```
1 import java.io.*;
 2 import java.net.ServerSocket;
 3 import java.net.Socket;
 4 import java.util.UUID;
5 import java.util.zip.GZIPOutputStream;
 6
7 public class server {
 8
       public static void main(String[] args) {
9
               // Create a server socket listening on
10
  port 8080
               ServerSocket serverSocket = new
11
   ServerSocket(8080);
12
               System.out.println("Server is listening
   on port 8080...");
13
14
               // Wait for a client to connect
               Socket clientSocket = serverSocket.accept
15
   ();
16
               System.out.println("Client connected.");
17
18
               // Create input stream for communication
   with the client
19
               BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(
   new InputStreamReader(clientSocket.getInputStream
   ()));
20
21
               // Read the number of files to expect
22
               int numFiles;
23
               try {
                   numFiles = Integer.parseInt(in.
24
   readLine());
25
               } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
                   System.err.println("Error reading the
26
    number of files from the client.");
27
                   return;
28
               System.out.println("Expecting " +
29
   numFiles + " files from the client.");
30
31
               // Receive files from the client
```

```
32
               for (int i = 0; i < numFiles; i++) {</pre>
33
                    // Generate a random file name
                    String fileName = UUID.randomUUID().
34
   toString() + ".txt";
35
36
                    // Read the file content from the
   client
37
                    StringBuilder fileContent = new
   StringBuilder();
38
                    String line;
                   while ((line = in.readLine()) != null
39
    && !line.equals("END_OF_FILE")) {
                        fileContent.append(line).append("
40
   \n");
41
                    }
42
                   // Introduce a bug in the compression
43
    algorithm
44
                    byte[] compressedContent =
   corruptCompression(fileContent.toString());
45
46
                    // Save the corrupted file content to
    a file
47
                    try (FileOutputStream
   fileOutputStream = new FileOutputStream("received_"
    + fileName)) {
48
                        fileOutputStream.write(
   compressedContent);
49
                        System.out.println("Corrupted
   file content saved to received_" + fileName);
50
                    } catch (IOException e) {
                        System.err.println("Error saving
51
   corrupted file content to received_" + fileName);
52
                        e.printStackTrace();
53
                    }
54
               }
55
               // Close the streams and sockets
56
               in.close();
57
58
               clientSocket.close();
59
               serverSocket.close();
```

```
60
61
           } catch (IOException e) {
               e.printStackTrace();
62
63
           }
       }
64
65
       private static byte[] corruptCompression(String
66
   data) {
67
           try (ByteArrayOutputStream
   byteArrayOutputStream = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
                GZIPOutputStream qzipOutputStream = new
68
    GZIPOutputStream(byteArrayOutputStream)) {
69
70
               // Introduce a bug by not writing the
   original data
               qzipOutputStream.write("Corrupted data".
71
   getBytes());
72
73
               return byteArrayOutputStream.toByteArray
   ();
           } catch (IOException e) {
74
               System.err.println("Error in corrupting
75
   compression.");
76
               e.printStackTrace();
               return new byte[0];
77
78
           }
       }
79
80 }
81
```