Python Viva Questions with Answers

1. What are the key features of Python?

- Easy to learn and read
- Interpreted language
- Dynamically typed
- Supports object-oriented and functional programming
- Large standard library

2. What is the difference between 'is' and '=='?

'==' compares values. 'is' compares object identity.

Example:

a = [1, 2]

b = [1, 2]

a == b # True

a is b # False

3. What are Python data types?

- Basic: int, float, str, bool

- Collections: list, tuple, set, dict

- Special: None, bytes

4. What is the difference between a list and a tuple?

List: mutable, uses []

Tuple: immutable, uses ()

5. What is a dictionary in Python?

A key-value pair collection.

Example: student = {'name': 'John', 'age': 21}

6. What are the different types of operators in Python?

```
Arithmetic: +, -, *, /
Comparison: ==, !=, >, 
Logical: and, or, not
Assignment: =, +=, -=
```

7. What is the difference between break, continue, and pass?

break: exits loop

- Bitwise: &, |, ^

continue: skips current iteration

pass: does nothing

8. Explain the use of if __name__ == '__main__':

Ensures code runs only when file is executed directly, not when imported.

9. What are *args and **kwargs?

Used to handle variable-length arguments in functions.

10. What is recursion in Python?

A function calling itself to solve smaller problems.

Example:

```
def fact(n):
  if n==0: return 1
  return n*fact(n-1)
```

11. How do you handle exceptions in Python?

Using try, except, else, finally blocks.

12. How to read and write files in Python?

Read: with open('file.txt', 'r') as f:

Write: with open('file.txt', 'w') as f:

13. What is a class and an object?

Class: blueprint for object
Object: instance of a class
14. Difference betweeninit() and regular method?
init runs on object creation, regular methods are called manually
15. What is encapsulation?
Binding data and code together and hiding internal details
16. What is inheritance?
One class derives from another and inherits properties and methods
17. What is polymorphism?
Different classes have methods with same name but different behavior
18. What is abstraction in Python?
Hiding implementation and showing only necessary parts using abstract classes
19. What are class and instance variables?
Class: shared by all instances
Instance: unique to each object
20. What are magic methods in Python?
Special methods likeinit,str, etc. used internally by Python