(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Book) Roll No. PAPER ID: 2715

B. Tech.

(SEM. VII) ODD SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION 2013-14

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note :-(1) All questions are compulsory.

- (2) All questions carry equal marks.
- Attempt any four parts of the following:

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- How the distributed computing system is better than parallel processing system? Explain. (a)
- Discuss the impact of the absence of global clock in distributed systems. 9
- Define the term transparency. Explain important types of transparencies in distributed system. <u>છ</u>
- What is termination detection in distributed system? Explain any algorithm for termination detection. ਉ
- What is Vector Clock? How this maintains causal ordering? Explain. <u>e</u>

- (f) Explain the following Distributed Computing Model:
 - (i) Mini Computer Model
 - (ii) Work Station Model
 - (iii) Work Station Server Model.
- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following: (10×2=20)
 - (a) What is Mutual Exclusion? Describe the requirements of mutual exclusion in distributed system. Is mutual exclusion problem more complex in distributed system than single computer system? Justify your answer.
 - (b) What do you mean by deadlock avoidance? Explain in brief. Describe Edge-Chasing deadlock detection algorithm.
 - (c) Write and explain a non token based mutual exclusion algorithm. Describe its merit and demerits.
- 3. Attempt any two parts of the following: $(10\times2=20)$
 - (a) Classify the agreement problems. Explain the applications of agreement algorithms.
 - (b) Write and explain various issues that must be addressed in design and implementation of distributed file system.
 - (c) Describe memory coherence. Briefly explain the write invalidate and write update protocols.
- 4. Attempt any two parts of the following: (10×2=20)
 - (a) What is checkpointing in message passing system? Explain the recovery in message passing system using asynchronous checkpointing scheme.

- (b) (i) Define the livelocks. What is the difference between a deadlock and livelock?
 - (ii) Show that when checkpoints are taken after every K(K>1) message sent, the recovery mechanism suffers from the domino effect. Assume that a process takes a checkpoint immediately after sending the Kth message but doing anything else.
- (c) Describe three phase commit protocol. How three phase commit protocol is different than two phase commit protocol?
- 5. Write short notes on any four of the following:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- (a) Describe the advantages and disadvantages of multiversion time stamp ordering over the ordinary time stamp ordering.
- (b) Describe the optimistic concurrency control method. How this method avoids the drawbacks of locking? Explain.
- (c) (i) What is Phantom Deadlock? Describe the conditions for the occurrence of phantom deadlock.
 - (ii) Describe the architecture of replicated transactions.

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