k}$ .

## INTERBAND CONTRIBUTIONS III.

We follow an equivalent procedure for the interband contribution. From Eq. (??) we have

$$E = A \left[ -\frac{1}{2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{2}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} + \frac{1}{2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma}\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \frac{1}{\tilde{\omega}} \right]$$

$$-B \left[ -\frac{1}{2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{2}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} + \frac{1}{2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma}\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \frac{1}{\tilde{\omega}} \right],$$

$$(18)$$

where  $A = f_{ml} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, a} r_{nl}^{c} r_{lm}^{b}$  and  $B = f_{ln} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, a} r_{nl}^{b} r_{lm}^{c}$ . Just as above, the  $\frac{1}{\bar{\omega}}$  terms cancel out. We multiply out the A and B terms,

$$E = \left[ -\frac{A}{2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{2A}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right] + \left[ \frac{B}{2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} - \frac{2B}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}(2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right].$$

$$(19)$$

As before, we notice that the energy denominators are invariant under  $\mathbf{k} \to -\mathbf{k}$  so we need only look at the numerators. Starting with A,

$$\begin{split} A \rightarrow f_{ml} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{ml} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} |_{-\mathbf{k}} \\ &= f_{ml} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} \right) r_{ln}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{ml}^{\mathbf{b}} |_{\mathbf{k}} \right] \\ &= f_{ml} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} - \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{ln}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{ml}^{\mathbf{b}} \right] \\ &= f_{ml} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} - \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right)^* \right] \\ &= -2 f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right], \end{split}$$

then B,

$$\begin{split} B \rightarrow f_{ln} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}}|_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{ln} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}}|_{-\mathbf{k}} \\ &= f_{ln} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} \right) r_{ln}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{ml}^{\mathbf{c}}|_{\mathbf{k}} \right] \\ &= f_{ln} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} - \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{ln}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{ml}^{\mathbf{c}} \right] \\ &= f_{ln} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} - \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right)^* \right] \\ &= -2 f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,\mathbf{a},\ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]. \end{split}$$

We then substitute in (19),

$$E = \left[ \frac{2f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right]}{2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} (2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} - \frac{4f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right]}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} (2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} - \frac{2f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]}{2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} (2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + \frac{4f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} (2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right].$$

We manipulate indices and simplify,

$$\begin{split} E &= \left[ \frac{f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right]}{\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \frac{1}{\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} - \frac{f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]}{\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} (2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma})} \frac{1}{\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} \right] \\ &+ \left[ \frac{f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]}{2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{4}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \\ &= \left[ \frac{f_{mn} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{ml}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{ln}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nl}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{mn} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{ln}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{ml}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nl}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} \\ &+ \left[ \frac{f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{ln}^{\mathbf{b}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma, \mathbf{a}, \ell} r_{nl}^{\mathbf{c}} r_{lm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{4}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}}, \end{split}$$

and substitute in (??),

$$I = -\frac{e^3}{2\hbar^2} \sum_{nm} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \left[ \frac{f_{mn} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{ml}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{ln}^{c} r_{nm}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{lm}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{mn} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{ln}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{nm}^{b} r_{ml}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nl}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} + 4 \left[ \frac{f_{ln} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{nl}^{b} r_{lm}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{nl}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{ml} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{nl}^{c} r_{lm}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{lm}^{\sigma} - \omega_{nm}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}}.$$

Finally, we take n = c, m = v, and l = q and substitute,

$$\begin{split} I &= -\frac{e^3}{2\hbar^2} \sum_{cv} \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \left( \left[ \frac{f_{vc} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vq}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{qc}^{c} r_{cv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{qv}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{vc} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{qc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cv}^{b} r_{vq}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cq}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}_{cq}^{\sigma}} \\ &+ 4 \left[ \frac{f_{qc} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cq}^{b} r_{qv}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cq}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{vq} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cq}^{c} r_{qv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{qv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right) \\ &= \frac{e^3}{2\hbar^2} \sum_{cv} \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \left( \left[ \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{qc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cv}^{b} r_{vq}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cq}^{\sigma}} - \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vq}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{qc}^{c} r_{cv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{qv}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \tilde{\omega}} \\ &- 4 \left[ \frac{f_{qc} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cq}^{b} r_{qv}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cq}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{vq} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cq}^{c} r_{qv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{qv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - 2\tilde{\omega}} \right). \end{split}$$

We use (13),

$$I = \frac{\pi |e^{3}|}{2\hbar^{2}} \sum_{cv} \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \left( \left[ \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{qc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cv}^{b} r_{vq}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cq}^{\sigma}} - \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vq}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{qc}^{c} r_{cv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{qv}^{\sigma}} \right] \delta(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega)$$

$$-4 \left[ \frac{f_{qc} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cq}^{b} r_{qv}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cq}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} - \frac{f_{vq} \operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma, a, \ell} \{ r_{cq}^{c} r_{qv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{qv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \right] \delta(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - 2\omega) \right),$$

and recognize that for the  $1\omega$  terms,  $q \neq (v, c)$ , and for the  $2\omega$  q can have two distinct values such that,

$$I = \frac{\pi |e^{3}|}{2\hbar^{2}} \sum_{cv} \frac{1}{\omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \left( \sum_{q \neq (v,c)} \left[ \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{qc}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{cv}^{b} r_{vq}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cq}^{\sigma}} - \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vq}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{qc}^{c} r_{cv}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega_{qv}^{\sigma}} \right] \delta(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - \omega)$$

$$-4 \left[ \sum_{v' \neq v} \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{cv'}^{b} r_{v'v}^{c} \} \right]}{2\omega_{cv'}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} - \sum_{c' \neq c} \frac{\operatorname{Im} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{vc}^{\sigma,a,\ell} \{ r_{cc'}^{c} r_{c'v}^{b} \} \right]}{2\omega_{c'v}^{\sigma} - \omega_{cv}^{\sigma}} \right] \delta(\omega_{cv}^{\sigma} - 2\omega) \right).$$

[1] N. W. Ashcroft and N. D. Mermin. Solid State Physics. Brooks Cole, Saunders College, Philadelphia, 1976.