

Your grade: 100%

Your latest: 100% • Your highest: 100% • To pass you need at least 80%. We keep your highest score.

Next item →

1.

What were the initial indications from your exploration of the data that suggested that AI might add value in addressing the problem of filling in missing values in the data? Select all that apply.

1 / 1 point

Correct

That's right, correlations between variables, different pollutants in this case, are something an AI algorithm can learn from!

Correct

That's right, spatial patterns are something an AI algorithm can learn from!

Correct

That's right, temporal patterns are something an AI algorithm can learn from!

2.

What are some possible approaches to replace the missing values in the data? Select all that apply.

1 / 1 point

Correct

Great job! A neural network can learn from patterns and correlations in the data to make estimates of missing values.

Correct

Well done! This is a very simple method, which may be effective in some cases or serve as a baseline.

Correct

Yes! This is a very simple method, which may be effective in some cases or serve as a baseline.

3.

When it comes to designing a solution for a problem where you think AI might add value, what is a good general approach?

1 / 1 point

Correct

Great job! Whenever possible, it's a good idea to establish a baseline. It's possible you'll find a simple solution performs well enough and no more complex approach is needed.

4.

Why can a more complex method, a neural network in this case, for estimating the missing values outperform the simplest methods like copying the last recorded value or using the nearest neighbor method? Select all that apply.

1 / 1 point

Correct

That's right, in this case the patterns in the spatial and temporal data

Correct

That's right!

5.

What are some of the possible inherent challenges in accurately estimating pollution levels in between the sensors? Select all that apply.

1 / 1 point

Correct

That's right, we didn't talk about this in the lab directly, but in general, many different factors may be at play beyond those accounted for in your model.

Correct

That's right, in the lab you used the sensor stations themselves as proxies for ground truth in estimating the error of your model but that only applies to the handful of locations where sensor stations are actually positioned within the city.

6.

What would be one example of a risk for doing harm with an air quality monitoring project like this?

1 / 1 point

Correct

While more information is generally a good thing, if it's the wrong information that could cause harm in this case.

7.

What metric do you use in the labs to assess the performance of various models (Design phase lab videos)?

1 / 1 point

Correct

Yes! You are looking for a model that has the lowest MAE.

8.

What can you say about the interpolated data between the sensor stations when using one nearest neighbor vs. three nearest neighbors? Select all that apply.

1 / 1 point

Correct

That's right!

Correct

Good job!

9.

What are some of the properties of artificial neural networks? Select all that apply.

1 / 1 point

Correct

That's right!

Correct

Yay!

Correct

Yes! Many artificial neurons connected create an artificial neural network.

Correct

Woohoo!

10.

Which of the sentences best describes the inverse distance weighting scheme?

1 / 1 point

Correct

That's right!