Assignment #3

Design the typical floor composite beam &
grider using the same loads as in Assignment #1

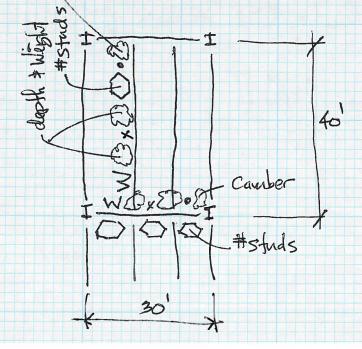
Choose W sections based on the following requirements:
Beams Unshored construction

Camber \(\pm \) 1/2"

Girders Unshoved construction Camber = 3/4"

Final the following for both Beams & Girders:

- D AMn > Mu
- 2) Number of studs for partial composite
- 3 Check D. < 1/360
- (4) Can the live load be increased to 100 psf for the design of the beam? How many Stud would be needed?



Assignment #3

Typical Beam

Loads from Assignment #1 WD = 860 #1 WL = 400 #1. Const DL = 56psf LL = 20 psf.

 $W_{1} = 1.2(.056 \times 10^{\circ}) + 1.6(0.020 \times 10^{\circ}) = 0.992^{\times/3}$

Mu = 0,992 x 402/8 = 198'x

Regid 2 = Mu = 198×12 = 53 m³

Camber = 11/2" DDL = 1.50/0.8 = 1.875"

Regid I = 5 (0.056 × 10) 40 4 × 123 = 593 m4

Try W18x40 Z = 78.4 m3 I = 612 m4 A= 11.8 m d= 17.9"

b=10×12=120" } b=120" } b=120"

As Fy = 11.8 × 50 = 590 K

a = 590/(0.85 x 120 x 3 ksi) = 1.93" < 21/2" OK

 $M_n = 590 \left(\frac{17.90}{2} + 5.5" - \frac{1.93}{2} \right)_{12} = 590 \left(\frac{13.49}{2} \right)_{12}$

\$Mn = 0.9 x 663 = 5971 >> Mu = 4081 +

Partial Composite

V=(408/0,9) × 12 = 403,42

No. studs = 403.4/17.2 = 23 > 20 or 1 per flute Try 5 flutes w/ 2 studs + 15 flutes w/ 1 stud

EQn = 5×2×14.6+15×17.2 = 404 > V

25 stud per 1/2 beam

% Partial Composite = 404 x100 = 68%

$$\ddot{y} = (120^{1/8})(2.5^{11})2.5/z + (5.5^{11}+17.90/z)11.8 = 4.41^{11}$$
11.8 + (120/8) 2.5

$$I_{1r} = \frac{(120/8)2.5^{3}}{12} + 612 + (4.41 - 2.5)(\frac{120}{8} \times 2.5) + (\frac{17.9}{2} + 5.5 - 4.41) 11.8$$

$$= 19.5 + 612 + 374.5 + 1189.5 = 2196 \text{ in}^{4}$$

$$I_{eff} = 0.75 I_{tr} = 1647 \text{ in}^4$$

$$I_{eff} = I_s + \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon a_n}{c_f}} \left(I_{tr} - I_s\right) = 612 + \sqrt{\frac{403.4}{590}} \left(2196 - 612\right)$$

$$= 1922 \text{ in }^{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$\Delta_{LL} = \frac{5(0.4040^{4} \times 12^{3})}{384 \times 29000 \times 1647} = 0.48'' < \frac{1}{360} = \frac{40 \times 12}{360} = 1.33''$$

Typical Girder

Loads from Assignment #1 WD = 3560 #1 Wz = 1120 #/1
Mu = 682 12

Const DL = 59#/8 LL=20 Wu = 1.2 (59 × 40) + 1.6 (20 × 40) = 4112#/,

Mu = 4.112 × 302/8 = 462.614

Reg'd Z = 462.6×12 = 123.4 in3

Camber = 3/4" D= 0.75/0.8 = 0,94"

Regid $I = 5(0.059 \times 40) 30^4 \times 12^3 = 1578 \text{ in}^4$

Try W24x68 Z= 177m3 I=1830m A=20,1 d= 23,73"

b = 40' x 12 '= 480" } b=90" b = 30' x 12/4 = 90" } b=90"

AsFy = 20,1 x50 = 1005 K

a = 1005 / (0,85 x 90 x 3 x 5) = 4,38" > a max = 3/2 + 21/2 = 4"

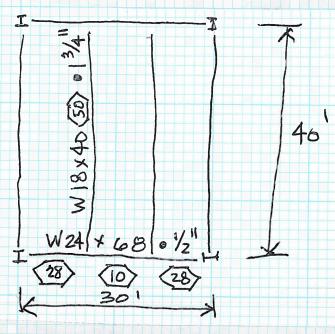
... Partial composite T = C max

 $T = C_{max} = 0.85 \times 90^{\circ} \times 4^{\circ} \times 3 \times 5i = 918^{\circ}$ $M_{n} = 918 \left(\frac{23.73}{2} + 5.5^{\circ} - \frac{4^{\circ}}{2}\right)/12 = 918(15.37^{\circ})/12 = 1174^{\circ} \times 90^{\circ}$ $\phi M_{n} = 0.9 \times 1174 = 1057^{\circ} \times 90^{\circ}$ $V = (682/0.9) \times 12 = 592^{\circ}$ $V = (682/0.9) \times 12 =$

Deflection Calculations (n=8) $\ddot{y} = (90/8)(4)(4/2) + (5,5+23,73/2)20.1 = 6.744''
20.1 + (90/8)(4'')$ $T_{tr} = (90/8) 4^{3} + 1830 + (6.744 - 4/2)(\frac{90}{8} \times 4) + (\frac{23.73}{2} + 5,5 - 6.744)20.1$ = 60 + 1830 + 1013 + 2267 = 5170 in 4 $\text{Leff} = 0.75 \times 5170 = 3878 \text{ in } 4$

Test = $I_s + \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon \omega_n}{c_f}} (I_{+r} - I_s) = 1830 + \sqrt{\frac{28 \times 21.5}{918}} (5170 - 1830)$ = $4535 \text{ in}^4 > 3878 \text{ in}^4$

 $\Delta_{LL} = \frac{5(1.120)30^{4} \times 12^{3}}{384 \times 29000 \times 3878} = 0.18'' < \frac{1360}{360} = \frac{30 \times 12}{360} = 1''$



100 psf LL on Beams $L = 100 (0.25 + \frac{15}{12 \times 10 \times 40}) = 78 \text{ psf.}$ $W_{11} = 1.2 (860) + 1.6 (78 \times 10') = 2280^{4/1}$ $M_{12} = 2.280 \times 40^{2}/8 = 456^{11/2} (4 Mn = 597^{11/2}) 0^{11/2}$ $V = (456/0.9) \times 12 = 451^{11/2}$ $V = (456/0.9) \times 12 = 450^{11/2}$ $V = (456/0.9) \times 12 = 450^{$